



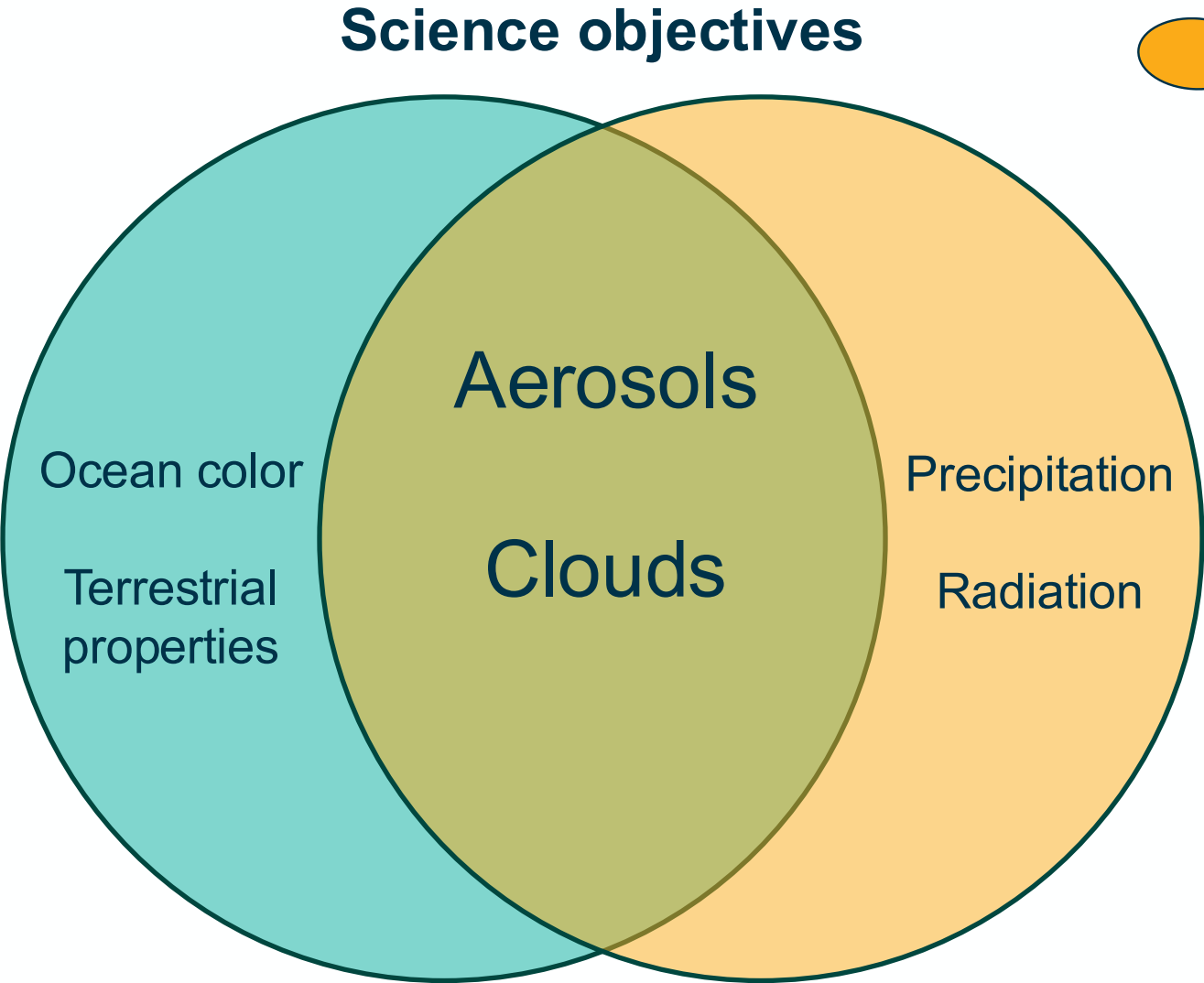
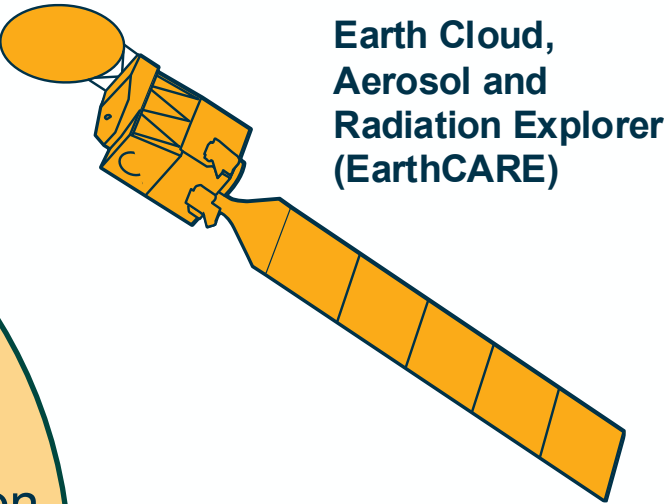
EarthCARE 2026 Science and Validation workshop

8–12 June 2026 | Rhodes House | Oxford, UK

Status and data availability of the NASA Plankton, Aerosol, Cloud, ocean Ecosystem (PACE) mission and the PACE Postlaunch Airborne Experiment (PACE-PAX)

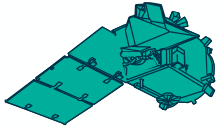
Kirk Knobelspiesse, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD, USA and the PACE and PACE-PAX teams

Or: PACE and EarthCARE as Venn diagrams

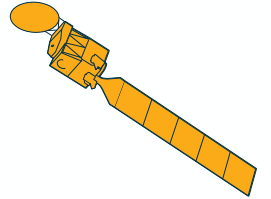


pace.gsfc.nasa.gov





Science instruments



Ocean Color Instrument
(OCI)*

Spectro-Polarimeter for
Planetary Exploration one
(SPEXone)

Hyper-Angular Rainbow
Polarimeter 2 (HARP2)

*primary
instrument

Atmospheric LIDar (ATLID)

Cloud Profiling Radar (CPR)

Multi-Spectral Imager (MSI)

Broad-Band Radiometer
(BBR)

PACE instruments

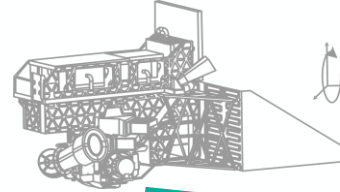


OCI

340-890 nm in 2.5 nm steps, 7 discrete SWIR: 940-2260 nm
1-2 day coverage; $\pm 20^\circ$ tilt; 1.2km

NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

Primary instrument is a wide swath imaging spectrometer with high accuracy

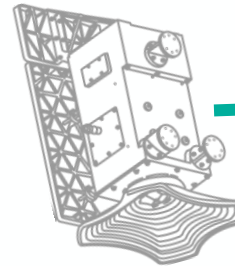


HARP2

440, 550, 670, 870 nm, 10-60 viewing angles
wide swath polarimeter; 3 km resolution, gridded to 5.2km

University of Maryland Baltimore County

Contributed wide swath imaging polarimeter

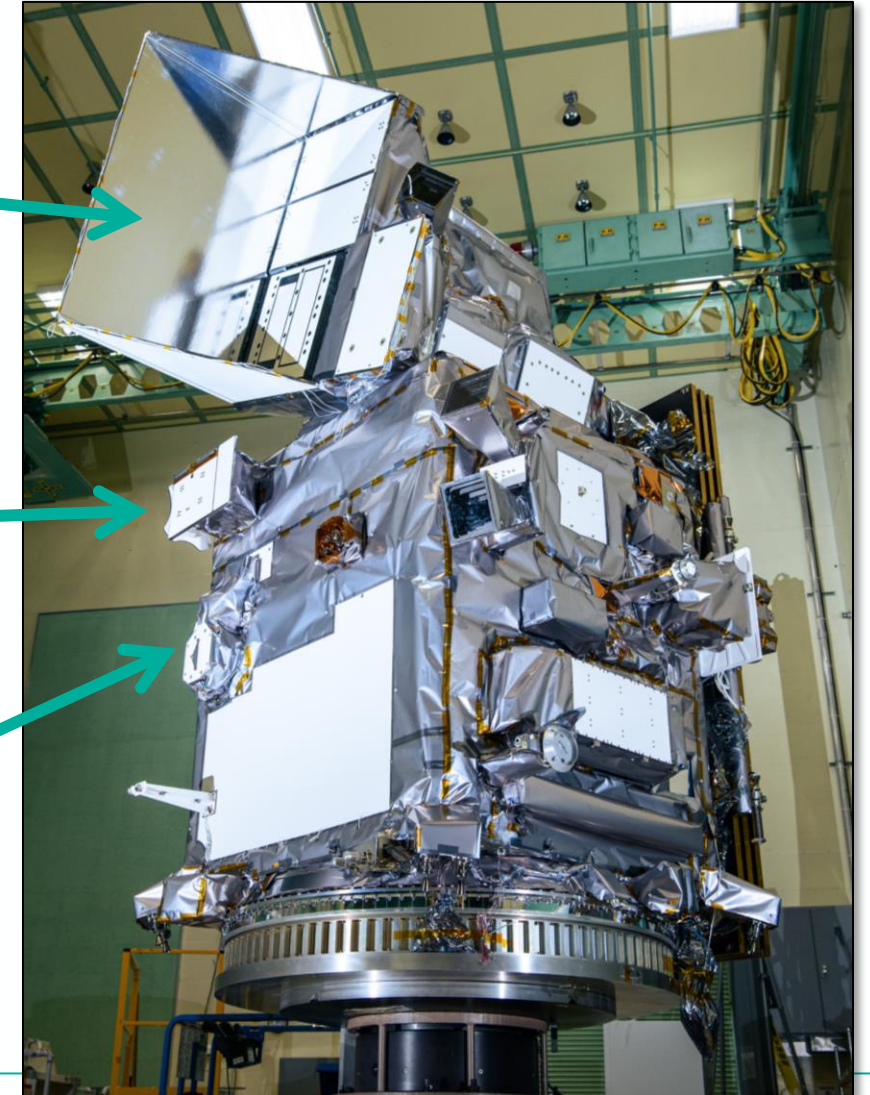
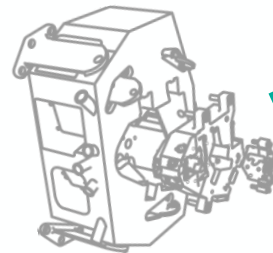


SPEXone

380-770 nm in 2-4 nm steps, 5 viewing angles
narrow swath polarimeter; 2.5 km, gridded to 5.2km

SRON, Airbus NL

Contributed narrow swath imaging spectrometer



Mission Status

Phase E (prime mission operations) through mid-Apr 2027

PACE expects to be considered for mission extension (2027-2029; TBC).

