

# Improving global glacier modelling efforts through observations



WATER AND CLIMATE  
DEPARTMENT



European Research Council  
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Harry Zekollari  
2024 EUROPEAN POLAR SCIENCE WEEK

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1928

Fieschergletscher (CH)  
swisstopo, Terra archive

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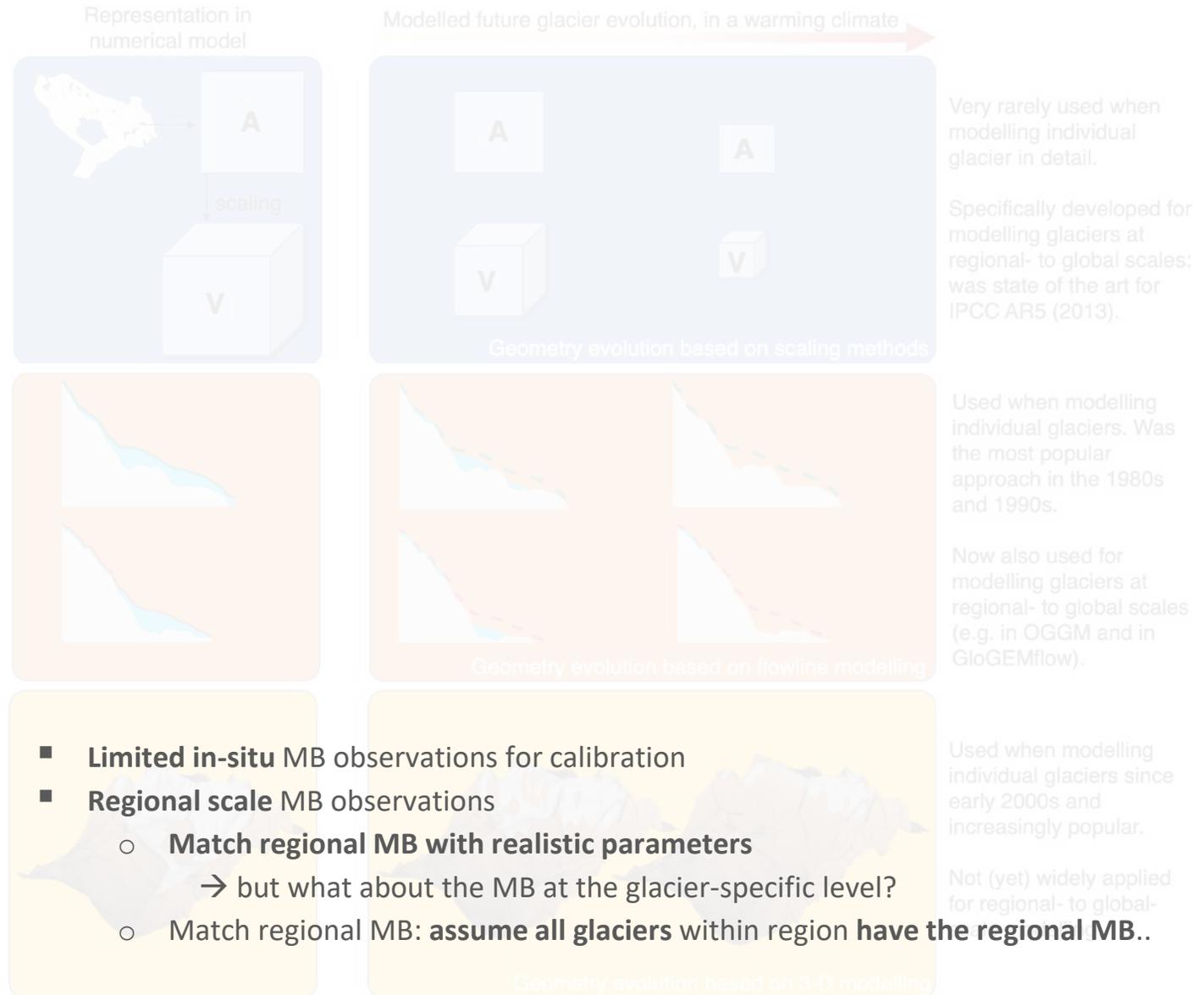
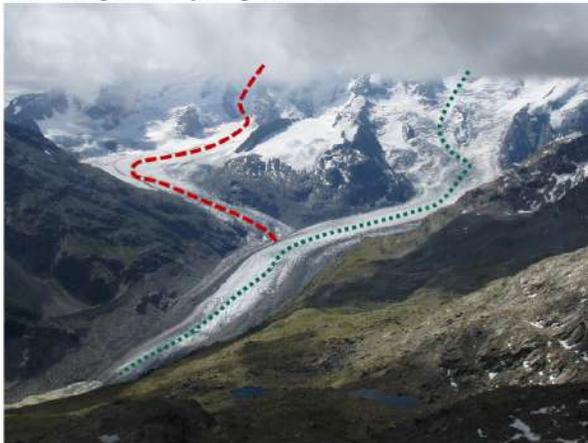
2021

