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INTEGRATING SOCIAL MEDIA AND ADMINISTRATIVE DATA FOR THE REAL-TIME PREDICTION OF THE CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDICATOR



EUROPEAN CONFERENCE ON QUALITY IN OFFICIAL STATISTICS 2024 ESTORIL - PORTUGAL Akvilė Vitkauskaitė^{1,2}, Andrius Čiginas^{1,2} ¹State Data Agency (Statistics Lithuania), Lithuania ²Vilnius University, Lithuania





The Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) measures public sentiment about the economy through a survey of four questions regarding household finances, economic outlook, and spending plans over the past and coming year.





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Key Objectives

- **Timely CCI Estimates**: Estimate the current month's CCI faster than the traditional survey method.
- Integrating Data Sources: Provide early estimates of CCI by combining key economic indicators with social media sentiment and Google Trends data.

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Administrative Data

STATISTICS LITHUANIA STATE DATA AGENCY

- Inflation rate
- Income statistics
- Unemployment rate

Social Media Data (X)

Data Sources

- Tweets collected weekly via official API
- Keywords related to economic sentiment
- Sentiment analysis using NLP tools (TextBlob, Vader, Afinn, Transformers, Flair)

Google Trends Data

- Manual collection and compilation into a monthly dataset
- Keywords: economics, purchases, work costs, buy, unemployed, inflation

CCI, sentiment indices and key economic indicators



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GT+, GT- and CCI



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Metodology

Predictive Models

Statistical Models

- SARIMAX •
- VECM •

Machine Learning Models

- **Random Forest** •
- XGBoost

Model Selection and Optimization

Statistical Models

Exogenous variables were selected based on Johansen's cointegration test and Spearman' s rank correlation.

Machine Learning Models

- Selection is based on feature importance
- Incorporation of rolling averages

Rolling Forecast Method

Predicts the next step and updates the model with the latest information.

Evaluation Metrics

MAE, MSE, RMSE (for all)

AIC (only for SARIMAX).

Q

8 -0.05

-0.10

-0.15

Actual

-×- Predicted

--- Start of Test Data

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

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Final models for CCI forecasting

SARIMAX(5,1,6,1,0,1,1 2) 0.05 0.00 8 -0.05 -0.10- Actual -0.15 -×- Predicted Start of Test Data 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 **Random Forest** 0.05 0.00





Results

Model name	Exogenous variables (features)	MAE
SARIMAX	Vader_SMI_diff_1, CCI_diff_1, GTdiff_1,	
	Unemployment_without_seasonality_diff_1 (current,	0.0127
	6 months lag)	
VECM	Vader_SMI_diff_1, Inflation_diff_1, GTdiff_1 (all up	0 0343
	to 1 month lag)	0.0343
Random Forest	CCI (1 month lag; 2 periods), GT (current and 1	
	month lag; 2 periods), GT- (current and 1 month lag; 4	0.0139
	periods)	
XGBoost	GT- (current and 1 month lag; 2 periods), GT+ (1	
	month lag; 6 periods), Average wage (current; 4	
	periods), Inflation (3 months lag; 4 periods),	0.0098
	Unemployment_without_seasonality (5 months lag;	
	6 periods)	





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Literature

Enhancing CCI Forecasting with SMI from Facebook and X Data Integration

Van den Brakel, J. A., Söhler, E., Daas, P. J. H., & Buelens, B. (2017). Social media as a data source for official statistics; the Dutch Consumer Confidence Index. *Survey Methodology, 43*(2), 183-210.

SMI Indicator from X Data

Bruno, M., Catanese, E., Iannaccone, R., Righi, A., Scannapieco, M., Testa, P., Valentino, L., Zardetto, D., & Zurlo, D. (2024, May 2). Social mood on economy index: A daily measure of the Italian sentiment on the economy based on X (ex Twitter) data. *Istat*.

Enhancing Sri Lanka's CCI Forecasting with Google Trends (Motorcycles and Birth Control) Data

Zhang, H. (2017). Incorporating Google Trends data in predicting consumer confidence in Sri Lanka. Available at SSRN 3085010.



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Thank you for your attention!

I welcome any questions you may have.





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