

MC-FORUM: exploiting FORUM observations in meteorological and climate models

A. Ortolani^{1,8}, A. Carrassi², F. Fabiano³, U. Cortesi⁴, J. von Hardenberg⁵, G. Masiello⁶, M. Ridolfi⁷, S. Melani^{1,8}, P. Ruggieri², S. Della Fera⁴, C. Sgattoni¹, T. Maestri², L. Palchetti⁷

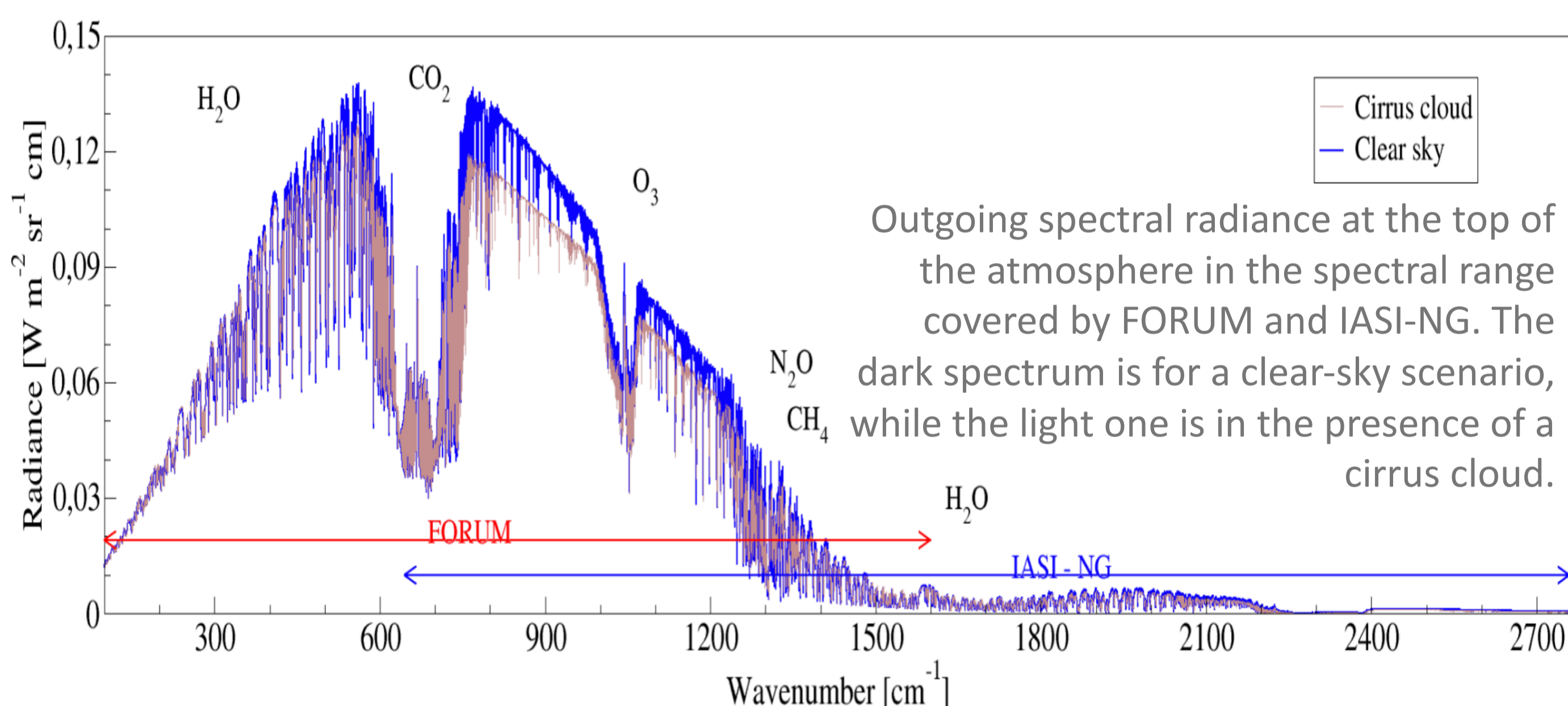
Contact: Alberto Ortolani ortolani@lamma.toscana.it

¹CNR-IBE, Sesto Fiorentino (Florence), Italy
²Università di Bologna - DIFA, Bologna, Italy
³CNR-ISAC, Bologna, Italy
⁴CNR-IFAC, Sesto Fiorentino (Florence), Italy
⁵Politecnico di Torino - DIATI, Torino, Italy
⁶Università della Basilicata - SI, Potenza, Italy
⁷CNR-INO, Sesto Fiorentino (Florence), Italy
⁸Consorzio LaMMA, Sesto Fiorentino (Florence), Italy