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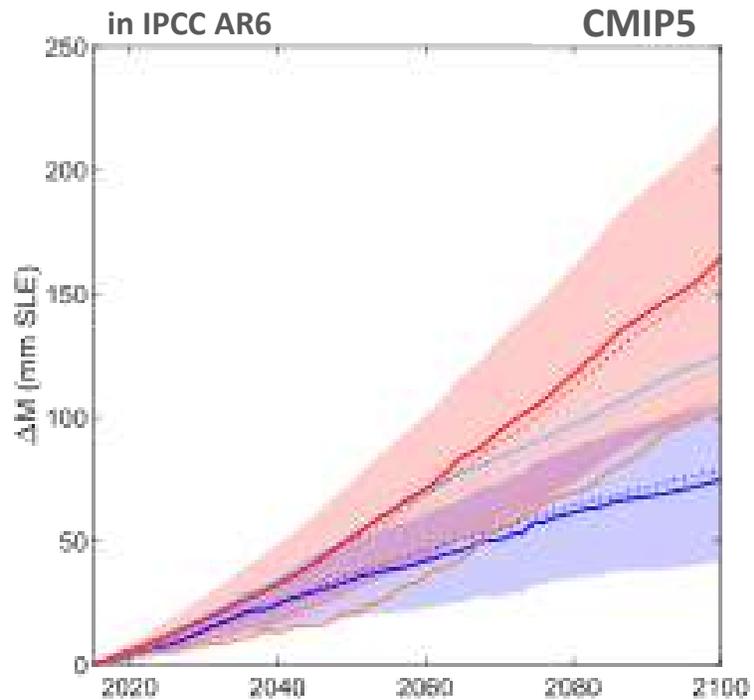
Fieschergletscher (CH)  
VAW Glaciology, ETH Zurich

