

Tomakomai CCS Demonstration Project of Japan

September 6th , 2017

Yoshihiro Sawada

Japan CCS Co., Ltd.



Outline of Presentation

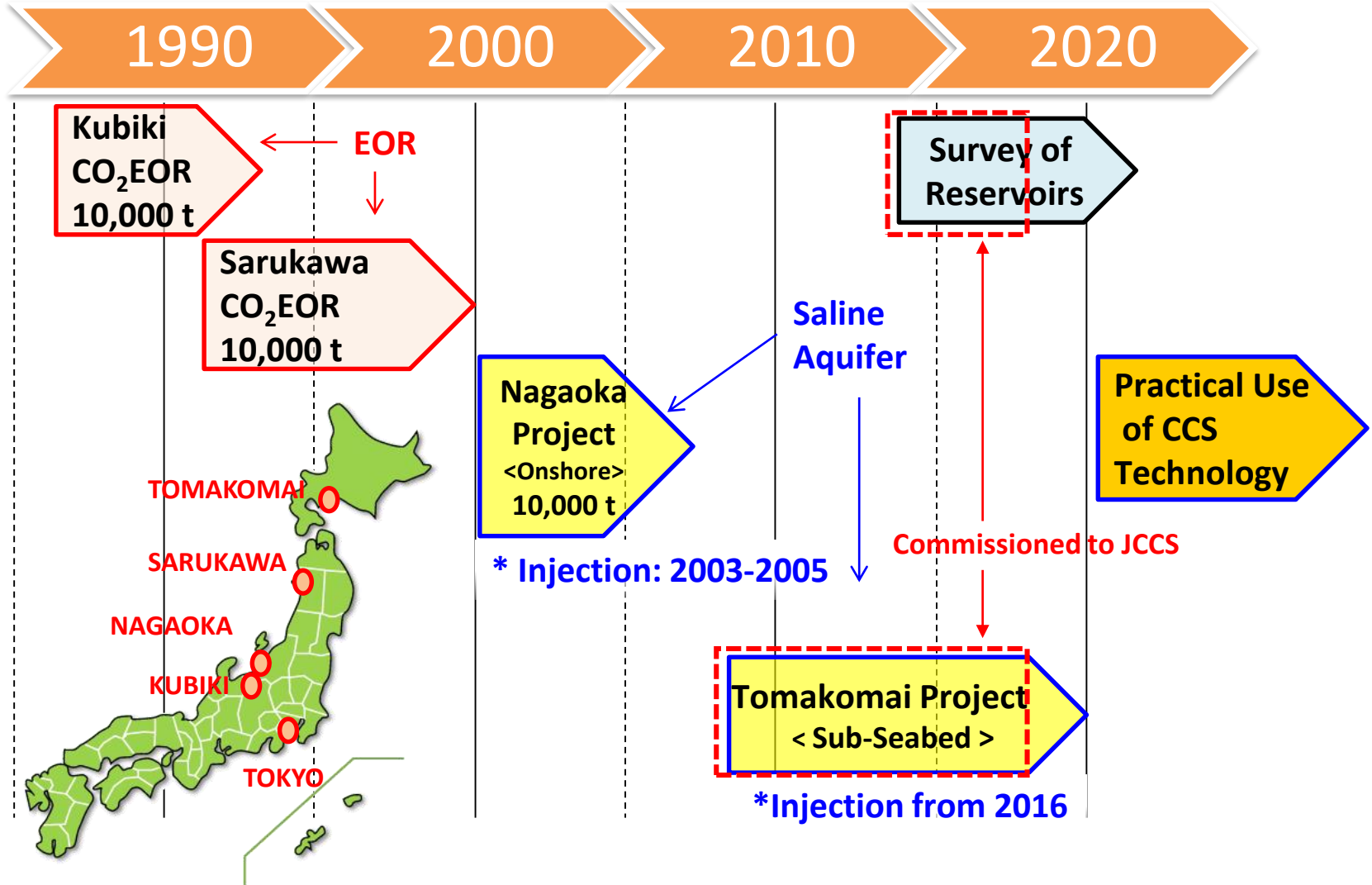
- **Overview of the Tomakomai Project and Capture Report**
- **Injection, Monitoring and Public Outreach**