Lifetime fuel ~10 years

All instruments and the spacecraft are operating nominally

processes to address, quickly recover from, or permanently mitigate all anomalies have been established/executed

Required (heritage) products available; advanced* are available and emerging

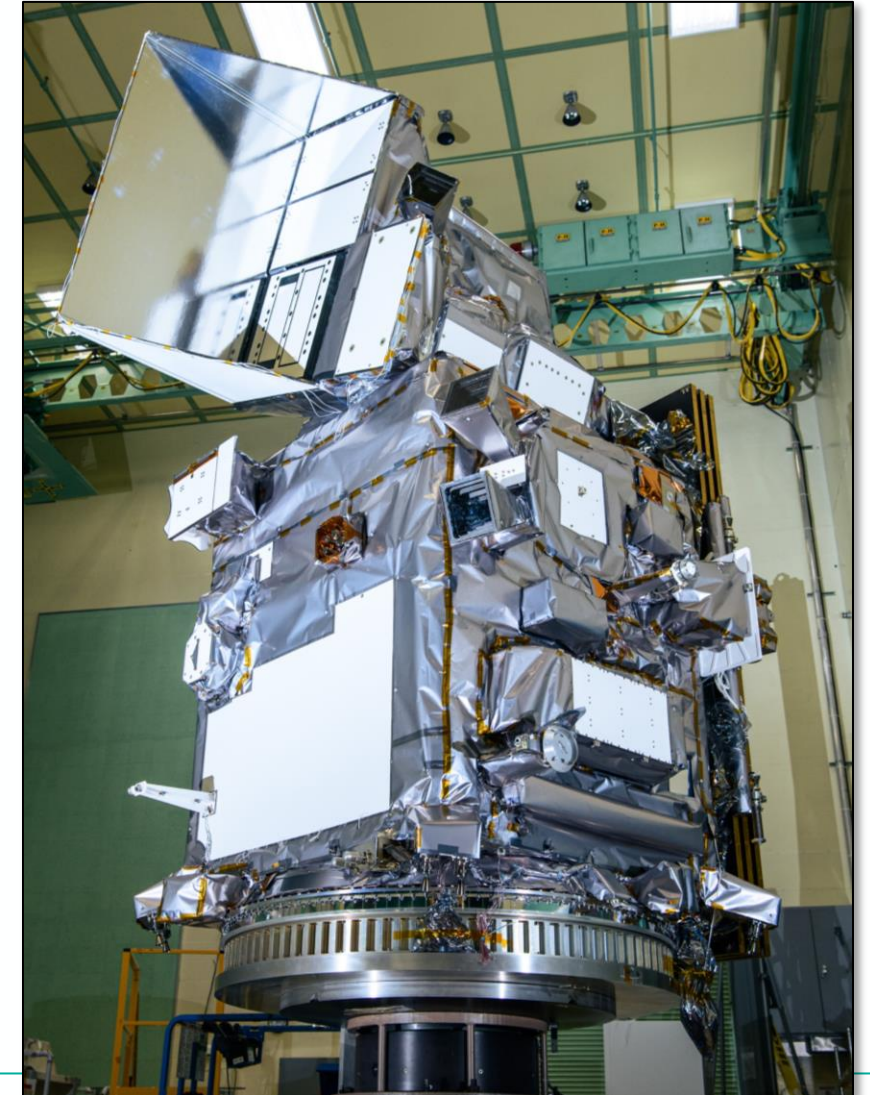
* OCI phytoplankton community composition, land, coastal + inland aquatic, others

* All polarimetric geophysical datasets

Recent reprocessing oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/reprocessing

* OCI version 3.2

* HARP2, SPEXone, version 4.0



PACE atmosphere product suites

More info: https://pace.oceansciences.org/data_table.htm



OCI

- **Trace Gases** [TRGAS]: Column NO₂, Ozone
- **Cloud mask** [CLOUD_MASK]
- **OCI Clouds** [CLOUD]: Cloud top pressure/height, COD, Column water path, Ice fraction, Droplet effective radius
- **UV Aerosol Index** [UVAI_UAA]
- **Unified Aerosol Algorithm** [AER_UAA]: AOD, AOD_{fine}, Aerosol layer height, SSA

**Nadir resolution
1.2x1.2km**

HARP2

- **Polarimetric Clouds** [CLOUD_GPC]: Droplet effective radius, Droplet effective variance, Cloud liquid water path, Cloud droplet number concentration, Cloud liquid index

**7x7 grid: nadir
8.4x8.4km
resolution**

SPEXone

- **FastMAPOL** [MAPOL_OCEAN]: AOD, SSA, Aerosol size/shape/refractive index, Aerosol height, ocean properties *ocean only*
- **RemoTAP** [AER_RTAPLAND, AER_RTAPPOCEAN]: AOD, SSA, Aerosol size/shape/refractive index, Aerosol height, ocean/land reflectance/BRDF

**Swath based
common
Level 1C grid
5.2x5.2km**

PACE atmosphere product suites

More info: https://pace.oceansciences.org/data_table.htm



- Trace Gases [TRGAS]: Column NO₂, Ozone
- Cloud mask [CLOUD_MASK]

Nadir resolution

4.9x4.9km

Product suites in development

- **MAIAC**: Aerosol, surface properties (**OCI**)
- **AtmoNR**: volumetric 3D cloud reconstruction (**HARP2**)
- **GRASP**: aerosol, surface properties (**HARP2**)
- **FastMAPOL Coastal**: aerosol by component, detailed ocean properties (**HARP2**)
- **FastMAPOL Land**: aerosol, land BRDF, BPDF (**HARP2**)
- **MAPP**: 3 sensor synergy aerosol, ocean products (**OCI** + **HARP2** + **SPEXone**)

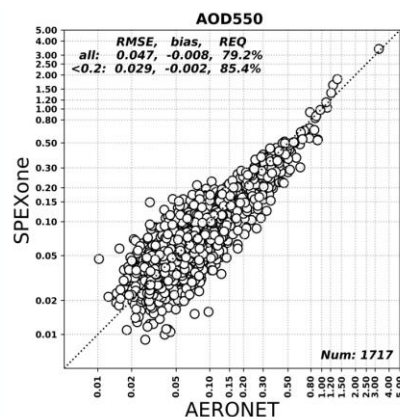
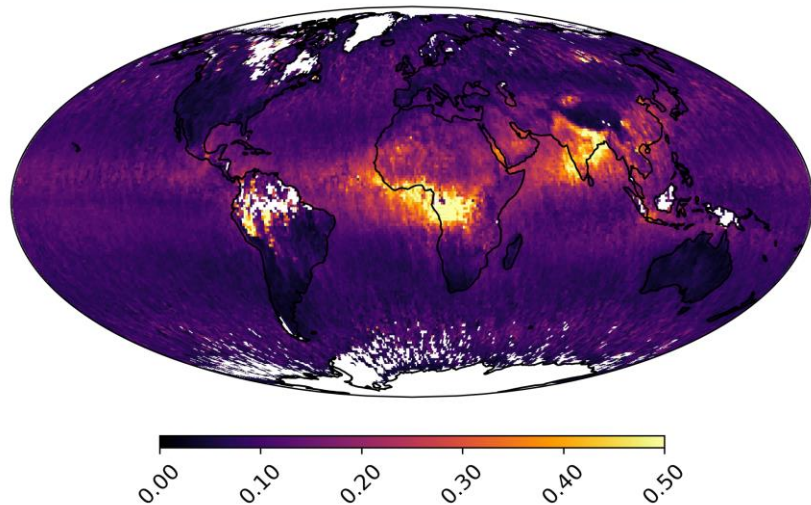
size/shape/refractive index, Aerosol height, ocean properties ocean only

- **RemoTAP** [AER_RTAPLAND, AER_RTAPPOCEAN]: AOD, SSA, Aerosol size/shape/refractive index, Aerosol height, ocean/land reflectance/BRDF

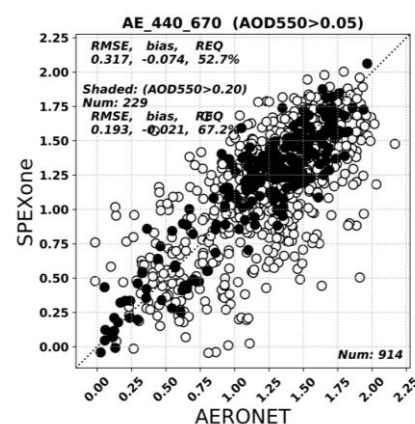
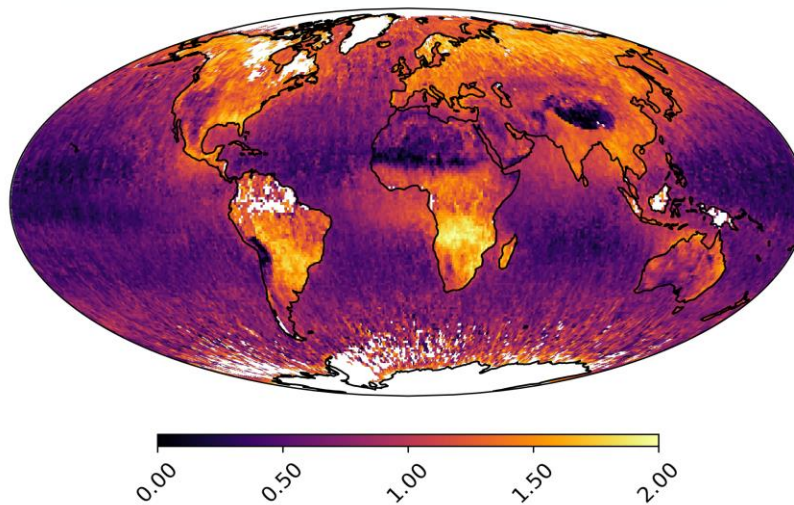
2 years of SPEXone RemoTAP data



