



Heterogenous geological boundary conditions and geothermal heat flux revealed beneath Antarctica's subglacial lake districts

Fausto Ferraccioli^{1,2},
Jonathan Ford¹, Pietro Latorraca¹,
Ben Mather³, Egidio Armadillo⁴,
Rene Forsberg⁵, Jörg Ebbing⁶,
Karsten Gohl⁷, Graeme Eagles⁷,
Chris Green⁸, Javier Fullea⁹, Massimo Verdoya⁴



1 Istituto Nazionale di Oceanografia e di Geofisica Sperimentale, Trieste, Italy
2 NERC/British Antarctic Survey, Cambridge- UK
3 University of Sydney, EarthByte Group, Sydney, Australia
4 Università di Genova, DISTAV, Italy
5 National Space Institute, Technical Institute of Denmark, Lyngby, Denmark
6 Christian-Albrechts-Universität Kiel, Kiel Marine Science, Kiel, Germany
7 Alfred Wegener Institute, Geosciences, Bremerhaven, Germany
8 University of Leeds, School Earth and Environment, Leeds, UK
9 Universidad Complutense de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

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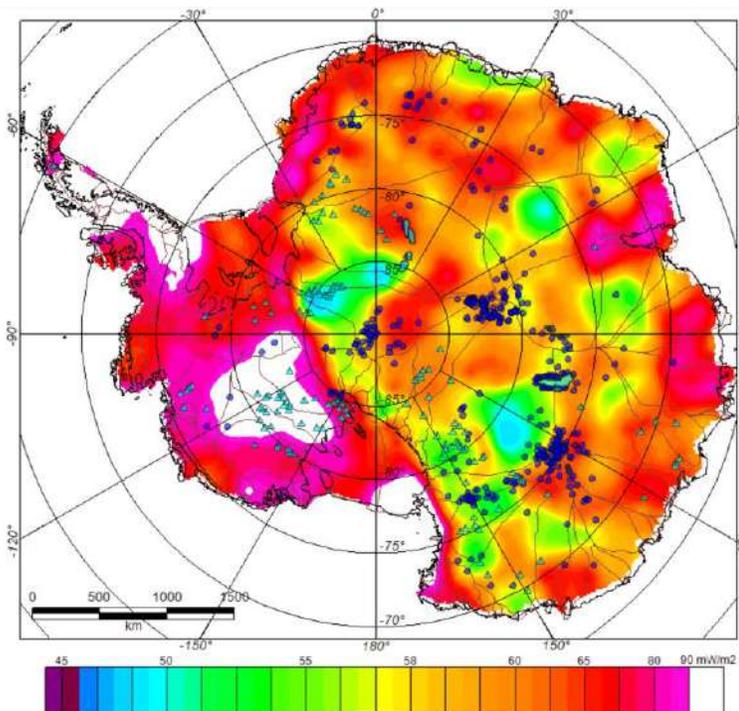
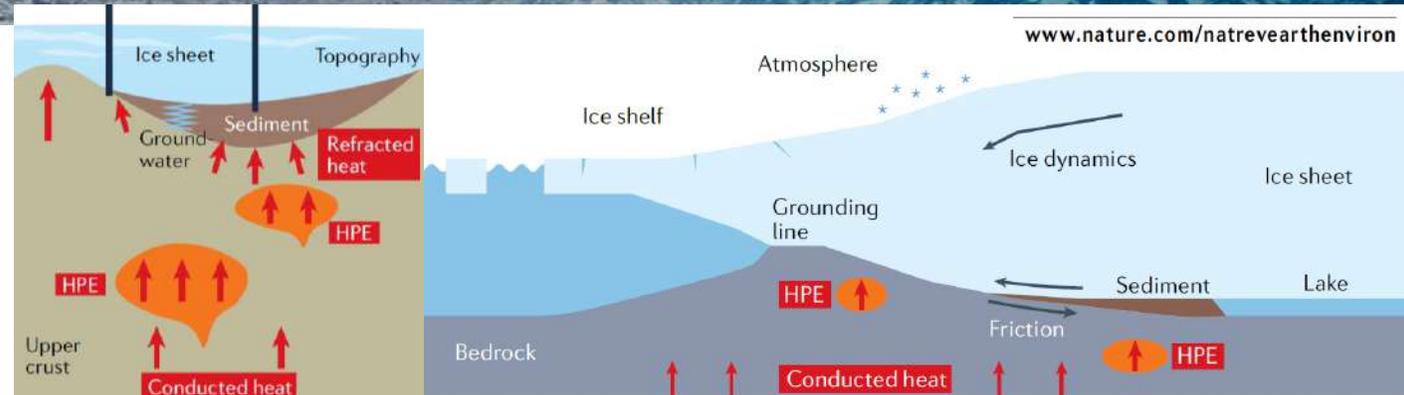
Antarctic Geothermal Heat Flux



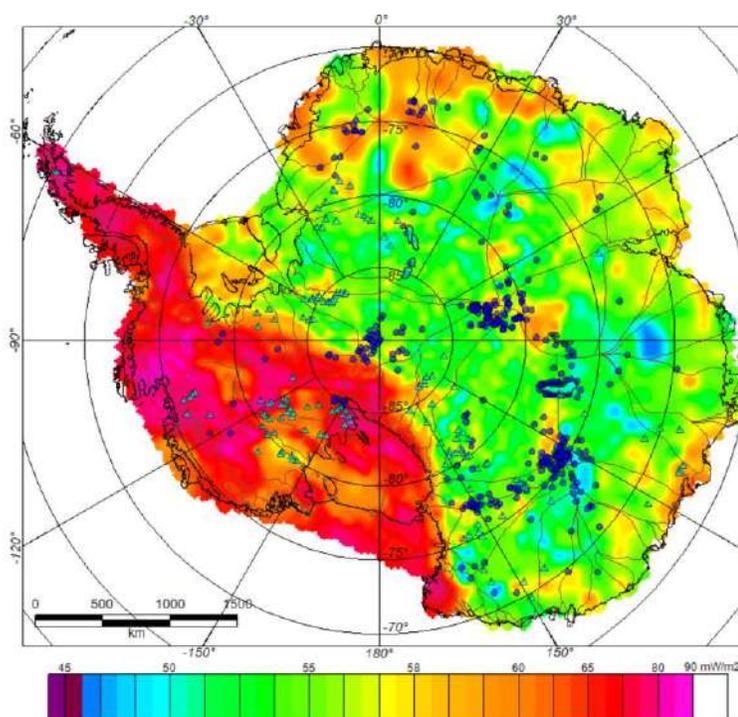
Antarctic geothermal heat flow and its implications for tectonics and ice sheets

[Anya M. Reading](#), [Tobias Stål](#), [Jacqueline A. Halpin](#), [Mareen Lösing](#), [Jörg Ebbing](#), [Weisen Shen](#), [Felicity S. McCormack](#), [Christine S. Siddoway](#) & [Derrick Hasterok](#)

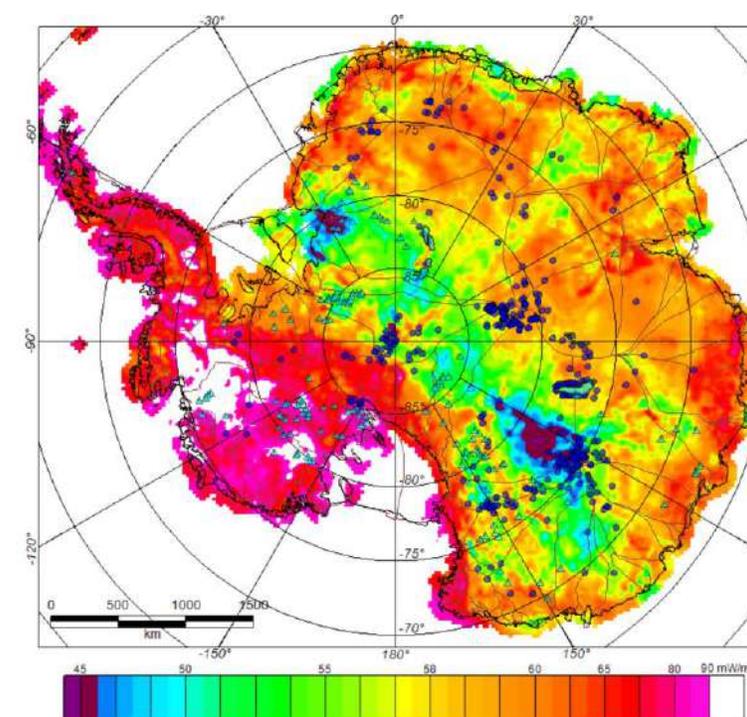
Nature Reviews Earth & Environment **3**, 814–831 (2022) | [Cite this article](#)



