

From surface to the bottom: Ocean color retrievals and Argo floats

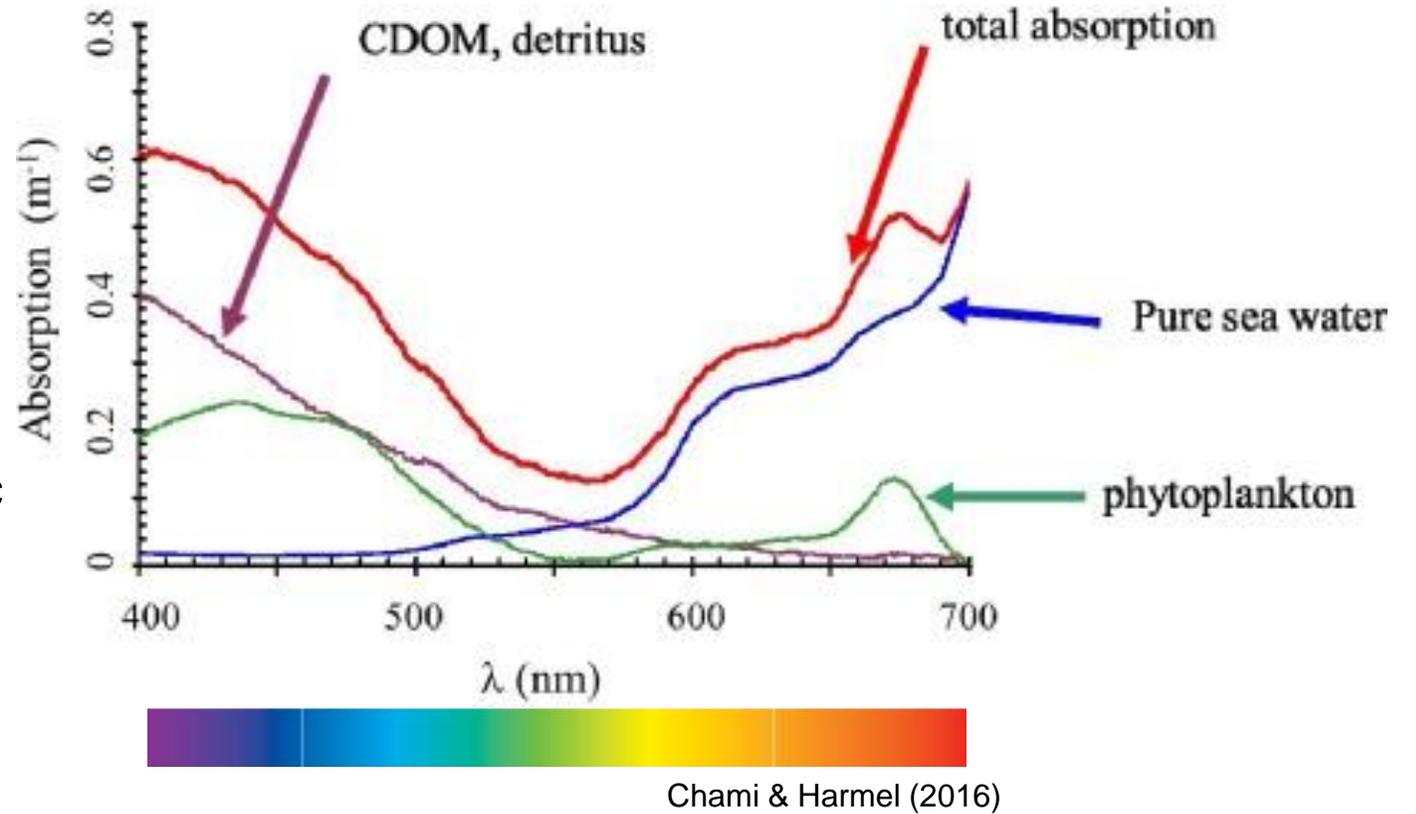
Rafael Gonçalves-Araujo

DTU Aqua

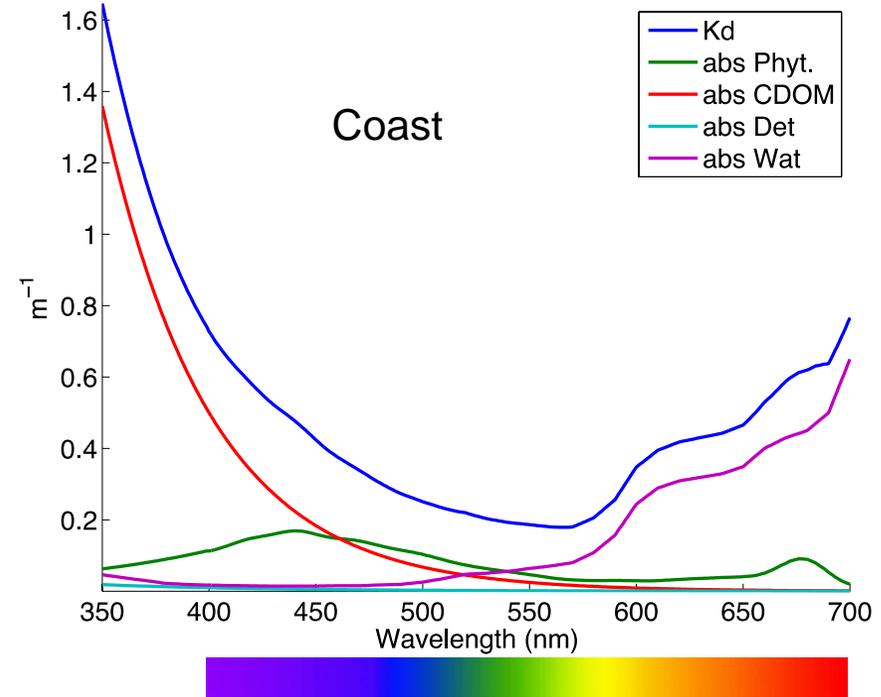
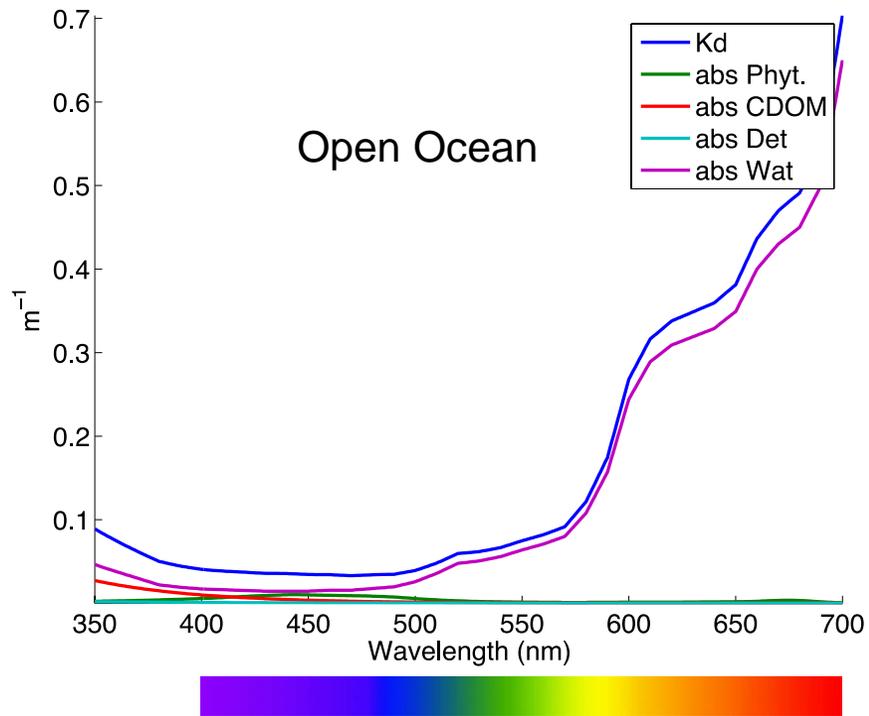
rafgo@aqua.dtu.dk

Optically active constituents of water

- Water
- Phytoplankton
- Sediments and detritus/inorganic
- Dissolved organic matter (DOM)



