

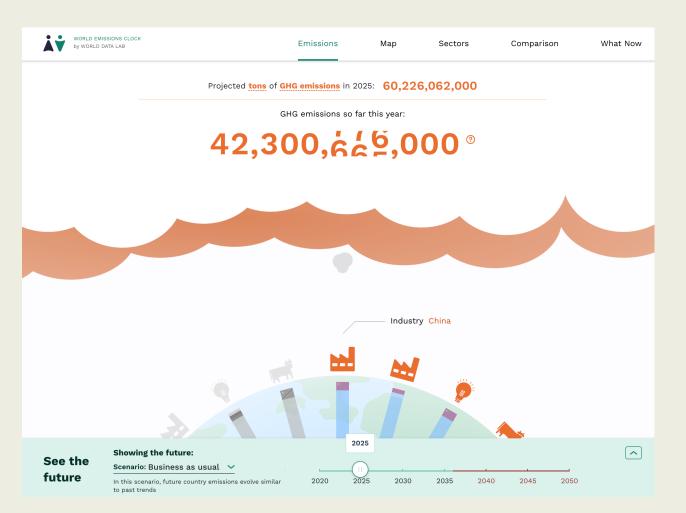
BACK TO THE FUTURE

CAN DEEP DECARBONIZATION
TURN BACK THE EMISSIONS CLOCK?

ERIK MEULEMAN PCCC-8: WTC - MARSEILLE, FRANCE, SEPTEMBER 2025



WORLD EMISSIONS CLOCK



The cumulative emissions are going up, fast

CDR technologies and projects are being developed and some of them executed

Can deep decarbonization of point sources help, in addition to BECCS?

E.g., can we capture 100% of the added CO_2 formed by combustion, and additional CO_2 from the air that was used in the combustion w/o adding too much fugitive emissions upstream; and off-set the build?

https://worldemissions.io/

AI IS DRIVING UNPRECEDENTED ENERGY DEMAND. BLUE POWER VIA CCS IS AN ANSWER THAT EXISTS TODAY.

The New York Times

A New Surge in Power Use Is Threatening U.S. Climate Goals

A boom in data centers and factories is straining electric grids and propping up fossil fuels.

By Brad Plumer and Nadja Popovich March 14, 2024

Google's Emissions Shot Up 48% Over Five Years Due to Al

A new report shows that the artificial intelligence boom will test Silicon Valley's climate commitments.

Deloitte. Insights

As generative Al asks for more power, data centers seek more reliable, cleaner energy solutions

Goldman Sachs

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Al is poised to drive 160% increase in data center power demand

May 14, 2024 Share <\$

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

BUSINESS | ENERGY & OIL Follow

Chevron, GE Vernova, Engine No. 1 Team Up to Power Data Centers

Joint venture aims to deliver 4 gigawatts of electricity for data centers starting by the end of 2027

By Mark R. Long

Jan. 28, 2025 9:34 am ET

"The first projects are expected to leverage **seven U.S. made GE Vernova 7HA natural gas turbines."**

The projects are expected to be designed with the flexibility to integrate lower carbon solutions, such as *carbon capture and* storage (CCS) — which is capable of capturing >90% of the CO₂ from the turbines — and renewable energy resources."

ION: TECHNOLOGY INNOVATOR WITH A PROVEN TRACK RECORD IN NATURAL GAS CARBON CAPTURE

PURE PLAY CARBON CAPTURE SOLUTIONS PROVIDER

17 years developing an effective and cost-efficient CCS technologies for power generators and industrial emitters.

TRANSFORMATIVE PILOT PERFORMANCE DRIVING COMMERCIAL READINESS

Over 20,000 hours of successful pilot testing at sites including globally recognized "drop in" facilities, the National Carbon Capture Center (NCCC) in Alabama and Technology Centre Mongstad (TCM) in Norway.