Magnetic GHF Estimate- *Martos et al., 2017, GRL*

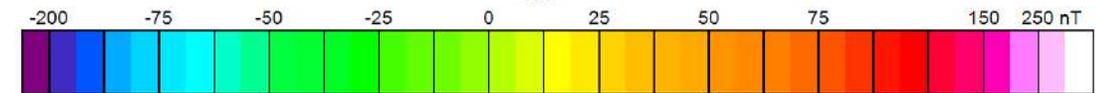
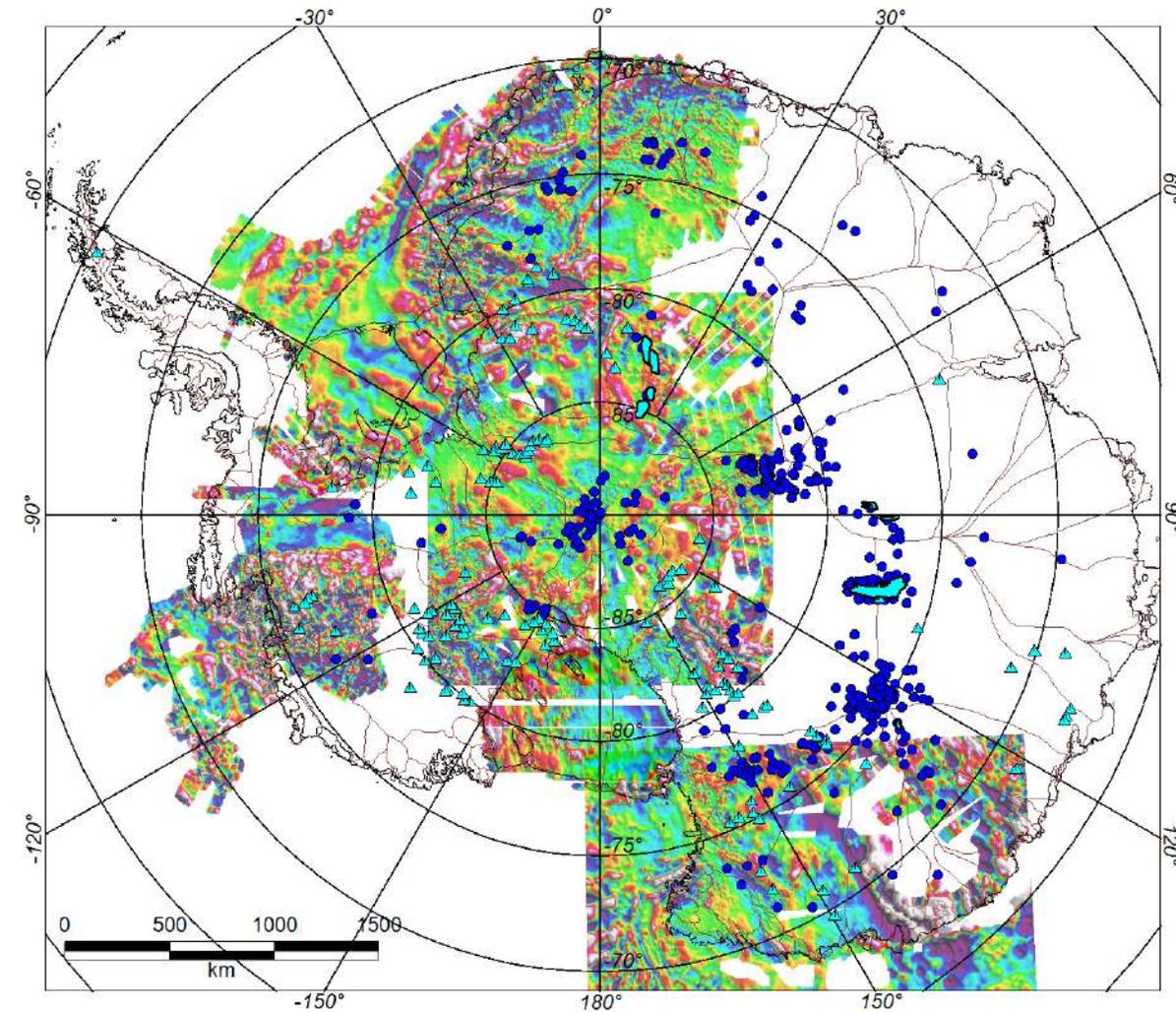
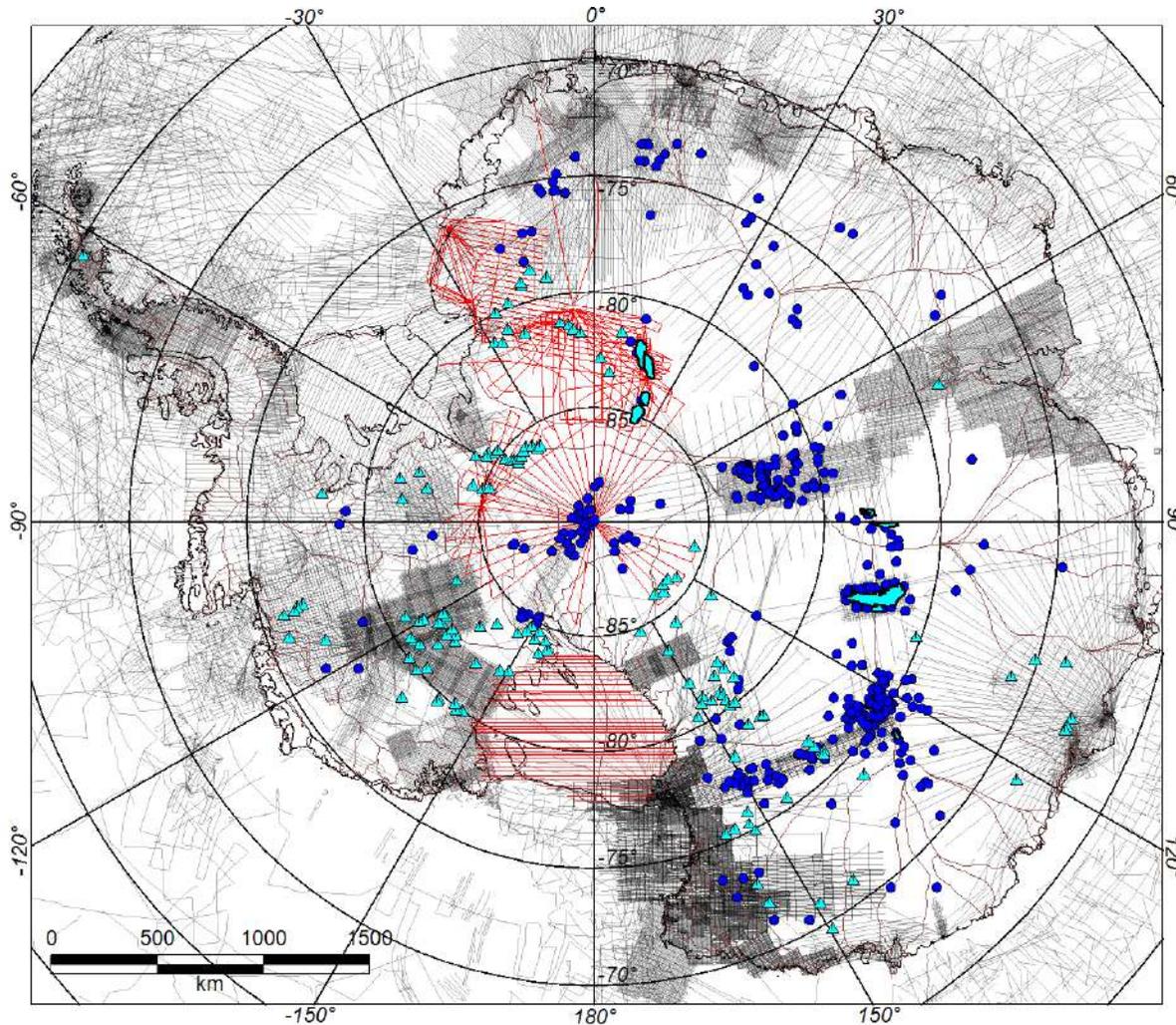