# Modelling glacier evolution at regional- to global scales

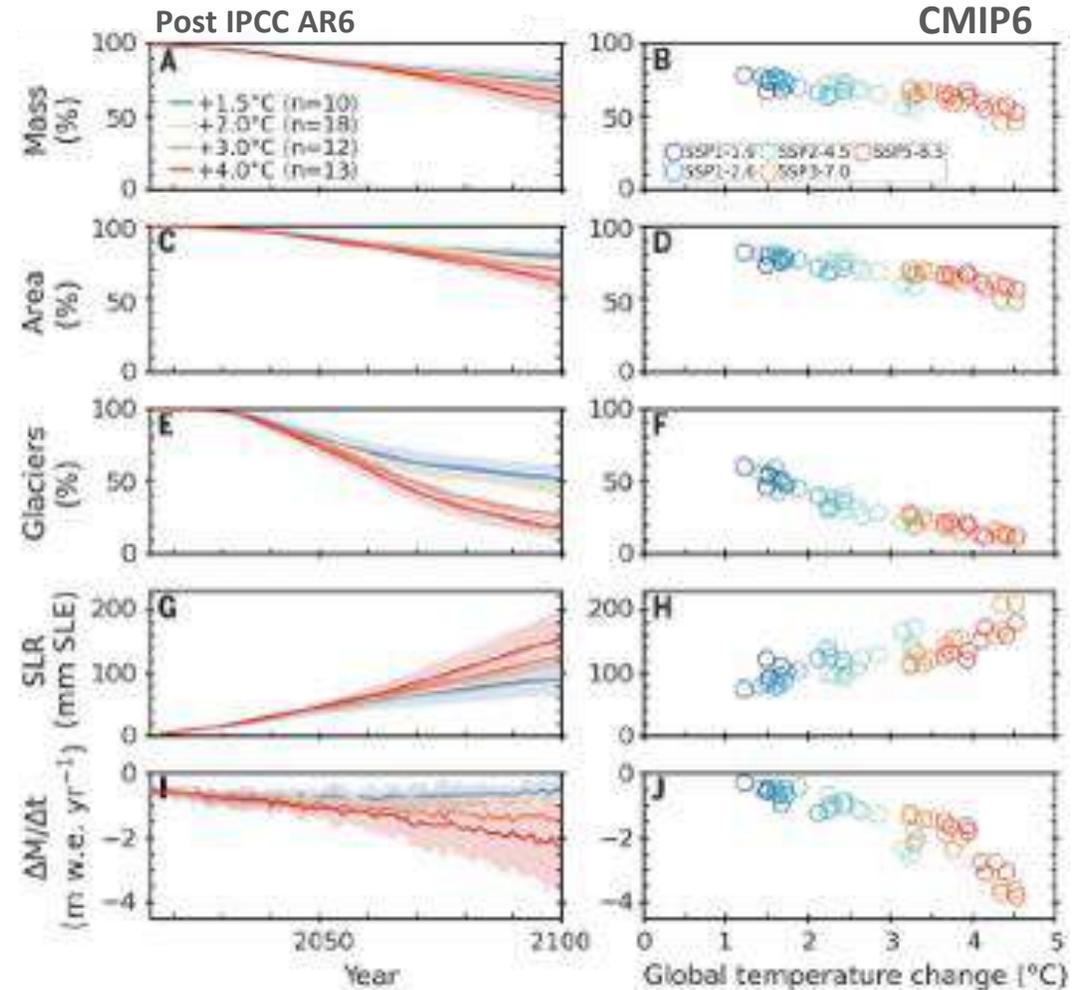
Glacier geometry at given date



# Modelling glacier evolution at regional- to global scales

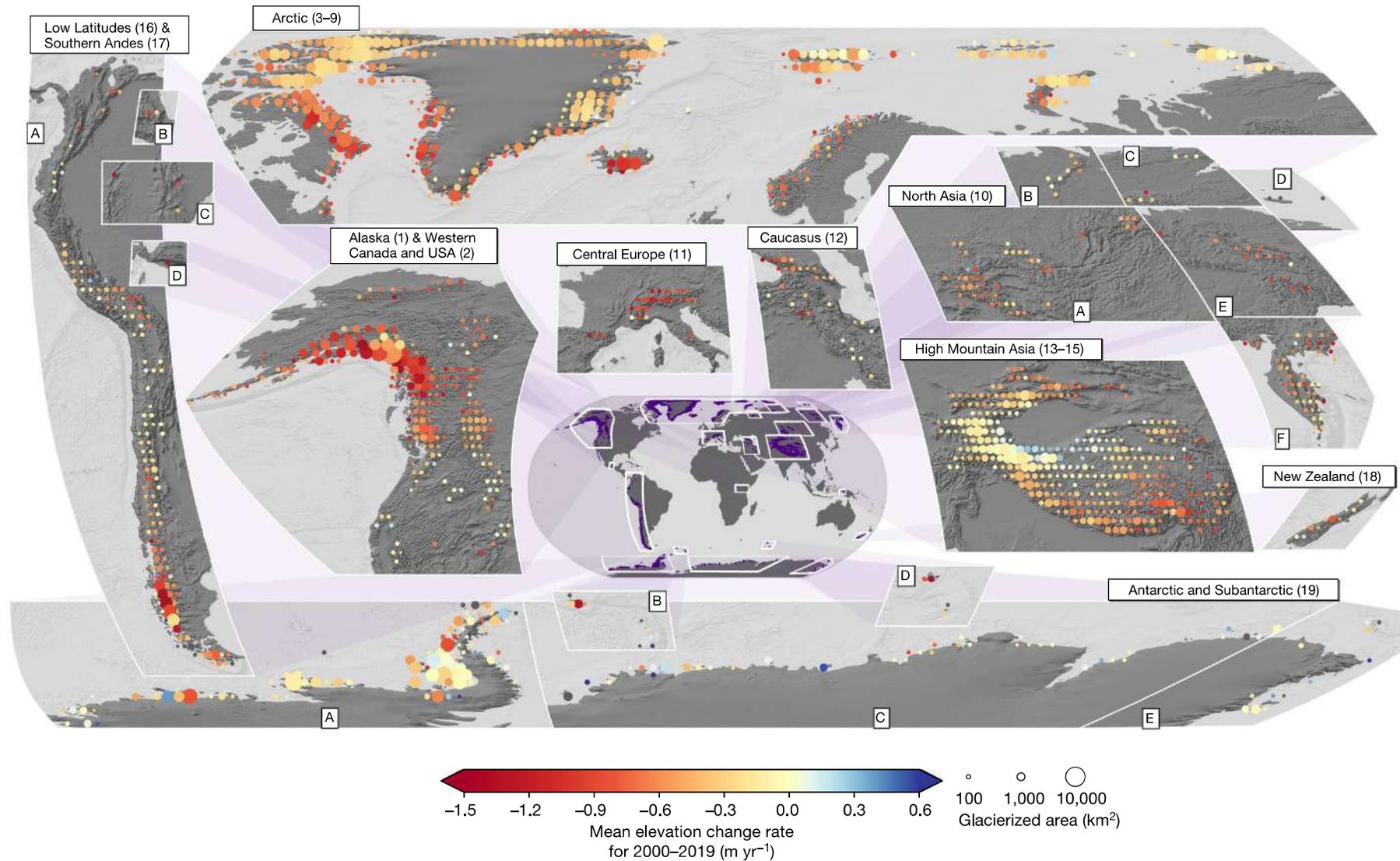


GlacierMIP2 (Marzeion et al., 2020, *Earth's Future*)



Rounce et al. (2023, *Science*)

# One of the novelties in Rounce et al. (2023): Calibration based on glacier-specific MB observations



# Modelling global glacier evolution under CMIP6 scenarios

Preprint

Preprints / Preprint egusphere-2024-1013

<https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2024-1013>  
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Abstract Discussion Metrics

