

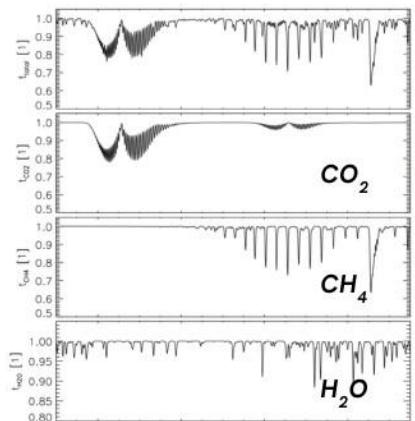
Combination of multi angular-polarimetric and SWIR spectrometric measurements for the simultaneous CO₂, CH₄ and aerosol retrieval in GRASP algorithm.

M. Herreras-Giralda, M. Momoi, O. Dubovik, D. Fuertes, P. Litvinov, T. Lapionok, F. Rejano, C. Matar, J.C. Antuña-Sánchez, A. García-Gómez, J. Landgraf, A. Barr, T. Borsdorff, O. Hasekamp, B. van Diedenhoven

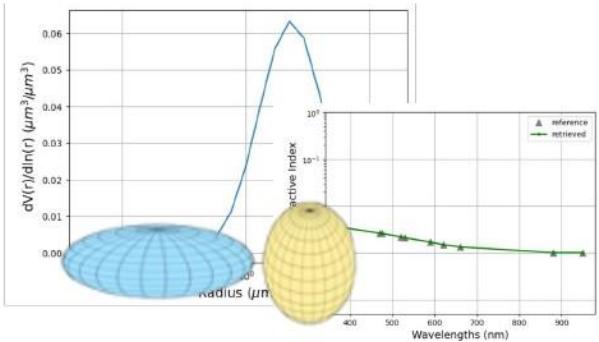
Objective

Develop a simultaneous retrieval of aerosol, surface, CO₂ and CH₄ properties from MAP and SWIR spectrometric measurements.

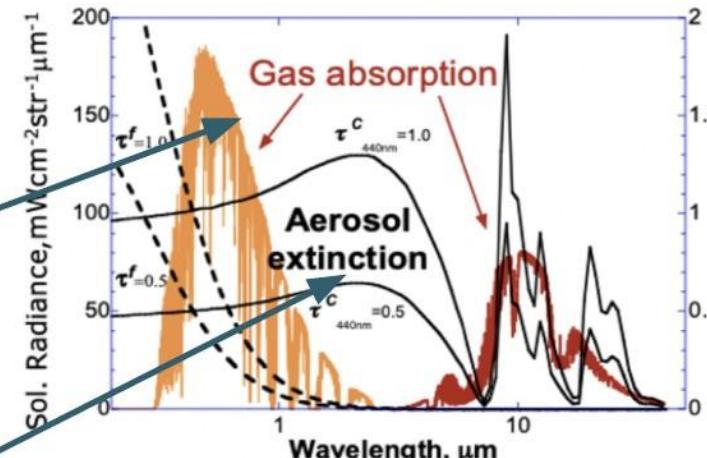
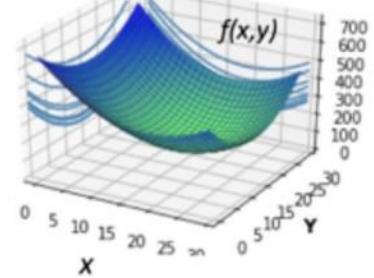
Gas



