





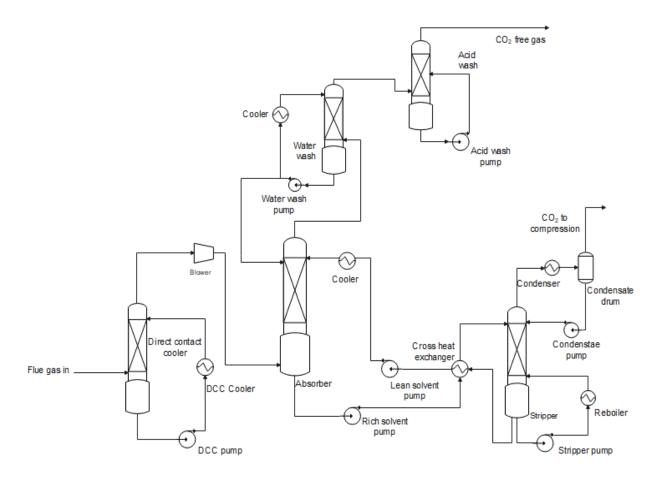
Simultaneous CAPEX and OPEX optimization of a carbon capture plant

Combined-Cycle Gas Turbine case study

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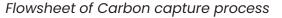
Carbon capture process





- Conventional amine-based process
- Energy requirements for reboiler solvent type, flue gas composition & process operating conditions.
- Typically, 2.5 to 3.6 MJ/kg CO_2
- CESAR1 less energy intensive than MEA
- CESAR1 reaction slower compared to MEA



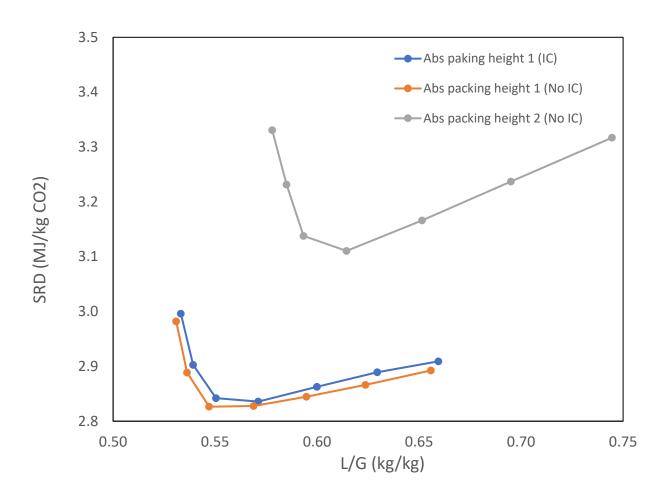




Cost analysis for carbon capture plant



- First energy optimization, then estimation of cost for few selected cases.
- ProTreat® version 9.0 New case study feature, run multiple configurations. New thermodynamic model for CESAR1 – avg. capture rates < 2% deviation¹.
- New cost estimation tool developed simultaneous optimization of CAPEX & OPEX

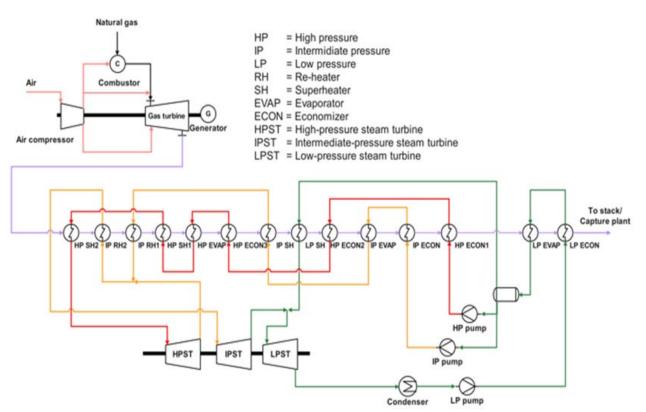






Combined Cycle Gas Turbine process





Without Carbon Capture			
Air compressor	MW	244.9	
LP pump	kW	71.4	
IP pump	kW	32.7	
HP pump	kW	1311.0	
Gas turbine	MW	507.5	
LPST	MW	66.3	
IPST	MW	46.6	
HPST	MW	29.0	
Net power output	MW	403.0	