06 May 2024

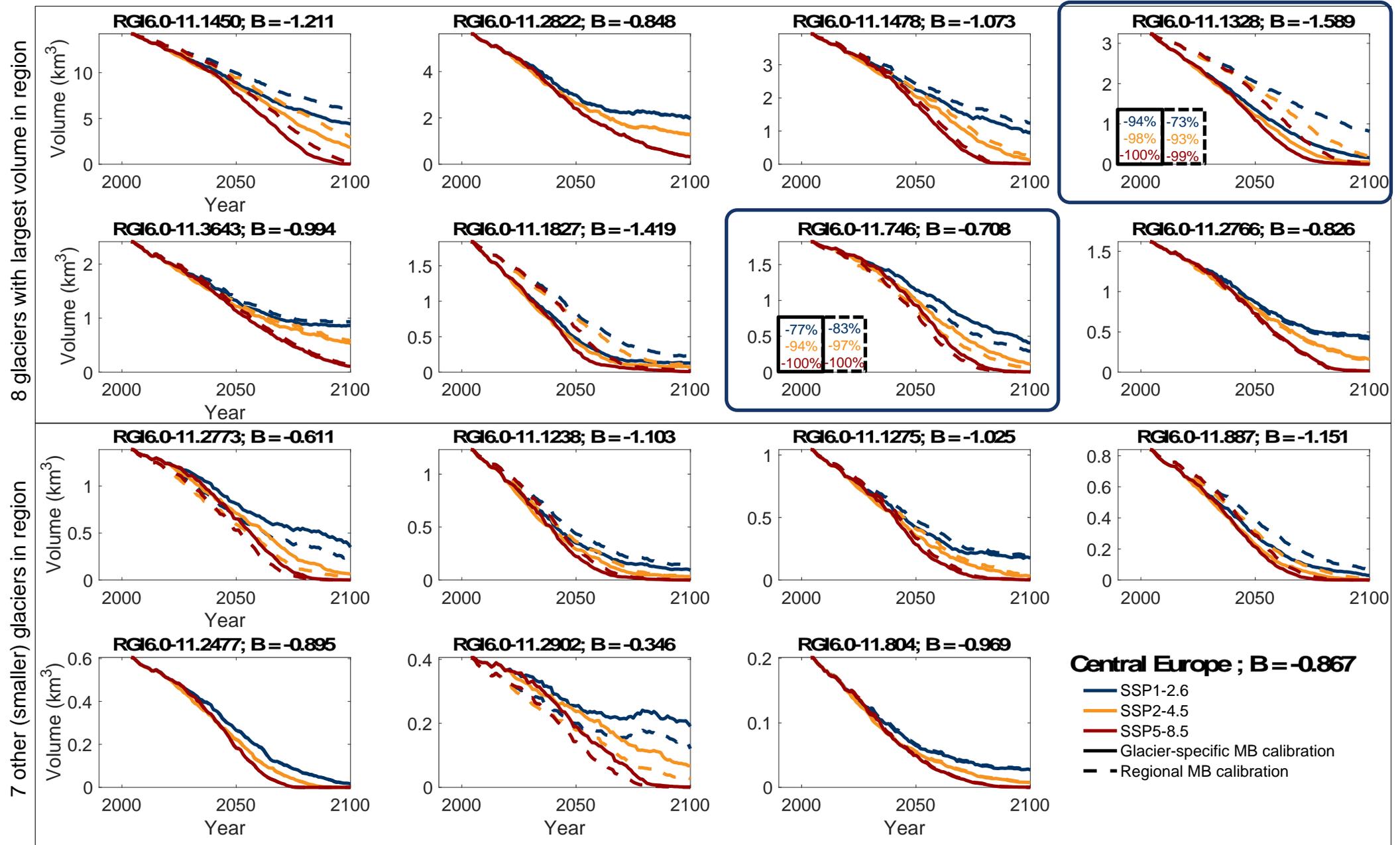
## 21<sup>st</sup> century global glacier evolution under CMIP6 scenarios and the role of glacier-specific observations

Harry Zekollari ✉, Matthias Huss, Lilian Schuster, Fabien Maussion, David R. Rounce, Rodrigo Aguayo, Nicolas Champollion, Loris Compagno, Romain Hugonnet, Ben Marzeion, Seyedhamidreza Mojtabavi, and Daniel Farinotti