Aerosol



Surface

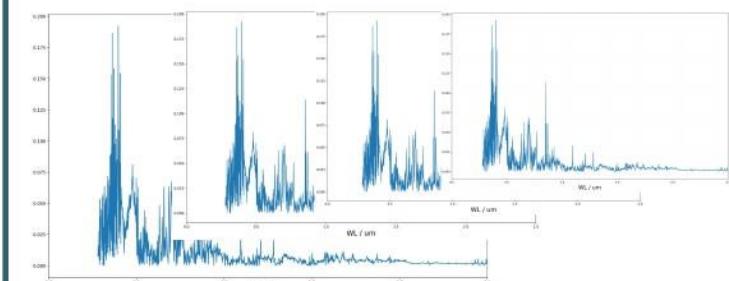


Terr. Radiance, mWcm⁻²str⁻¹μm⁻¹

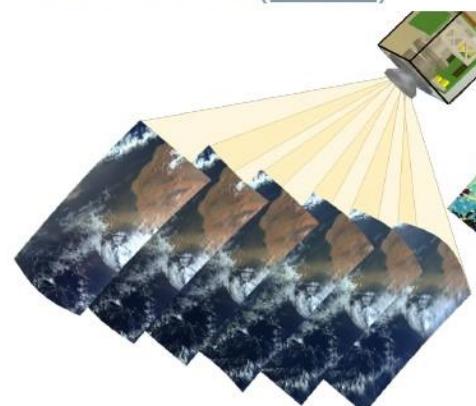


Combined
retrieval
scheme

VIS-IR-SWIR spectrometric
measurements



Multiangular multispectral polarimetric
measurements (MAP)



$I(\lambda, \theta, \varphi)$
 $U(\lambda, \theta, \varphi)$
 $Q(\lambda, \theta, \varphi)$

Different retrieval approaches



Proxy method

vs

Full physics retrieval

Atmospheric scattering elements ignored:

$$I(\lambda) = F_0(\lambda)A(\lambda) \frac{\mu_{in}}{\pi} \exp^{-\tau_{abs}(\lambda)} / \tilde{\mu}$$

(Lu et al., 2022)

Complete radiative transfer:

$$\mathbf{S}(\tau, \mu, \phi) = \frac{\omega(\tau)}{4\pi} \mathbf{P}(\tau, \mu, \phi, \mu_0, \phi_0) \mathbf{E}_0 \exp(\tau/\mu_0) + \frac{\omega(\tau)}{4\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{+1} \mathbf{P}(\tau, \mu, \phi, \mu', \phi') \mathbf{L}(\tau, \mu', \phi') d\mu' d\phi'.$$

(Lenoble et al., 2007)

Surface: Lambertian model

Surface: BRDF + BPDF

Only CO₂ or CH₄ can differ from the background

No a priori limitation

Accuracy dependency on aerosol load and aerosol layer height

No a priori limitation

Low computational cost and conceptually simple implementation.

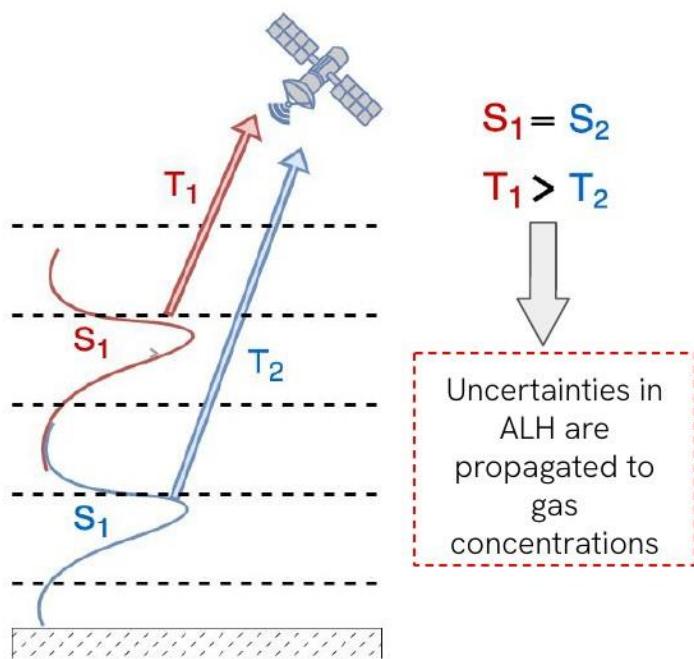
Higher computational cost and conceptually complex.

