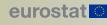




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## EUROPEAN CONFERENCE ON QUALITY IN OFFICIAL STATISTICS 2024 ESTORIL - PORTUGAL



Establishment and comparison of predictive models for oil and petroleum products, electricity and gas: A Cross-Border Analysis

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### Brief description of the study

#### **3** key energy parameters

- Oil and petroleum product deliveries
- Electricity availability

Oil

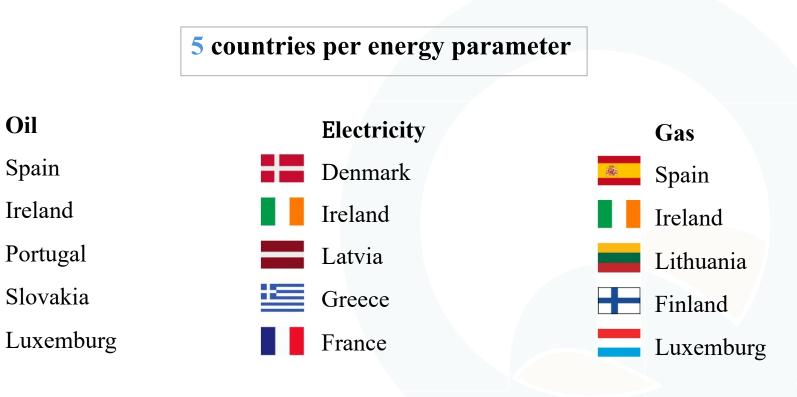
Spain

Ireland

➤ Inland gas consumption

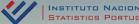
#### **6** consecutive months

- $\blacktriangleright$  October 2023  $\blacktriangleright$  January 2024
- ➢ November 2023 ➢ February 2024
- $\blacktriangleright$  December 2023  $\triangleright$  March 2024

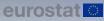


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#### Data

The data were extracted from the datasets entitled:

- > Supply and transformation of oil and petroleum products - monthly data [NRG CB OILM]
- Supply, transformation and consumption of electricity - monthly data [NRG\_CB\_EM]
- Supply, transformation and consumption of gas monthly data [NRG CB GASM]

Data source: Official website of Eurostat https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database

Timeseries	Oil	Electricity	Gas
Basic	[O4671] Gas oil and diesel oil	[E7000] Electricity	[G3000] Natural gas
	[GID_CAL] Gross inland deliveries – calculated [THS_T] Thousand tons	[AIM] Available to internal market [GWH] Gigawatt-hour	[IC_CAL_MG] Inland consumption of gas calculated as defined in MOS GAS (Monthly Statistics GAS)
			[TJ_GCV] Terajoule (gross calorific value - GCV)
Indicator type 1	Electricity (Basic)	Oil (Basic)	Oil (Basic)
Indicator type 1	Gas (Basic)	Gas (Basic)	Electricity (Basic)
Indicator type 2	[O4671] Gas oil and diesel oil	[E7000] Electricity	[G3000] Natural gas
	[EXP] Exports	[IMP] Imports	[IMP] Imports
	[THS_T] Thousand tons	[GWH] Gigawatt-hour	[TJ_GCV] Terajoule (gross calorific value - GCV)
Indicator type 2	[O4671] Gas oil and diesel oil	[E7000] Electricity	
	[INTMARB] International maritime bunkers	[EXP] Exports	
	[THS T] Thousand tons	[GWH] Gigawatt-hour	
Indicator tupo 2	[O4671] Gas oil and diesel oil		
Indicator type 2	[STK_CHG] Change in stock		
	[THS_T] Thousand tons		





### Theoretical framework – Methods

#### **5** different forecasting models

- First model ARMAX-1: 2 mutual exogenous variables (indicators type 1)
- Second model ARMAX-2: 2 mutual exogenous variables (indicators type 1)
- Third model ARMAX-3: individualized exogenous variables (indicators type 1, 2)
- ➤ Fourth model RNN: training based on 12 previous months
- ➢ Fifth model Linear Model: training based on 3 previous months