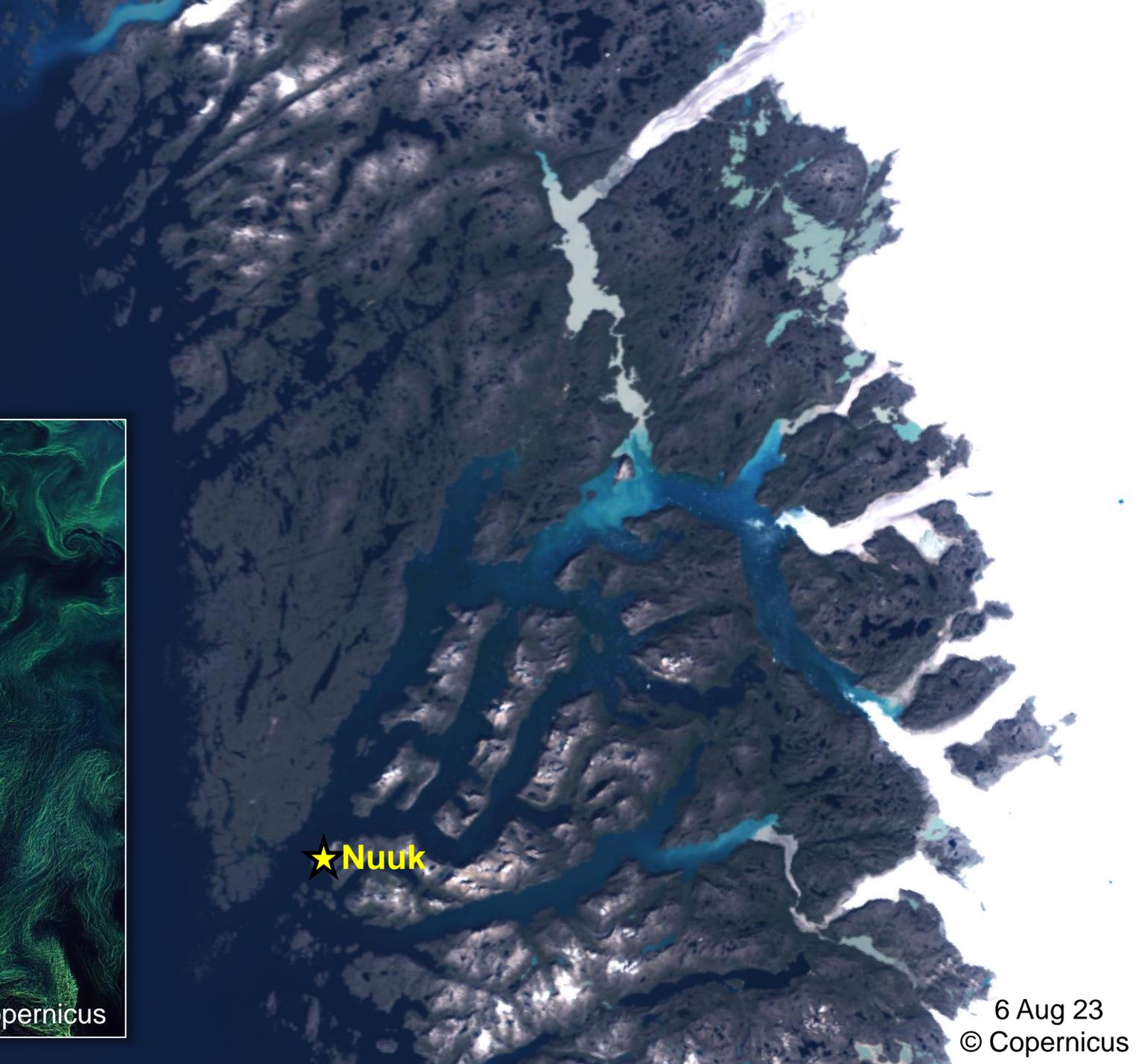
Optically active constituents of water



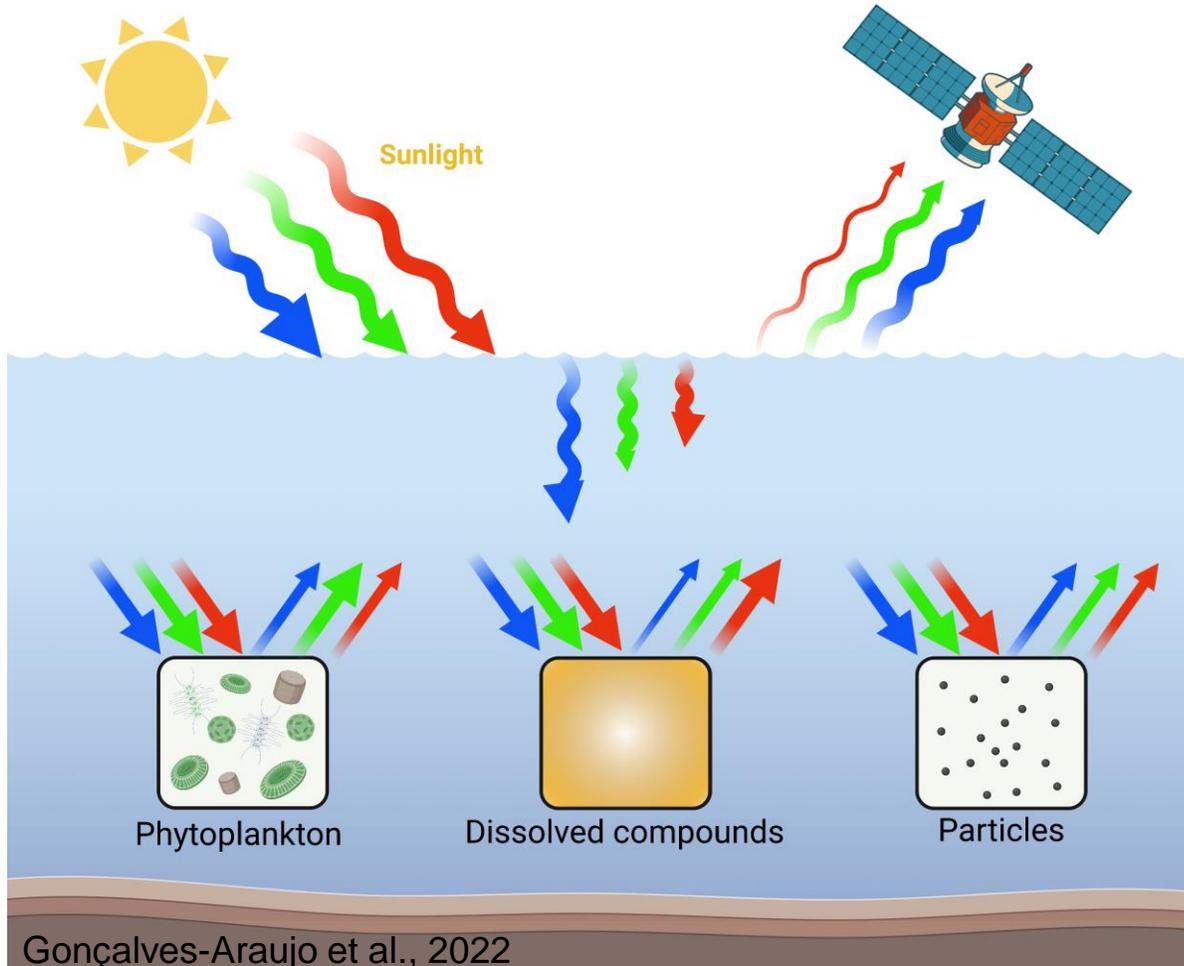
Nuup Kangerlua

Godthåbsfjord

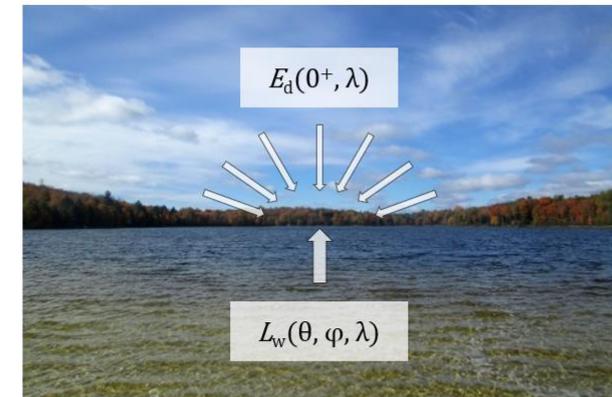
Nuuk Fjord



Ocean color remote sensing



Remote Sensing Reflectance (Rrs)