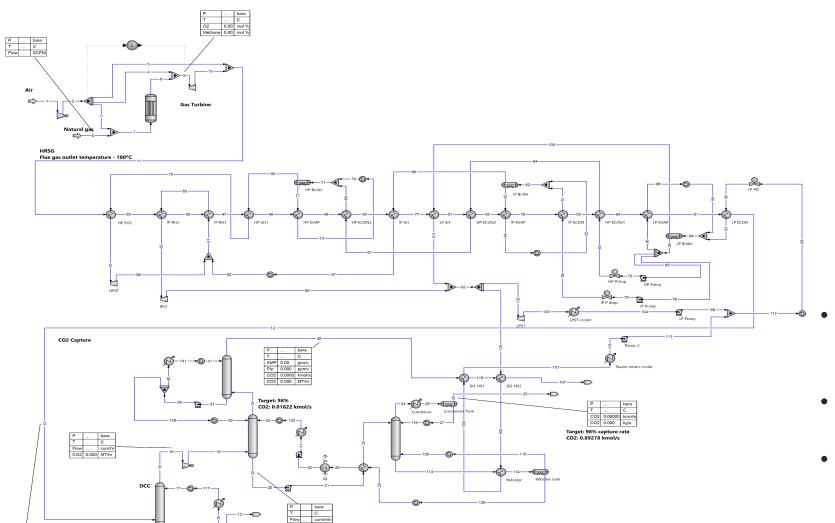
Z. Liu and I. A. Karimi, "Simulating combined cycle gas turbine power plants in Aspen HYSYS," *Elsevier*, Jun. 2018.





CCGT Power plant with carbon capture





- Capture plant with CCGT plant modelled in ProTreat®
- Steam extracted from LPST
- Electricity required for pumps & blowers of capture process







Capital Cost Estimate



- Methodology for cost estimation described in [1].
- Class 4 type study accuracy range between -10% to -20% (low side) to +20% to +30% (high side).
- Costs updated to current values using Chemical Engineering Plant Cost Index (CEPCI)

Assumptions for equipment cost calculation

Equipment	Туре		
Pumps	Centrifugal		
Heat Exchangers	Flat plate		
Columns (Process vessels)	Vertical		
Vessels	Vertical		
Column specifications			
DCC	Includes demister		
Absorber	Includes demister, dry bed packing, Water wash and Acid wash section stacked at the top		
Stripper	Includes dry bed packing		

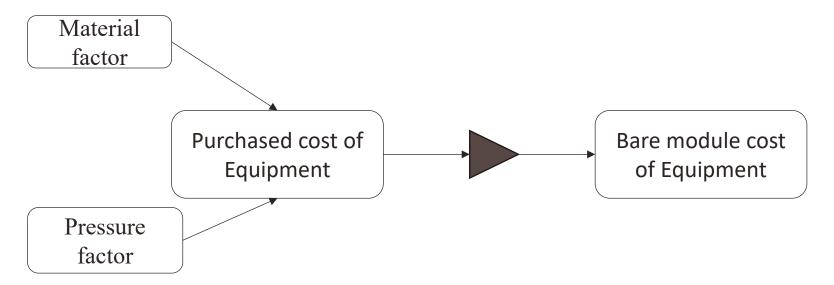




Cost estimation of equipment



Module costing Technique used for estimating bare module cost of equipment.