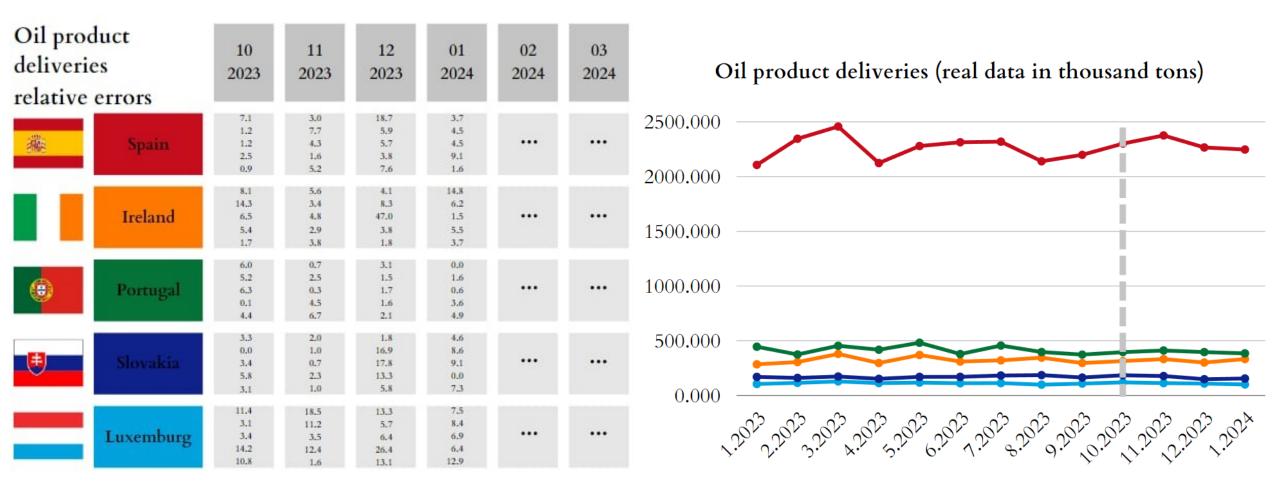


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### Oil Results - I



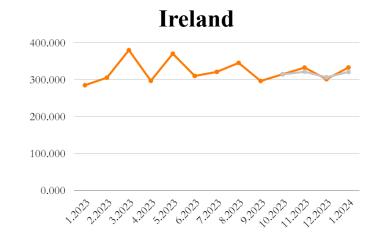


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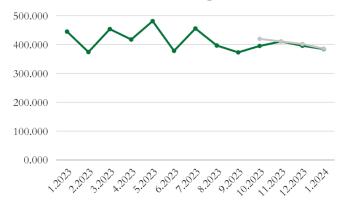
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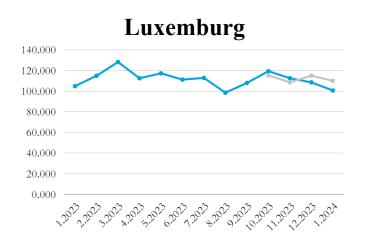
### Oil Results - II





















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#### Electricity Results - I

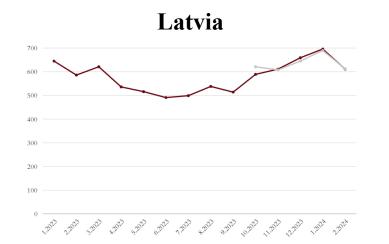




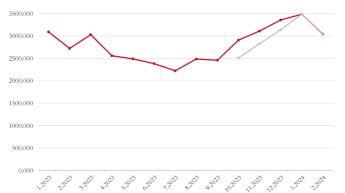
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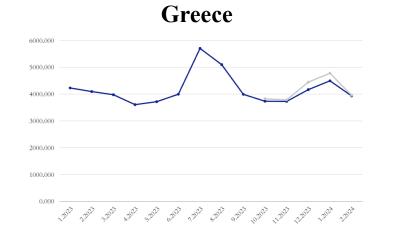
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### Electricity Results - II