ION designed and developed pilot operating since Q3 2023 at Calpine's Los Medanos Energy Center - a commercial NGCC power plant operating in Northern California.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Year Founded	2008
Employees	~50
Patents Held	24
Pilot Operating	>20,000 hours

ION HEADQUARTERS - BOULDER, CO USA







ION Houston Office, USA

ION Pilot Plant in Pittsburg, CA

THE ION CCS SOLUTION: A BETTER MOUSETRAP

- PROVEN APPLICATION
- Proven ability to handle (highly oxidative) process and flue gases
- Unparalleled results for decarbonization of gas-fired power plants
- DEEP DECARBONIZATION
- Captures 95% by design, and over 99% of CO₂ when preferred resulting in 'direct air capture-like' results
- Mitigates the negative impact of equipment downtime on long-term average capture rates
- EXTREMELY LOW EMISSIONS
- The total VOC emissions with CCGT type flue gas with ICE-31™ is consistently less than 0.1 ppm. Emissions fall below detectable levels of current Continuous Emissions Monitoring Systems ("CEMS"), allowing customers to operate large scale plants, even in emissions challenged areas
- LOWER COSTS
- ION solvent creates a fast and high working capacity reaction with CO₂, therefore lower OPEX and CAPEX as less solvent and smaller equipment is required
- ION system requires little extra energy for operations at elevated capture rates; No energy use runaway, even at capture efficiency rates of >95%, saving operating costs from energy consumption
- ION solvent is extremely stable. The stability extends the life of the solvent without losing capture efficiency, therefore reducing reclamation, solvent replacement, and disposal OPEX
- STAR TEAM
- ION has a team of experienced carbon capture experts who spent most of their careers improving the postcombustion amine-based carbon capture process
- Partnership is at the core of how ION does business.
- Investors and/or key collaborators (public): Carbon Direct, Chevron, Denbury, Williams; Kiewit, Koch Engineered Solutions, Sargent & Lundy, Calpine, TECO

THE PROOF IS IN THE PILOTS

National Carbon Capture Center Wilsonville, AL, USA



10 TPD CO₂ Project Apollo

Natural Gas Boiler at industrial pilot scale

Technology Centre Mongstad Mongstad, Norway



200 TPD CO₂ Project Slingshot

NG & Refinery gases at demonstration scale

Koch Engineered Solutions HQ Wichita, KS, USA



2.8 TPD CO₂
Bedrock Pilot

Performance validation between ION Solvent and Koch Glitsch's Innovative Structured Packing Los Medanos Energy Center Pittsburg, CA, USA



10 TPD CO₂ Enterprise Pilot (ENTP)

Long term operational validation of ICE-31™ design with real NGCC flue gas

VARIETY OF FLUE GASES

Safely operated over 20,000 total hours of testing to date with NG flue gases, refinery gases, and coal flue gas

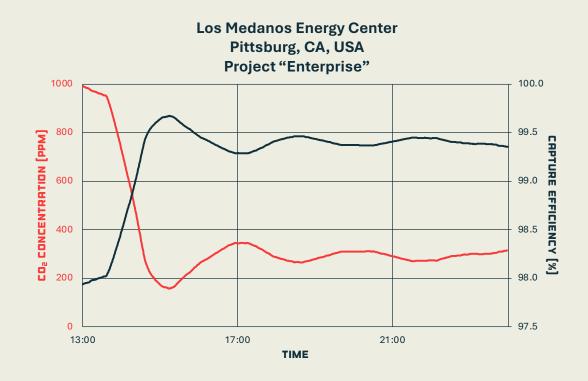
ICE-31™ EMITTING PRE-INDUSTRIAL CO2 CONCENTRATIONS





ELAPSED TIME

• CAPTURE EFFICIENCY • DEPLETED FLUE GAS CO2 PPMV



ENTERPRISE: DEEP DECARBONIZATION

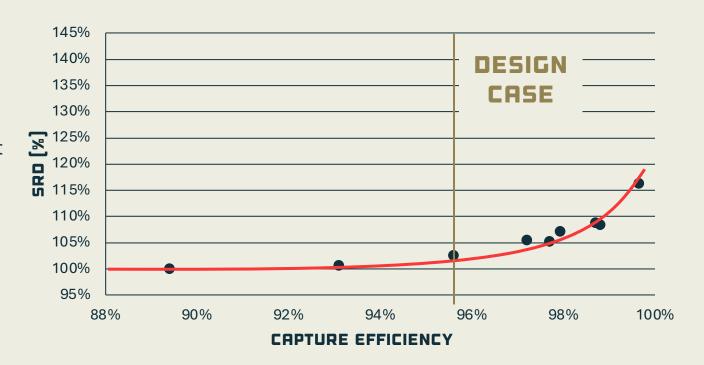
Approximately 4.8 Vol% CO₂ in inlet flue gas