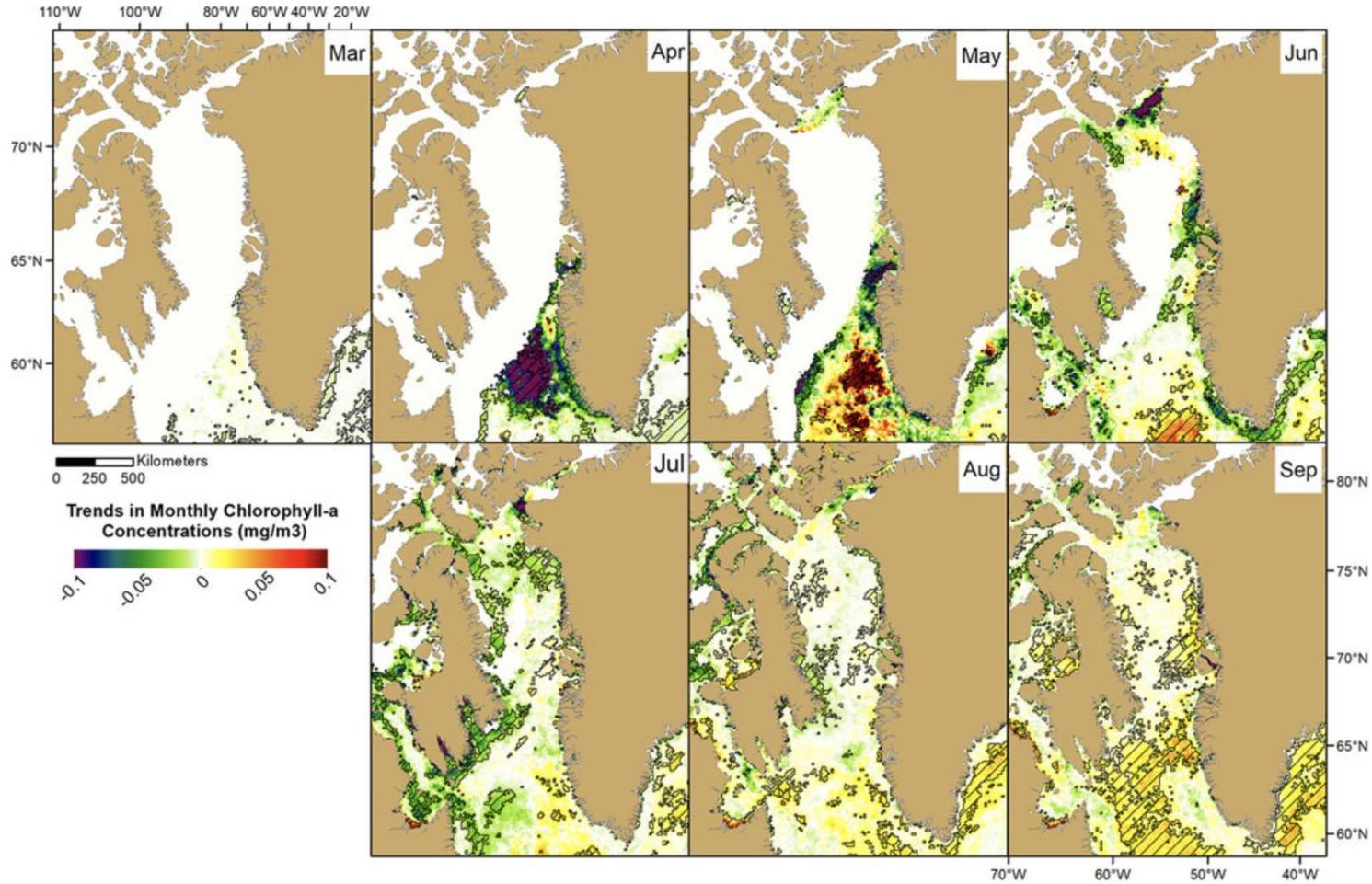
$$R_{rs}(\theta, \varphi, \lambda) = \frac{L_w(\theta, \varphi, \lambda)}{E_d(0^+, \lambda)}$$

$L_w(\theta, \varphi, \lambda)$ - Water leaving radiance
 $E_d(0^+, \lambda)$ - Downwelling irradiance

Source: WDNR, USA

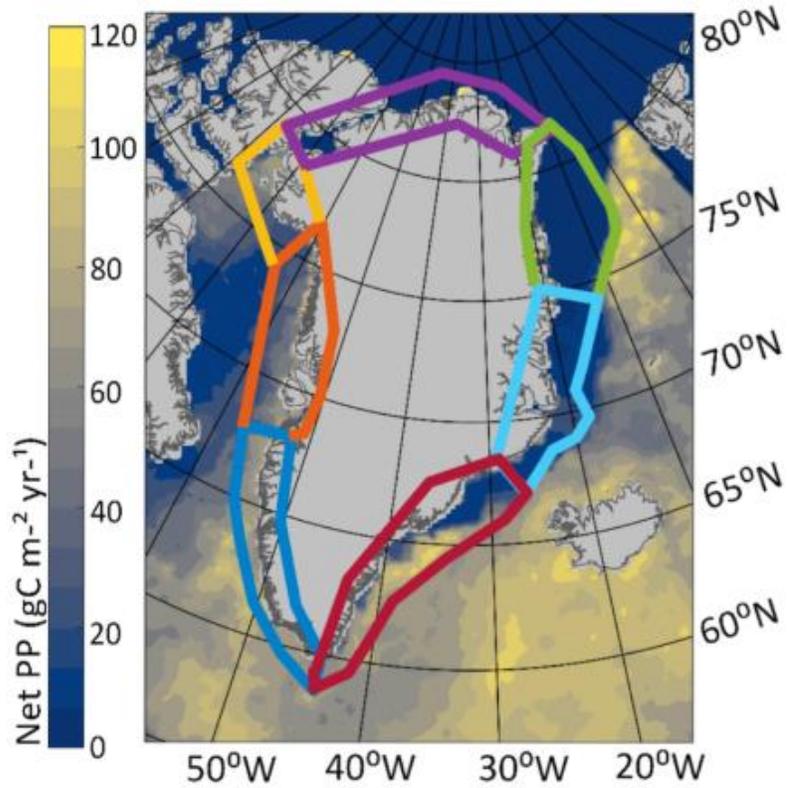
Algorithms for retrieving geophysical properties
 - Chlorophyll-a

Ocean color remote sensing

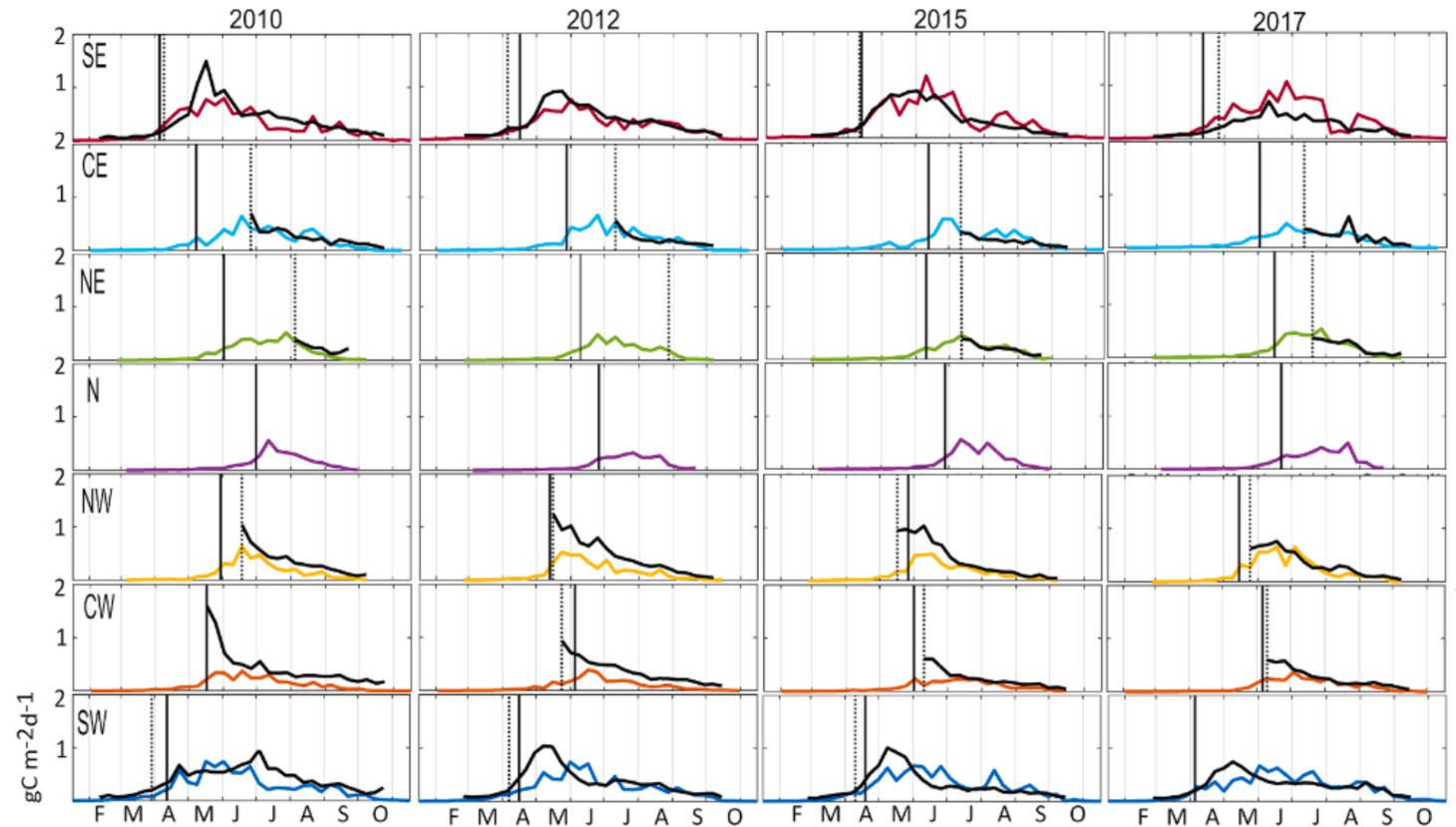


York et al. (2020)