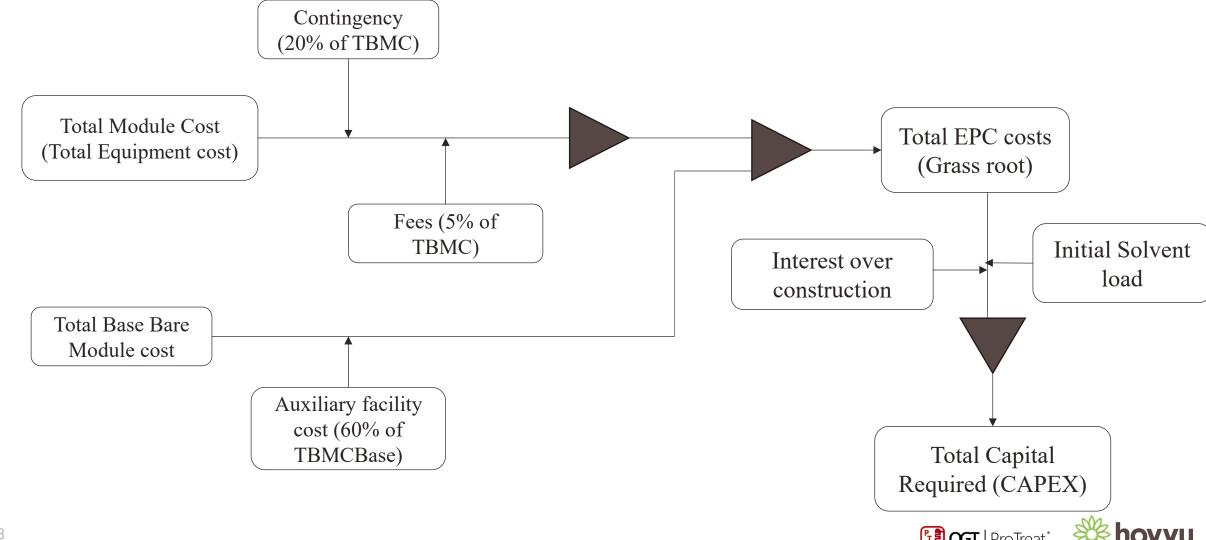
- Purchased cost of base equipment carbon steel and ambient pressure operations
- Bare module : correction factors , installation costs





Total CAPEX estimation









Estimation of OPEX



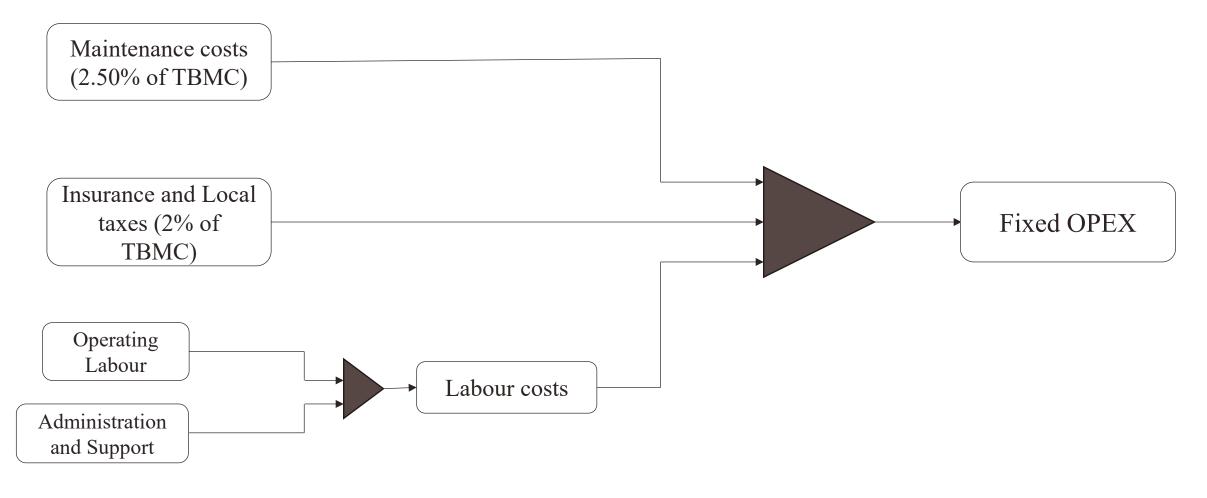
Variable OPEX

	Price	Unit
Electricity	64	EUR/MWh
Cooling Water	0.02	EUR/ton
Process Water	0.177	EUR/ton
Cost of AMP	8000	EUR/ton
Cost of Piperazine	8000	EUR/ton
Cost of MEA	2000	EUR/ton
NaOH (DCC)	850	EUR/ton
H2SO4 (acid wash)	1500	EUR/ton
Chemical Handling	500	EUR/ton