Seismological GHF Estimate- *Shen et al., 2020, GRL*



Multivariate GHF Estimate- *Stål et al., 2021, G-cubed*

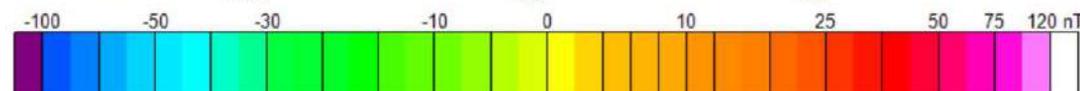
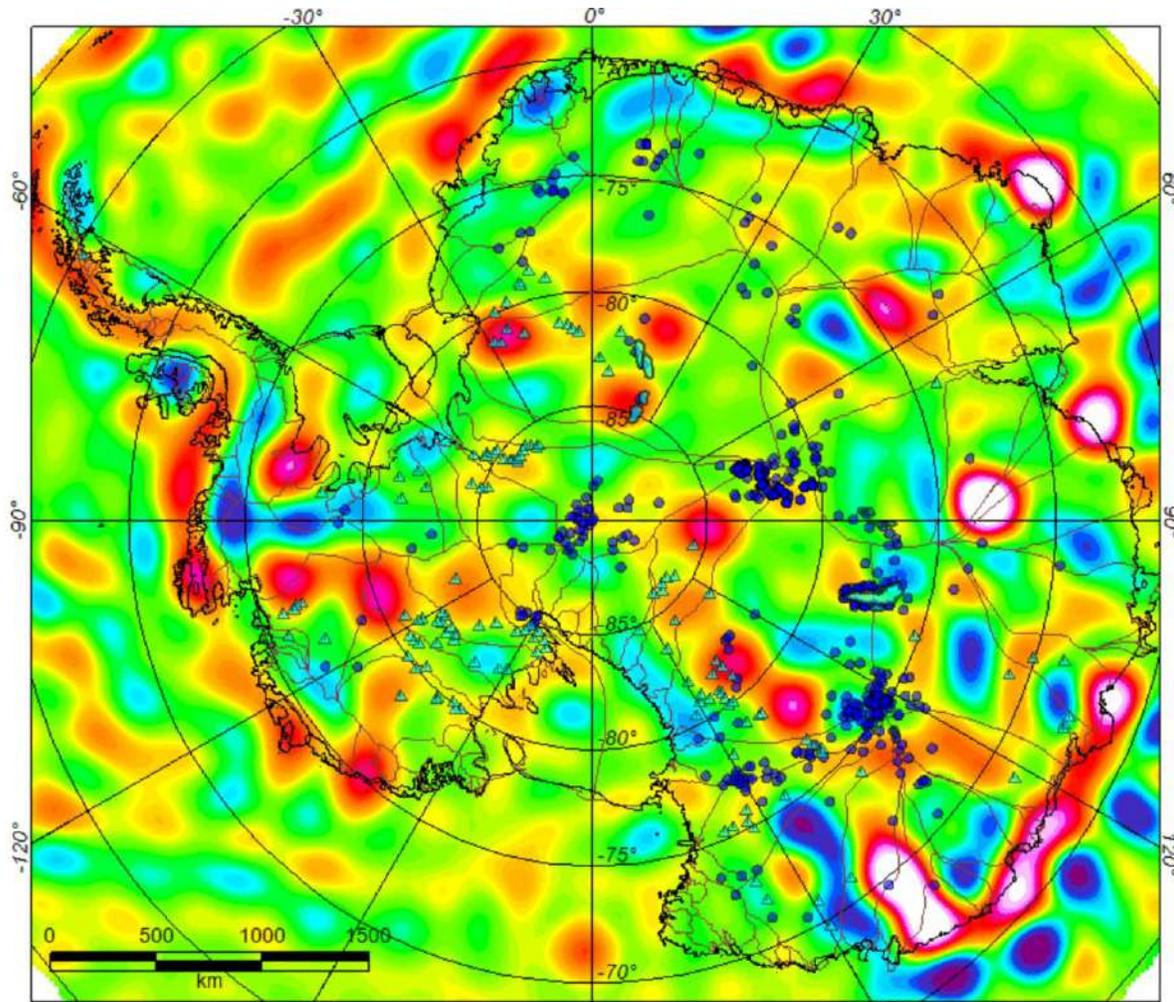
ADMAR 2.0+ new aeromagnetic data as a tool for refined GHF estimation



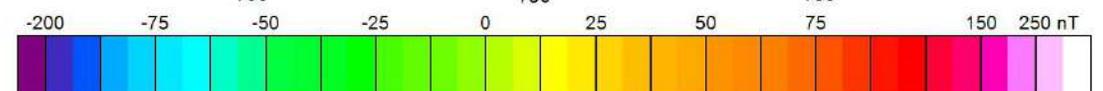
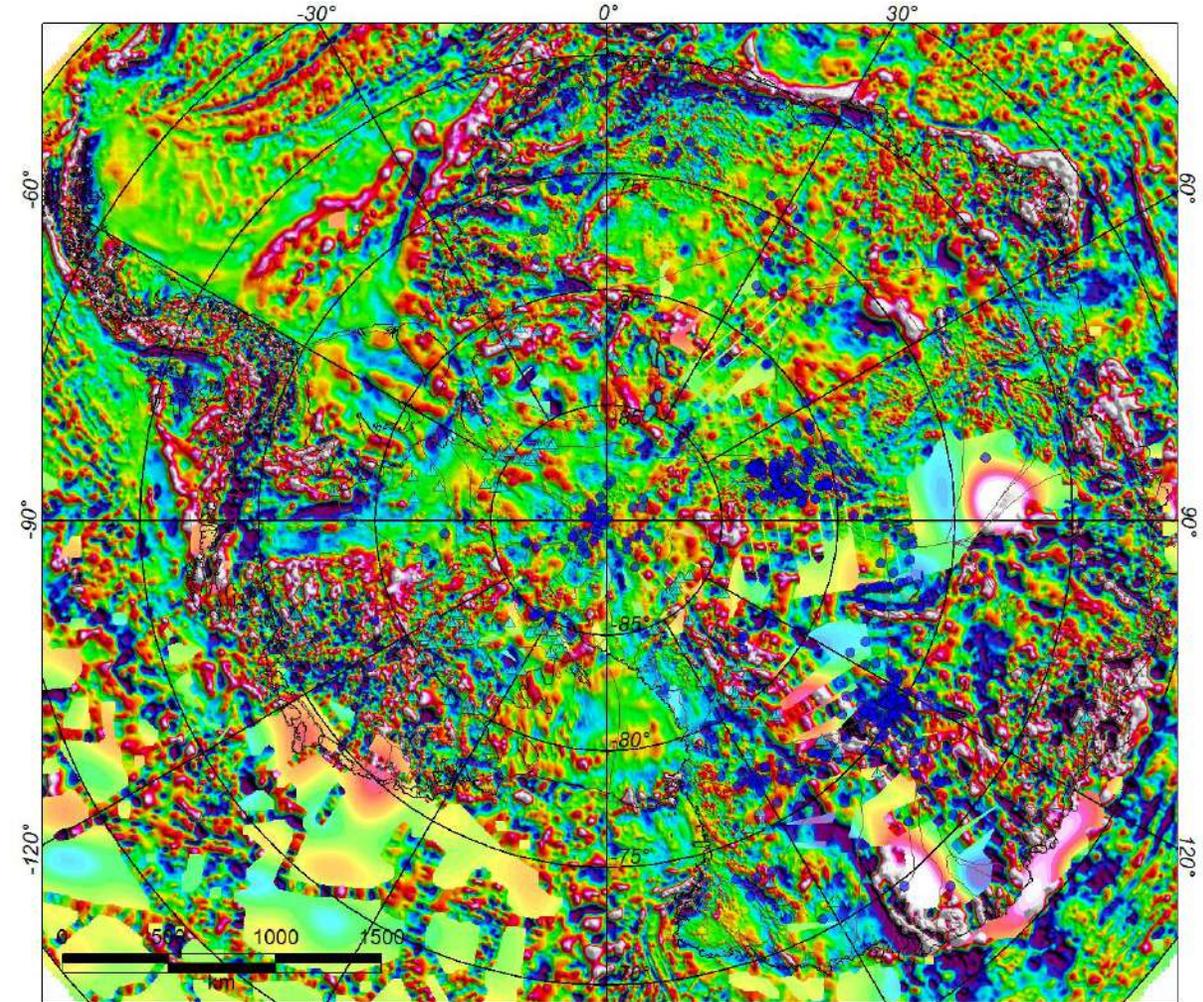
New aeromagnetic data for GHF Estimation- Ferraccioli et al., 2024, *Sci. Advances in prep.*