Ocean color remote sensing

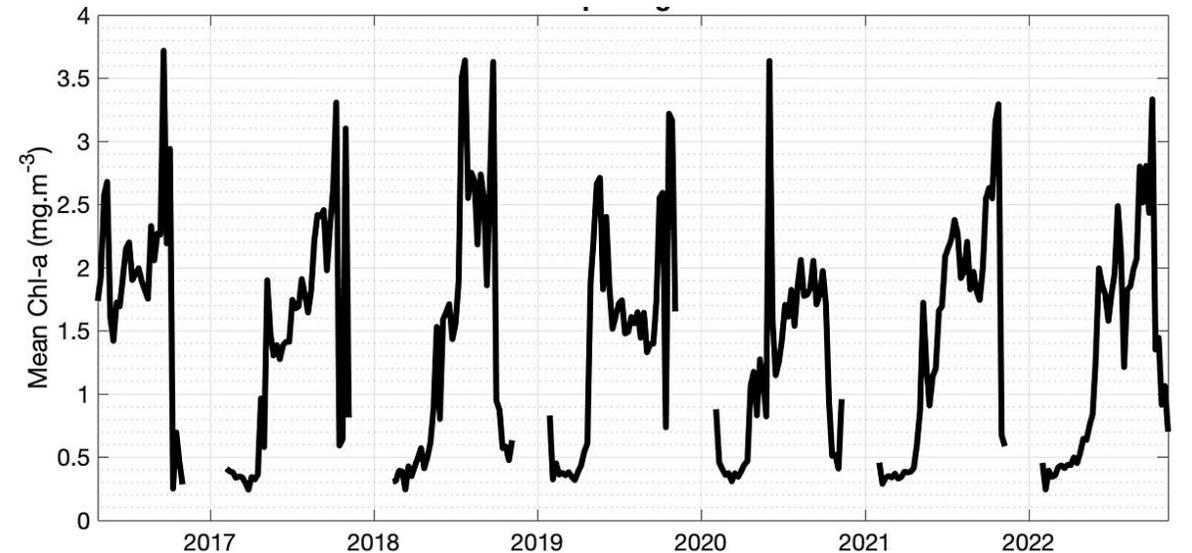
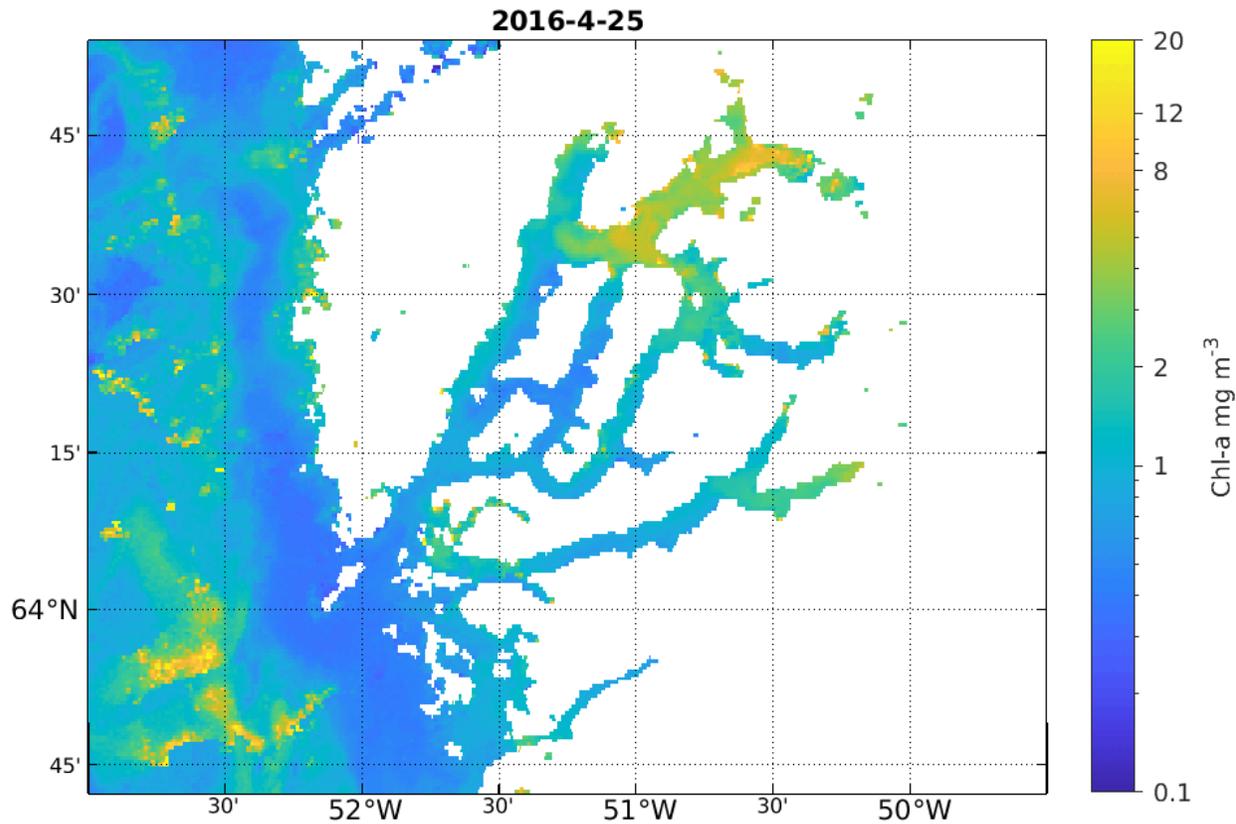
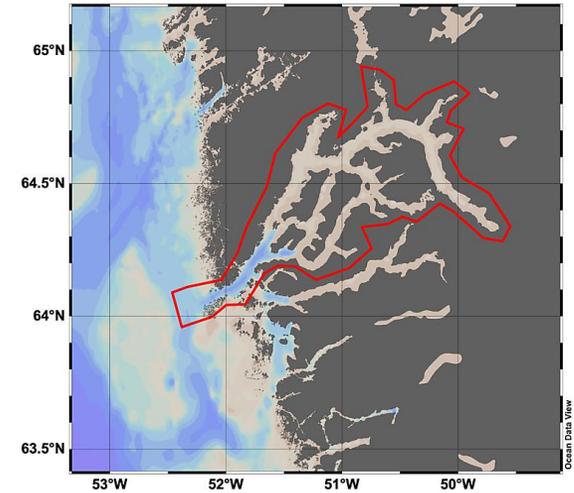


Vernet et al. (2020)