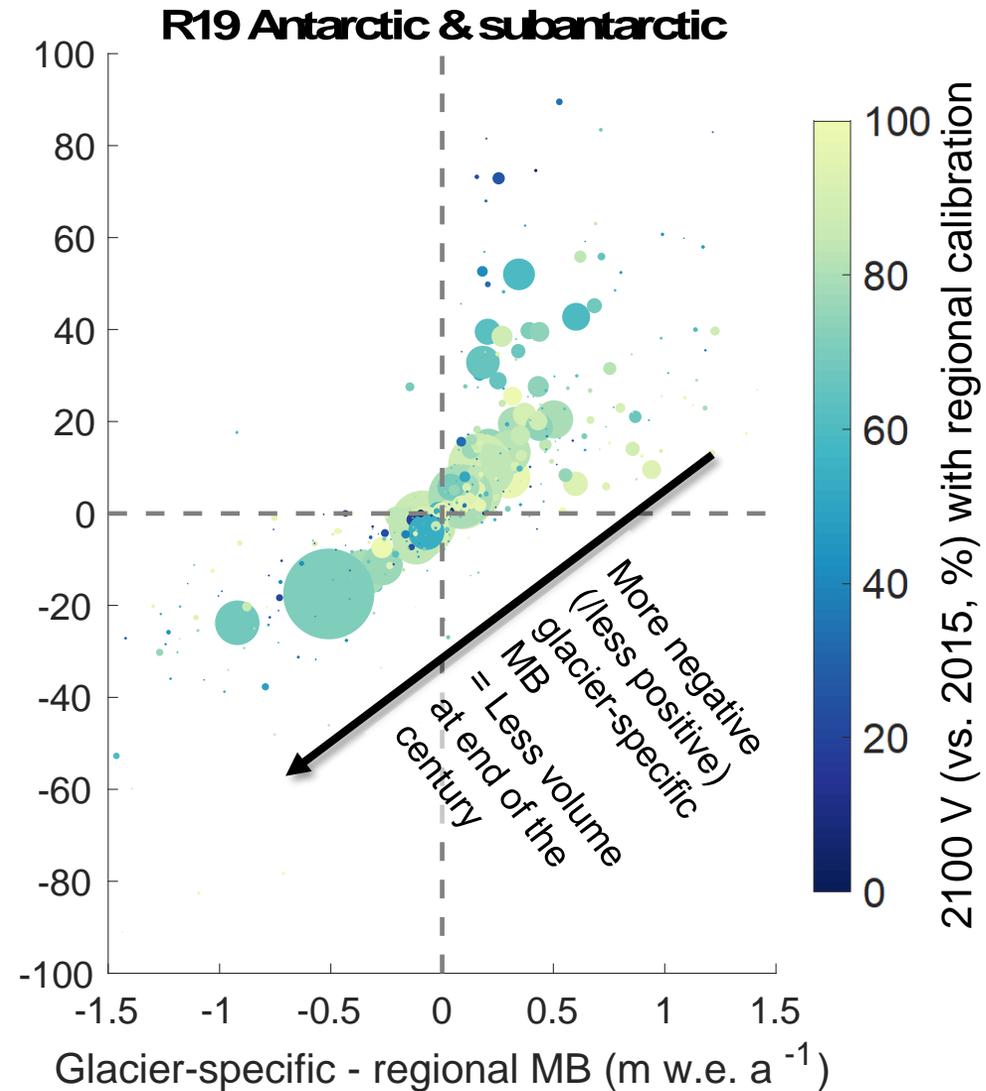
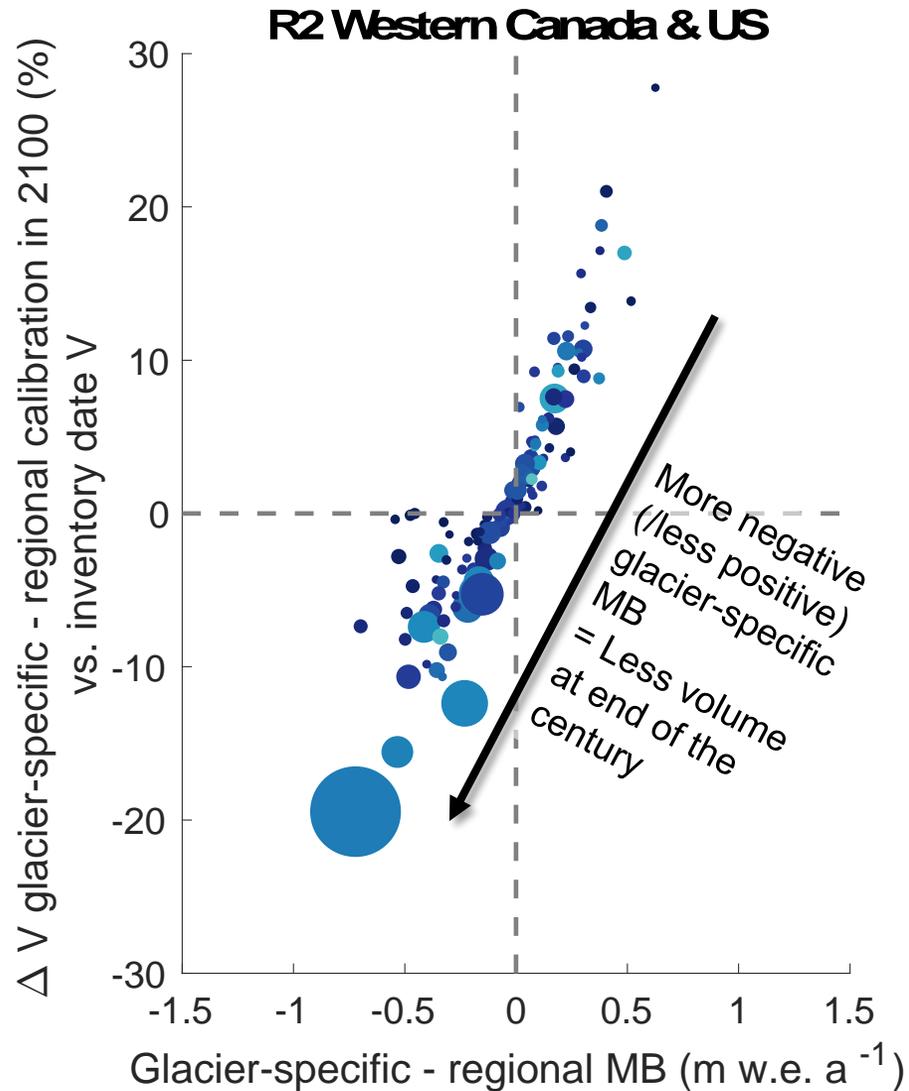
Two main goals:

- What is the **effect of calibrating to glacier-specific MB observations?** (vs. regional)
- **Create a CMIP6 ‘mini-ensemble’** (complement PyGEM with OGGM and GloGEM)