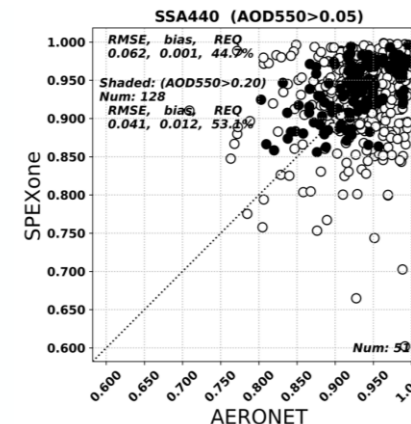
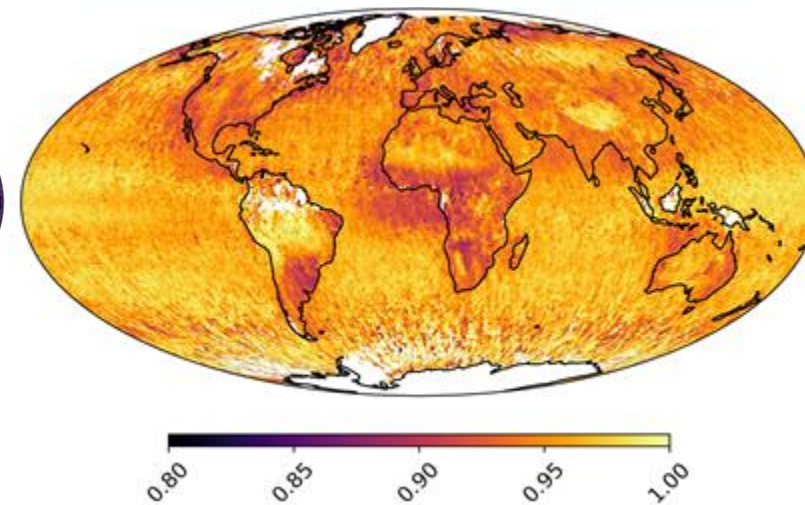
Aerosol Optical Depth



Ångström exponent

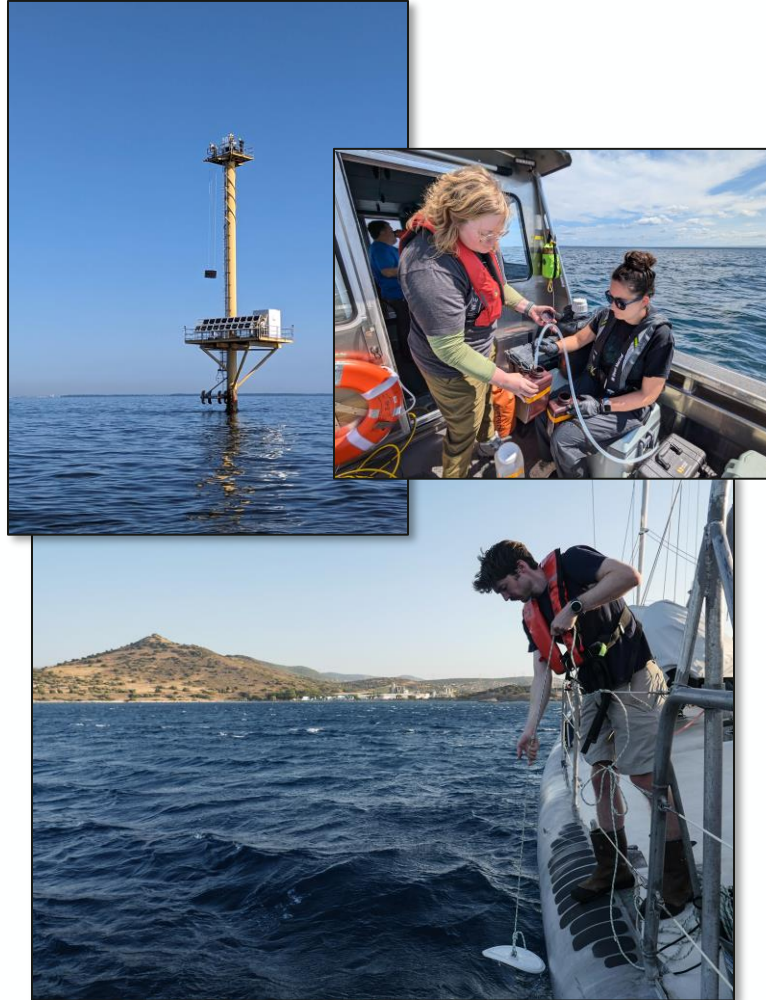


Single Scattering Albedo

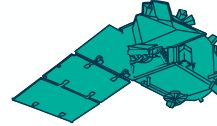


Fu, G., et al: Aerosol Retrievals From SPEXone on the NASA PACE Mission: First Results and Validation, *Geophysical Research Letters*, 52(4), e2024GL113525, <https://doi.org/10.1029/2024GL113525>, 2025.

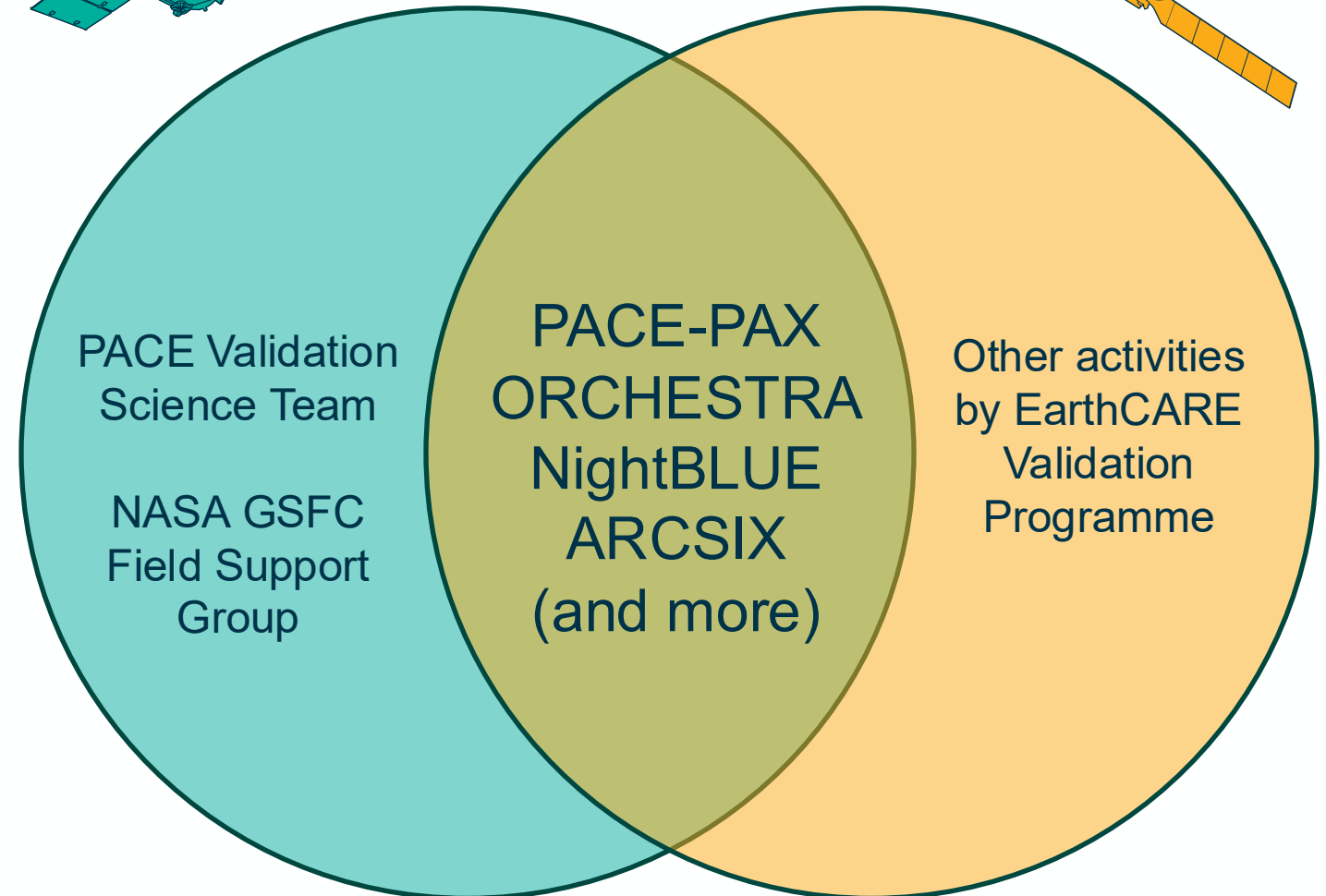
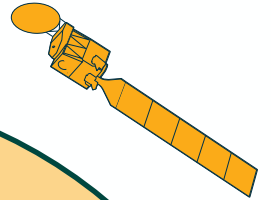
PACE & EarthCARE validation



<https://pace.oceansciences.org/pvstdoi.htm>



Validation activities



PACE Postlaunch Airborne eXperiment (PACE-PAX)