Ocean color remote sensing

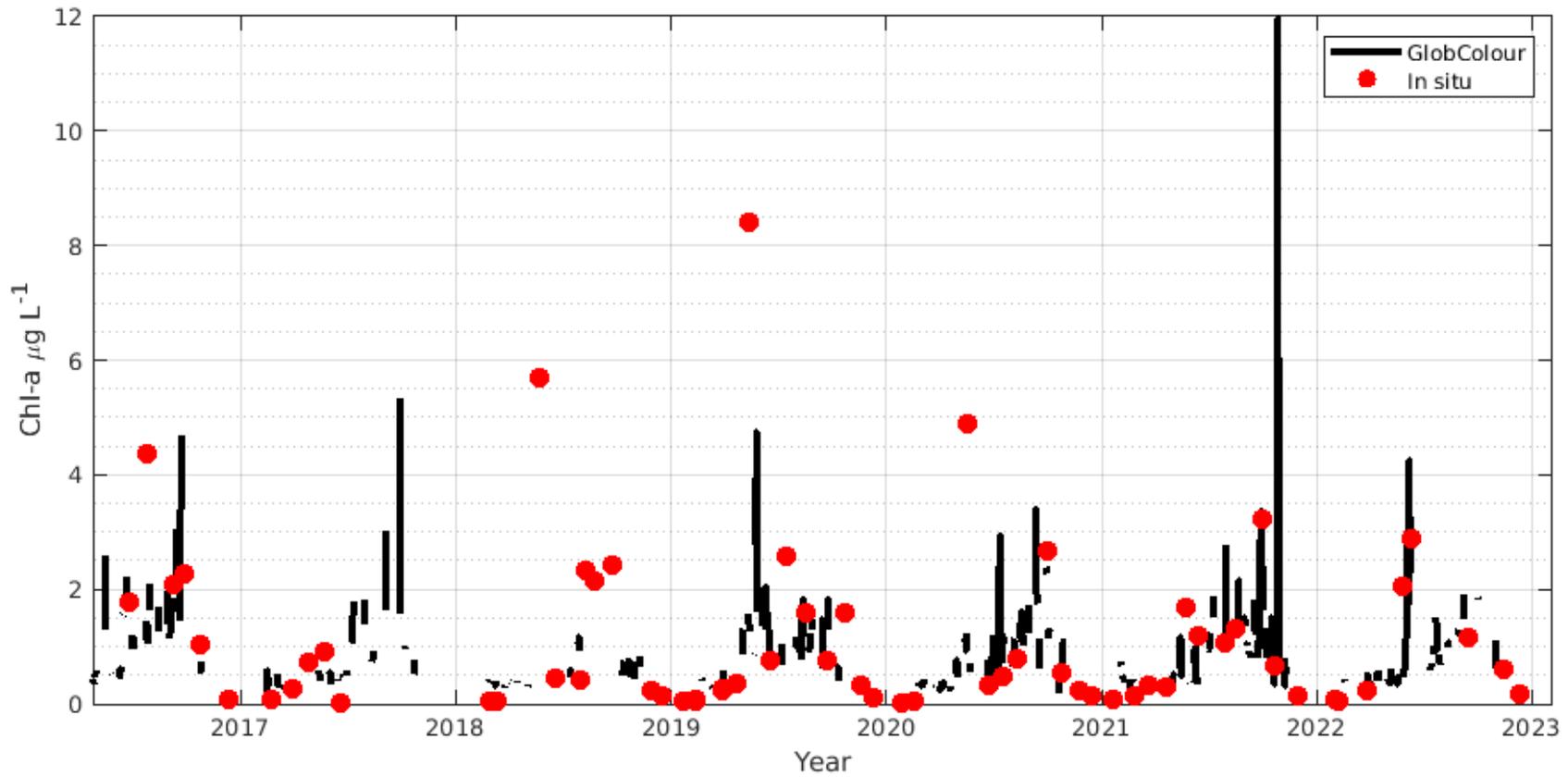
Weekly Chl-a S3 Averages



© Gonçalves-Araujo & Stedmon (2023)
<https://doi.org/10.11583/DTU.24649818>

Gonçalves-Araujo et al. (in prep)

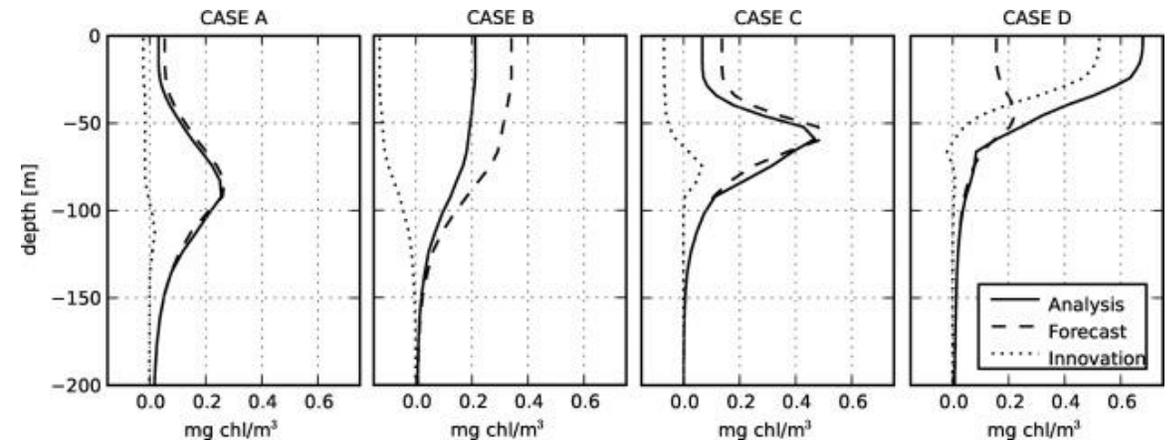
Ocean color remote sensing



Gonçalves-Araujo et al. (in prep)

Ocean Color remote sensing

- Allow for deriving several biogeochemical-relevant parameters
- Increased spatial and temporal sampling efforts
- Daily Global synoptic coverage
- Reaching climate-long time series
- Limitations
 - Limited to the surface
 - Optically complex waters in fjord systems → need for regional parametrizations/algorithms
 - No data under sea-ice, overcast, polar night



Teruzzi et al. (2014)

Need for complementary observation tool

Argo floats

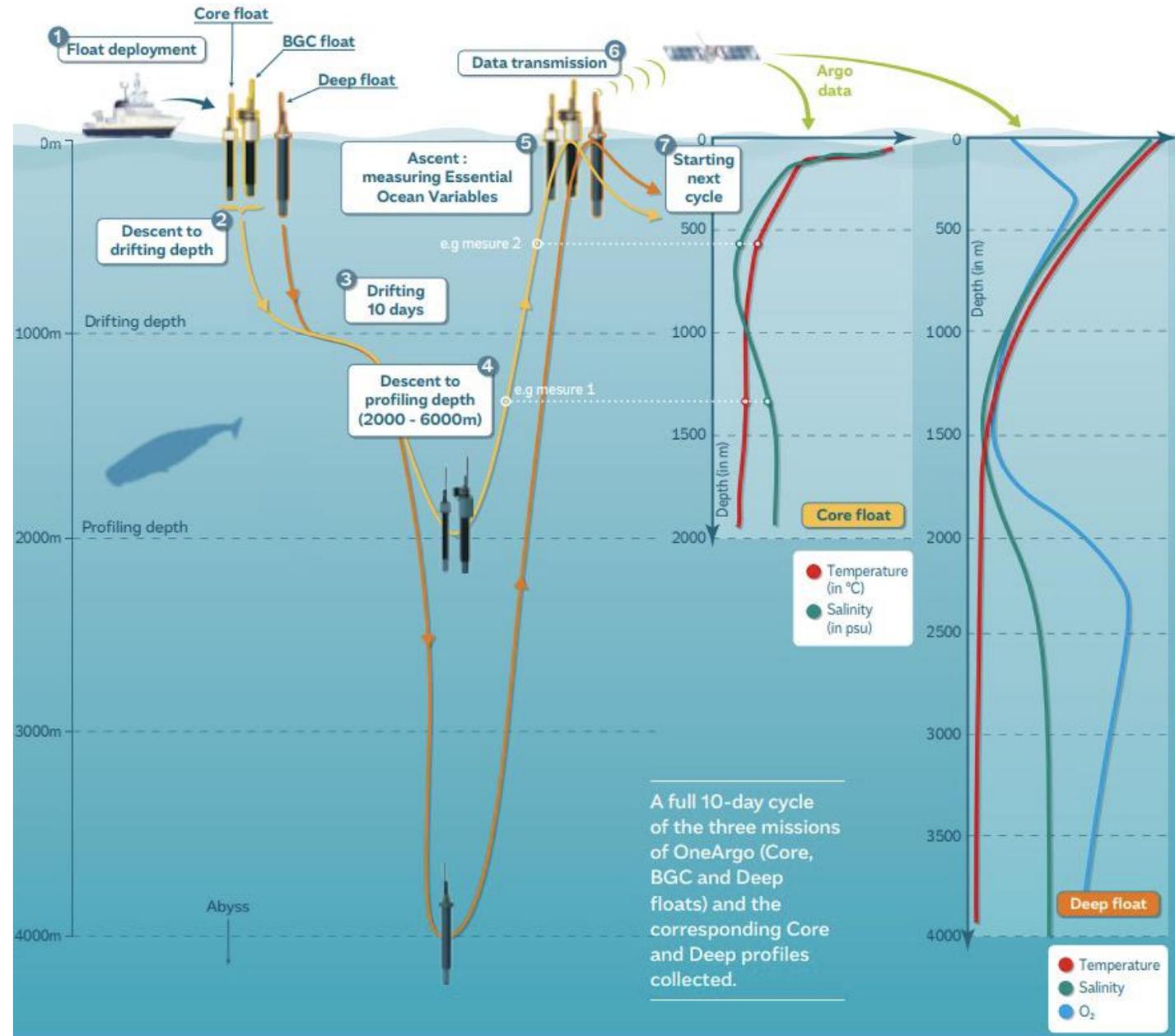
- Diverse types/manufacturers
- **Core parameters**
 - Temp, Sal, (Oxygen)
- **BGC**
 - Chlorophyll-a, CDOM
 - Backscatter
 - Light
 - Nitrate
- **Deep**
 - Below 2000m – Max. 6000m