# Calibrating with glacier-specific MB observations (vs. regional)

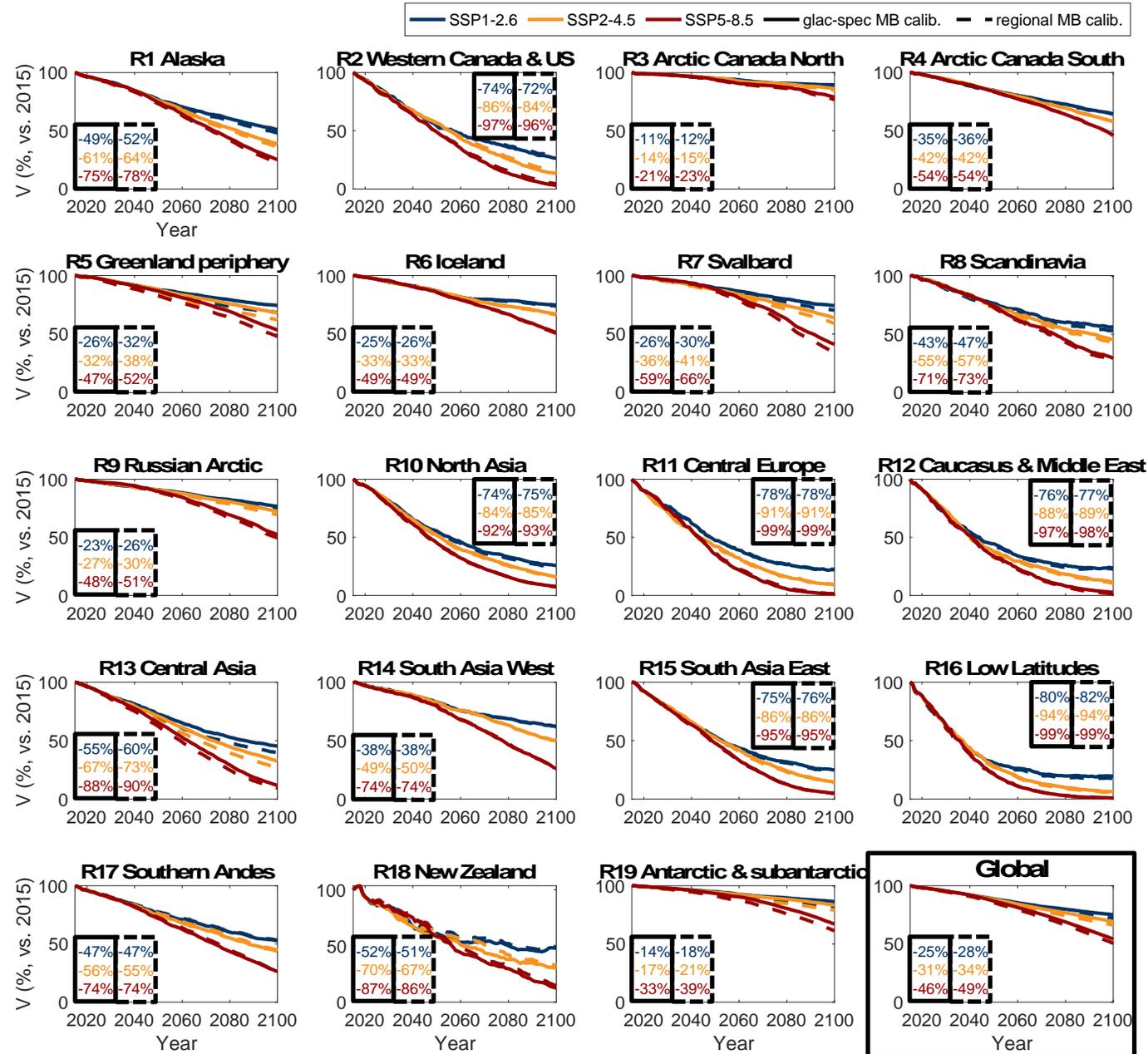


# Calibrating with glacier-specific MB