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# Towards reducing bias in vegetation biophysical variables from Sentinel-2: the GROUNDED EO project

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University of Salford MANCHESTER



- Decametric retrieval algorithms, SAIL, & SL2P
- Latest SL2P validation results from GBOV data
- Improving retrieval accuracy with bias correction?
- Swapping SAIL for hybrid radiative transfer models?
- Avoiding the models? – the GROUNDED EO project

# Decametric retrieval algorithms, SAIL, & SL2P



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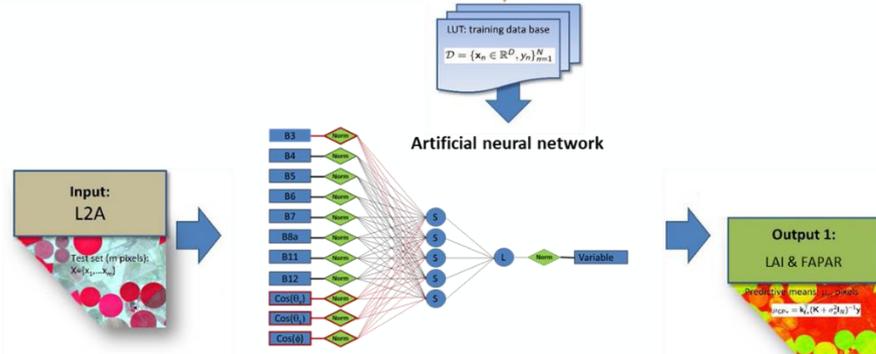
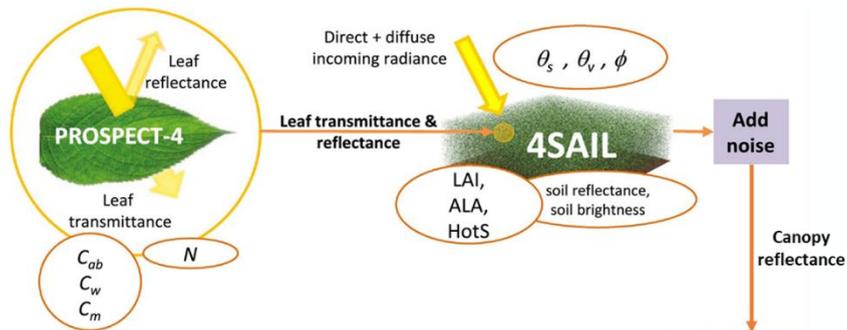


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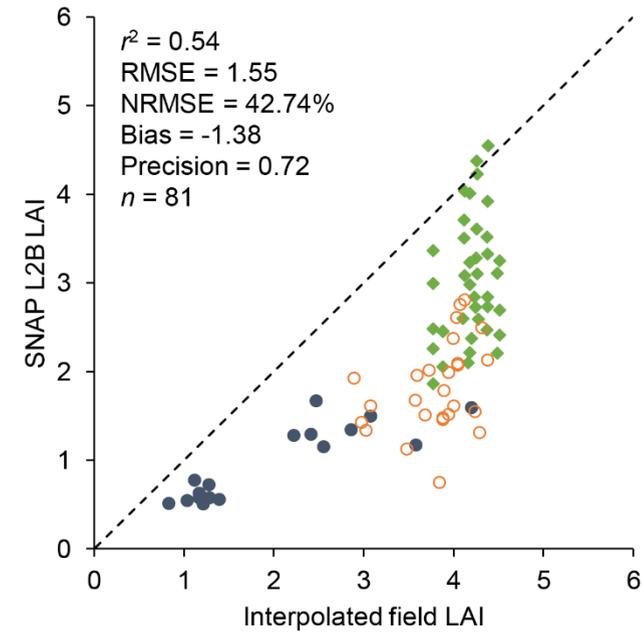


Retrieval algorithms made available to users such as the **Simplified Level 2 Prototype Processor (SL2P)** in SNAP are trained on radiative transfer model simulations

- **Scattering by Arbitrarily Inclined Leaves (SAIL)** assumes a turbid medium



Adapted from Berger et al. (2020), Estévez et al. (2022) & Weiss and Baret (2016)



Brown et al. (2019)  
Remote Sensing

# Latest SL2P validation results from GBOV data (1)



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## SL2P validated using GBOV CP1 RM dataset

- 24 NEON sites in the United States, three 20 m elementary sampling units measured every two weeks
- Understory and overstory sampling

## Automated processing chain to derive PAI, FIPAR and FCOVER from digital hemispherical photography

- First-order correction for woody material convert from PAI (as provided by GBOV) to LAI

## Current CP1 dataset = 8,120 ESU-level in situ reference measurements between 2013 and 2022

- Provided with quality indicators and uncertainties according to FRM principles



Site	Land cover	Latitude (°)	Longitude (°)
Bartlett Experimental Forest	Deciduous forest	44.0639	-71.2873
Blandy Experimental Farm	Deciduous forest	39.0603	-78.0716
Central Plains Experimental Range	Grassland/herbaceous	40.8155	-104.7460
Disney Wilderness Preserve	Pasture/hay	28.1250	-81.4362
Guanica Forest	Evergreen forest	17.9696	-66.8687
Harvard Forest	Mixed forest	42.5369	-72.1727
Jones Ecological Research Center	Evergreen forest	31.1948	-84.4686
Jornada	Shrub/scrub	32.5907	-106.8430
Moab	Shrub/scrub	38.2483	-109.3880
Niwot Ridge Mountain Research Station	Grassland/herbaceous	40.0543	-105.5820
Onaqui	Shrub/scrub	40.1776	-112.4520
Oak Ridge	Deciduous forest	35.9641	-84.2826
Ordway-Swisher Biological Station	Evergreen forest	29.6893	-81.9934
Smithsonian Conservation Biology Institute	Deciduous forest	38.8929	-78.1395
Smithsonian Environmental Research Center	Deciduous forest	38.8901	-76.5600
Steigerwaldt Land Services	Deciduous forest	45.5089	-89.5864
North Sterling	Cultivated crops	40.4619	-103.0290
Talladega National Forest	Evergreen forest	32.9505	-87.3933
UNDERC	Woody wetlands	46.2339	-89.5373
Woodworth	Grassland/herbaceous	47.1282	-99.2414
Dead Lake	Deciduous forest	32.5417	-87.8039
Lajas Experimental Station	Pasture/hay	18.0213	-67.0769
Konza Prairie Agroecosystem	Cultivated crops	39.1105	-96.6129
Santa Rita Experimental Range	Shrub/scrub	31.9107	-110.8350