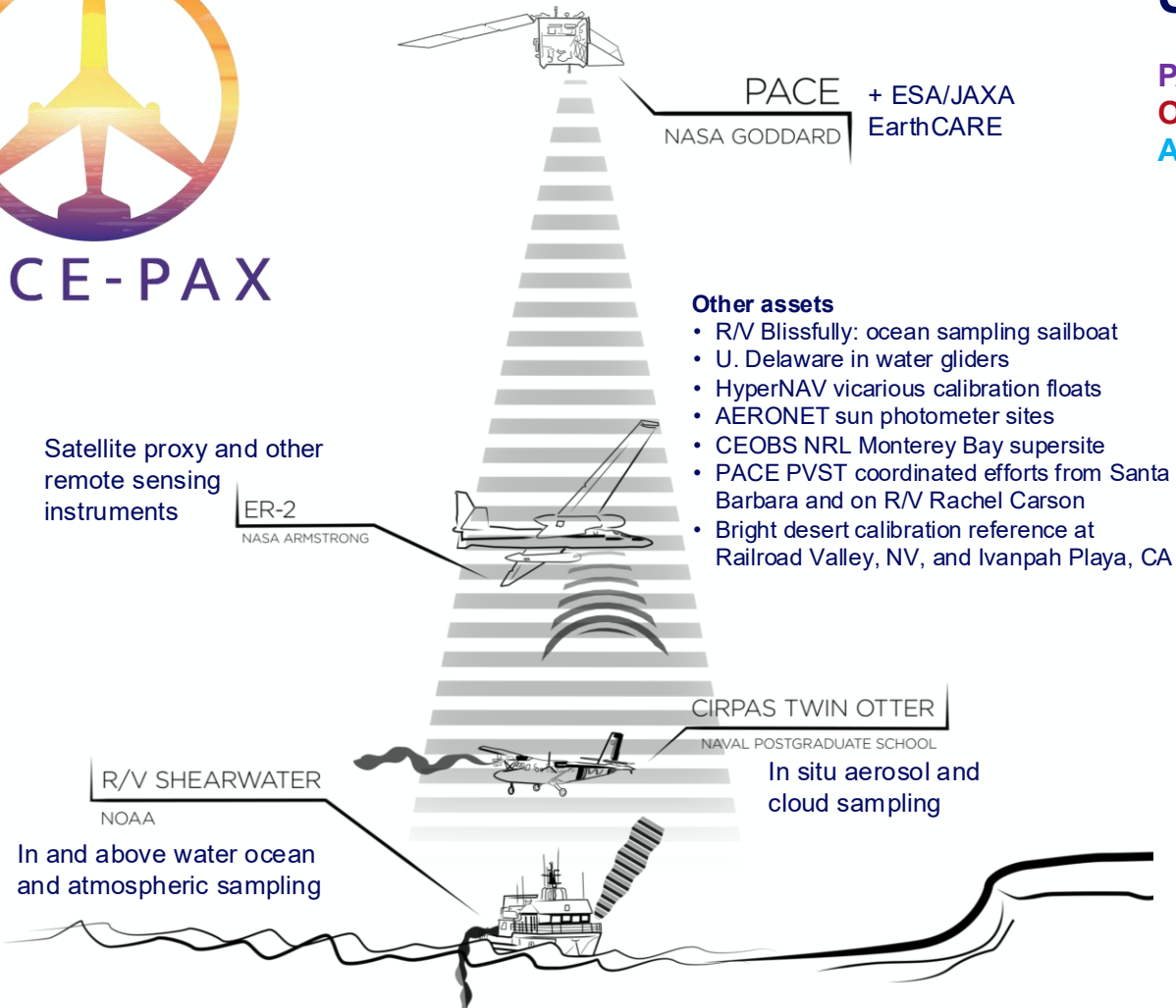


September 3-30th, 2024, California and vicinity

PACE-PAX website: <https://pace.oceansciences.org/pace-pax.htm>

Ocean archive (SeaBASS) DOI: 10.5067/SeaBASS/PACE-PAX/DATA001

Atmosphere archive (ASDC): DOI: 10.5067/SUBORBITAL/PACE-PAX/DATA001



Highlights

- 13 NASA ER-2 science flights, 80.9 flight hours
- 17 NPS/CIRPAS Twin Otter flights, 60 flight hours
- 15 day trips of the R/V Shearwater
- 9 day trips of the R/V Blissfully
- 16 days of observations during a PACE overpass
- **6 days of observations during an EarthCARE overpass**
- Ground vicarious calibration at Ivanpah Playa, CA, overflights of Railroad Valley, NV
- Many overflights of AERONET, NEON, CEOBS ground sites
- Wildfires in Southern California, Red tides, and other events

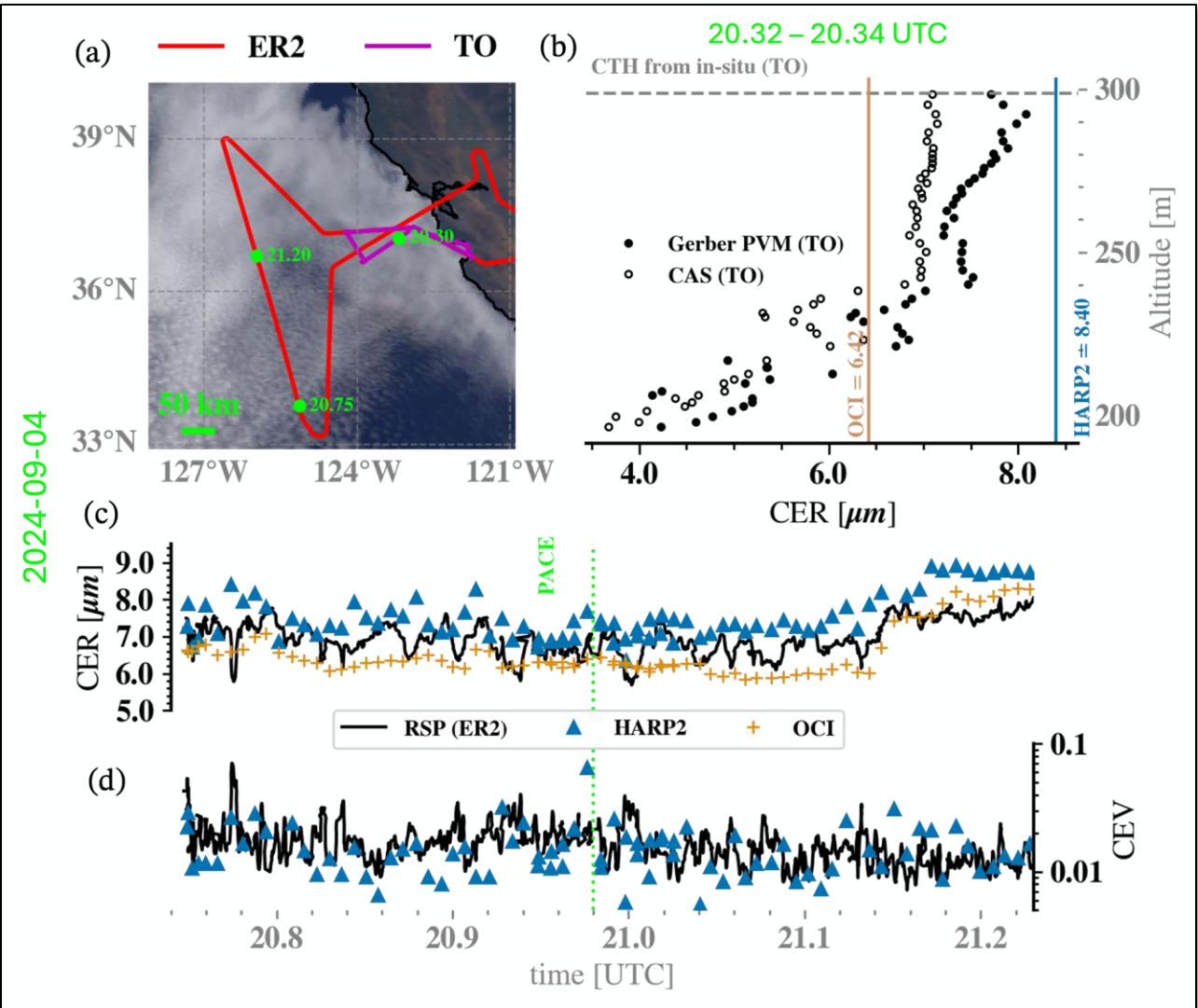
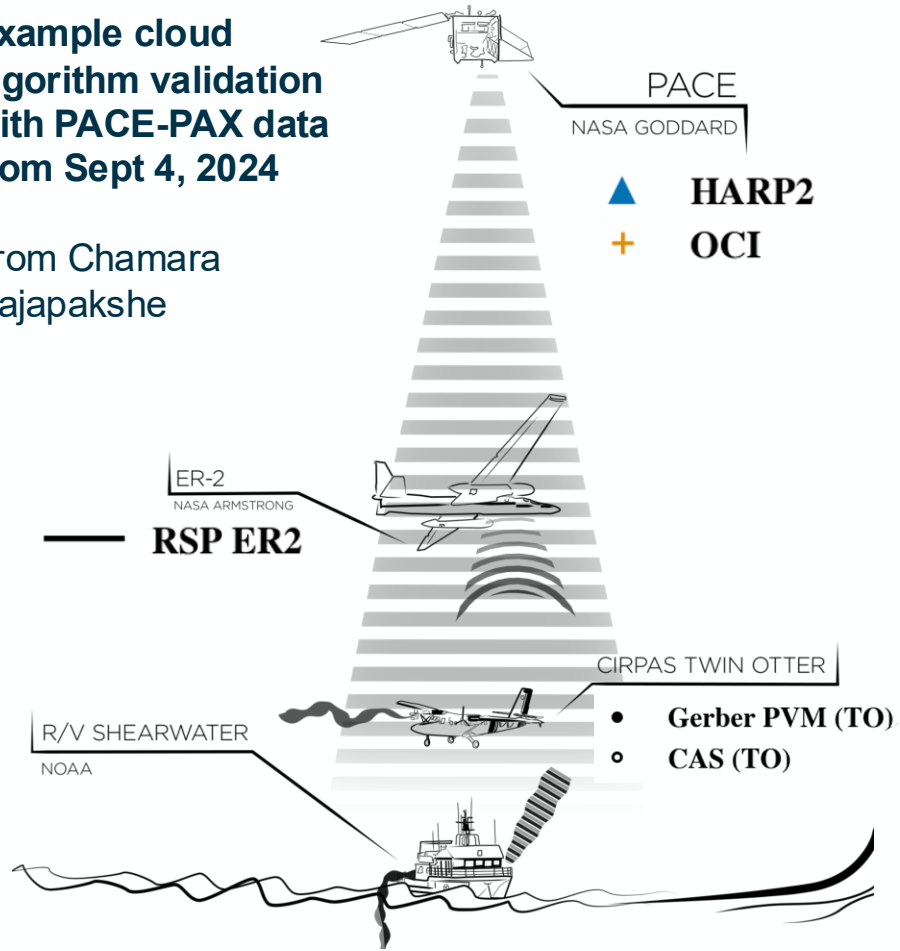
HSRL-2 lidar on ER-2 useful for ATLID validation