Scattering elements: the influence of the optical path



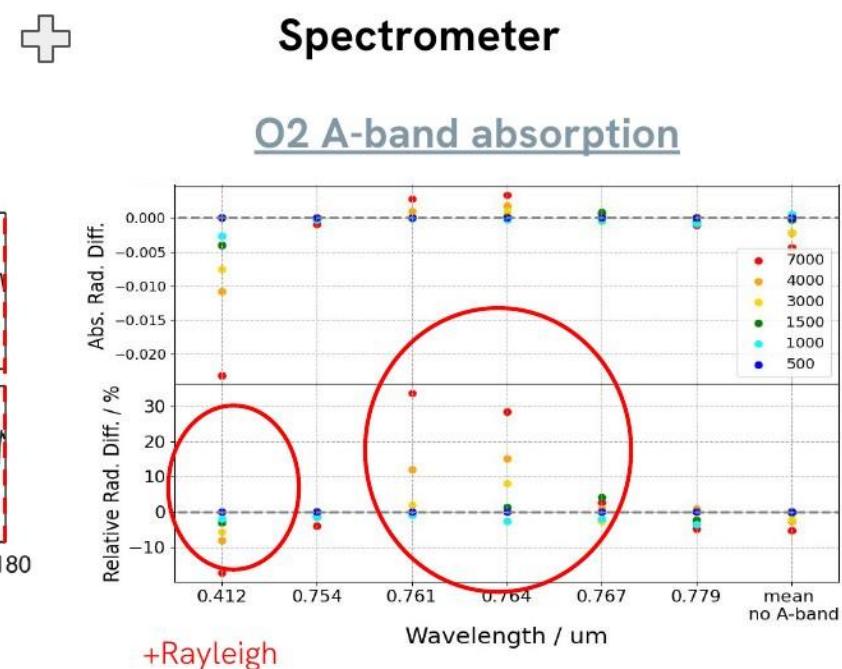
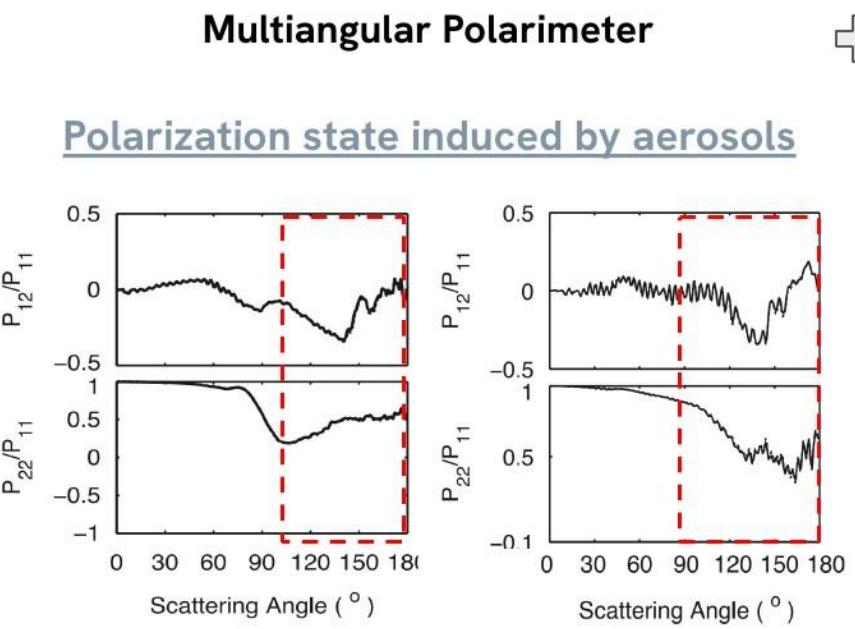
Aerosol layer height (ALH) is a key parameter to achieve a successful gas concentration retrieval. It is not only enough to know the AOD (S_x), but uncertainties in the ALH can lead to important difference in the atmospheric transmittance.

Problem:

