

US DOE CCUS Program Overview

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Office of Fossil Energy



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(Not to scale)

National Energy Technology Laboratory



Appn

FE is Advancing Clean Coal Technologies



Making Coal Plants More Efficient

Capturing More CO₂

Turning CO₂ into Valuable Products

CO₂ Utilization

Gasification, Advanced Turbines, Advanced Combustion, and Fuel Cells Cost-effective carbon capture for new and existing power plants New pathways to utilize captured CO₂

Safe use and permanent storage of CO₂ from power generation and industry



Bringing it All Together

Crosscutting technology development program



FY 17 Budget FE R&D: \$682M | Office of Petroleum Reserves: \$248.5M

(in thousands)	FY17 Omnibus
TOTAL FOSSIL ENERGY	930,450
Coal	423,800
Carbon Capture	101,000
Carbon Storage	95,300
Advanced Energy Systems	105,000
Crosscutting	45,500
STEP	24,000
NETL Coal R&D	53,000
Fossil Proviso – large-scale pilots	50,000
Oil and Natural Gas	64,000
Natural Gas Technologies	43,000
Unconventional Fossil Energy Tech.	21,000
Other Corporate	60,700
Program Direction (HQ & NETL)	60,000
Special Recruitment Program	700
NETL	83,500
NETL Infrastructure	40,500
NETL Research and Operations	43,000
TOTAL FOSSIL ENERGY R&D	682,000*
Office of Petroleum Reserves	248,450
Strategic Petroleum Reserve	223,000
Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserve	6,500
Naval Petroleum & Oil Shale Reserves	14,950



*Does not include \$14,000 use of prior year balances or \$246,515 rescission of prior year balances.

FY 18 Budget Overview and Priorities

\$280M for Fossil Energy R&D

✓ Focus on cutting edge, early stage

R&D

 ✓ Continue operations of the National Laboratories

Coal Program Priorities

- Stabilize coal—improve the efficiency and reliability of coal-fired plants
- Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage (CCUS)

(in thousands) FY18 F	
TOTAL FOSSIL ENERGY	479,800*
Coal	114,800
Oil and Natural Gas	21,500
Other Corporate	58,678
NETL	141,200
TOTAL FOSSIL ENERGY R&D	280,000*
Office of Petroleum Reserves	199,800

*Reflects total new Budget Authority funding; the total request is \$335,178 with \$55,178 in prior year balances to reach the requested amount of \$280,000 for the FER&D budget.

Oil and Gas Program Priorities

- Advance R&D to promote domestic production
- Infrastructure safety
- LNG Authorizations
- Advanced EOR

FY18 Budget (in thousands)	Request Level	House Mark	Senate Mark	TOP
TOTAL FOSSIL ENERGY R&D	280,000	668,000	572,700	

Major Project Demonstrations



CCS Major Demos

Air Products Facility (Port Arthur, TX) - 2013



- State-of-the-art system to capture CO₂ from two large **steam methane reformers**
- CO₂ transported via pipeline to oil fields in eastern Texas for EOR
- Since 2013, over 4 million metric tons of CO₂ captured

Petra Nova CCS (Thompsons, TX) - 2017



- Demonstrate Mitsubishi Heavy Industries' technology to **capture 90% CO₂** from 240-MW flue gas stream (designed to **capture/store 1.4 million metric tons of CO₂/yr**)
- CO₂ used for **EOR** in West Ranch Oil Field in Jackson County, Texas

Kemper CCS Project (Kemper County, MS) - 2017



- Transport Integrated Gasification™ (TRIG™) technology developed jointly by DOE; Southern Company; Kellogg, Brown, and Root (KBR)
- 65% of CO₂ emissions (~3 million metric tons/yr) captured and transported to depleted oil fields in Gulf coast region for EOR

ADM Ethanol Facility (Decatur, IL) - 2017



- Capturing 1 million metric tons of CO₂ from ethanol biofuels production and store in deep saline reservoir
- First-ever CCS project to use new U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Underground Injection Class VI well permit, specifically for CO₂ storage

CCUS Economics



Source: NETL, Cost and Performance Baseline for Fossil Energy Plants, Revision 3, July 2015

Fossil Energy – Coal Research Program Goals

Driving Down the Cost of Electricity of Coal Power



FY18 Budget Request Goals

- Concludes 2nd Generation Goal
- Transformational Capture 2030 for new and existing units COE & \$/tonne captured
 - 90% removed from goal OPTIMIZE Economics
- Transformational efficiency goals for new and existing units -TBD