# Latest SL2P validation results from GBOV data (2)



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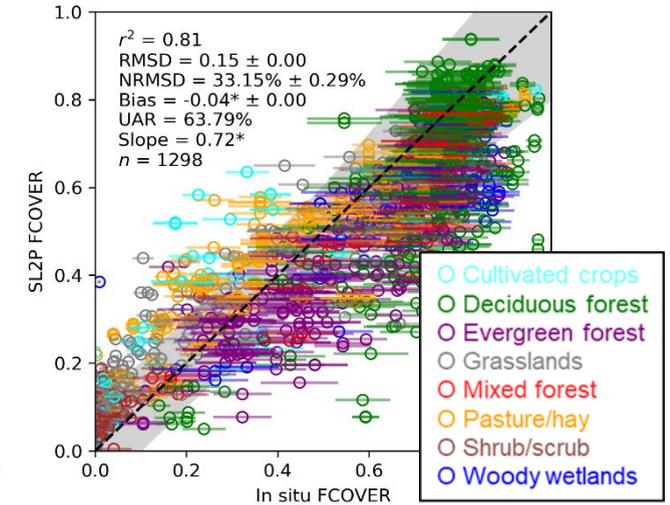
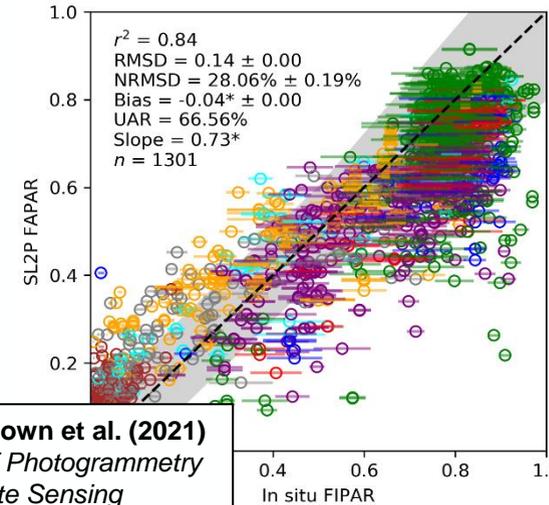
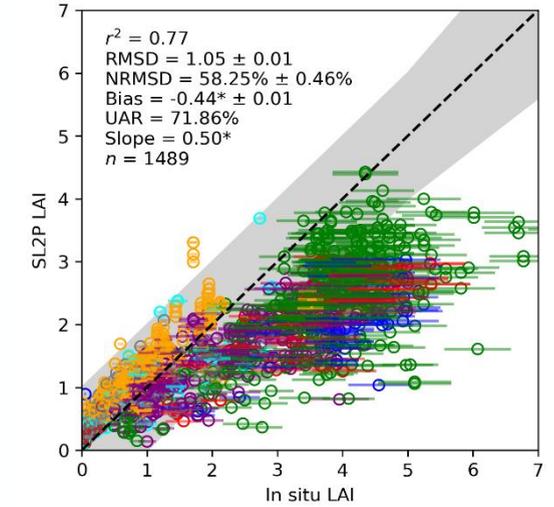
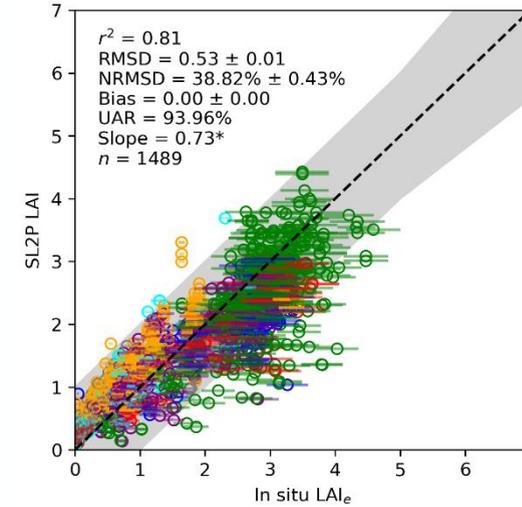
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Four extra years (2019 to 2022) of data, along with four new sites (70% increase in matchups with S2)

Good agreement for LAI<sub>e</sub>, biased for LAI > 2

Bias for lower FAPAR values (< 0.2)



- Cultivated crops
- Deciduous forest
- Evergreen forest
- Grasslands
- Mixed forest
- Pasture/hay
- Shrub/scrub
- Woody wetlands

Updated from Brown et al. (2021)  
ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing



# Improving retrieval accuracy with bias correction?



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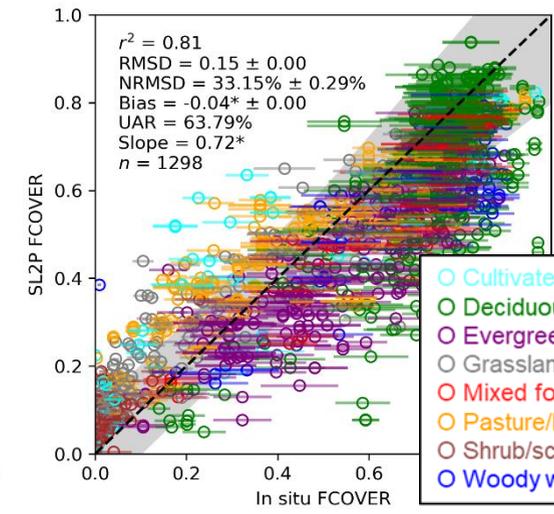
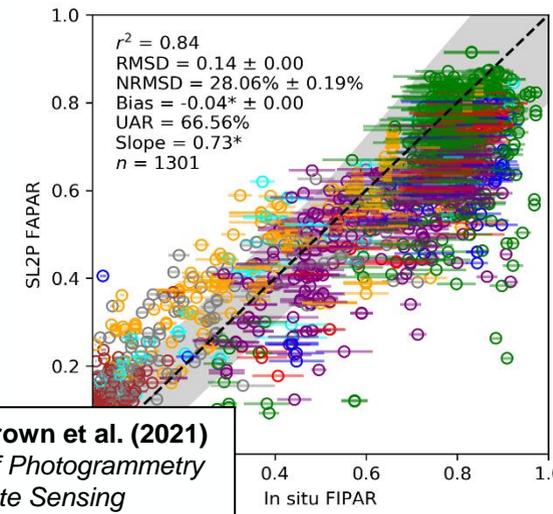
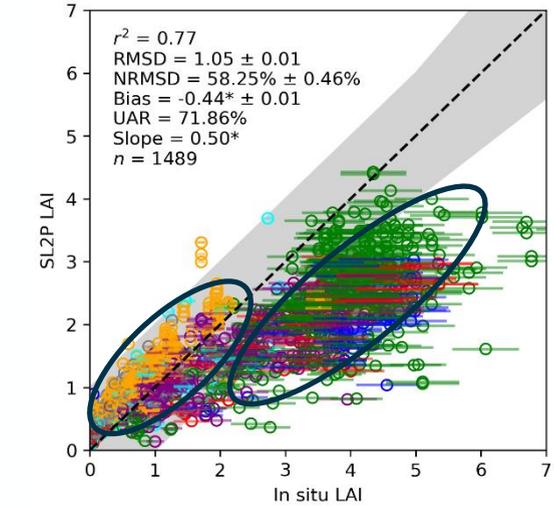
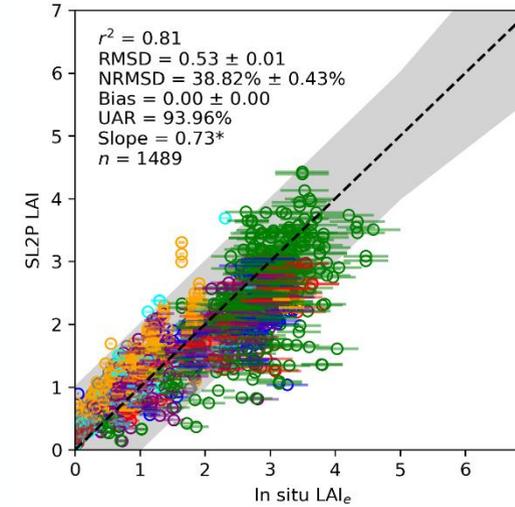
**Relatively little bias for homogeneous canopies**  
(turbid medium assumption met)

**Biases appear consistent for heterogeneous canopies** (turbid medium assumption not met)

- Possibility to apply bias correction for these canopies

**Fernandes et al. (2023) applied polynomial bias corrections for North American forests**

- Accuracy improved by **57% for FAPAR** and **92% for LAI**



- Cultivated crops
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Updated from Brown et al. (2021)  
*ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing*



# Swapping SAIL for hybrid radiative transfer models? (1)



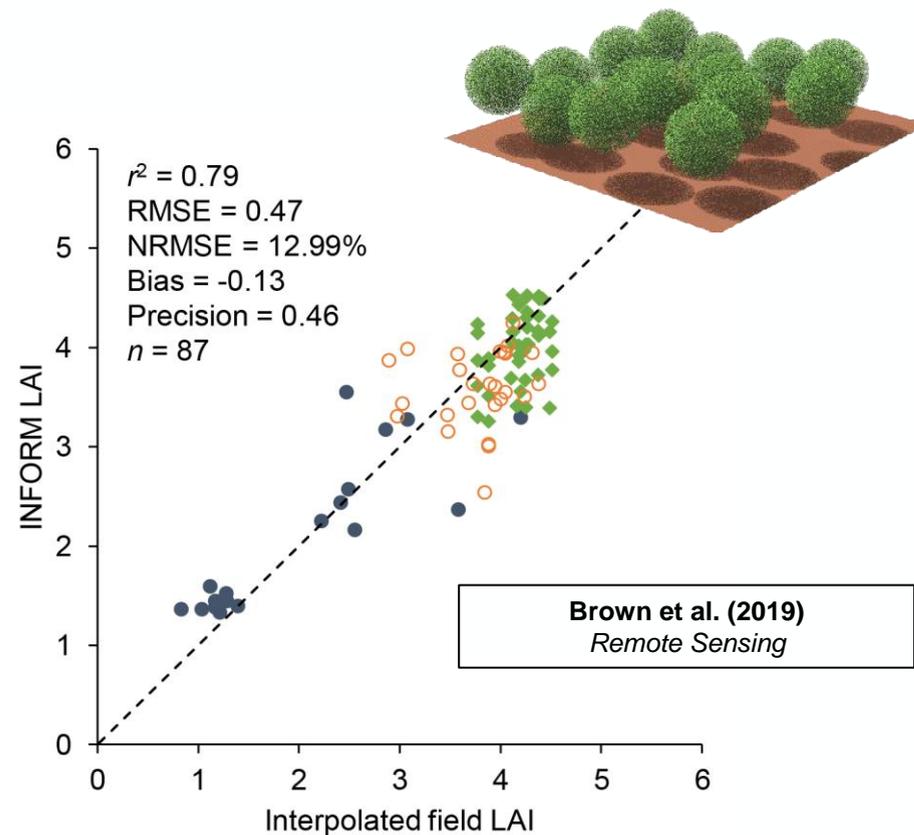
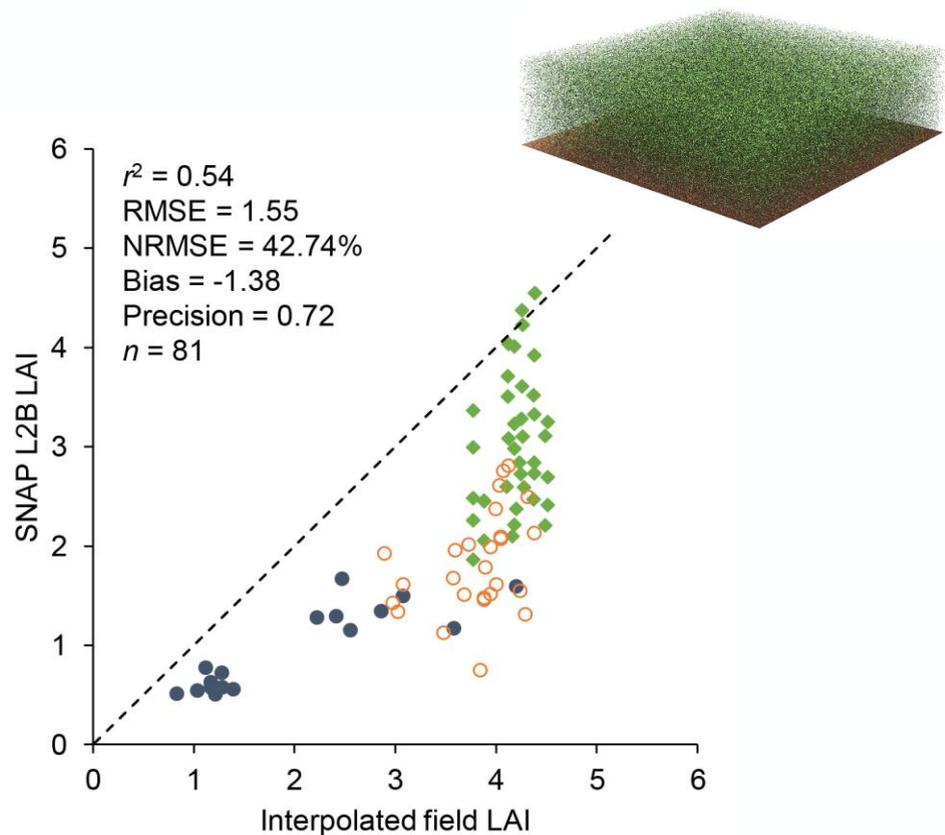
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Previous study demonstrated improved Sentinel-2 LAI & CCC retrievals using the hybrid Invertible Forest Reflectance Model (INFORM) over the New Forest, UK