Estimation of Fixed OPEX









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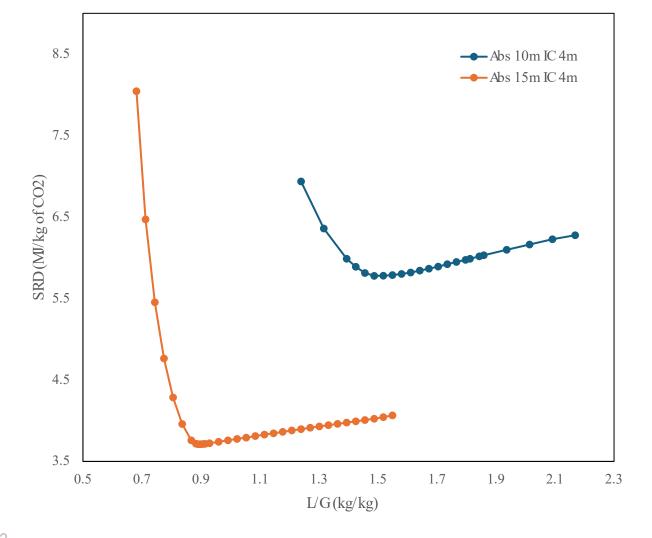
Cost parameters to compare cases

- Operation hours 8000 hours in a year
- Annualized CAPEX (€/year):
 Project lifetime 25 years
 Discount rate (to account for time value of money) 6%
- OPEX (summation of Fixed and Variable) [€/year]
- Total cost in [€/year] : Annualized CAPEX + OPEX
- Revenue loss: Loss in power output due to capture process taken in consideration





MEA Case study





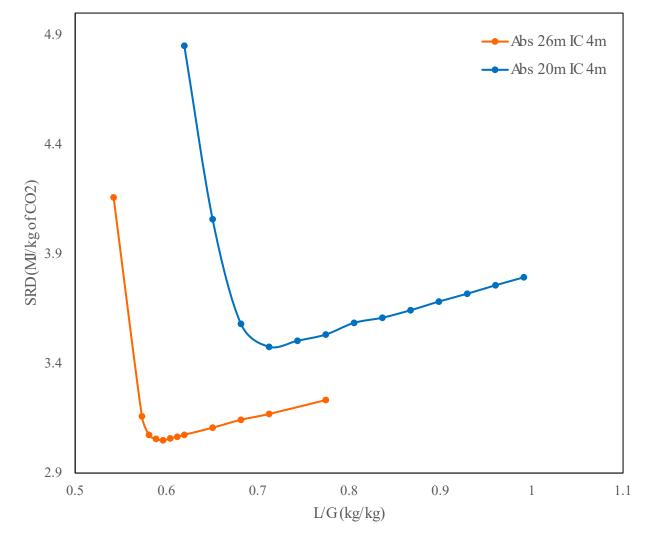
- Case study: input parameter varied solvent flowrate
- Two cases: Absorber packing height 10m & 15 m with IC @ 4m
- DCC packing 4m, Stripper packing 20m
- Capture rate: 95%
- SRD optimum for 10m; 5.77 MJ/ $kgCO_2$
- SRD optimum for 15m ; 3.71 MJ/ $kgCO_2$