Set of new aeromagnetic data compilations- Ferraccioli et al., 2024, *Sci. Advances in prep.*

ADMAP 2.0+ conformed to SWARM

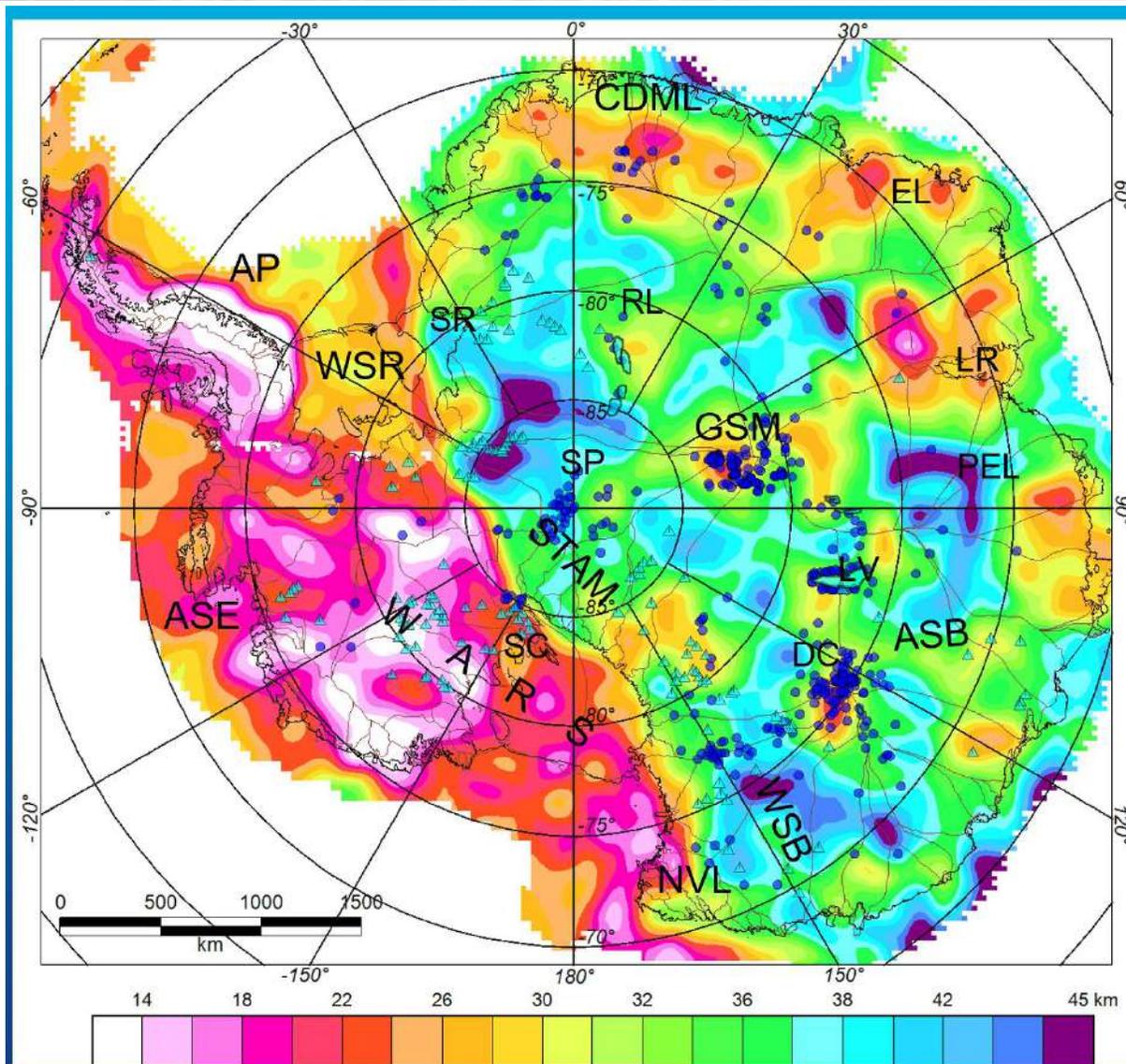


SWARM satellite magnetic data- Ferraccioli et al., 2024, *Sci. Advances in prep.*