# Swapping SAIL for hybrid radiative transfer models? (2)



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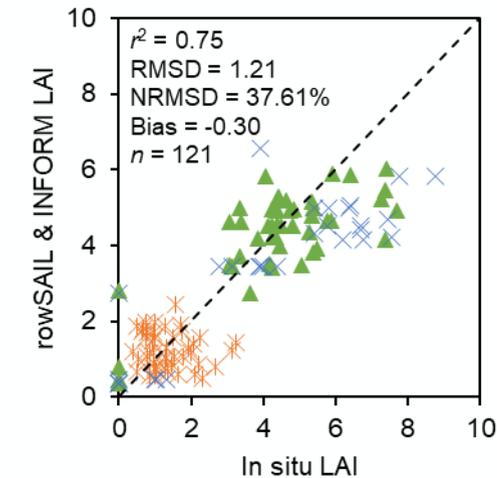
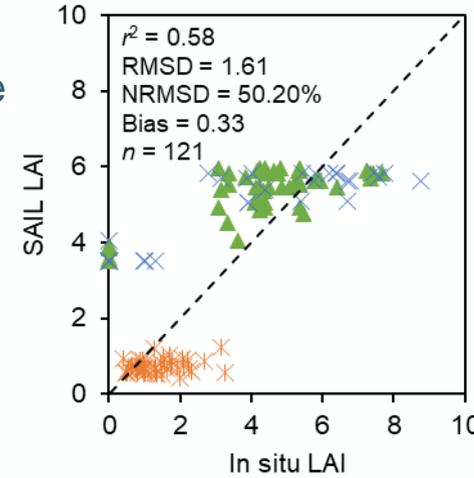
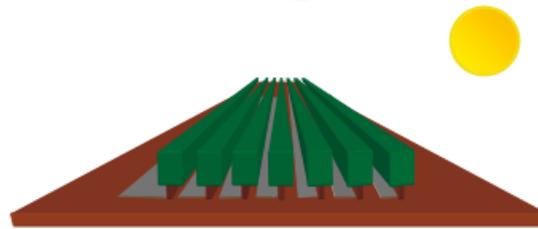


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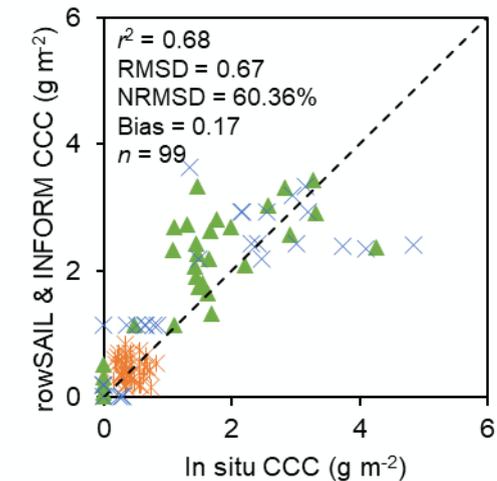
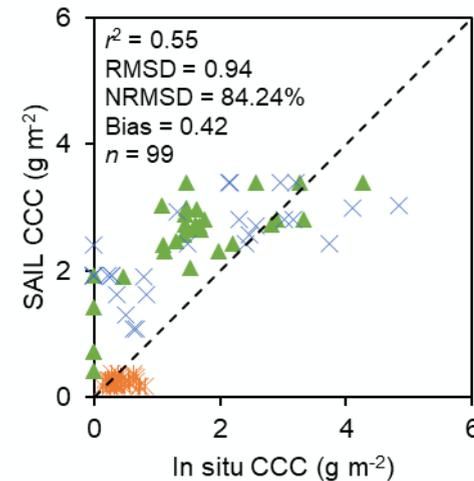


Similar results for airborne hyperspectral retrieval when applying LUT retrieval using three canopy radiative transfer models:

- **SAIL** (Valencia Anchor Station, Spain & Wytham Woods, UK)
- **rowSAIL** (Valencia Anchor Station, Spain)
- **INFORM** (Wytham Woods, UK)