CESAR1 case study





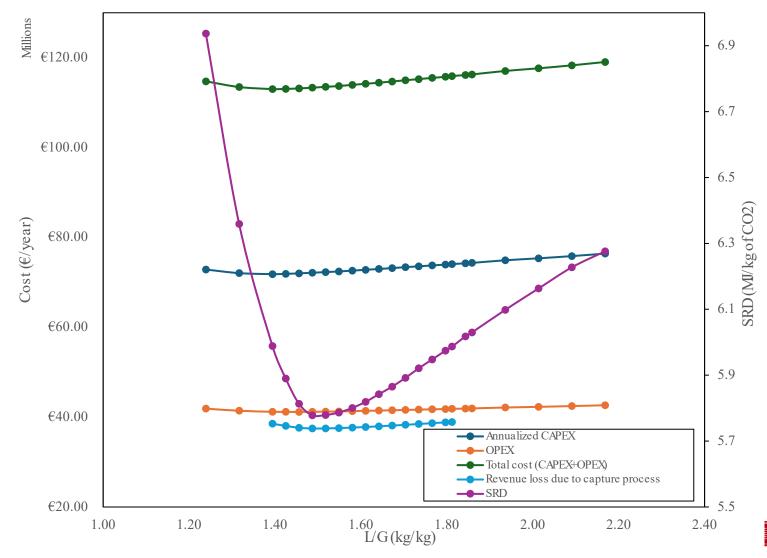
- Case study: input parameter varied solvent flowrate
- Two cases: Absorber packing height 20m & 26 m with IC @ 4m
- DCC packing 4m, Stripper packing 20m
- Capture rate: 95%
- SRD optimum for 20m; 3.47 MJ/ $kgCO_2$
- SRD optimum for 26m ; 3.05 MJ/ $kgCO_2$





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MEA case – Abs 10m IC 4m case

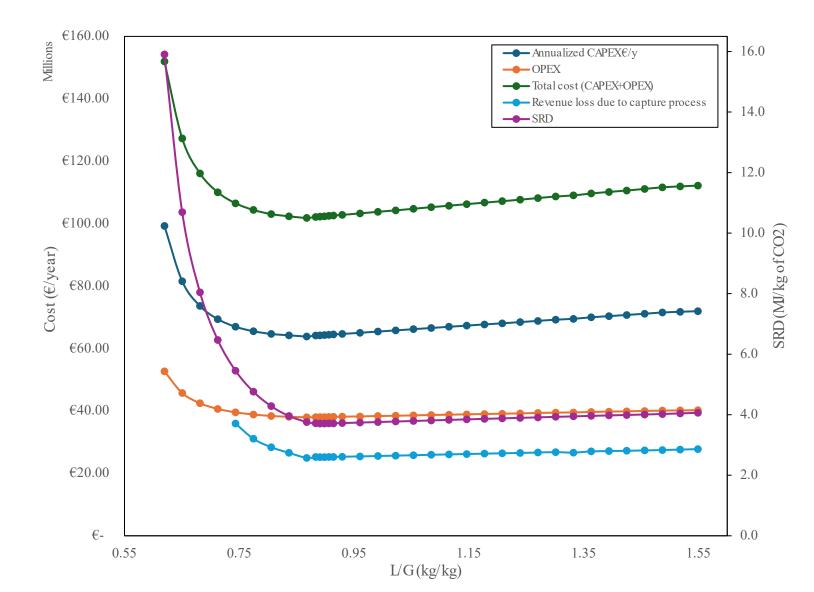






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MEA case – Abs 15m IC 4m case