Sustained net-negative CO₂ emissions

- ~425 ppm CO₂ in ambient air
- Comfortably less than 300 ppm CO₂ in the outlet

ENTP was designed for 95.7%. Utilizing existing equipment, increasing CE from 95% to 99% requires 7% extra SRD, whereas from 99% to 99.5% is another 7%

With extra packing the extra SRD is only 2-3% for extra capture at 99.5% compared to 95%



CO₂ CAPTURE FOR CCGT POWER PLANTS

ION + STRONG PARTNERS WITH SUBJECT MATTER EXPERTISE

- EPC and OEM Partners seamlessly integrate with ION's team to meet all our customers' project needs
- Bankable full wrap and performance guarantees available from world class EPC providers

ION's ICE-31™ solvent is unique for CCGT flue gas; we've designed CO₂ capture facilities and executed FEED studies for multiple large CCGT power plants while tackling numerous design modifications to meet the needs of each project. Public projects:

SUTTER DECARBONIZATION PROJECT

550 MW, 1.75 MTPR CO₂ \$270M DOE OCED award



Air cooling due to no access to cooling water

POLK POWER STATION

1,190 MW, 3.7 MTPR CO₂ \$110M DOE CarbonSAFE award



Efficiency optimized due to access to low-cost water

DELTA ENERGY CENTER

B35 MW, 2.4 MTPR CO₂
DOE NETL FEED award



Thermal storage option due to variable dispatch of host facility

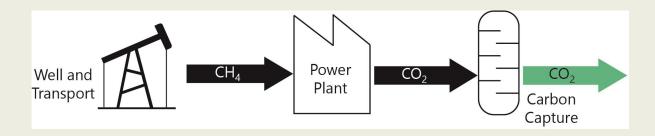
DECARBONIZING THE WHOLE CHAIN

LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LAB

Assessed emissions from the whole chain from NG-well, via power production with CO₂ removal from the flue gas including compression to 150 bar

Costed deep decarbonization including incremental costs from 99 to 99.5% capture efficiency

Modelled: MEA and ICE-31™











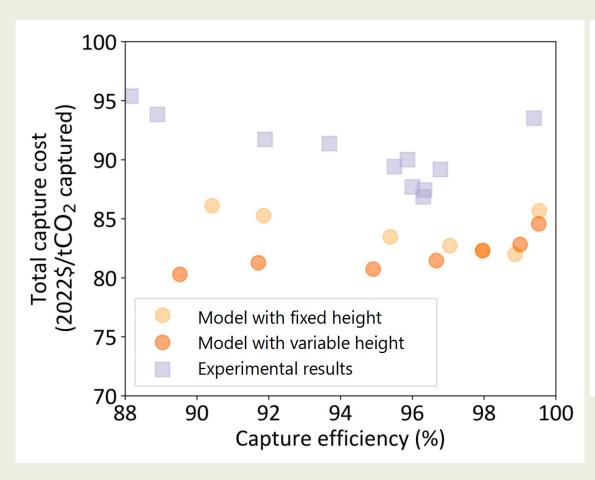
Wenqin Li (PI)

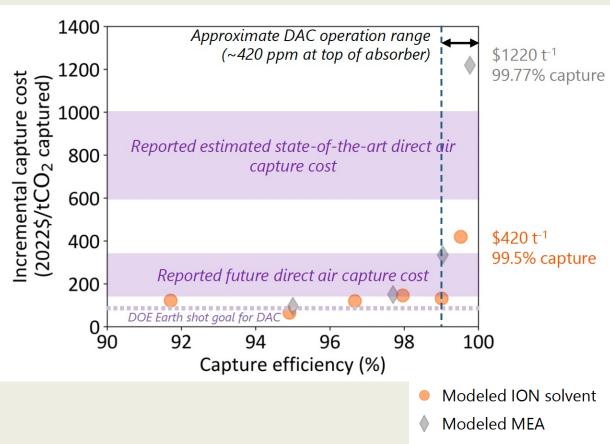
Mengyao Yuan

Nicholas Cross

Source: N. Cross, M Yuan, W. Li, Techno-economic Analysis of Liquid Absorbent-Based Carbon Capture for Achieving Net-Zero Natural Gas Power Generation, AIChE 2024 National Conference, 2024