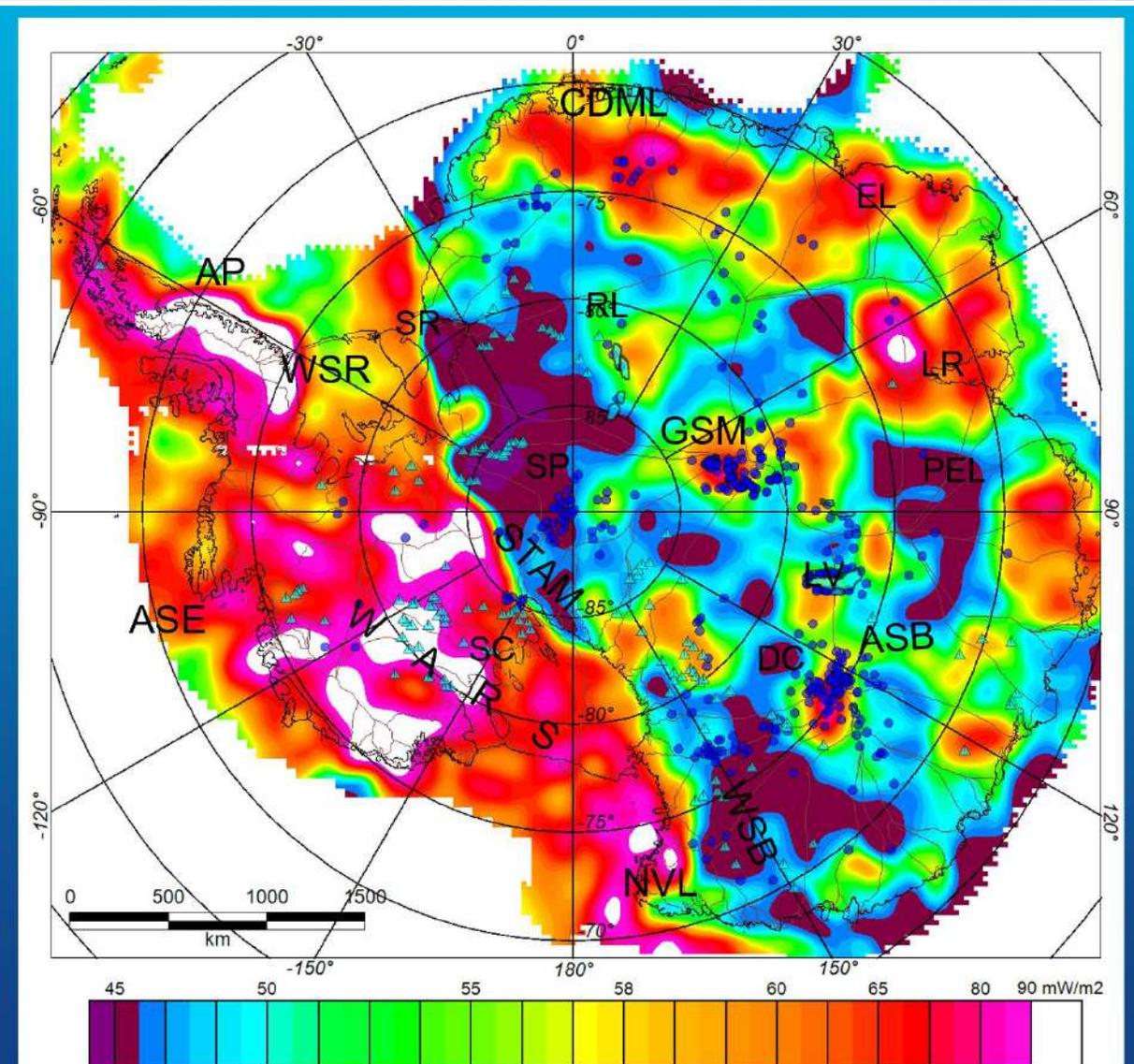


ADMAP 2.0+ compilation - Ferraccioli et al., 2024, *Sci. Advances in prep.*

New Curie Depth & GHF Estimates

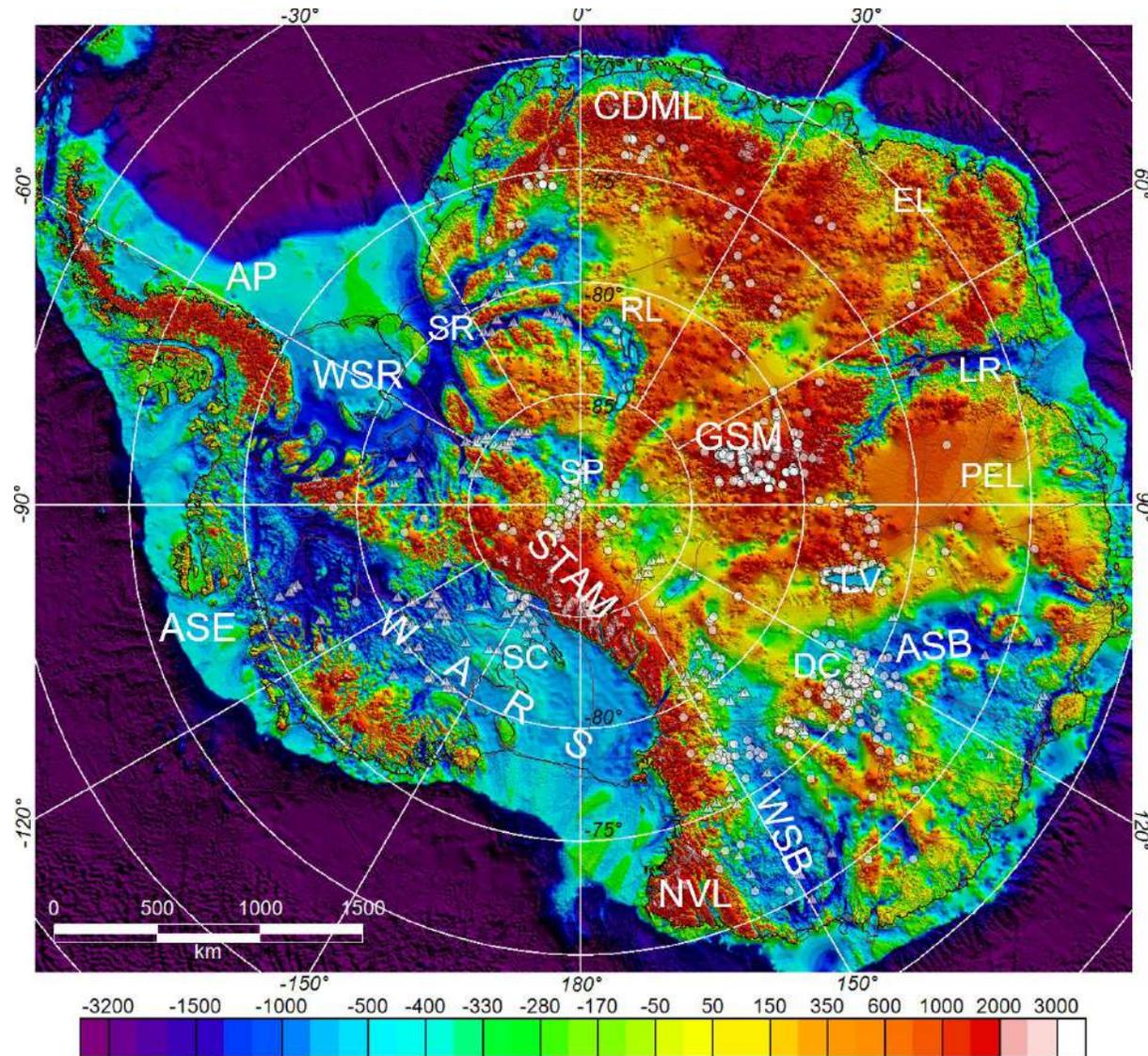


Curie Depth - Ferraccioli et al., 2024, *Sci. Advances in prep.*

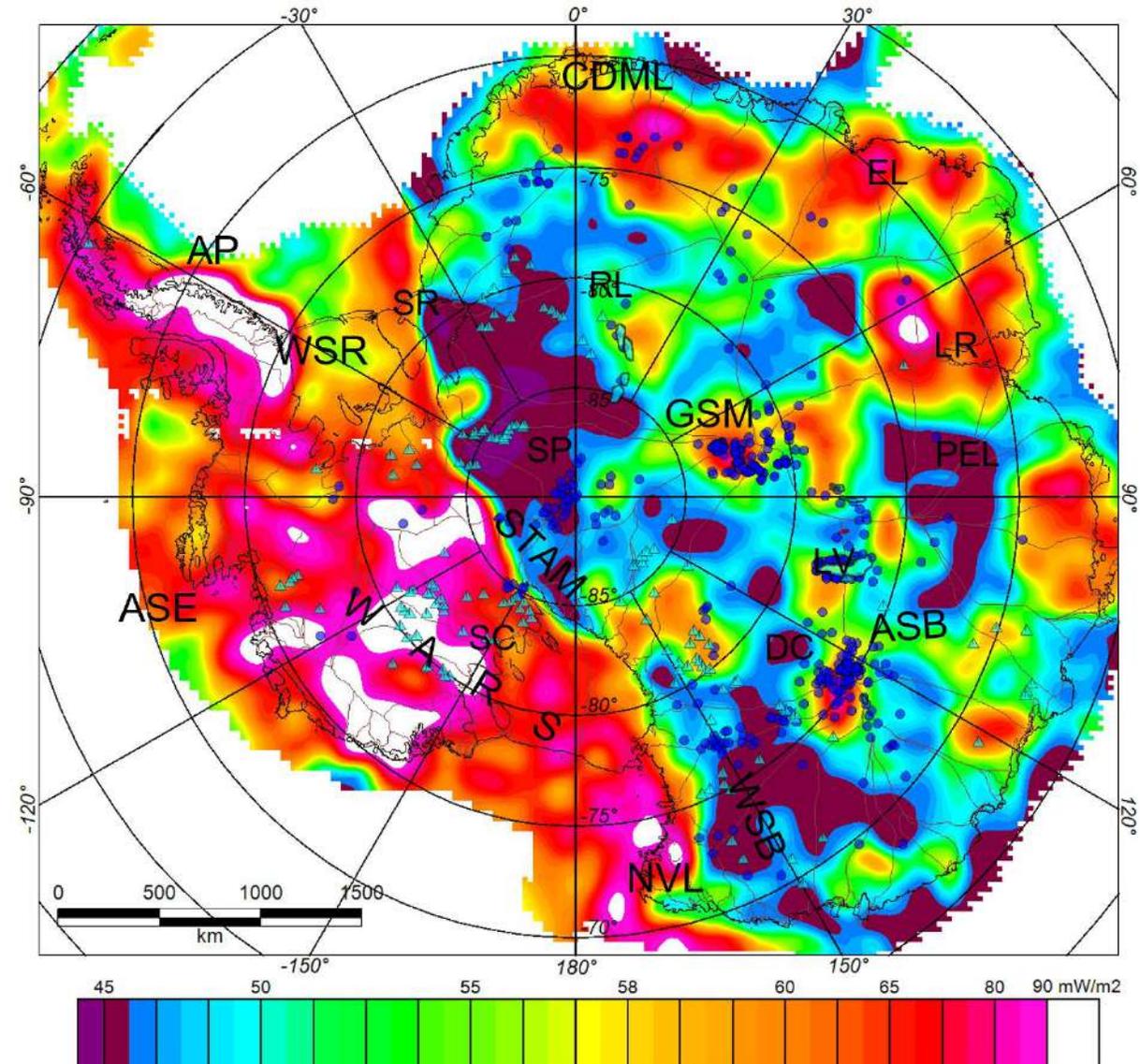