PACE Postlaunch Airborne eXperiment (PACE-PAX)



Example cloud algorithm validation with PACE-PAX data from Sept 4, 2024

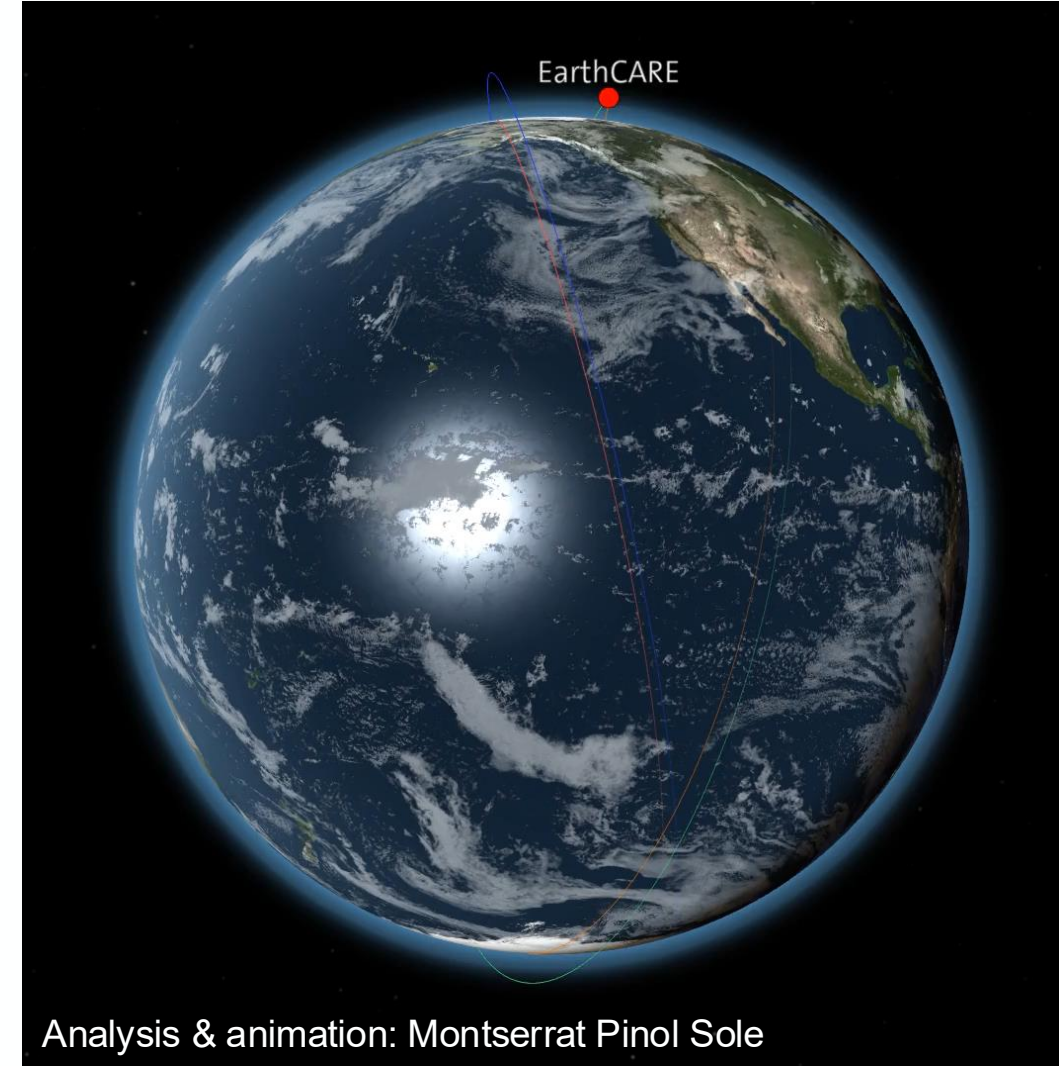
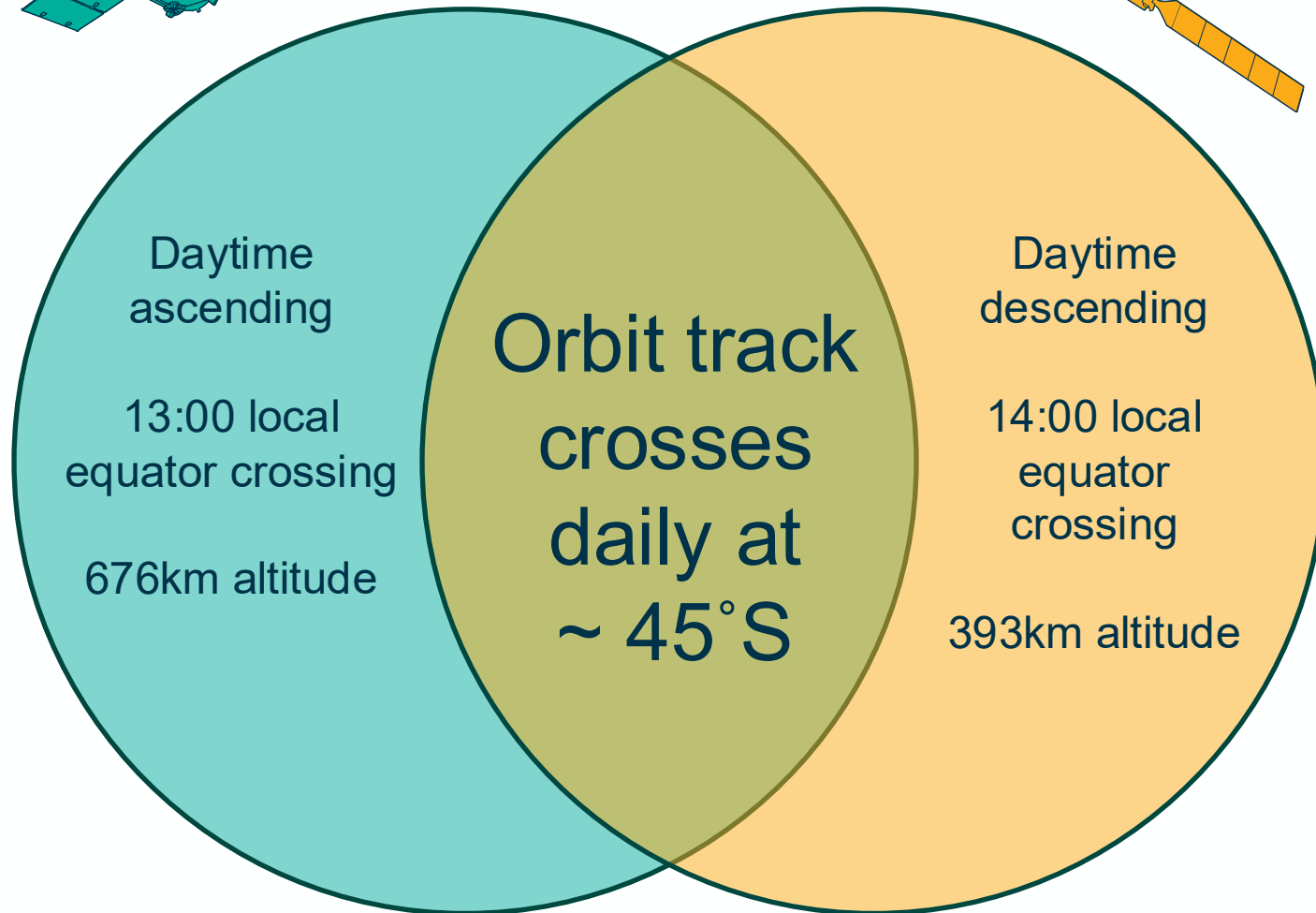
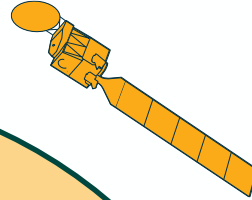
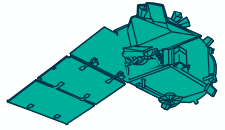
From Chamara Rajapakshe



PACE & EarthCARE have different orbits



Orbit characteristics



pace-earthcare-matchups (PEM)



pace-earthcare-matchups (PEM)

Search, filter, download, and intercompare [PACE](#) and [EarthCARE](#) data, all with a few lines of Python. With a variety of utilities, pace-earthcare-matchups (PEM) simplifies all stages of PACE / EarthCARE intercomparisons, deduplicating coding effort and improving reproducibility.