Carbon Capture R&D Pathways

Pre-Combustion

- Solvents
- □ Sorbents
- Membranes
- Hybrid processes
- □ Water-gas shift reactor





Post-Combustion

- □ Solvents
- □ Sorbents
- Membranes
- Hybrid processes



Advanced Compression

- □ Intra-stage cooling
- Cryogenic pumping
- Supersonic shock wave compression



Post Combustion Capture National Carbon Capture Center - Benefits to Program

- Operated by Southern Co Services
- Hosted at Plant Gaston, AL
- DOE funds 80% of operations
- Over 91,000 test hours (10+years)
- Technologies from U.S. and six other countries since 2008 founding of NCCC
- More than 40 carbon capture technologies tested
 - 20+ Post combustion
 - 20+ Pre-combustion
- Dedicated staff of plant engineers
- Standard design guidelines
- Small (0.05MWe) and Large (0.5MWe) Solvent Test Units
- 90+% of US developers opt for NCCC



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Carbon Capture Small Pilot Projects – up to 1.5 MWe

Decrease capital and energy costs 2nd Generation Technologies

- 10 post combustion systems
- Low degradation rates
- High permeance/reaction/flux
- ~\$40/tonne

Transformational Systems

- Membrane systems for post combustion
- Solvent and sorbent systems for pre-combustion
- ~\$30/tonne

Technologies ready for large scale testing

- 10 to 25MWe
- \$60M for greenfield units
- 5000+ hours of testing for commercial viability



1 MW Solvent Pilot

(Neumann)



(Linde)



PSTU. 1 MW

test bay

0.7 MWe Solvent System (Univ. of KY)







1 MW Membrane System (MTR)



(Fuel Cell Energy)



25 MW Solvent Heat Integration (Southern Company)



2.7MWe Molten Carbonate Alkalized Alumina Sorbent (TDA, Inc)



AC-ABC Pre Combustion (SRII)



Example of Technology Development Timeline – 2nd Gen



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Accelerating the Rate of RD&D - Transformational

Partnership between national labs, academia, and industry

Accelerate deployment by 50% in TRL 2-5 range

Parallel paths for materials discovery – synthesis – process design

Leverage advanced computing

Robotics for rapid synthesis and analytical capabilities

Lab Selection 2017

- **PNNL**
- LBNL
- LLNL





Non-aqueous and phase change solvents



Molecular Design



Advanced Manufactinra

"Transformational Technology Development"

Global CO₂ demand and supply



GCCSI, Parsons Brinckerhoff, "Accelerating the Uptake of CCS: industrial use of carbon dioxide" (Dec 2011); Bala Suresh, IHS Markit, "Global Market for Carbon Dioxide", presented at 8th Carbon Dioxide Utilization Summit (Feb 2017)

Accelerate a Commercial Pathway to CCUS

- Carbon Utilization Reports
 - National Coal Council
 - National Academies of Science
 - Secretary's Advisory Board
- FOA closed 10/3/2016
- Two Rounds of Selections



Carbon Use & Reuse

Offset CO₂ capture costs + Fix CO₂ in stable products



Ten new projects selected/awarded between 2016-2017

Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum











Czech

Republic

International Ministerial-level initiative focused on developing

improved cost-effective technologies for carbon capture and storage

(CCS). It also promotes awareness and champions legal, regulatory,

financial, and institutional environments conducive to such

technologies.









Australia

India











Greece



Italy



Korea



Japan

Mexico



New Zealand



Poland

Romania

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF



Fossil

Energy

Saudi Arabia

步迎机制



Serbia



Africa









Upcoming Meetings December 2017: 7th Ministerial Meeting in Abu Dhabi, UAE





Germanv



Netherlands

Norway

United States





Kingdom







Clean Energy Ministerial/Mission Innovation



Clean Energy Ministerial

- 22 countries and European Union
- Represents 85-90% of global R&D investment
- Each country supports <u>doubling</u> of its R&D investment by 2021
- Separate private sector-led effort to invest in clean energy, focusing on early-stage innovation
- US and Saudi Arabia CCUS Challenge Workshop – Sept 25-29, 2017





"I don't believe you can have a real conversation about clean energy without including CCUS. The United States understands the importance of this clean technology and its vital role in the future of energy production." - U.S. DOE U.S. Department of Energy Secretary Rick Perry Rick Perry (6 June 2017, Beijing, PRC)

Discussion