Geothermal Heat Flux - Ferraccioli et al., 2024, *Sci. Advances in prep.*

GHF estimate, bed & subglacial lakes

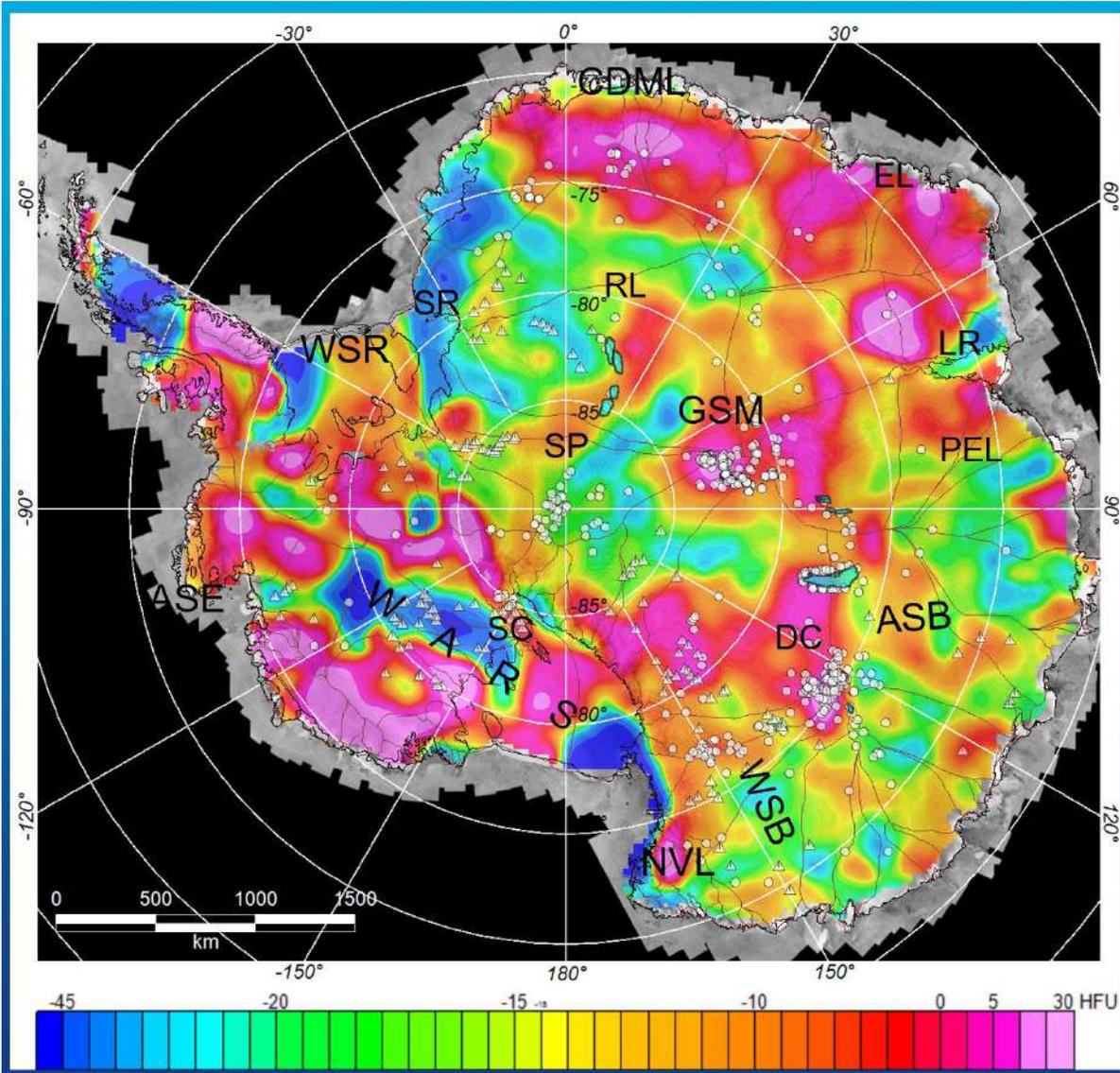


BedMachine- Morlighem et al., 2020, Nature Geoscience

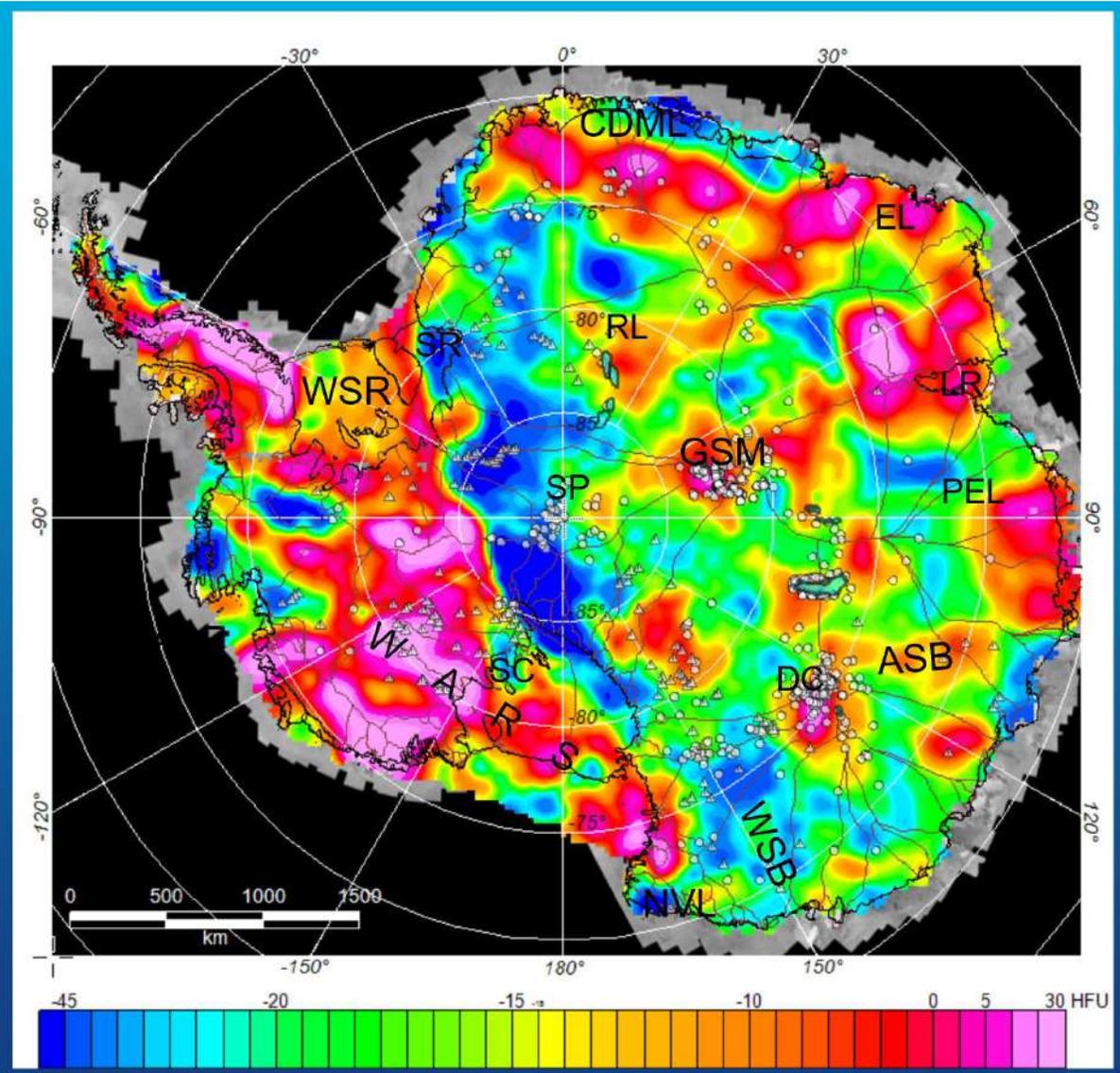


Geothermal Heat Flux - Ferraccioli et al., 2024, Sci. Advances in prep.