Here is a simple example, which searches for all PACE OCI L2 Cloud granules on a specific day, and finds the overlaps with two EarthCARE products. The filtering uses metadata to avoid unnecessary downloads. Only matching files are downloaded, and masks between matching products are computed and stored for later. The last step is to plot the results!

```
matches = get_matches()
```

pace-earthcare-matchups (PEM) is a python library to search, filter, download and intercompare coincident PACE and EarthCARE data

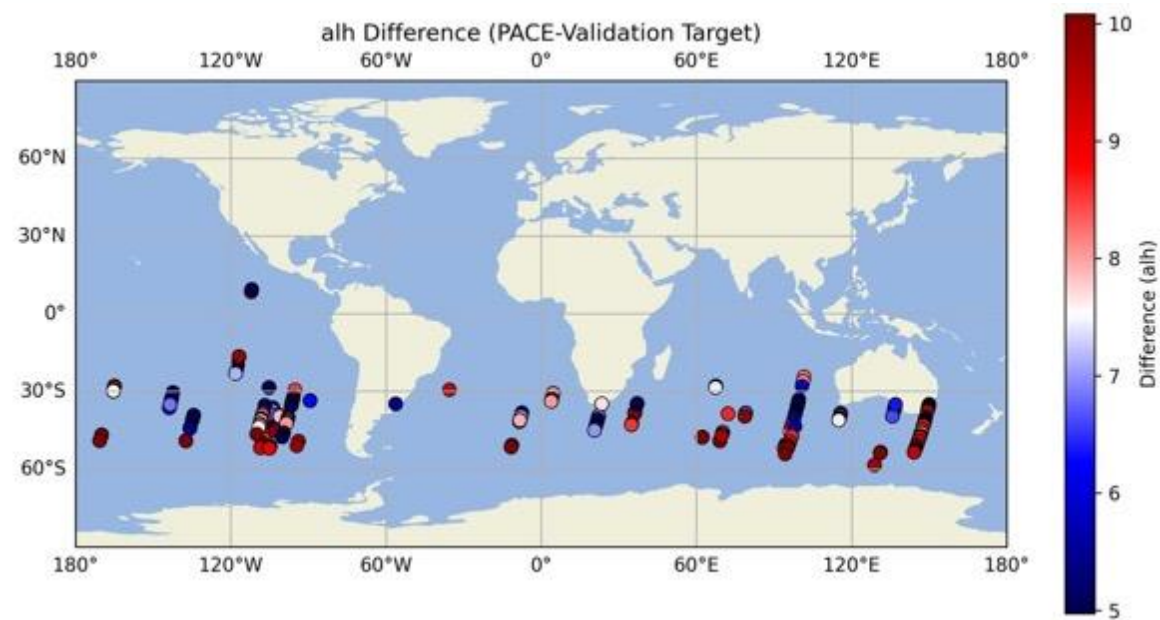
- PACE data via either NASA MAAP or Earthaccess
- EarthCARE data accessible through ESA MAAP

See poster P039 (day 1/3), Sean Foley
“PACE / EarthCARE Matchups (PEM): An intercomparison library in Python for the NASA Plankton, Aerosol, Cloud, ocean Ecosystem (PACE) and EarthCARE missions”

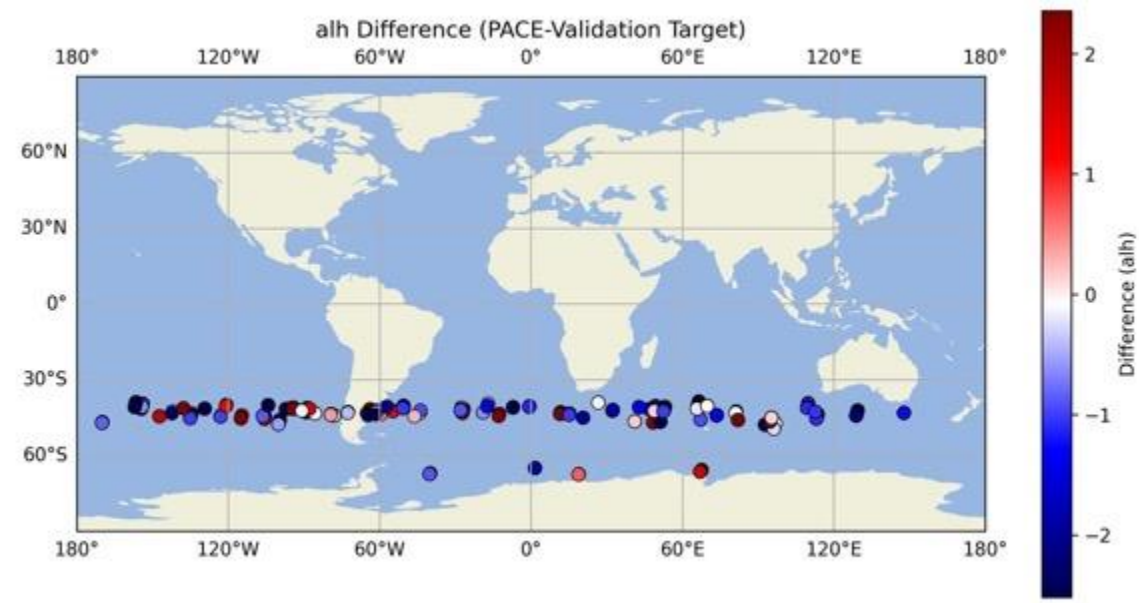
github.com/seanremy/pace-earthcare-matchups

PEM example: PACE FastMAPOL Aerosol layer height (ALH) validation with respect to EarthCARE/ATLID

PACE/HARP2 FastMAPOL ALH



PACE/SPEXone FastMAPOL ALH



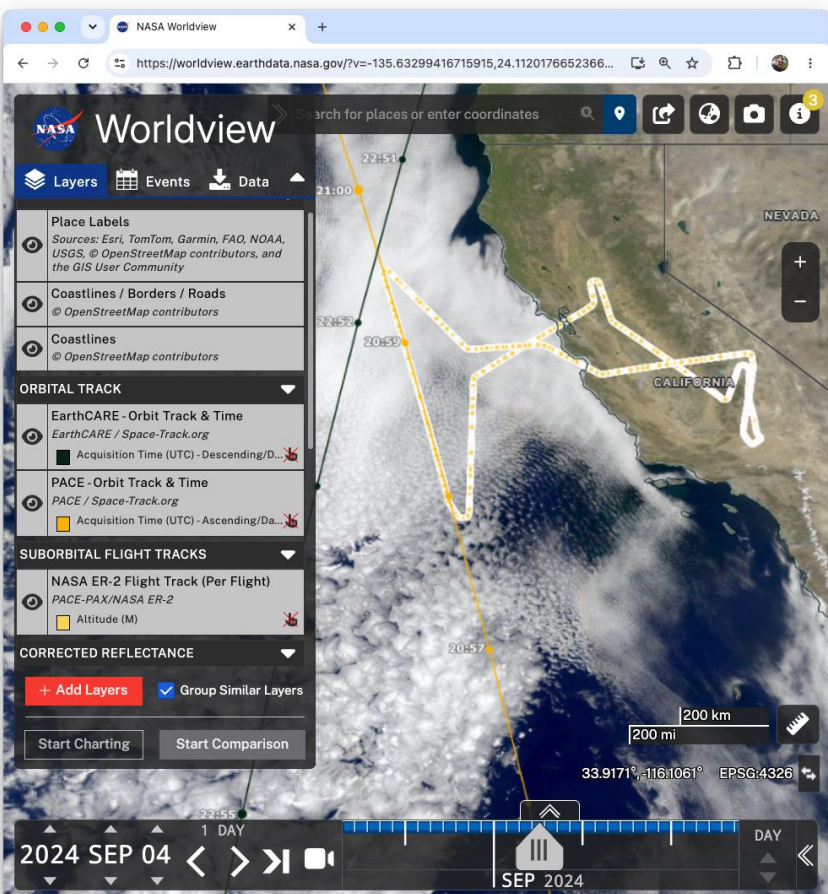
From Meng Gao

PACE (NASA Earth Science) data access

In addition to PEM, one can use:

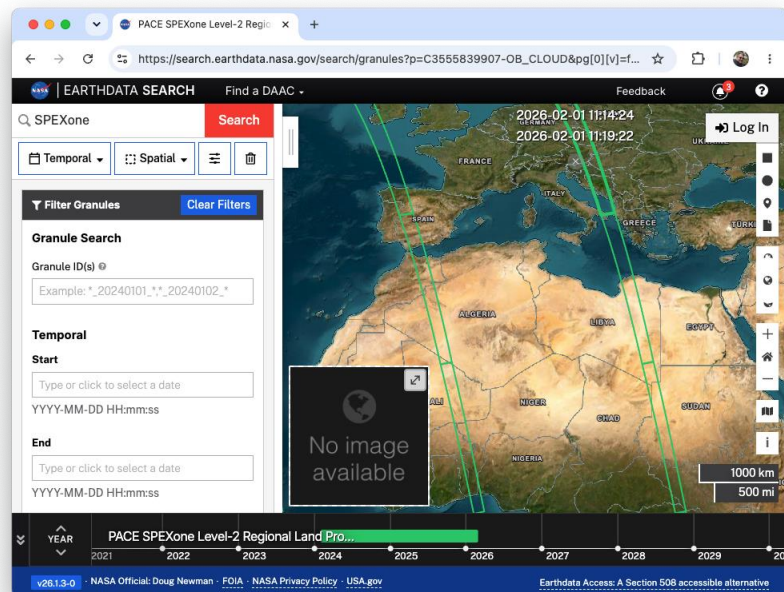


worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov



Quick & easy orbit track and imagery exploration
This realization: <https://go.nasa.gov/4ufX3fG>