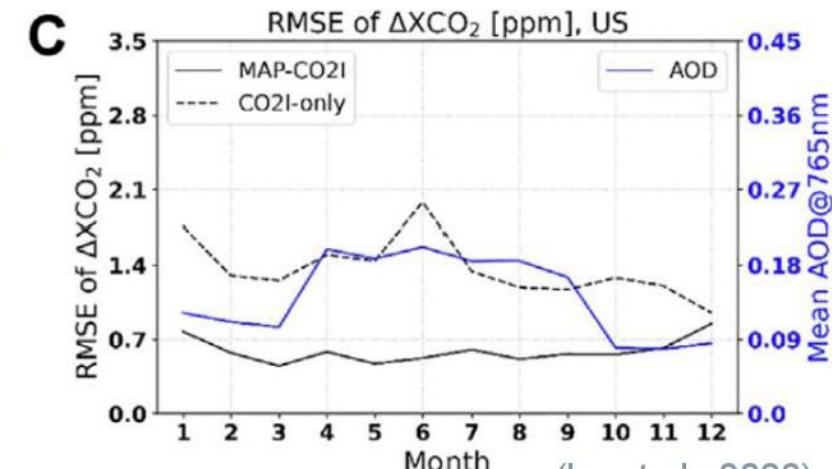
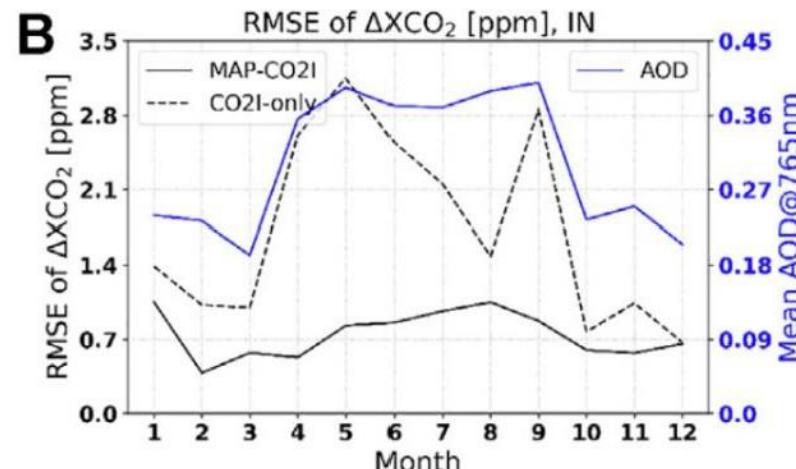
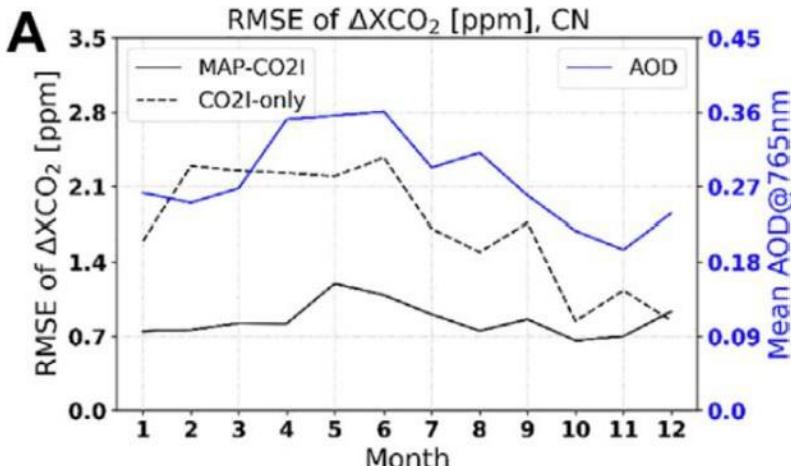


$$S(\tau, \mu, \varphi) = \frac{\omega(\tau)}{4\pi} P(\tau, \mu, \varphi, \mu_0, \varphi_0) E_0 \exp\left(\frac{\tau}{\mu_0}\right)$$
$$+ \frac{\omega(\tau)}{4\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{+1} P(\tau, \mu, \varphi, \mu', \varphi') \,$$

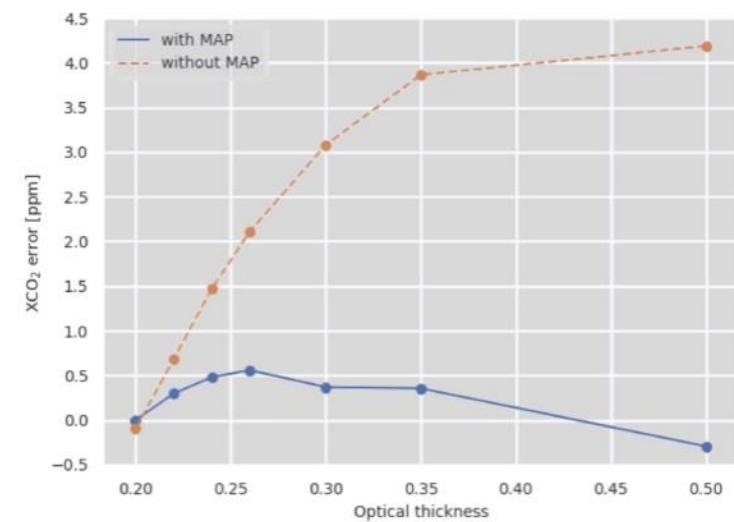
Solution: Addition of measurements with proper sensitivity to ALH