COST OF CAPTURE & INCREMENTAL COST





CCGT+CCS COMPETITIVE WITH RENEWABLES

CARBON DIRECT REPORT

Timing: Natural gas-fired generation's ability to leverage existing grid infrastructure makes it a viable option today

Reliability: Natural gas-fired can meet the reliability demands of data centers due to its inherent dispatchability and lack of intermittency.

Emissions: ELCC-adjusted life cycle assessment indicates that natural gas-fired generation with carbon capture and storage could have lower effective CO₂ equivalent emissions than solar power backed with 4-hour battery storage.

Cost: Market analysis identified several NG+CCUS opportunities that align with data center demand. Cost structure that is consistent with anticipated green premiums and demonstrate competitiveness with other low-carbon power options.

RYAN COWNDEN - SHEFFIELD UNIVERSITY

Article in ES&T, 2024,

Implementing (existing) best practices for reducing emissions from NG production

Life cycle GHG emissions from:

- Natural gas fueled power generation with CCS
- · Comparable to wind power, and
- Significantly below solar PV

Source: https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.est.4c02933

Source: Stuckert, N., et al., Carbon Capture for Natural Gas-Fired Power Generation, Carbon Direct: **Meeting Data Center Electricity Demand, 2025**

CCGT WITH CCS HAS SIMILAR CARBON FOOTPRINT AS RENEWABLE ENERGY

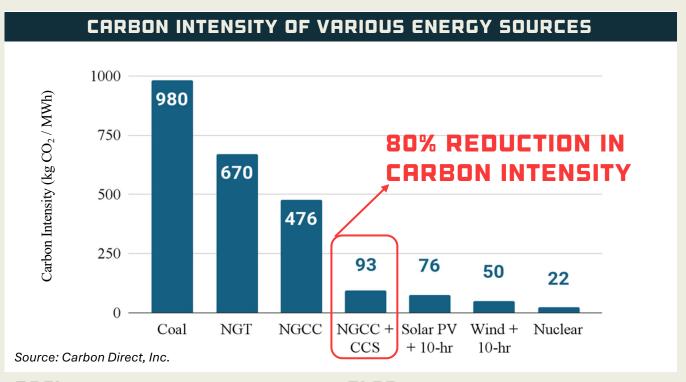
Adding carbon capture to existing power plants and other emissions sources can achieve similar carbon intensity to renewable energy sources

CCGT + CCS yields an 80% reduction in carbon intensity compared to CCGT without capture

 Most remaining C.I. comes from production and transportation of natural gas

Read the full Carbon Direct report here:

https://www.carbon-direct.com/research-andreports/meeting-data-center-electricity-demand



ERCI = ELCC-adjusted carbon intensity; **ELCC** = Effective load carrying capacity

NGT = Natural Gas Turbine; **NGCC** = Combined Cycle Gas Turbine;

PV = Photo Voltage; BESS = Battery Energy Storage System; CCS = Carbon Capture and Storage

CONCLUSION

ION

- ION technology is ready for commercial deployment: We have deep understanding of our CO₂ capture system based
 on extensive performance testing, and a strong network of renowned collaborators with subject matter expertise
- Deep decarbonization of point sources is possible; and even negative emissions has been demonstrated (within site boundary)
- ION enables commercial projects to produce clean, firm, reliable power, and fast

THIRD PARTIES

- The impact of deep decarbonization results was evaluated with regards to the incremental increases of:
 - · upstream fugitive emissions of natural gas (production and transport), and
 - the incremental additional cost of CO₂ capture above 99%
- The carbon intensity of CCGT + advanced CCS is on par with renewables, however not net negative
- CCGT + advanced CCS slows the world emissions clock tremendously
- However, to turn back the world emissions clock, one needs to incorporate BECCS and/or other CDR

LET'S GO CAPTURE SOME CARBON.