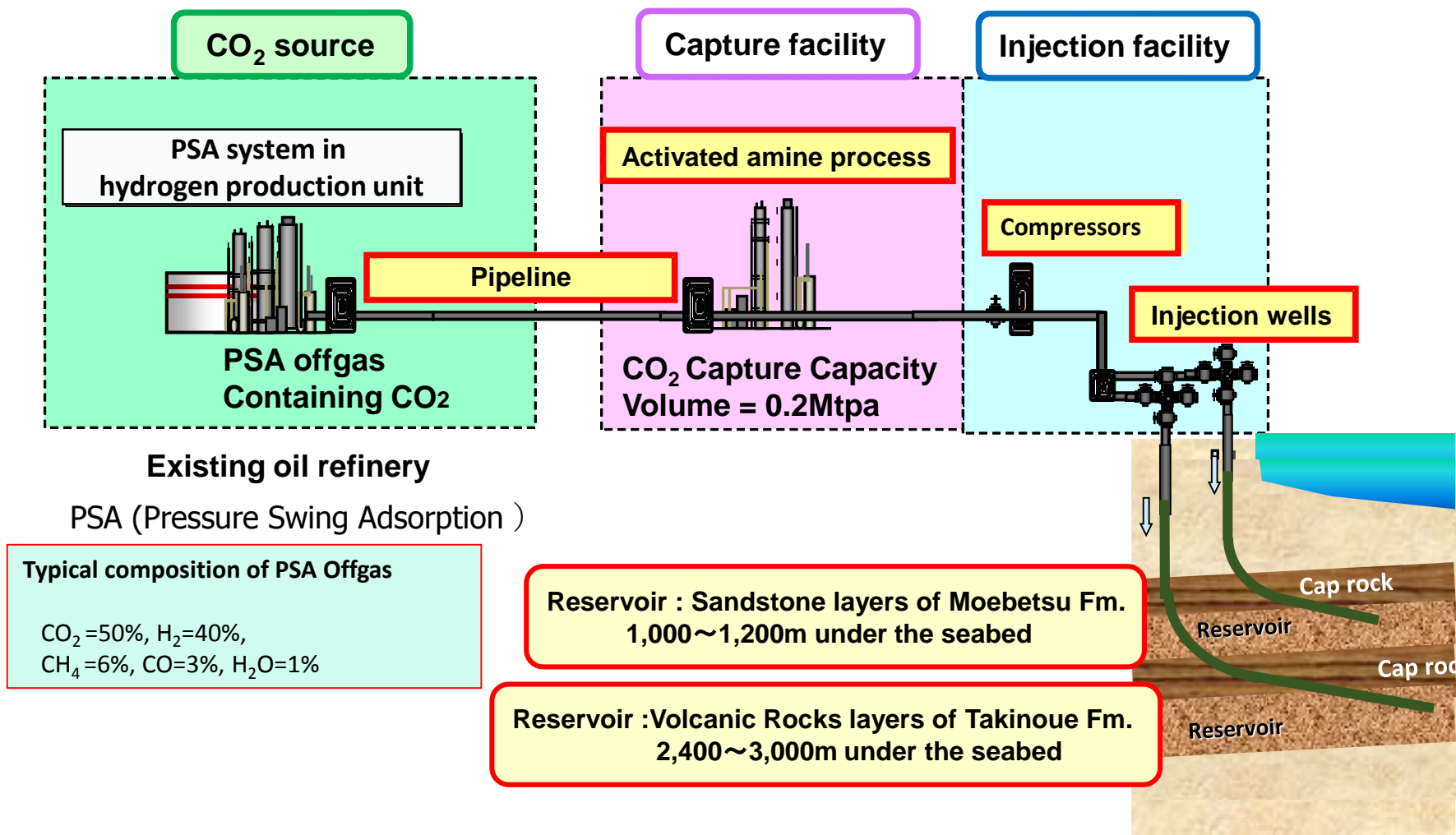
Overview of the Tomakomai Project and Capture Report

CO₂ Injection Projects in Japan

➤ Japan has promoted several CO₂ injection Projects.