Differences wrt previous GHF Estimates



Differences wrt to previous mag estimate - Ferraccioli et al., 2024, Sci. Adv. in prep.



Differences wrt to previous seismological estimate - Ferraccioli et al., 2024, Sci. Adv. in prep.

New research priorities & challenges



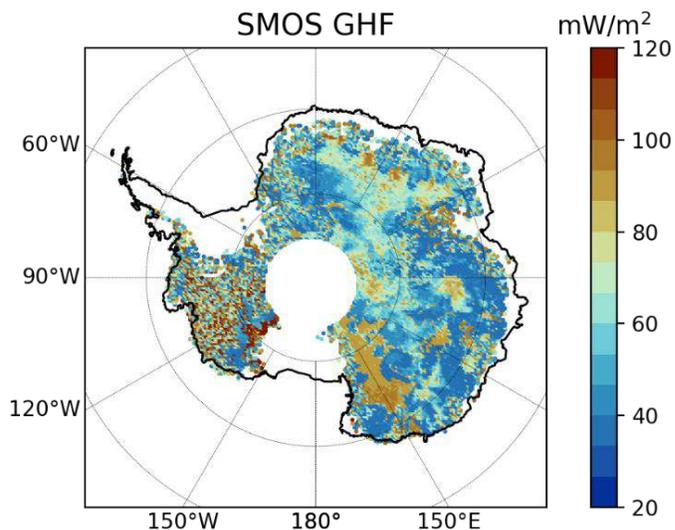
1. To derive more fully integrated continental-scale views of GHF by combining disparate seismological, potential field, SMOS & geological/glaciological datasets & thermal models

Requires e.g. Integrated Bayesian Inversion, Multivariate approaches, machine-learning & AI

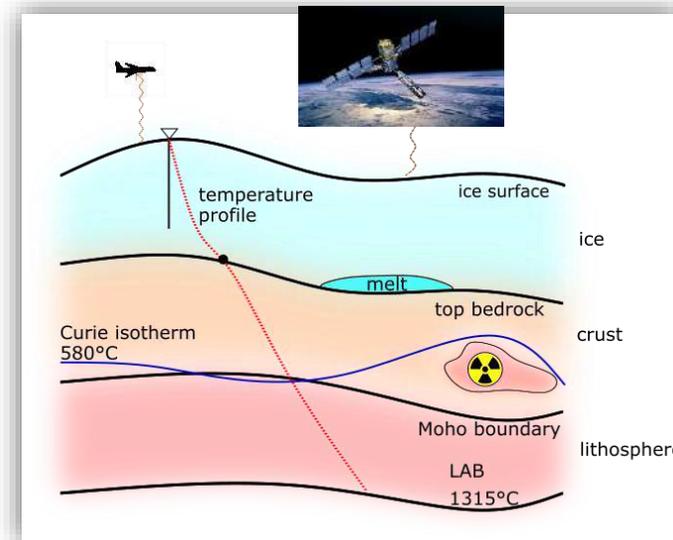
Applying Machine Learning to Characterize and Transport the Relationship Between Seismic Structure and Surface Heat Flux

Shane Zhang^{*1} and Michael H. Ritzwoller¹

¹ Department of Physics, University of Colorado Boulder, Boulder, CO 80309, USA.

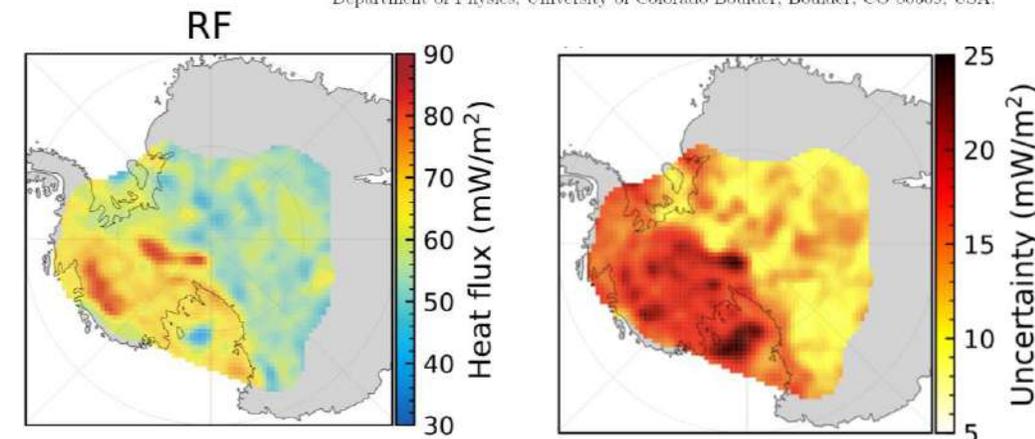


SMOS + multigaussian approach
Leduc-Leballeur et al., in prep



SMOS satellite mission data can be combined with glaciological/emission models to **infer ice sheet temperature**

GHF from geophysical models & their uncertainty can be used as inputs



New research priorities & challenges



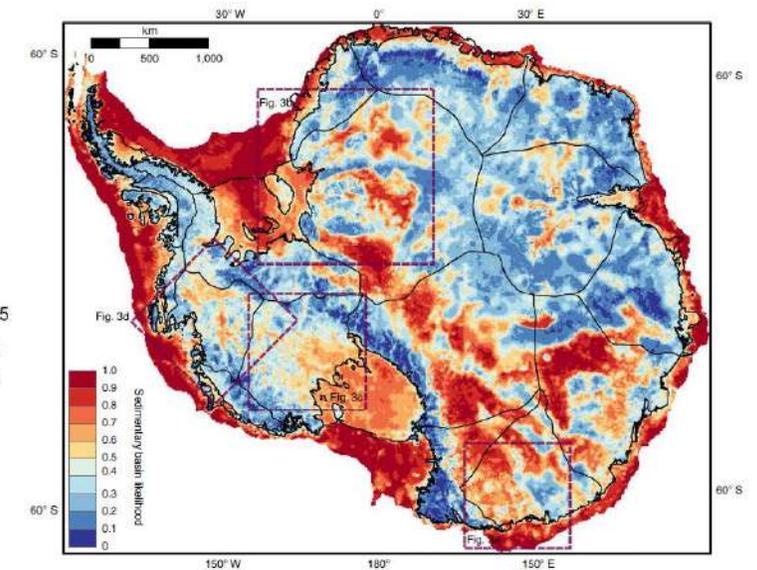
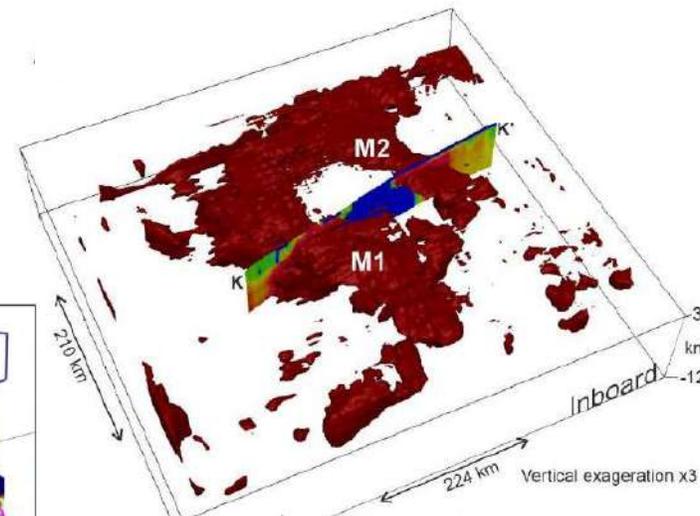
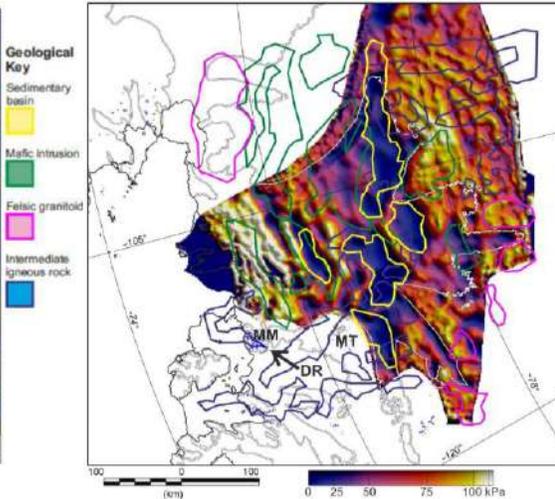
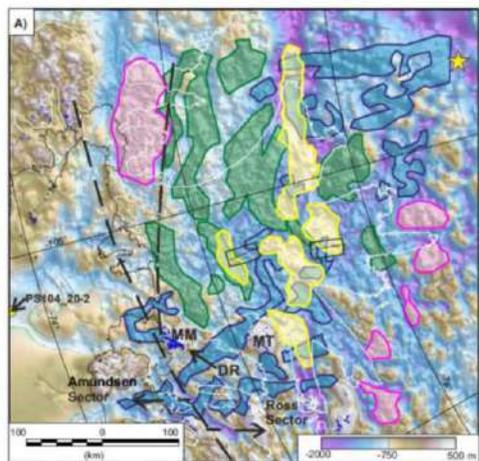
2. Bring the crust into the equation;
particularly radiogenic heat production & sedimentary basins to help upscale GHF estimates from continental to regional & local scales beneath subglacial hydrological networks