search.earthdata.nasa.gov



earthaccess.readthedocs.io

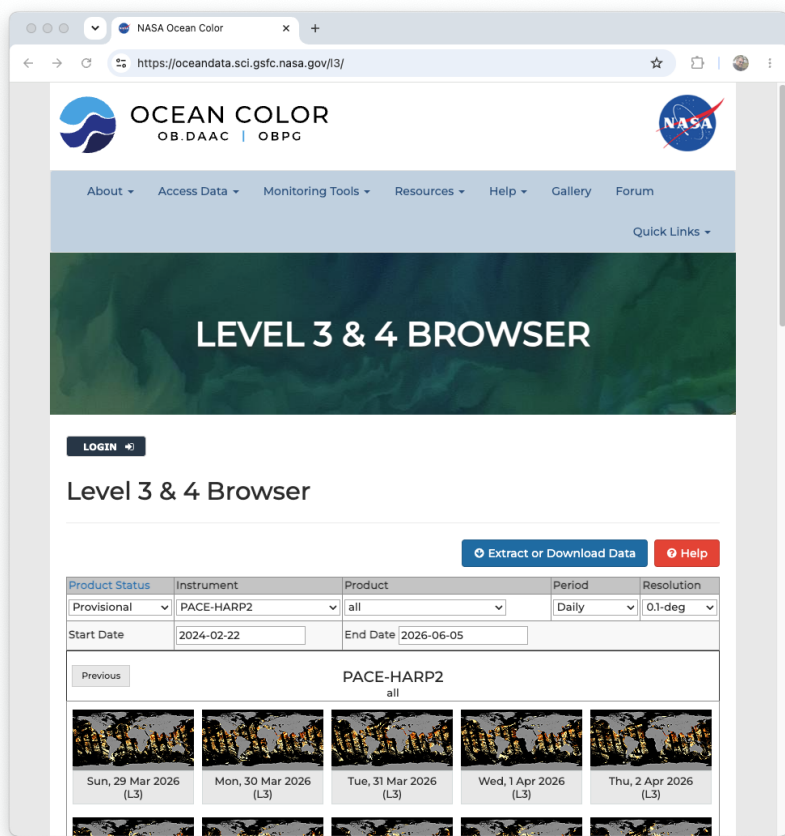
```
Print all available datasets

results=earthaccess.search_datasets(keyword="pace-pax")
for item in results:
    summary = item.summary()
    print(summary["short-name"])

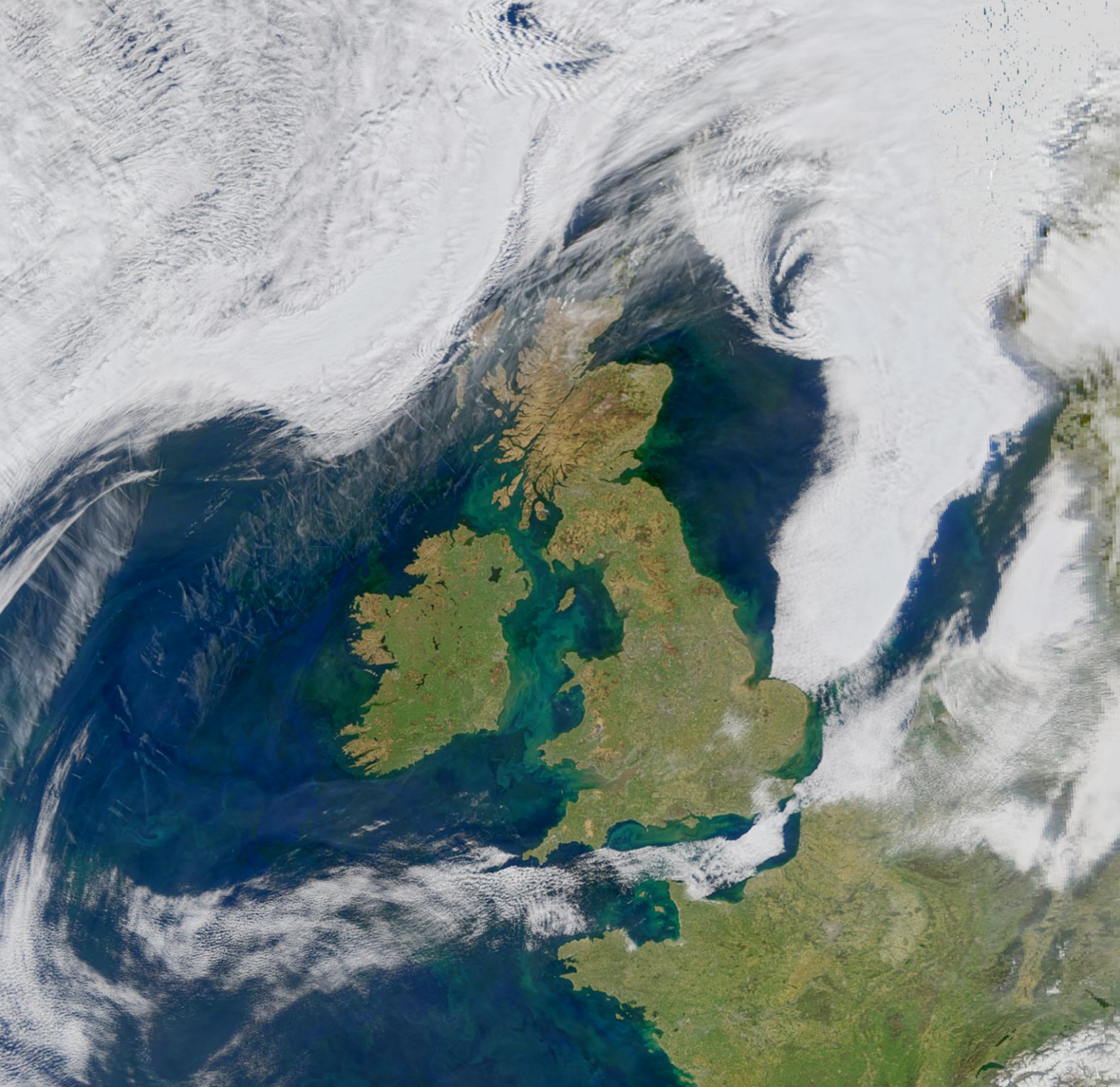
PACE-PAX_RV-Shearwater_Pandora_Data
PACE-PAX_Ivanpah-Playa_Data
PACE-PAX_AircraftRemoteSensing_ER2_RSP_Data
PACE-PAX_MetNav_AircraftInSitu_ER2_Data
PACE-PAX_AircraftRemoteSensing_ER2_PRISM-PICARD-LIC_Data
PACE-PAX_AircraftRemoteSensing_ER2_AIRHARP2-MAP_Data
PACE-PAX_AircraftRemoteSensing_ER2_HSL2_Data
PACE-PAX_AircraftRemoteSensing_ER2_SPEXAIRBORNE_Data
PACE-PAX_Analysis_ER2_Data
PACE-PAX_Analysis_TSAR_Data
PACE-PAX_LARGE-Aerosol_Marina-Tower_Data
PACE-PAX_Analysis_CIRPAS-T0_Data
PACE-PAX_CIRPAS-Facility_AircraftInSitu_CIRPAS-T0_Data
PACE-PAX_LARGE-Aerosol_AircraftInSitu_CIRPAS-T0_Data
PACE-PAX_LIneph_AircraftInSitu_CIRPAS-T0_Data
PACE-PAX
```

Python library for data access

Level 3 & 4 browser
oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/l3/



Includes test products, not cloud based



Thank you!

For emailed updates, news, trainings, and more,
join the PACE Community of Practice

pace-community-join@lists.nasa.gov
(subject "subscribe")

pace.gsfc.nasa.gov

Help Hub: nasa.github.io/oceandata-notebooks

Other links in this talk:

[PACE data table](https://pace.oceansciences.org/data_table.htm) pace.oceansciences.org/data_table.htm

[PACE reprocessin](https://ocean.color.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/reprocessing) ocean.color.gsfc.nasa.gov/data/reprocessing

[PACE-PAX website](https://pace.oceansciences.org/pace-pax.htm) pace.oceansciences.org/pace-pax.htm

[PACE-PAX ocean DOI](https://doi.org/10.5067/SeaBASS/PACE-PAX/DATA001) [10.5067/SeaBASS/PACE-PAX/DATA001](https://doi.org/10.5067/SeaBASS/PACE-PAX/DATA001)

[PACE-PAX atm. DOI](https://doi.org/10.5067/SUBORBITAL/PACE-PAX/DATA001) [10.5067/SUBORBITAL/PACE-PAX/DATA001](https://doi.org/10.5067/SUBORBITAL/PACE-PAX/DATA001)

[PEM](https://github.com/seanremy/pace-earthcare-matchups) github.com/seanremy/pace-earthcare-matchups

[Worldview](https://worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov) worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov

[Earthdata Search](https://search.earthdata.nasa.gov) search.earthdata.nasa.gov

[Earthaccess](https://earthaccess.readthedocs.io) earthaccess.readthedocs.io

[PACE Level 3&4 browser](https://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/l3/) oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/l3/

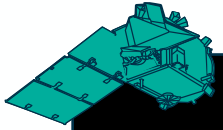
Image at left: PACE OCI, April 10, 2025

<https://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/gallery/811>

PACE & EarthCARE shared a vehicle to space

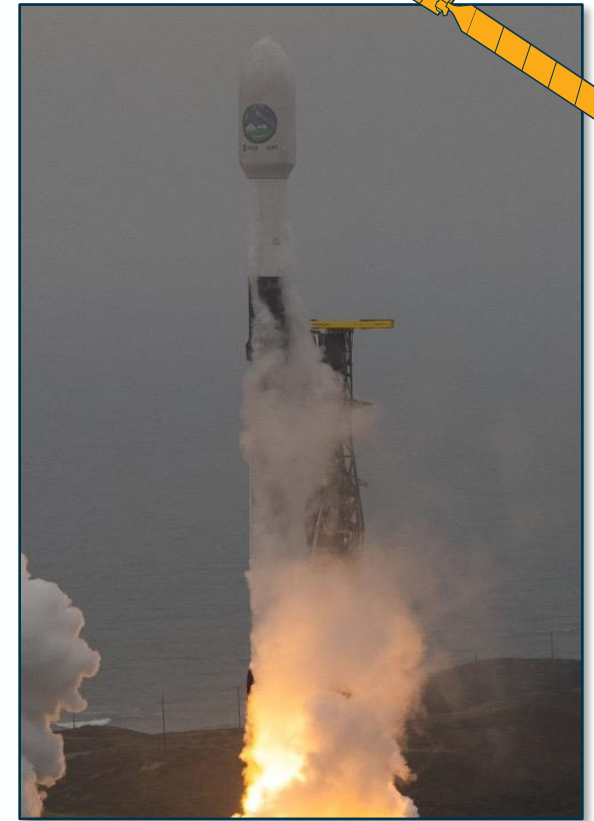
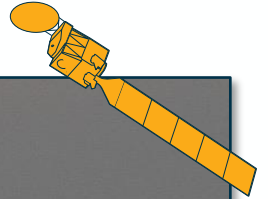