Source: Euro Argo

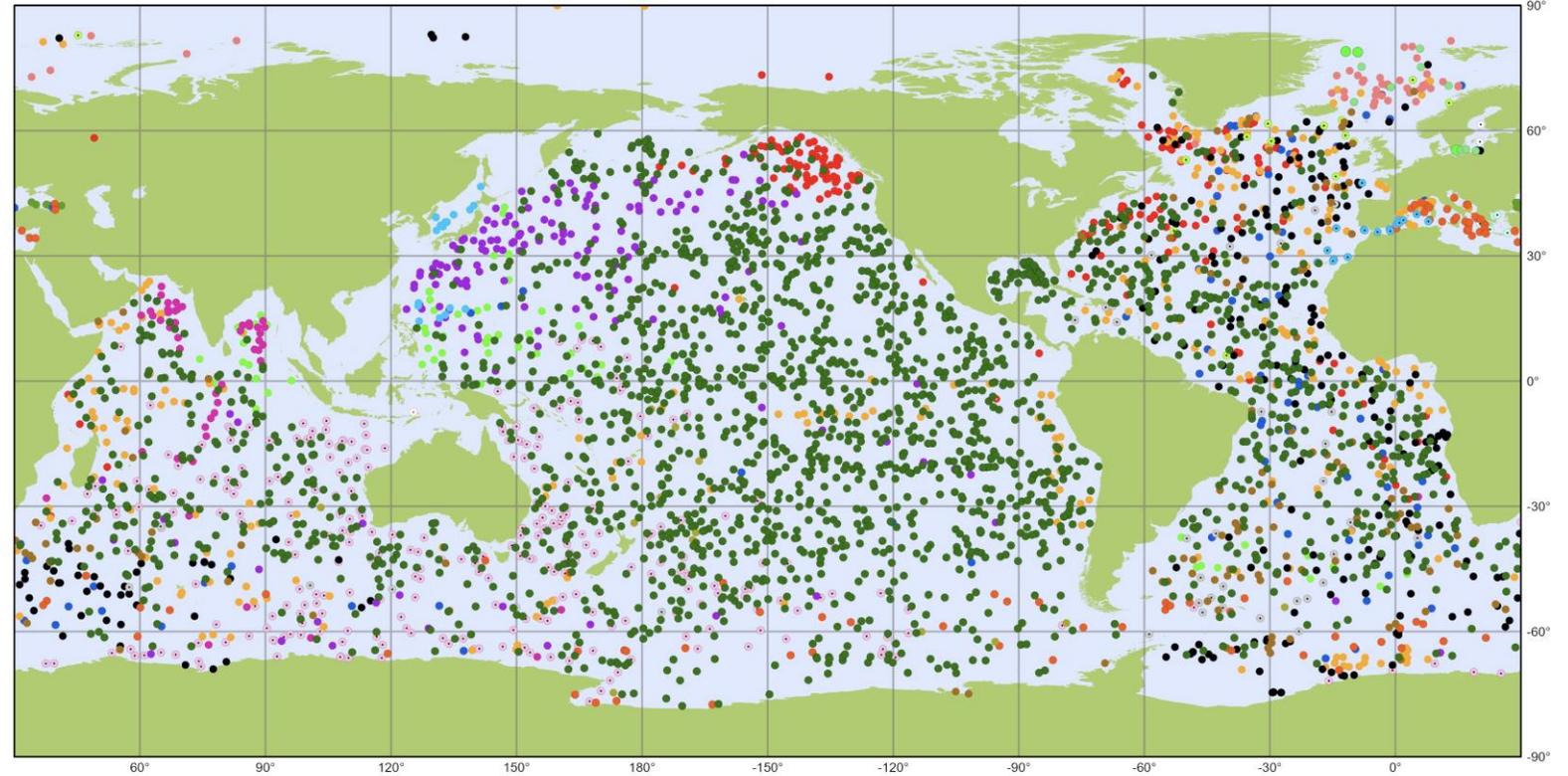
Argo floats

- Deployment from ship
- Start pre-programmed mission
- Conduct a test cycle
- Check GPS and data transmission
- Update configuration or continue mission
- Data becomes available to everybody via global data acquisition centers (GDAC)



Source: Argo

Argo floats



Argo

National contributions - 3879 operational floats
Latest location of operational floats (data distributed within the last 30 days)

January 2024



Generated by ocean-ops.org, 2024-02-01
Projection: Plate Carree (-150,0000)

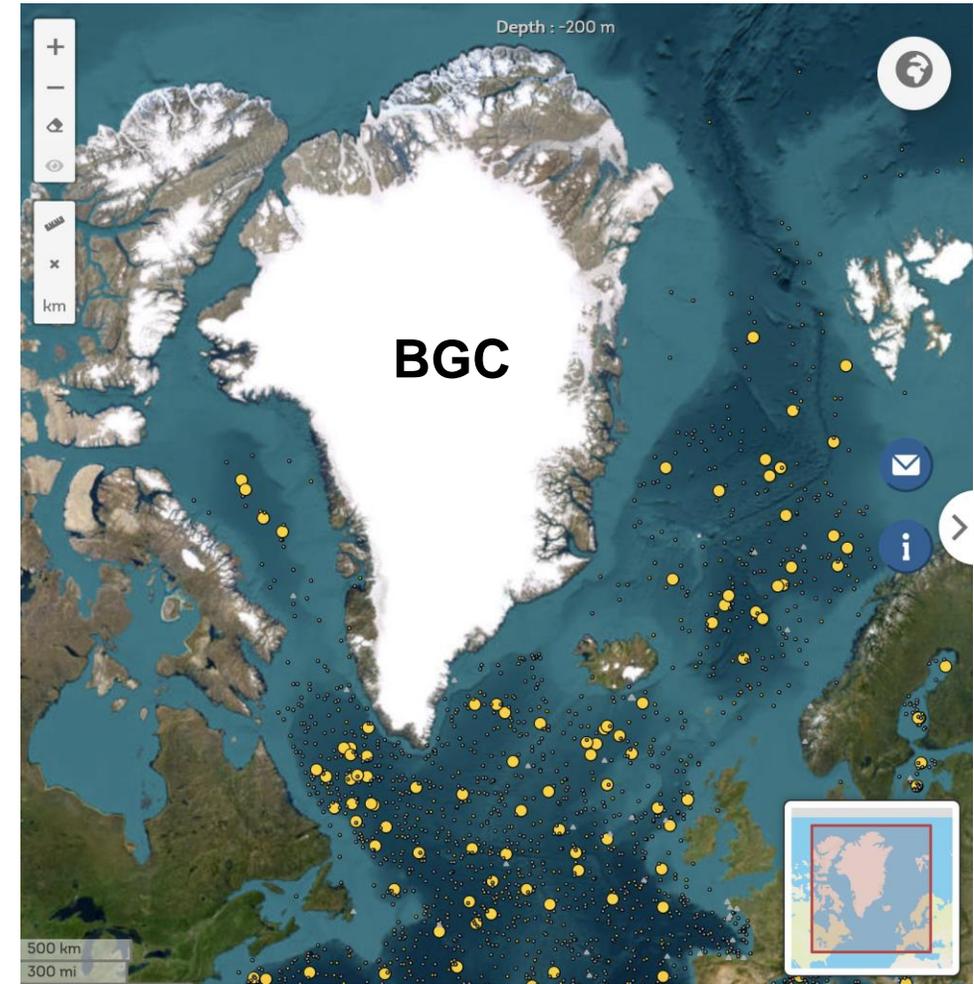
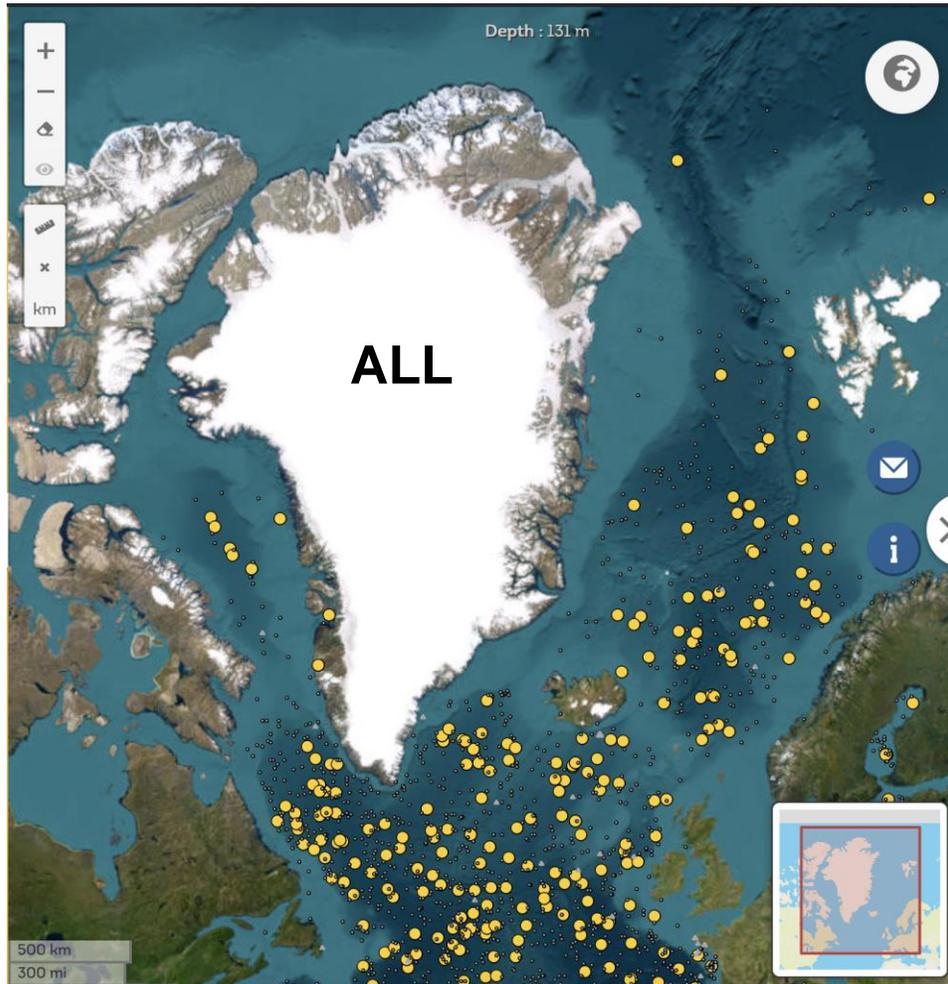
Source: Argo