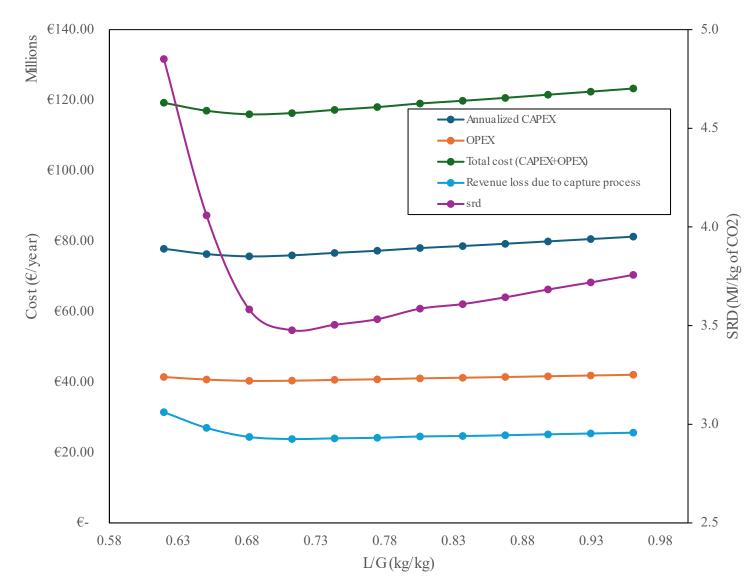








CESAR1 case – Abs 20m IC 4m case



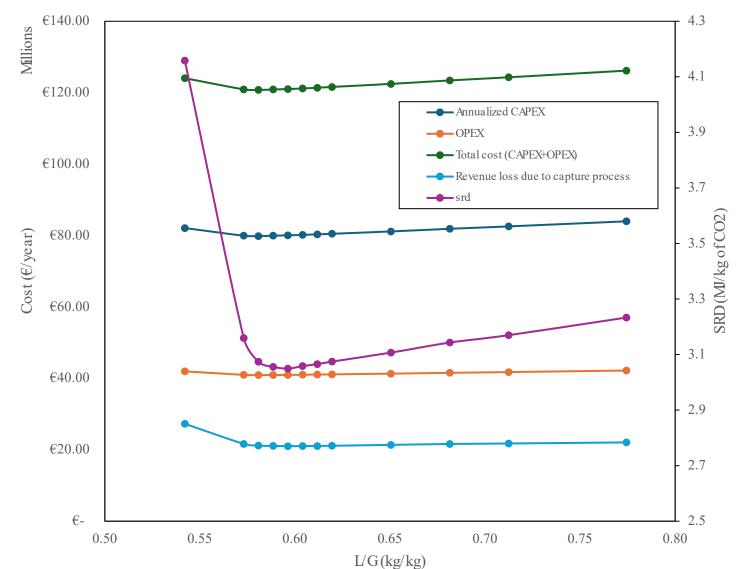






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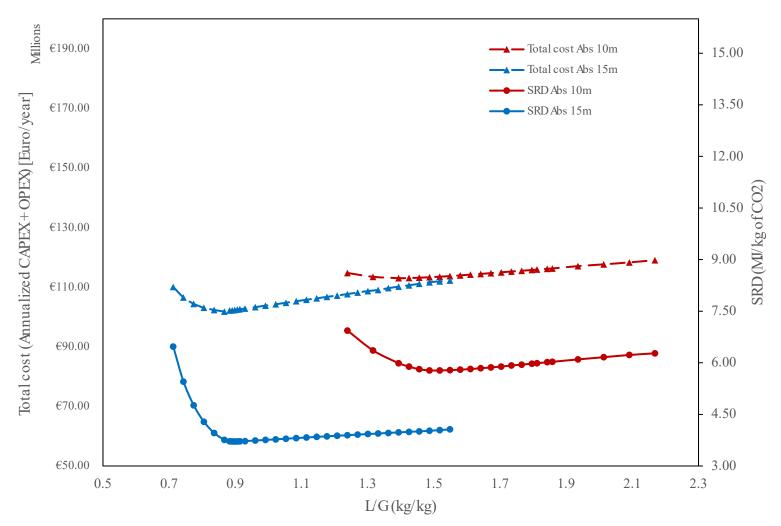
CESAR1 case – Abs 26m IC 4m case