Launch vehicle



8 February 2024
Cape Canaveral, Florida

SpaceX Falcon 9
Block 5
B1081



28 May 2024
Vandenberg, California

“ what you should know about PACE data”

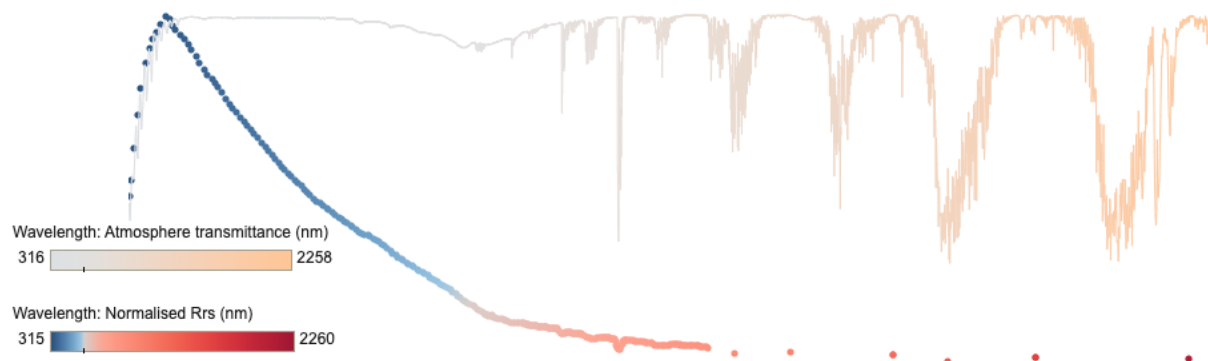


pace.cea-iaea.org/pace_data_matching.htm

Known data issues

PACE is already providing high-quality data. However, some issues have to be noted before using it. Some particular bands, influenced by instrument or atmospheric characteristics, should be avoided for the moment. Other issues affect the entire dataset, and some events affect data availability. See below for details.

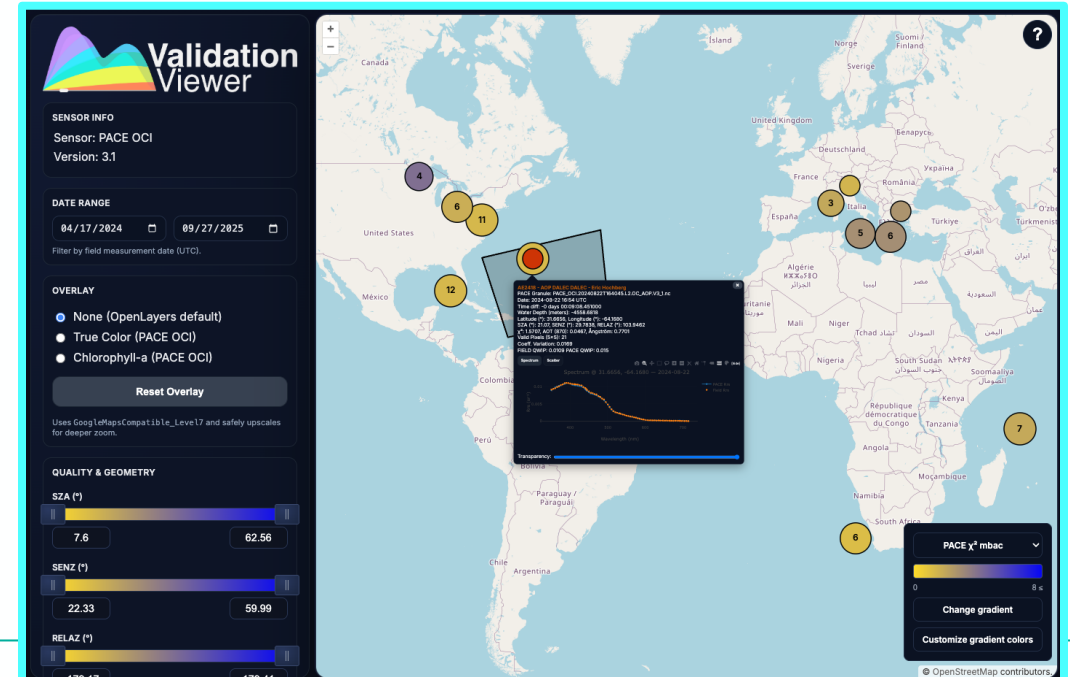
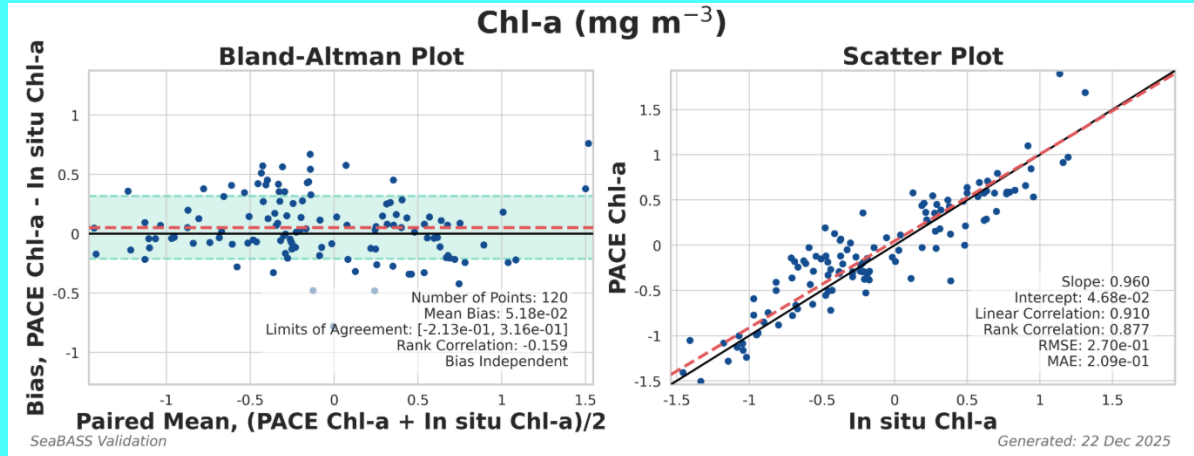
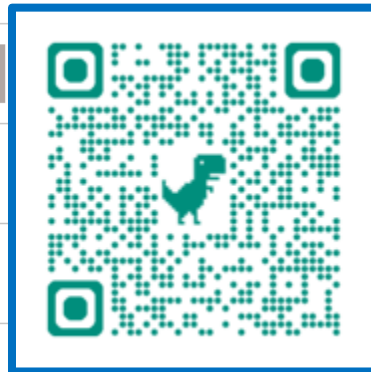
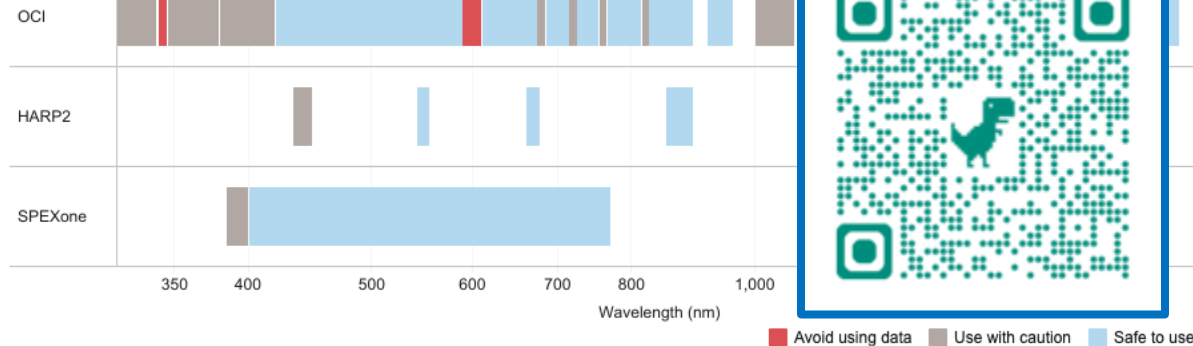
Reference spectra (for indicative purposes)



Problematic bands

Hover over the bands to get more information about the issues. The ocean normalized surface reflectance (rhos) and atmosphere transmittance spectra are shown as a reference.

Sensor



Other relevant talks and posters



Today				
T306	10:30	12	Exploration of novel observations and multi-instrument synergy for studying aerosol and aerosol-cloud interaction in the frame of AIRSENSE project	Oleg Dubovik
Friday				
T503	9:24	12	Advancing Ocean and Land Surface Remote Sensing with EarthCARE's lidar ATLID	Gerd-Jan Van Zadelhoff
T504	9:36	12	The OCEAN (Ocean Color EarthCARE ANalysis) project	Marco Di Paolantonio
Posters				
P039			PACE / EarthCARE Matchups (PEM): An intercomparison library in Python for the NASA Plankton, Aerosol, Cloud, ocean Ecosystem (PACE) and EarthCARE missions	Sean Foley
P042			The First EarthCARE MAAP Hackathon	Beniamino Abis