observations (vs. regional)

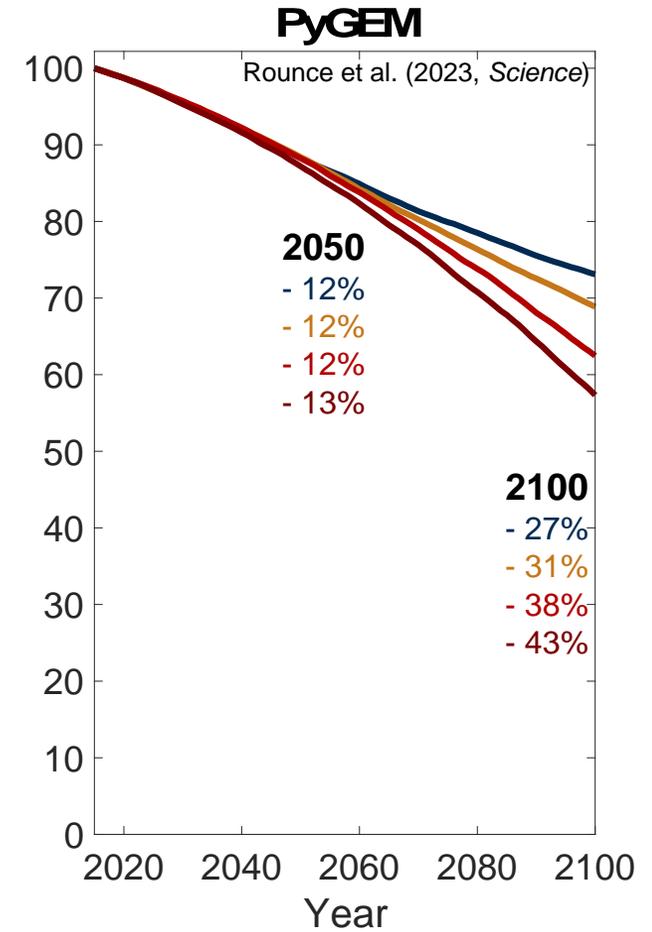
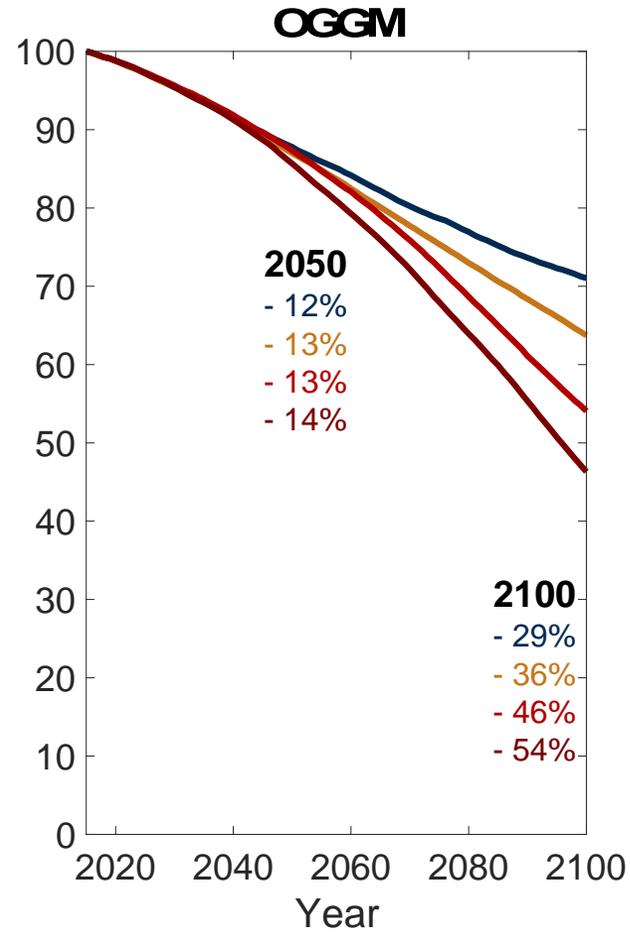
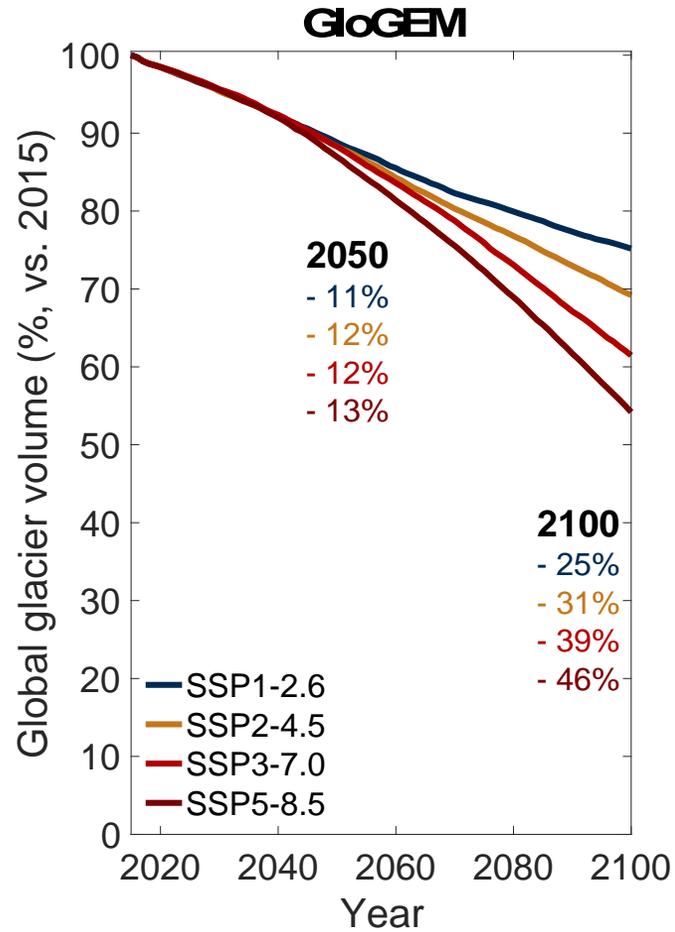