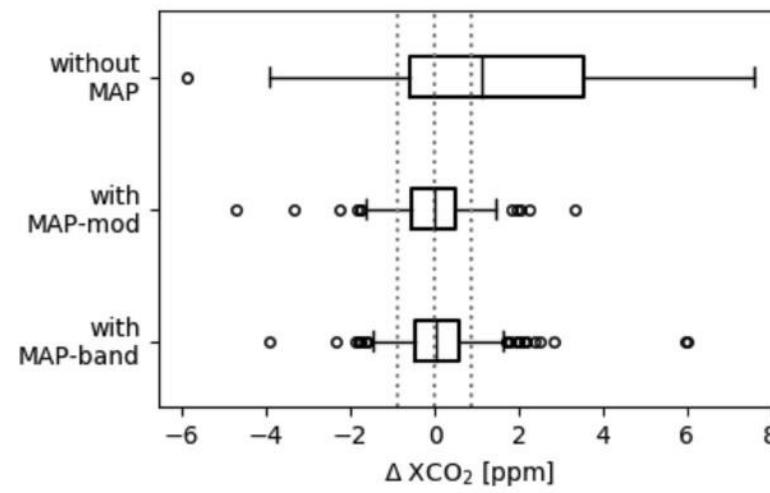
MAP vs no MAP



(Lu et al., 2022)



(Landgraf et al., 2020)



(Rusli et al., 2021)



OPEn platform for the Retrieval of Aerosol and CO₂ from S5

Technical Goal:

Develop Open-Source Community Full-Physics XCO₂ Retrieval Algorithm fully modular for Sentinel 5.

Scientific Goal:

Investigate experimental retrieval methods, aimed to improve existing uncertainty characterisation of CO₂ and CH₄ retrievals in the context of the challenging CO₂M requirements.



OPEn platform for the Retrieval of Aerosol and CO₂ from S5

THE PLATFORM

Technical Goal:

Develop Open-Source Community Full-Physics XCO₂ Retrieval Algorithm fully modular for Sentinel 5.

APPLICATIONS

Scientific Goal:

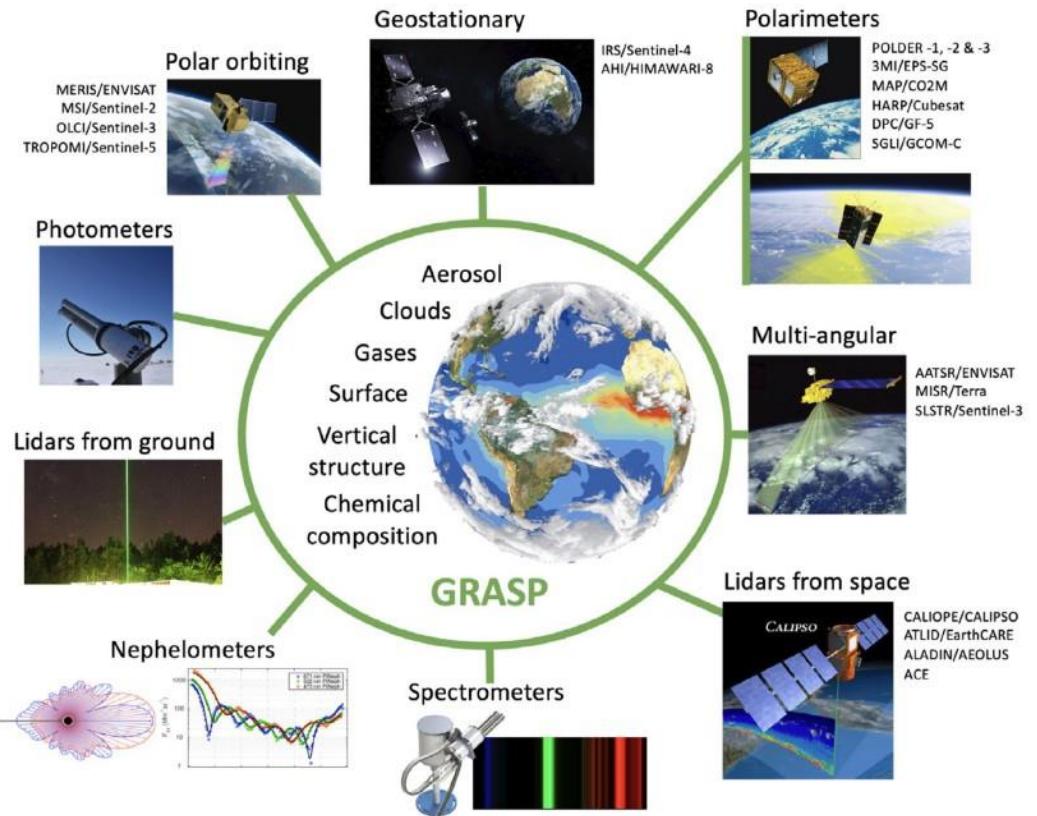
Investigate experimental retrieval methods, aimed to improve existing uncertainty characterisation of CO₂ and CH₄ retrievals in the context of the challenging CO₂M requirements.