SCIENCE ADVANCES | RESEARCH ARTICLE

GEOPHYSICS

Geological sketch map and implications for ice flow of Thwaites Glacier, West Antarctica, from integrated aerogeophysical observations

Tom A. Jordan^{1*}, Sarah Thompson², Bernd Kulesa^{3,4}, Fausto Ferraccioli^{1,5}



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ARTICLES

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41561-022-00992-5>

Check for updates

Sedimentary basins reduce stability of Antarctic ice streams through groundwater feedbacks

Lu Li^{1,2}, Alan R. A. Aitken^{1,2}, Mark D. Lindsay^{1,3,4} and Bernd Kulesa^{5,6}

New research priorities & challenges

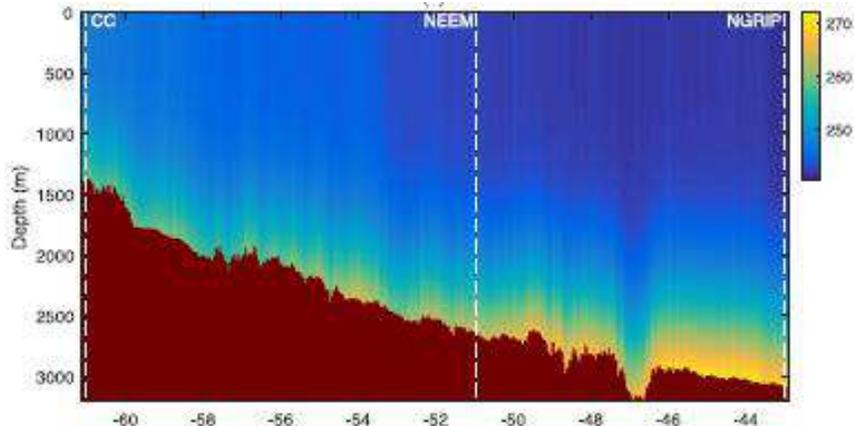
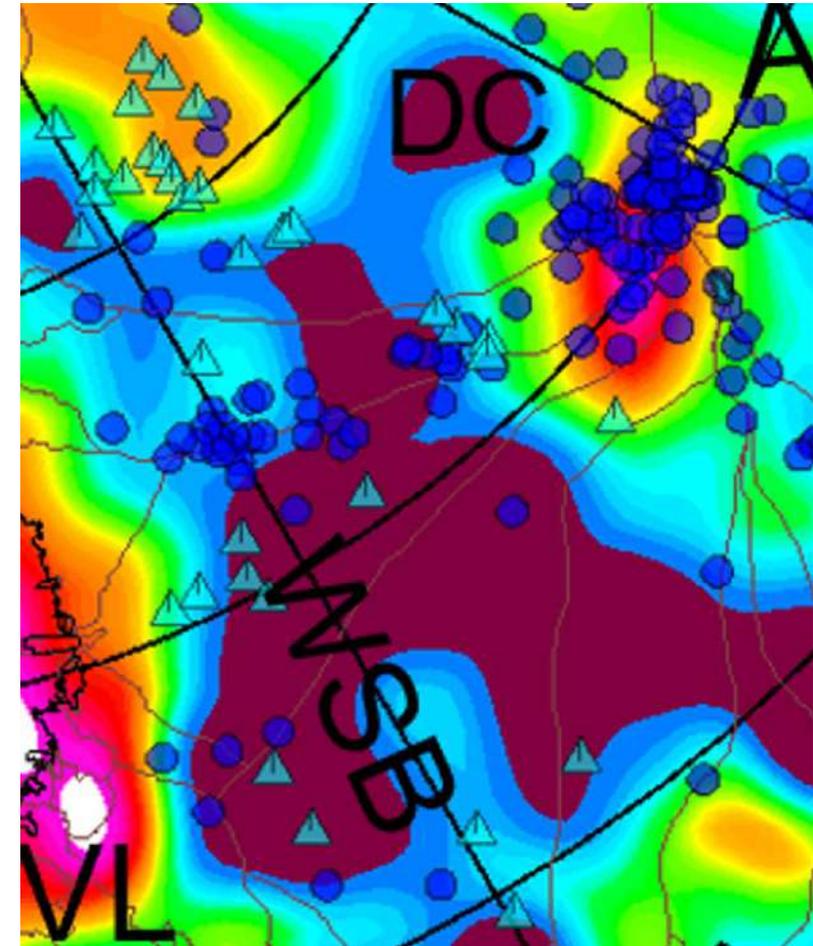


3. Validate & augment geophysical models with new seismological, MT & airborne surveys

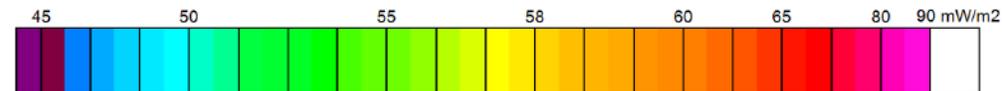
CryoRAD precursor – UWBRAD airborne instruments



Ultrawideband microwave radiometer to image ice sheet internal temperature (e.g. Yardim et al. 2021)



Dome C and Wilkes Subglacial Basin regions provide ideal candidate sites for such new airborne & ground-based exploration campaigns



Summary



- A new satellite conformed aeromagnetic anomaly compilation that contains major new datasets (ADMAR 2.0+) provides a new tool to study Antarctic GHF heterogeneity
- Prominent GHF anomalies underlie parts of the West Antarctic Ice Sheet & are related to the WARS. Lower amplitude but intriguing GHF anomalies are imaged beneath the East Antarctic Ice Sheet, particularly beneath the Dome C, GSM & DML subglacial lake districts
- The next challenges are to integrate different geophysical observations/models & develop thermal models that incorporate both intra-crustal heat production and sedimentary basins
- Novel airborne UWBRAD surveys could help “take the temperature” of Antarctic ice sheets at unprecedented resolution (suggested survey priorities in the Dome C & WSB subglacial lake districts)