# Calibrating with glacier-specific observations (vs. regional)

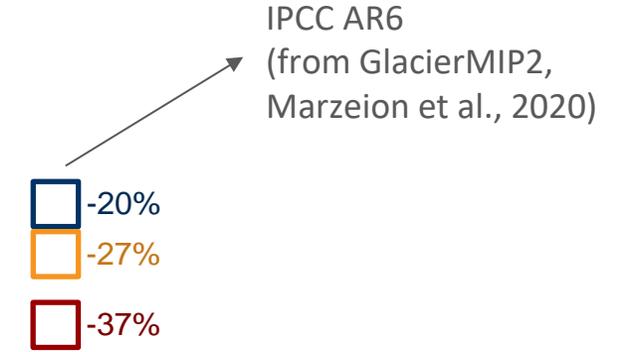
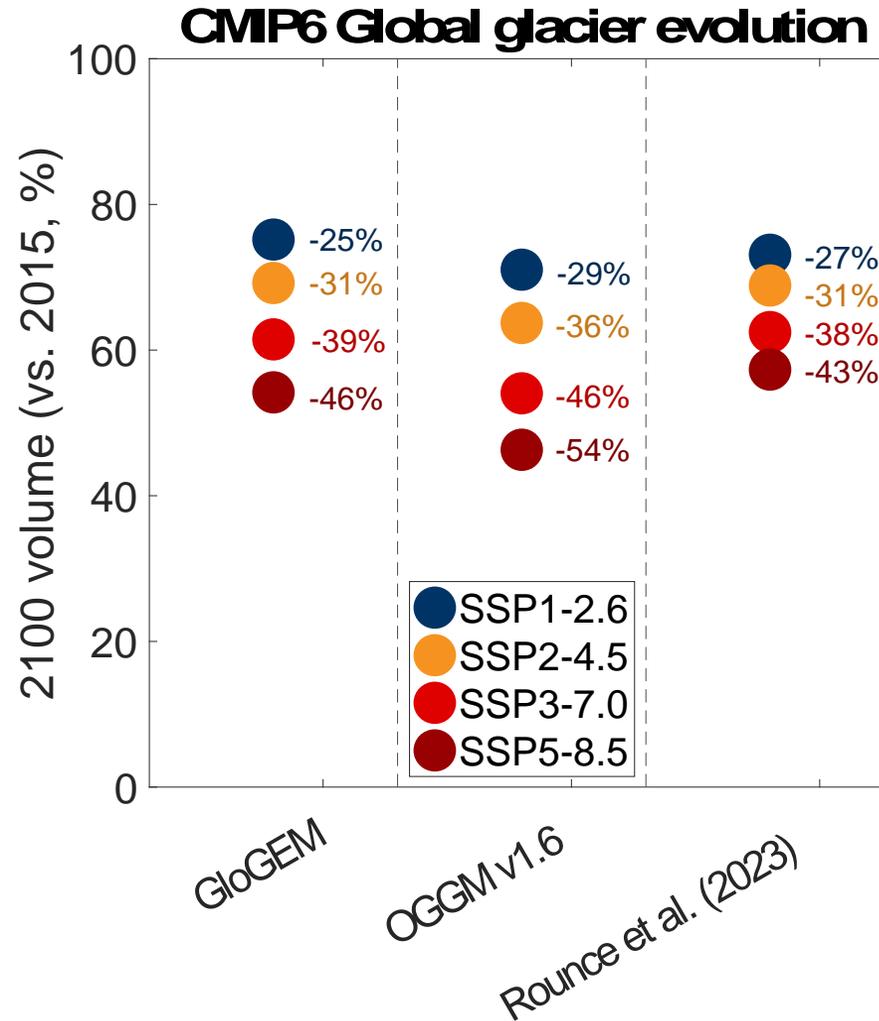


# Towards a CMIP6 global glacier evolution ensemble



\* here: all results are based on calibration with glacier-specific MB observations!

# Towards a CMIP6 global glacier evolution ensemble



**More loss** in our new simulations  
(vs. IPCC AR6)

Why?  
Not so much related to CMIP6 vs. CMIP5.  
Rather these three models vs. GlacierMIP2  
ensemble

\* here: all results are based on **calibration with glacier-specific MB observations!**

# Importance observations for glacier modelling!

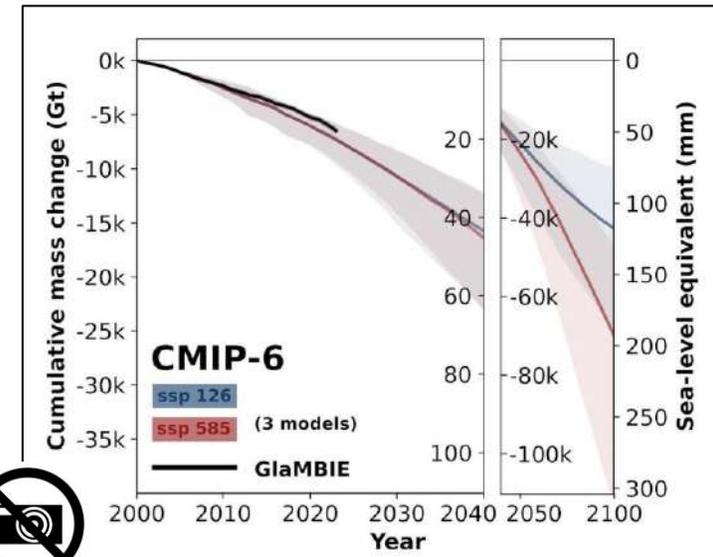
- **Glacier-specific vs. regional observations. Does it matter?**

- A lot at the local scale! Important for local impacts (e.g., hydrology, natural hazards)
- Less at the global scale (sea-level rise)



- **How to improve glacier modelling and projections?**

- More MB products at the **glacier-specific scale**. Currently: calibrate every glacier to match geodetic MB Hugonnet et al. (2021, *Nature*): a single number! (limitation: e.g., equifinality!)
  - Promising avenues: Dussaillant et al. (2024, *ESSDD*). In future phases of GlaMBIE?
- Higher **temporal resolution** MB observations (even if implies this is at regional scale!): GlaMBIE very valuable.
- Other types of observations:
  - For MB: Snowlines, albedo
  - For glacier dynamics: e.g., improved surface velocities
- Hybrid products at **interface between observations and modelling**
  - e.g., distributed MB within a glacier (e.g., Miles et al., 2021, *Nature Comms*; Van Tricht et al., 2022, *TC*, Kneib et al., 2024, *EGUsphere*)
  - Ice thickness: invert from surface velocities in modelling framework
  - Frontal ablation estimates: combining remote sensing and modelling



Sharing not permitted

GlaMBIE (under review)

Thank you!