GRASP Algorithm



GRASP: Generalized Retrieval of Atmosphere and Surface Properties

(Dubovik et al., 2021)



GRASP Algorithm

Ground-based

- Photometer
- Lidar
- Nephelometer
- Ceilometer
- Sky-camera
- Spectrometer

European

- Sentinel 2
- Sentinel 3
- Sentinel 4
- Sentinel 5p
- 3MI
- US
- MISR
- Japan
- SGLI

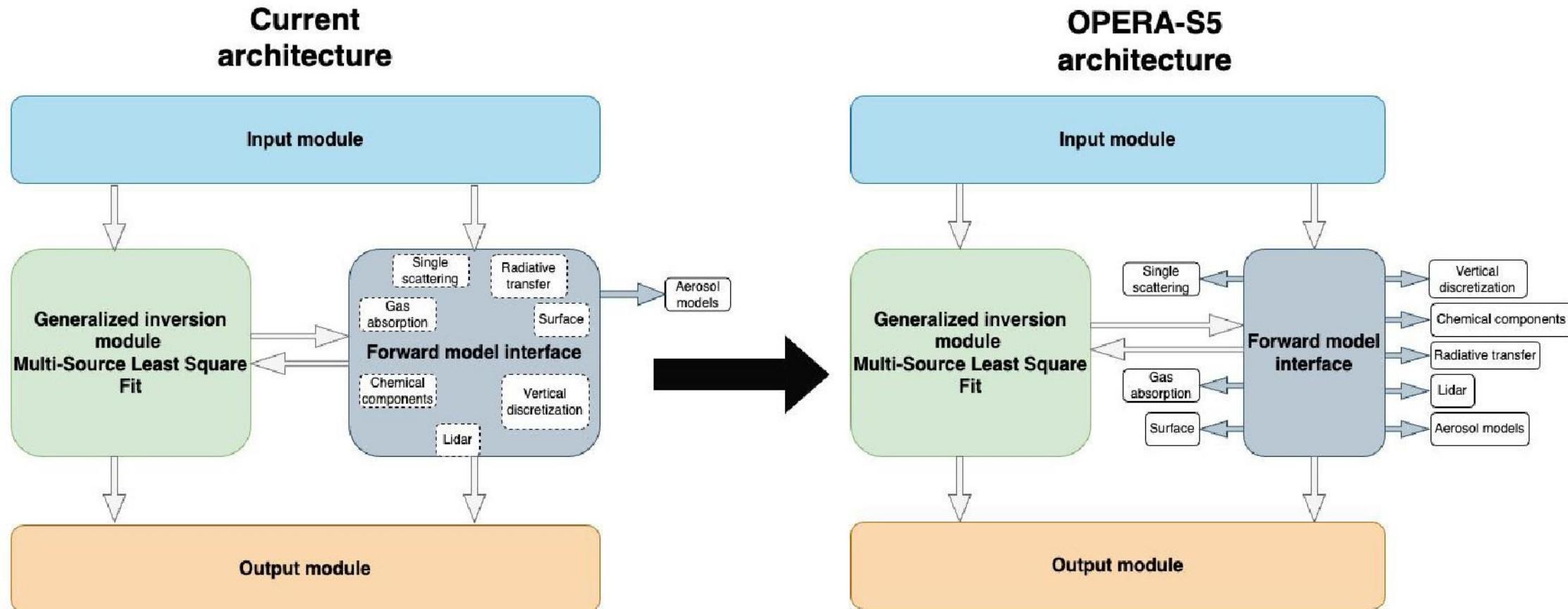
MERIS & AATSR

POLDER

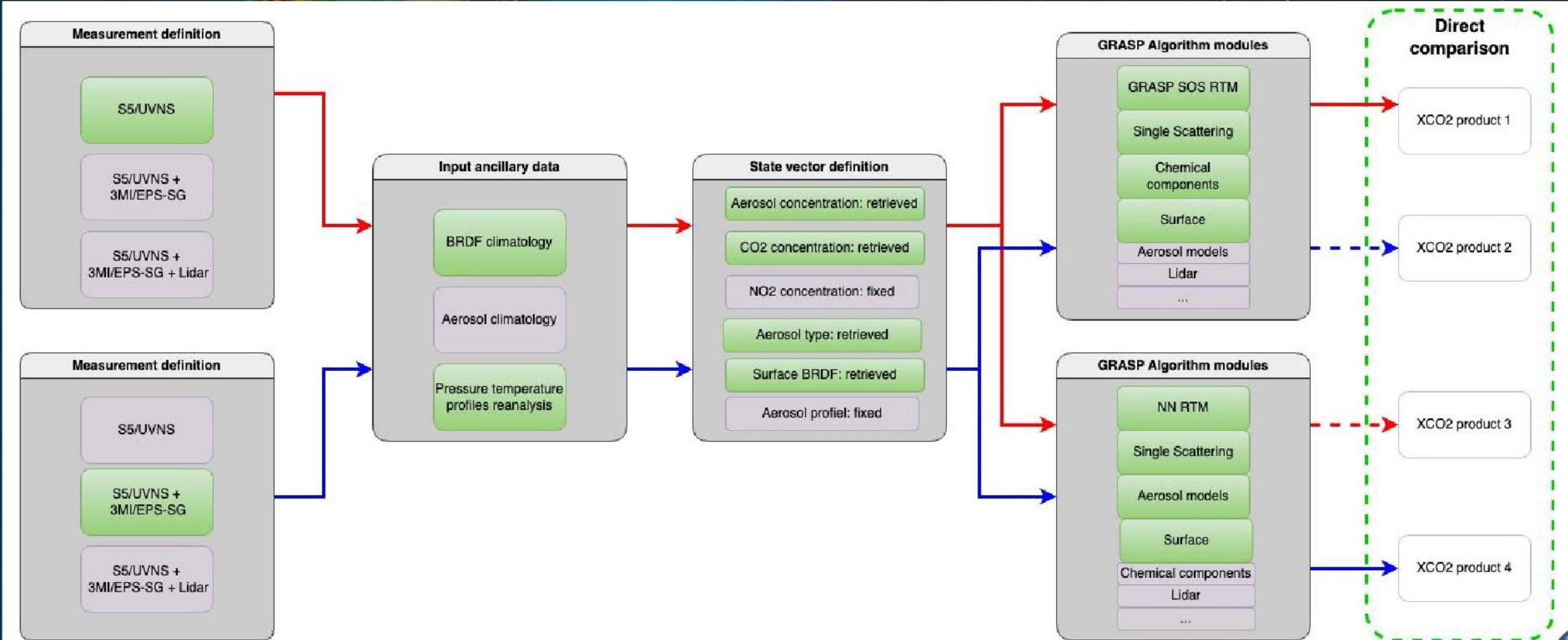
Platform Structure



Technical Goal: Develop Open-Source Community XCO₂ Retrieval Algorithm for Sentinel 5



Retrieval possibilities



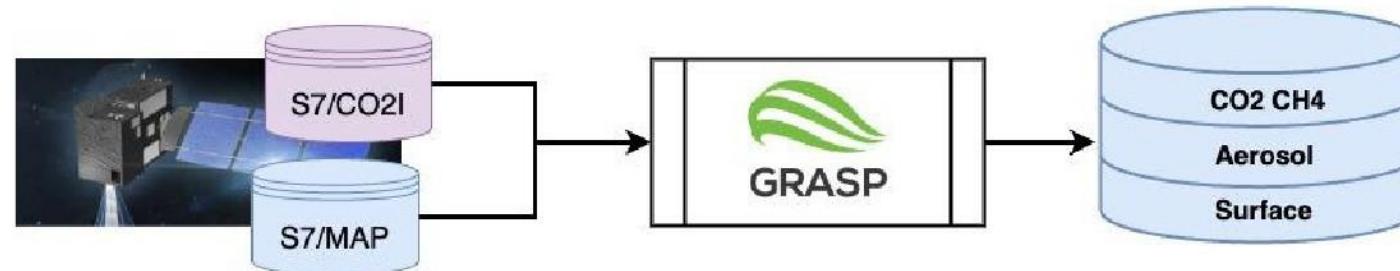
Fully modular approach = ~ Plug and Play