- ✕ Valencia 2017
- ▲ Wytham 2018
- ✕ Wytham 2021



- ✕ Valencia 2017
- ▲ Wytham 2018
- ✕ Wytham 2021



# Avoiding the models? – the GROUNDED EO project (1)



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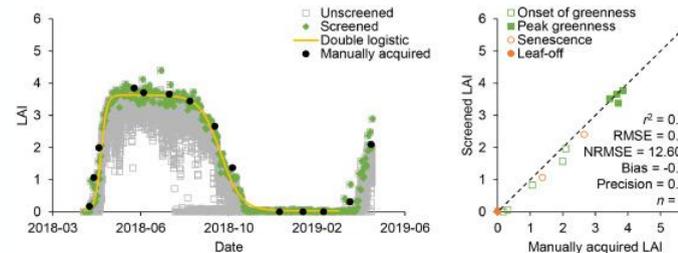
## Ground Reference Observations Underlying Novel Decametric Vegetation Data Products from Earth Observation (GROUNDED EO)

LIVING PLANET FELLOWSHIP

Project initiated earlier this year to capitalise on several opportunities:

### 1. Recent improvements in spatiotemporal coverage & consistency of ground reference data

- Automated instruments to improve temporal characterisation
- Environmental monitoring networks with **routine & standardised data collection**
- Consistent, automated processing chains to derive biophysical variables from raw data



**Brown et al. (2020)**  
*Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*



**Brown et al. (2023)**  
*Methods in Ecology and Evolution*



# Avoiding the models? – the GROUNDED EO project (2)



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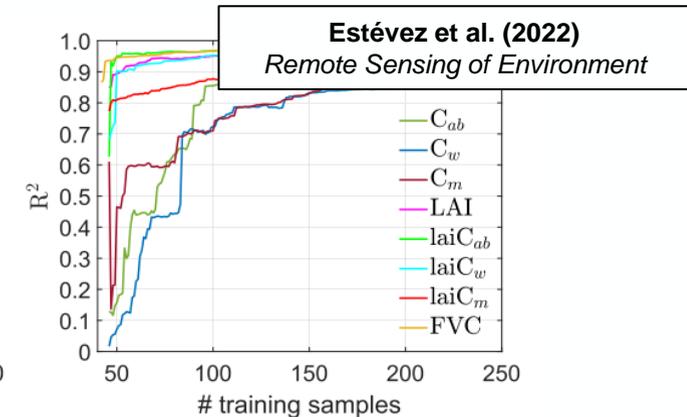
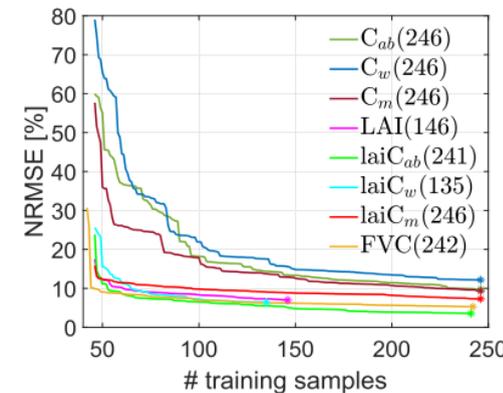
## Ground Reference Observations Underlying Novel Decametric Vegetation Data Products from Earth Observation (GROUNDED EO)

LIVING PLANET FELLOWSHIP

Project initiated earlier this year to capitalise on several opportunities:

### 2. Availability of cutting edge machine learning approaches

- **Substantially reduced number of samples (hundreds/thousands) required by GPR than ANNs or LUTs**
- **We are already amassing several thousand matchups**



Estévez et al. (2022)  
Remote Sensing of Environment

# Avoiding the models? – the GROUNDED EO project (3)



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## Ground Reference Observations Underlying Novel Decametric Vegetation Data Products from Earth Observation (GROUNDED EO)

LIVING PLANET FELLOWSHIP

Project initiated earlier this year to capitalise on several opportunities:

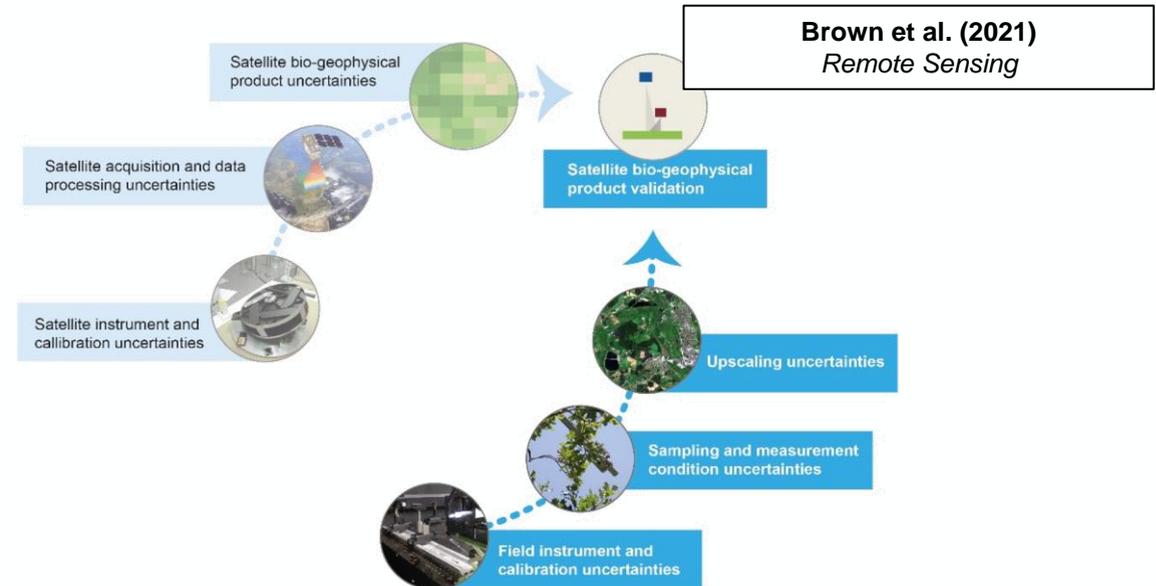
### 3. Availability of methods to quantify ground reference measurement uncertainties

- **Protocols developed** under the FRM4VEG initiative



fiducial reference measurements for vegetation

$$u_c^2(y) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \right)^2 u^2(x_i) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^N \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_j} u(x_i, x_j) .$$



