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**Effectiveness of Hydrogen Peroxide-Free Bleaching Agents on Color Change** D. Dionysopoulos, P. Mourouzis, S. Davidopoulou, K. Tolidis Operative Dentistry, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Central Makedonia, Greece

**Objectives** The purpose of this in vitro study was to evaluate the effectiveness of five bleaching gels with four different active agents with the same active concentration when applied to human teeth following at-home bleaching treatments.

**Methods** Human intact incisors were collected and the crowns were separated from the roots. For tooth color change assessment the tooth specimens were randomly distributed to 5 groups (n=6) and received at-home bleaching treatment for 14 days by applying the bleaching gel for 30 min each day. During this period the teeth were stored in artificial saliva at 37°C. In Group 1 a bleaching gel containing 3%

phthlamidioperoxycaproic acid (PAP) was applied, in Group 2 the gel contained 17.3% polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP) with 3% bounded hydrogen peroxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>), in Group 3 it contained 3% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, in group 4 it contained 8.6% carbamide peroxide (equivalent of 3% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) and in Group 5 the gel had the same composition with Group 1 but without PAP. Tooth color change ( $\Delta E_{ab}^*$  and  $\Delta E_{00}$ ) and whiteness index ( $\Delta WI_D$ ) was evaluated 24 h, 15 and 30 days after the treatments using a spectrophotometer.

**Results** All the experimental groups exhibited  $\Delta E_{00}$  and  $\Delta WI_D$  higher than 50:50% acceptability (AT:  $\Delta E_{ab}$ \*>2.66,  $\Delta E_{00}$ >1.77,  $\Delta WI_D$ >2.6) and 50:50% perceptibility (PT:  $\Delta E_{ab}$ \*>1.22,  $\Delta E_{00}$ >0.81,  $\Delta WI_D$ >0.7) thresholds. The highest tooth color and whiteness changes presented the PAP-containing bleaching agent ( $\Delta E_{ab}$ \*=7.35±3.72,

 $\Delta E_{00}$ =3.79±1.58,  $\Delta WI_D$ =7.35±3.72), while the lowest the PVP-containing bleaching agent ( $\Delta E_{ab}$ \*=3.67±1.39,  $\Delta E_{00}$ =1.97±0.46,  $\Delta WI_D$ =3.67±1.39).

**Conclusions** The use of a novel  $H_2O_2$ -free bleaching agent presented comparable and even better effectiveness in color change when compared to conventional  $H_2O_2$ -containing bleaching agents for at-home bleaching treatment.