Rationale

In meteorology and climatology, satellite observations have a crucial importance, because they offer consistent and comprehensive measurements of the Earth's atmosphere and surface on a global scale. These observations are used through Data Assimilation (DA) techniques to produce reliable estimates of the Earth system state, merging irregularly distributed atmospheric observations with short-range model runs, essentially performing an optimal space-time interpolation onto a regular grid. These gridded atmospheric states are the initial conditions for the numerical integration of weather models, for operational forecasts, diagnostic studies and the analysis of the atmospheric climate system behaviour over time. The forthcoming ESA 9th Earth Explorer (EE9) FORUM (Far-infrared-Outgoing-Radiation Understanding and Monitoring) mission will gather spectrally resolved radiance fields in the Far and Mid InfraRed regions, covering spectral band from 100 to 1600 cm^{-1} , with 0.5 cm^{-1} un-apodised resolution. Here the largest portion of the planet's outgoing longwave radiation (OLR) happens, and there are the signatures of various climate forcing mechanisms and related feedback ones, with high sensitivity to upper tropospheric water vapor and cirrus clouds. MC-FORUM (Meteo and Climate exploitation of FORUM) is a two year project co-funded by the Italian Space Agency (ASI), started in Jan. 2024, with the primary objective of developing tools and skills to exploit FORUM in meteorology and climate. The impact of FORUM data will be analysed on different spatio-temporal scales and with different DA techniques (variational and based on ensemble Kalman filter). Furthermore, tools will be developed to exploit FORUM measurements within diagnostic and validation activities of global climate models, to allow the study of new parameterisations and the potential of FORUM in the evaluation of radiative forcings and climate feedbacks.

Activities and connections



Analysis of the measurement products of the FORUM mission (CNR-INO)

Coordination (CNR-IBE)

Exploitation and Dissemination (CNR-INO)

Analysis of the radiative transfer model σ -IASI/FORUM (UniBAS-SI)

Integration of σ -IASI/FORUM in the data assimilation (CNR-IFAC)

Connection with the ASI project FIT-FORUM (Forward and Inverse Tools for FORUM)

Study of new parameterisations, and of the potential of FORUM in the **evaluation of radiative forcings and climatic feedbacks**.

Reference model: EC-Earth3

Sensitivity of FORUM

measurements in a global climate model (PoliTO-DIATI).
Use of spectrally resolved data to separate model biases in different spectral regions.
Development of tools for model diagnostics and new parameterisations.
Study of radiative forcings and climate feedbacks.

Simulation of FORUM

measurements in a global climate model (CNR-ISAC).
Generation of synthetic data to evaluate the sensitivity of the measurement to the model tuning parameters and to the future evolution of the climate system.

Performance evaluation of a global climate model through comparison with IASI measurements (CNR-IFAC)

Impact of FORUM data on different spatio-temporal scales, using different **Data Assimilation (DA)** techniques, variational and ensemble-based Kalman filter-like. Main reference numerical models: WRF, SPEEDY-NEMO

DA in model runs for **short/medium range** weather forecasts (CNR-IBE).
Use of variational and Monte Carlo methods based on the Kalman filter. Impact tests, using OSSEs (Observing System Simulation Experiments).

DA in coupled model runs at **medium/long range** (UniBO-DIFA).
Potential of FORUM measurements for the control and initialization of forecasts at seasonal and interannual scales.

References

- [1] U. Amato, G. Masiello, C. Serio, and M. Viggiano, 'The σ -IASI code for the calculation of infrared atmospheric radiance and its derivatives', *Environmental Modelling & Software*, vol. 17, no. 7, pp. 651–667, Nov. 2002, doi: 10.1016/S1364-8152(02)00027-0.
- [2] Della Fera, S., Fabiano, F., Raspollini, P., Ridolfi, M., Cortesi, U., Barbara, F., and von Hardenberg, J.: On the use of Infrared Atmospheric Sounding Interferometer (IASI) spectrally resolved radiances to test the EC-Earth climate model (v3.3.3) in clear-sky conditions, *Geosci. Model Dev.*, 16, 1379–1394, <https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-16-1379-2023>, 2023..
- [3] Evensen, Geir, Femke C. Vossepoel, and Peter Jan van Leeuwen. "Data Assimilation Fundamentals: A Unified Formulation of the State and Parameter Estimation Problem." (2022): 245.
- [4] Carrassi, Alberto, Marc Bocquet, Laurent Bertino, and Geir Evensen. "Data assimilation in the geosciences: An overview of methods, issues, and perspectives." *Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change* 9, no. 5 (2018): e535.
- [5] Huang, X.-Y., Q. Xiao, D. M. Barker, X. Zhang, J. Michalakes, W. Huang, T. Henderson, J. Bray, Y. Chen, Z. Ma, J. Dudhia, Y. Guo, X. Zhang, D.-J. Won, H.-C. Lin, and Y.-H. Kuo, 2009: Four-Dimensional Variational Data Assimilation for WRF: Formulation and Preliminary Results. *Mon. Wea. Rev.*, 137, 299-314.
- [6] Barker, D. M., W. Huang, Y.-R. Guo, and A. Bourgeois, 2003: A Three-Dimensional Variational (3DVAR) Data Assimilation System for Use with MM5. NCAR Tech Note, NCAR/TN-453+STR, 68 pp, doi: 10.5065/D6CF9N1J.
- [7] Wild, Martin. The Global Energy Balance as Represented in CMIP6 Climate Models." *Climate Dynamics* 55, no. 3 (2020): 553–77. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00382-020-05282-7>.
- [8] Ruggieri, P., Abid, M.A., Garcia-Serrano, J. et al. SPEEDY-NEMO: performance and applications of a fully-coupled intermediate-complexity climate model. *Clim Dyn* (2024), <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00382-023-07097-8>.
- [9] <https://www.forum-ee9.eu/>