# Avoiding the models? – the GROUNDED EO project (4)



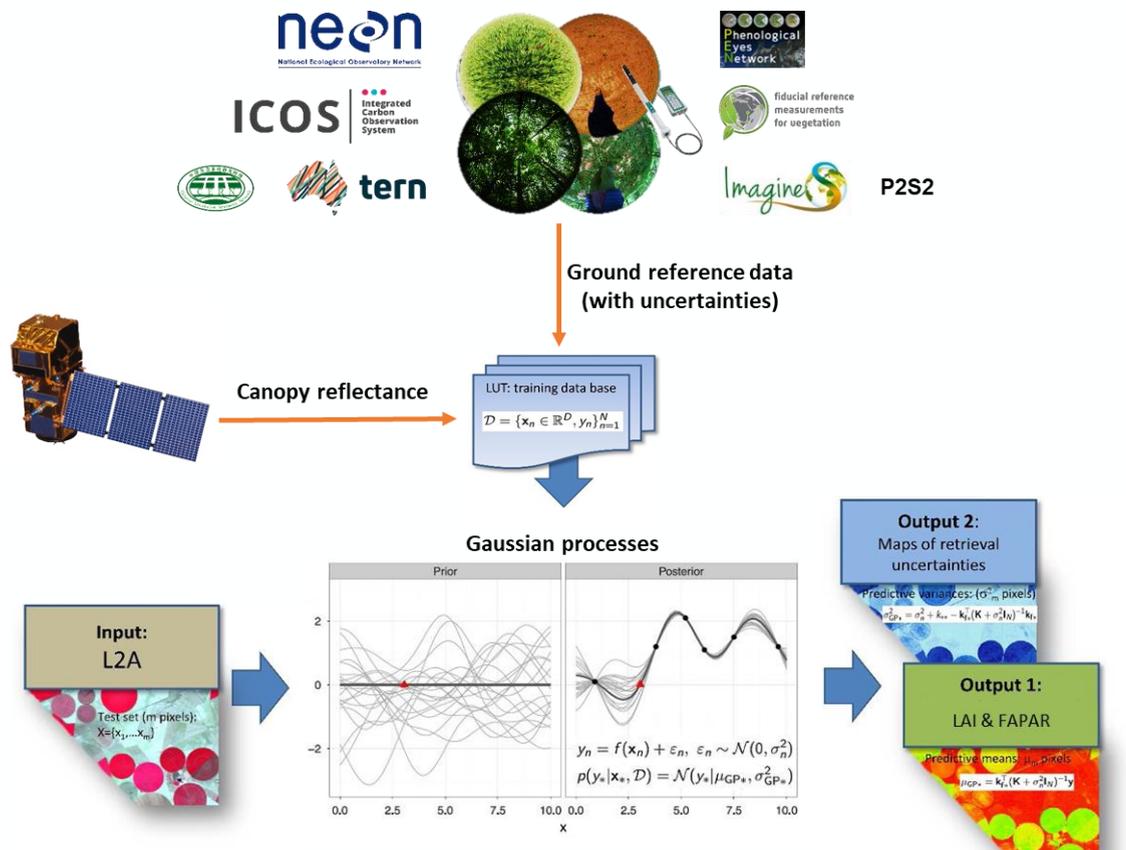
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## An improved biophysical processor?



Adapted from Berger et al. (2020) & Estévez et al. (2022)

Active learning to optimise training dataset

Samples not used held back for performance evaluation

Intercomparison with SL2P, MODIS, VIIRS, & CGLS



# GROUNDING EO – database progress (1)



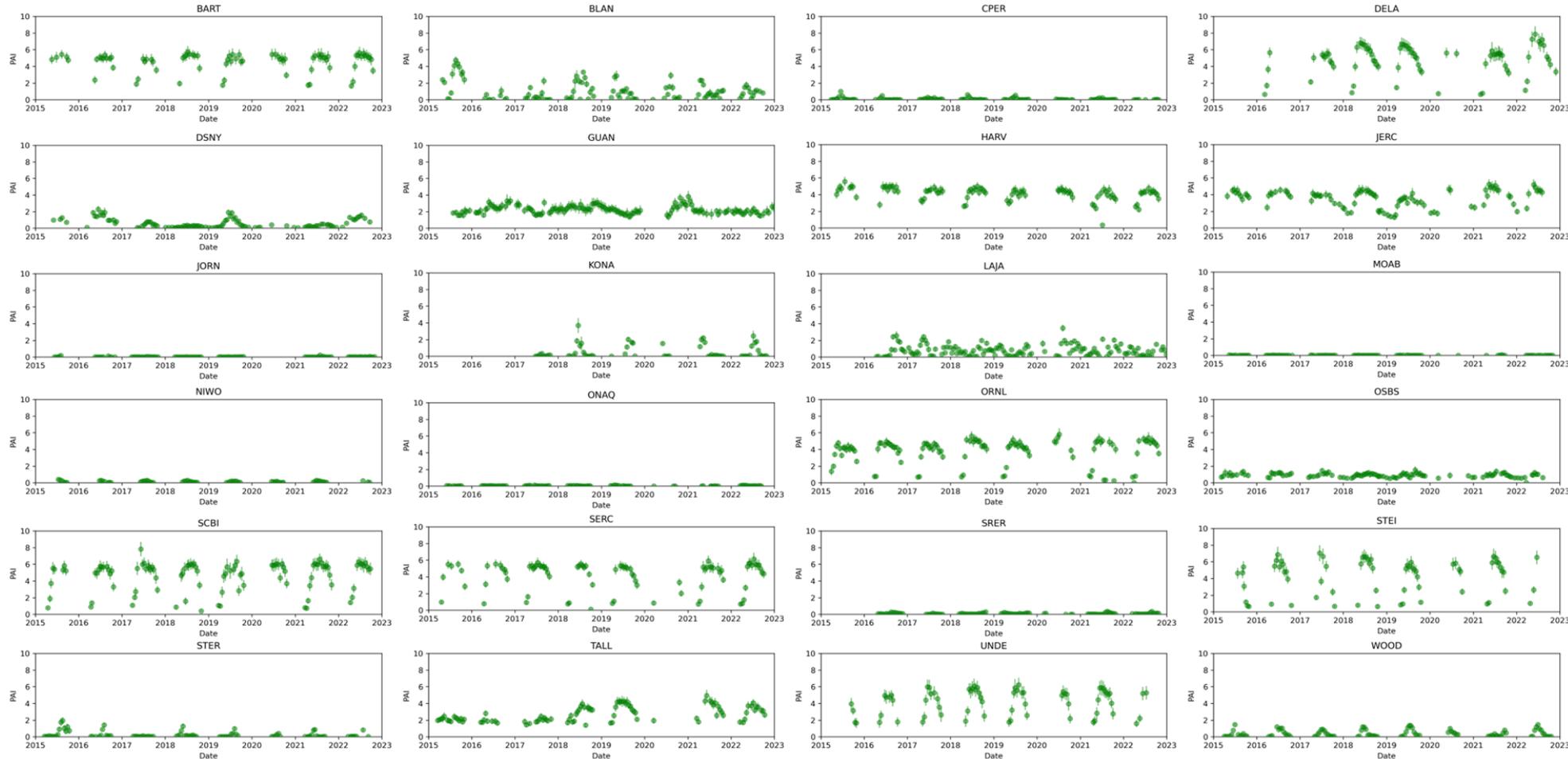
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## DHP from 24 NEON sites already included in GBOV