Argo floats around Greenland



3 Sep 2024 – Source: Argo

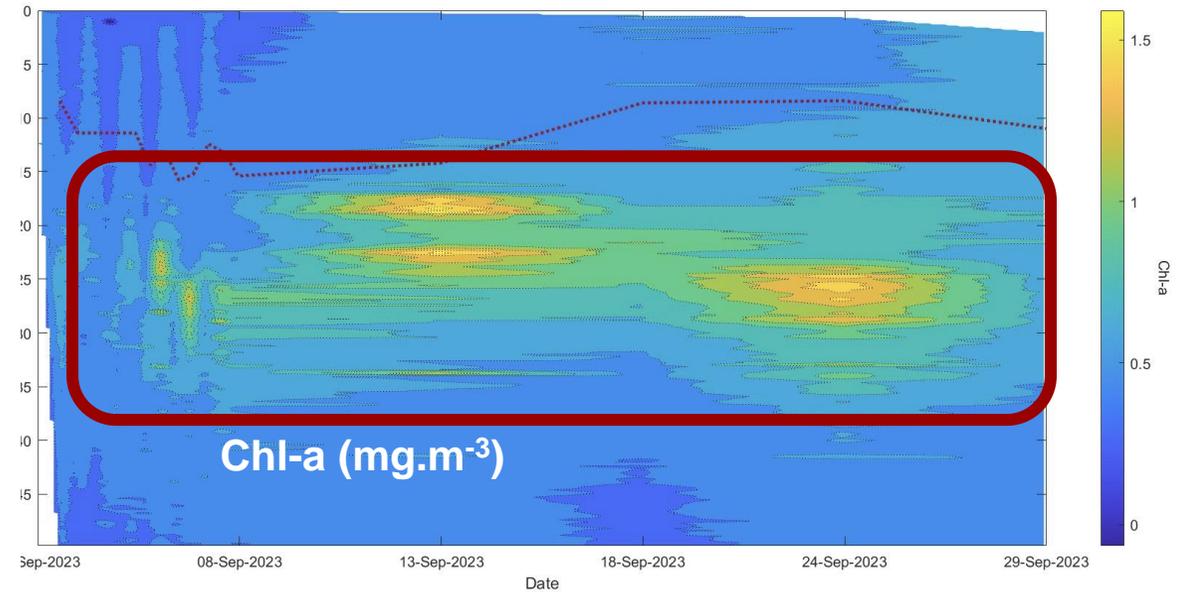
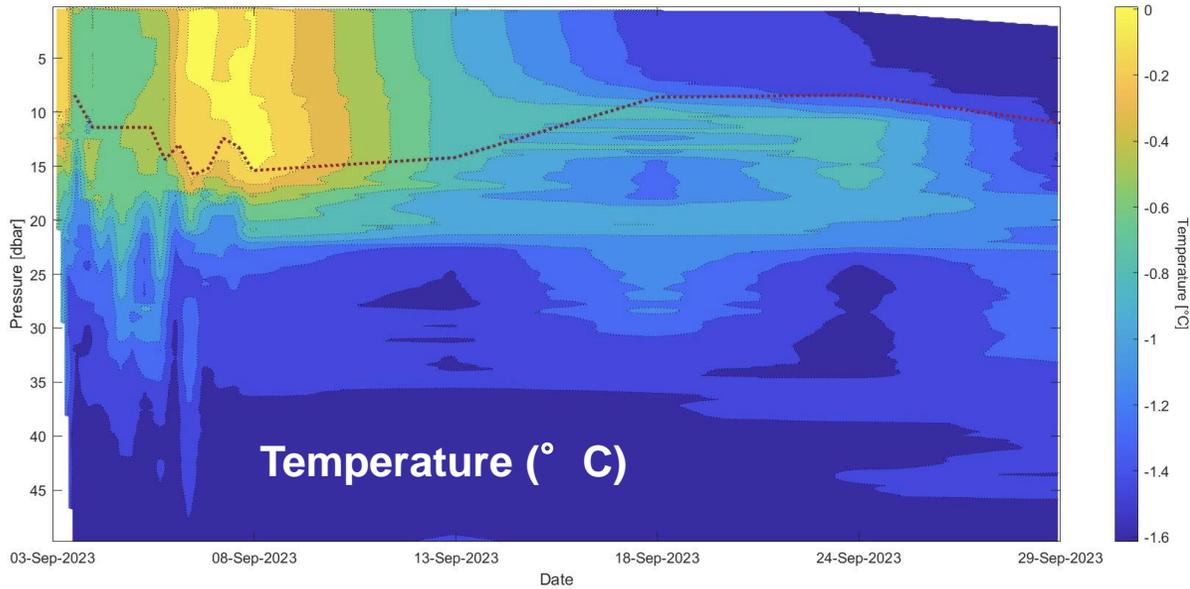
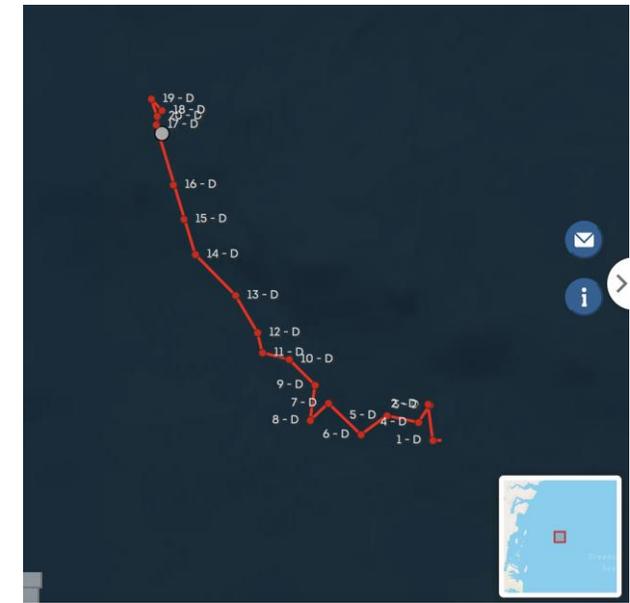
Operational Argo floats around Greenland