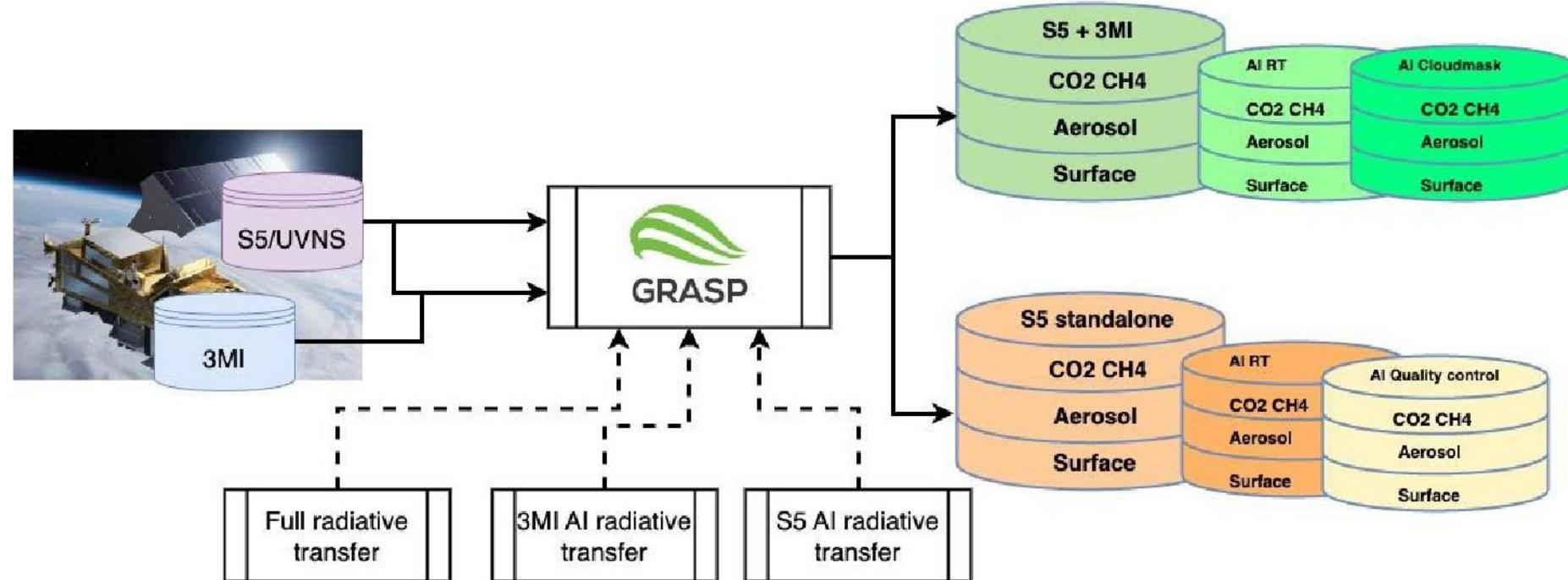
OPERA-S5 applications

Scientific Goals

Combination of S7CO2M/MAP and CO2I in GRASP retrieval algorithm



S5/UVNS and combination of 3MI and S5/UVNS in GRASP retrieval algorithm, with the inclusion of additional AI based modules for performance or quality assurance increase



Summary



- An Open Community XCO₂ and aerosol retrieval algorithm for S5 it is going to be build with GRASP.
- Application to S7 CO2M/MAP+ S7 CO2M/CO2I
- Application to S5/UVNS and S5/UVNS + 3MI
- XCO₂ + XCH₄ + Aerosol + Surface simultaneous retrieval
- GRASP flexibility and high degree of generalization will enable the applications to any instrument combination or forward model approach.