# GROUNDDED EO – database progress (2)



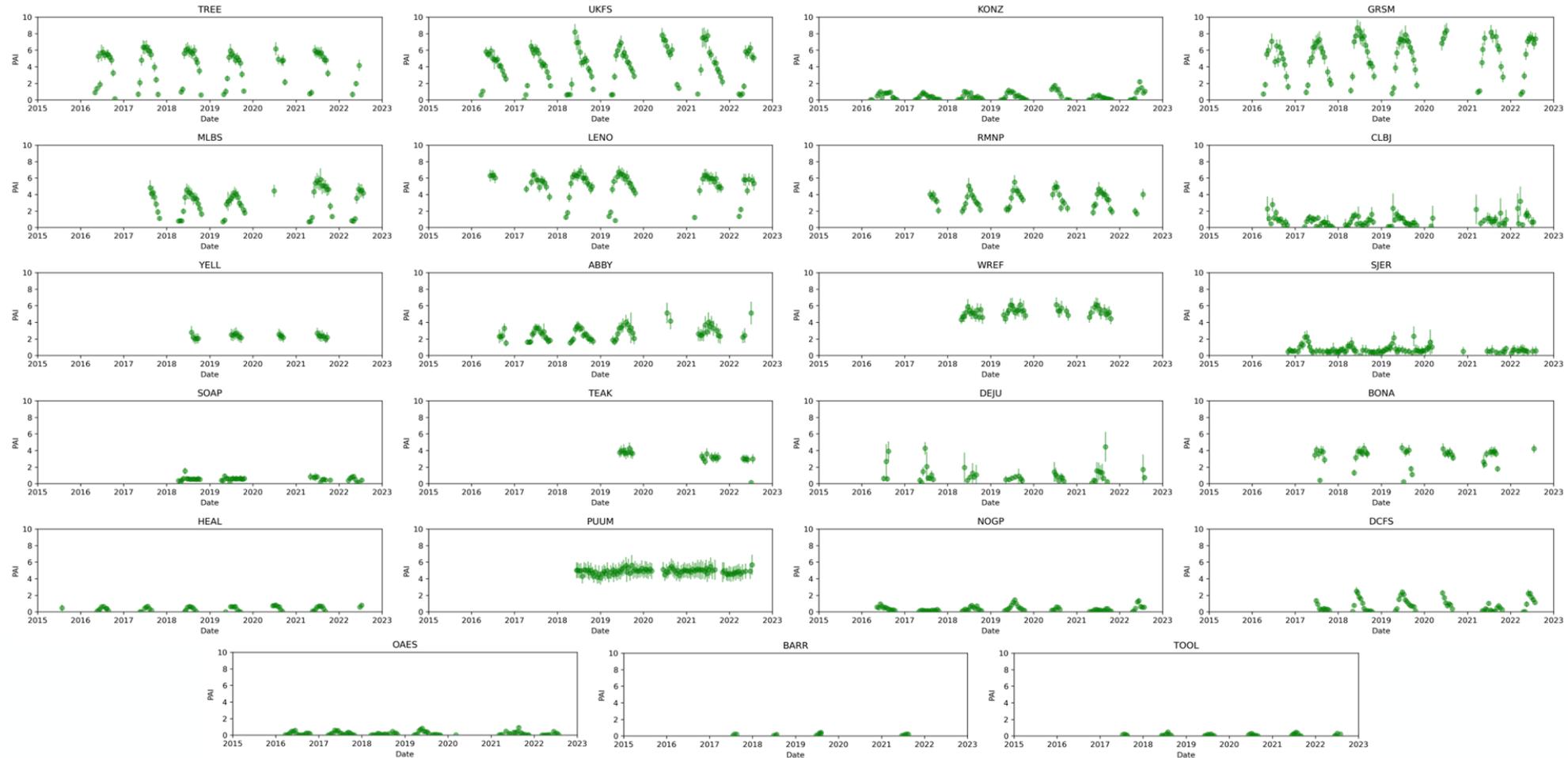
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## DHP from 23 remaining NEON sites processed under GROUNDDED EO