Denmark

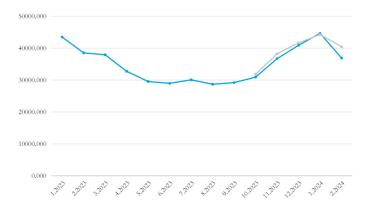








France







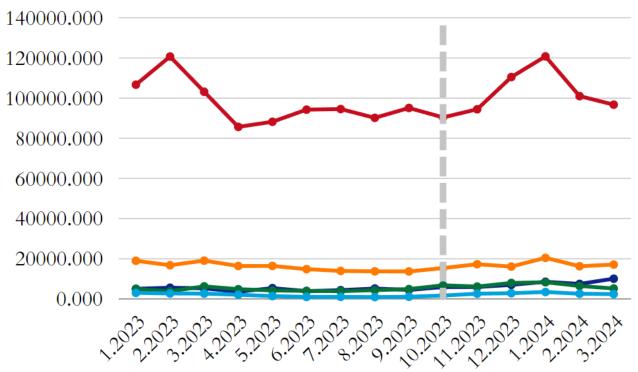
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#### Gas Results - I

Inland consun relative	nption	10 2023	11 2023	12 2023	01 2024	02 2024	03 2024
<b>*</b>	Spain	13.4 4.2 4.2 11.1 33.3	25.6 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.6	7,4 11,3 11,3 6,3 3,0	12.5 2.3 7,1 10.4 5.0	28.3 24.5 23.8 17.6 10.1	14.7 10.3 6.8 6.4 2.2
	Ireland	5.2 12.2 5.1 2.9 6.8	0 11.3 10.9 4.4 3.5	22.4 9.2 22.4 11.2 3.9	5.8 17.3 5.8 17.9 13.6	10.4 23.0 10.4 18.2 5.2	1.6 2.6 3.0 1.9 6.1
	Lithouania	31.2 37.2 35.8 13.5 37.6	9.2 2.9 18.4 18.5 26.8	0.6 21.9 4.2 2.8 0.6	33.2 25.4 36.0 24.1 18.9	4.2 51.9 18.5 43.4 17.2	29.8 31.3 28.8 24.9 37.9
	Finland	63.5 56.4 62.4 55.0 38.0	61.3 50.2 46.4 46.3 27.7	18.8 20.7 34.2 19.6 89.2	23.9 17.6 15.9 30.9 13.0	11.2 14.0 11.6 1.7 9.4	39.7 25.4 64.5 30.2 28.1
	Luxemburg	12.7 33.5 12.1 5.4 66.8	9,5 27.6 27.8 16.4 3.4	17.1 5.8 17.1 1.9 4.8	4,4 10,8 4,4 13,3 5,5	24.5 33.9 24.5 25.1 11.1	11.1 14.8 11.1 1.2 12.1

Inland gas consumption (real data in terajoule)







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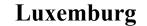
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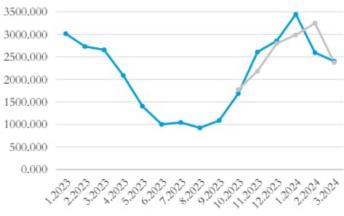
#### Gas Results - II

Ireland



25000.000 20000.000 15000.000 10000.000 5000,000 0.000 





Lithuania





#### Finland











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#### Conclusions - I

Average relative error of all models for all selected countries during the whole study period



Electricity availability: 5.15%

well-fitting



Oil and petroleum product deliveries: 6% well-fitting



Gas consumption: exceeded 15%

5%

poorly-fitting

Russia's invasion of Ukraine and the weaponization of energy have led to the diversification of energy supply for EU countries, especially for gas.



#### Conclusions - II

#### The countries with the ....

#### **WORST fit:**

Electricity	Ireland (3.9%)	Gas	Lithuania (exceeded the 20%)
Oil	Portugal (2.9%)	Gas	Finland (exceeded the 20%)

**BEST fit:** 

Low energy dependence on Russia (lower than the EU average of 24.4%) High energy dependence on Russia (Lithuania over 95%) (Finland over 40%)



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#### Conclusions - III

#### **Proposed models**



Electricity availability:

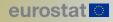
Linear models (3.9%) well-fitting



Oil and petroleum product deliveries:

Linear models (4.5%) well-fitting





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GAS

Gas consumption:

on: RNN model (16%) poorly-fitting



# THANK YOU For your attention



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