Comparison of Total cost for MEA cases





SRD lower for 15m Absorber packing height : 3.71 MJ/ kg CO_2

Total cost higher: 102.4 M€/y

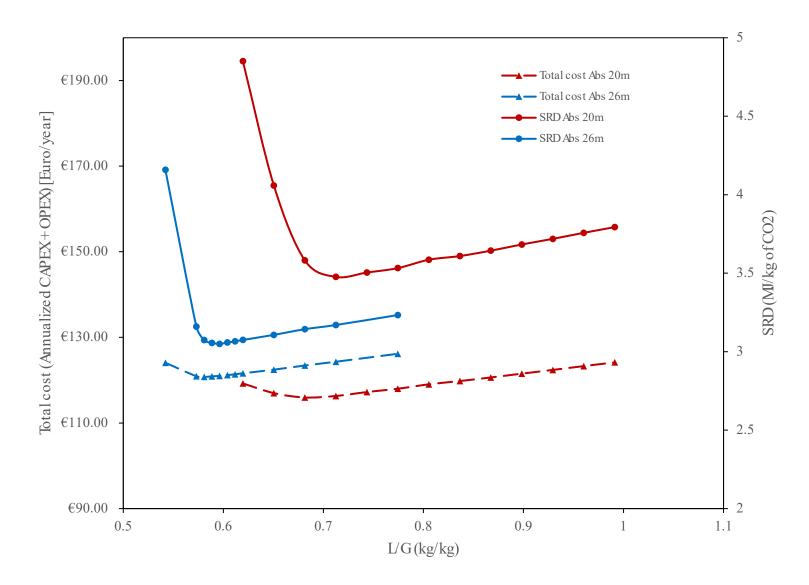
SRD higher for 10m Absorber packing height : 5.77 MJ/ $kgCO_2$

Total cost lower: 113.3 M€/y





Comparison of Total cost for CESAR1 cases



SRD lower for 26m Absorber packing height : 3.05 MJ/ $kgCO_2$

Total cost higher: 121.0 M€/y

SRD higher for 20m Absorber packing height:

3.47 MJ/ $kgCO_2$

Total cost lower : 116.3 M€/y







Conclusion



- Minimum reboiler duty results in lowering variable OPEX but not the total cost of capture plant.
- Taller columns contribute to larger CAPEX, which increases Fixed OPEX and the resulting Total Cost.
- Cost of the capture plant depends on configurations taller columns, with/without Inter-coolers.
- For a given configuration, capture plant costs remain relatively stable for most of the points on SRD curve, rising noticeably only at the extremes where SRD increases sharply.
- ProTreat v9 case study feature allows for simulating multiple points (approx.30-40) in 10-15 minutes. All the
 necessary output variables can be generated, allows for calculating cost of each point on SRD curve. Reduces the
 time taken to evaluate cost of capture process for multiple configurations.

Upcoming tasks

• Explore different configurations, vary Stripper height, compare setups with and without Inter-coolers using this method.





Thank You





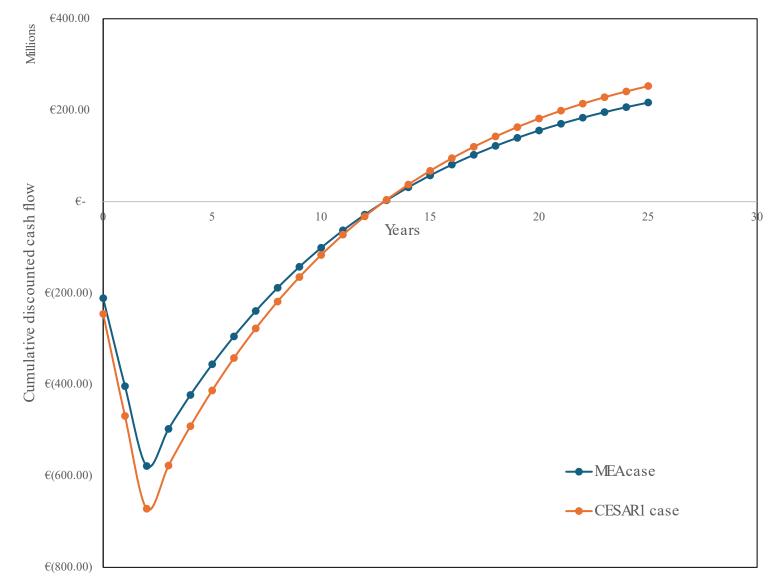


BACKUP slides





Cash flow analysis





ETS price: 85€/t

Discount rate: 10%

Electricity selling price : 64 €/MWh