# GROUNDDED EO – database progress (3)



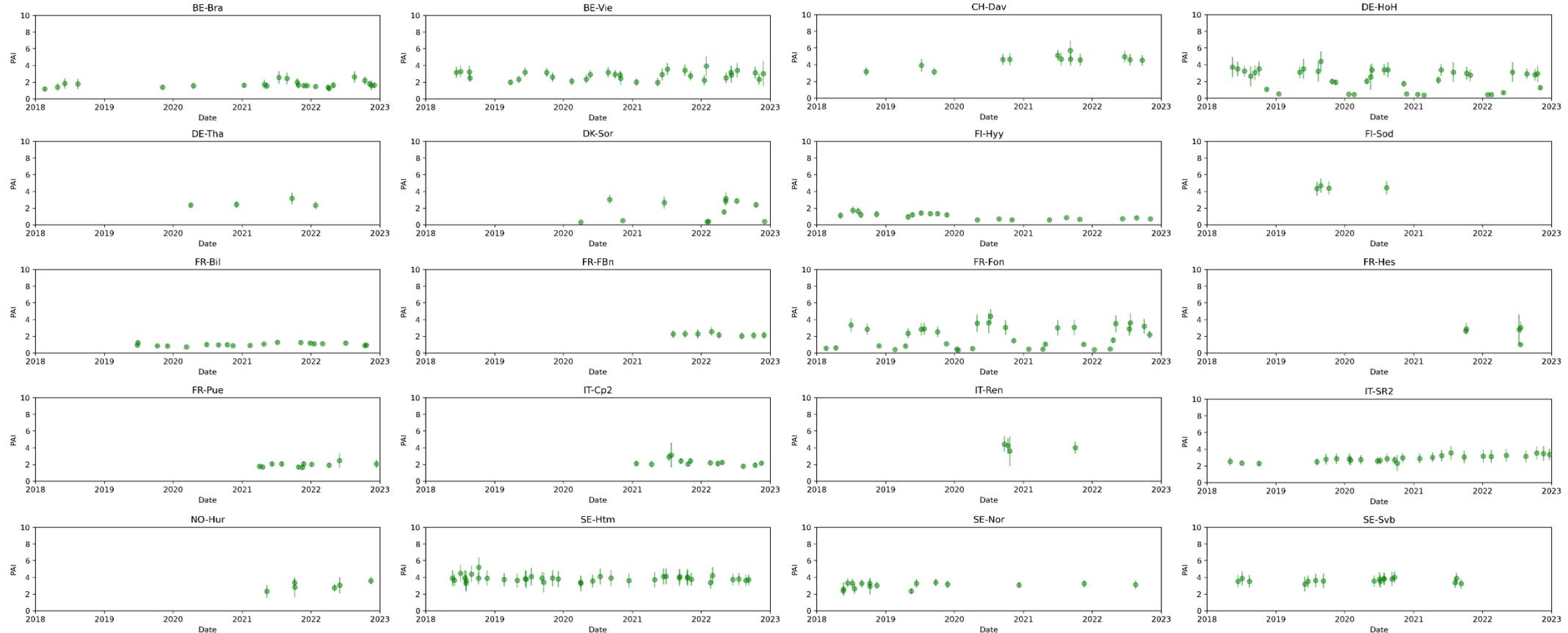
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## DHP from 20 ICOS sites processed under GROUNDDED EO



# GROUNDING EO – database progress (4)



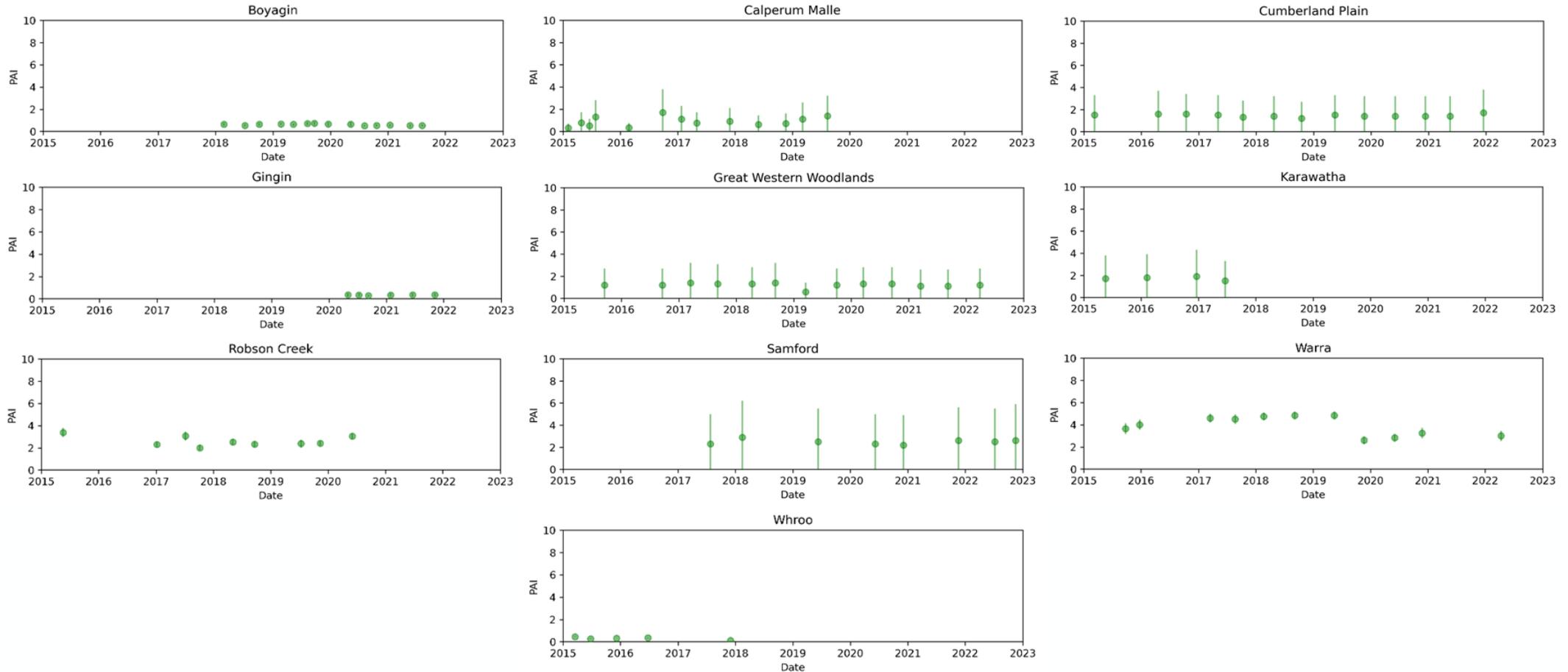
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## Processing of data from TERN DHP and DCP currently in progress



## Ground Reference Observations Underlying Novel Decametric Vegetation Data Products from Earth Observation (GROUNDDED EO)

### LIVING PLANET FELLOWSHIP

The GROUNDDED EO database **currently contains 15,464 ESU-scale in situ reference measurements** (20 m x 20 m to 100 m x 100 m) in extent

- **Nearly a 50% increase on the 8,120 available through GBOV**
- Will be made publicly available in near future!

Next steps:

- Complete ground reference database construction
- Development & evaluation of GPR-based biophysical processor