3 Sep 2024 – Source: Argo

Argo measurements around Greenland

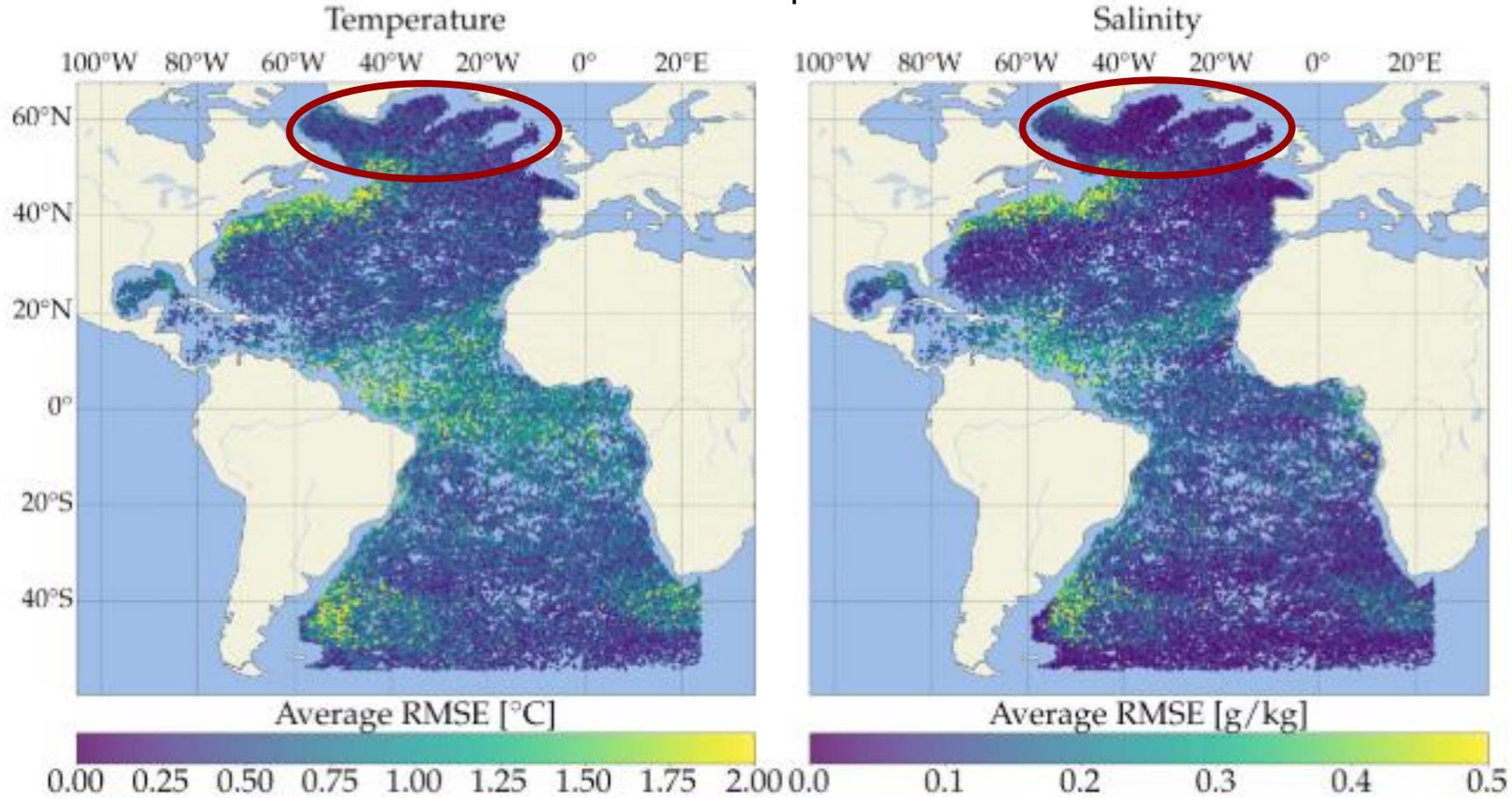
- East Greenland Shelf – September 2023
- Sampled for almost one month



Credits: Bodil Toftegård / Colin Stedmon (DTU Aqua)

Combining Argo and satellite data using AI

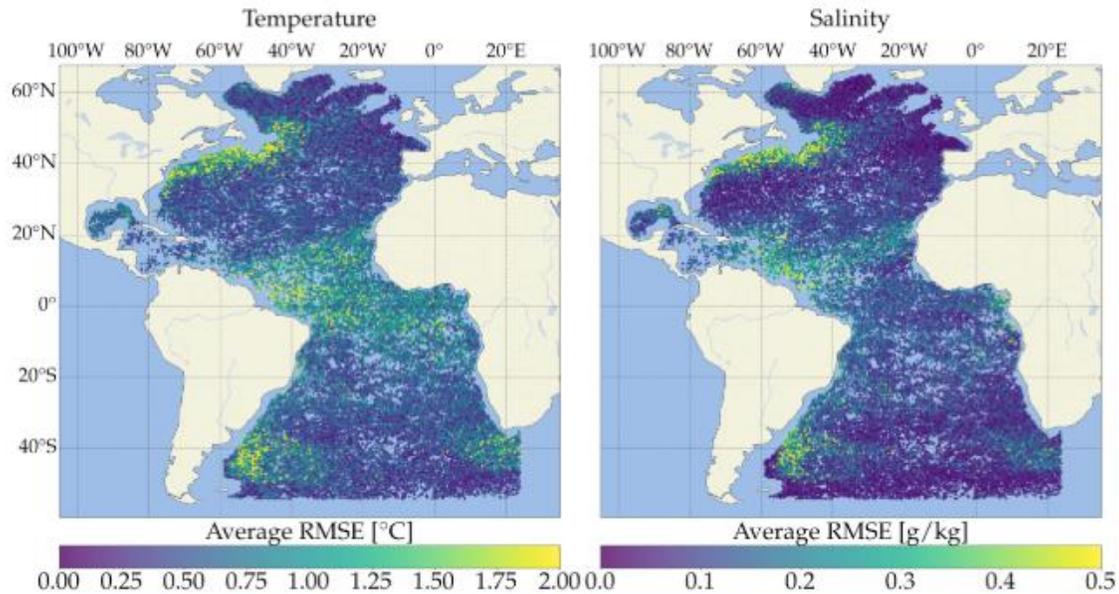
RMSE – top 200m



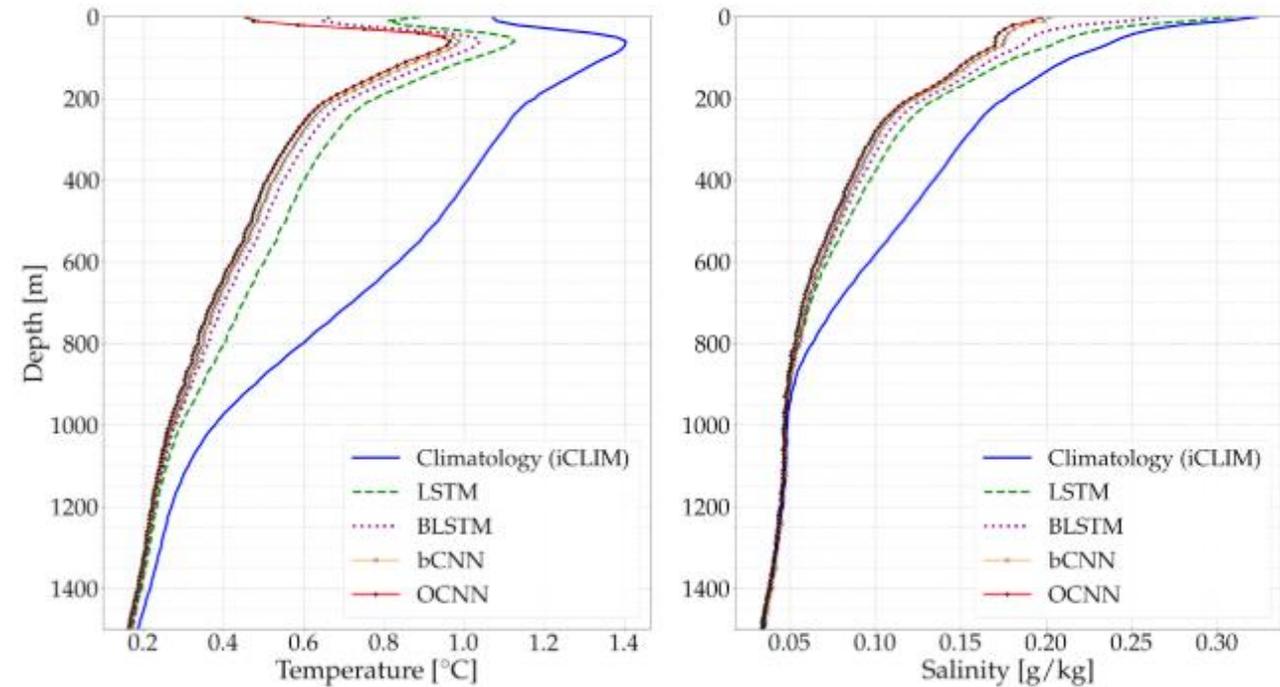
Smith et al. (2023)

Combining Argo and satellite data

RMSE – top 200m



Smith et al. (2023)



Final remarks

- Ocean color → high resolution coverage of the oceans' surface
 - Limitations
 - Need for development of local algorithms for the optically complex fjord waters
 - Employ AI to differentiate the different optical components (e.g., Hieronymi et al 2017)
- Argo floats provide a vertical perspective of the ocean structure
- Combining Argo floats to satellite using AI techniques
 - Solve the puzzle of how to predict vertical distribution of phytoplankton biomass (Chl-a)
- **More initiatives and funding for expanding the observational capacity by Argo floats**
- **Funding for expanding in situ observation for validation and development of local OC algorithms**

Thank you!

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★ Nuuk

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