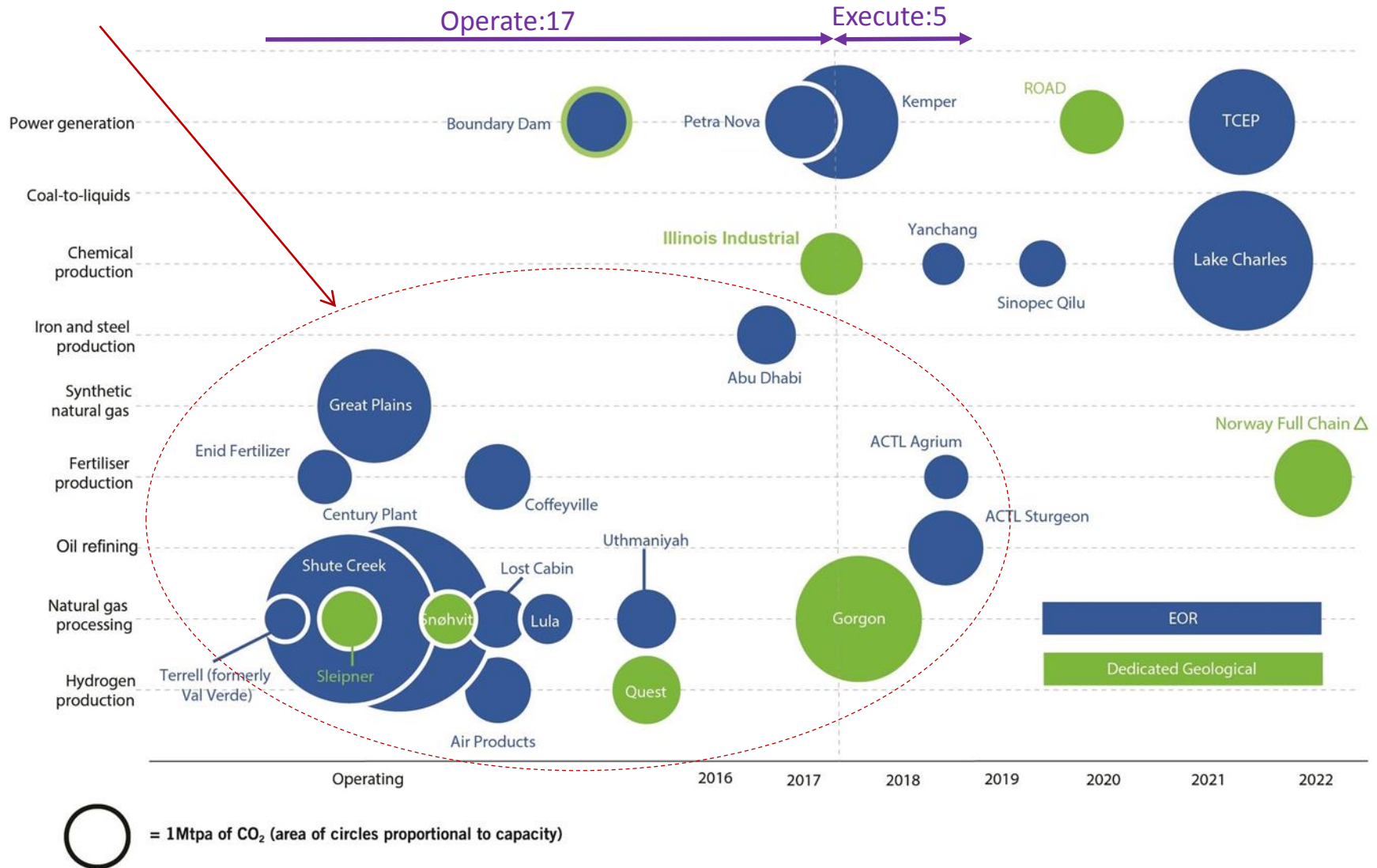


Flow Scheme of CCS Demonstration Project



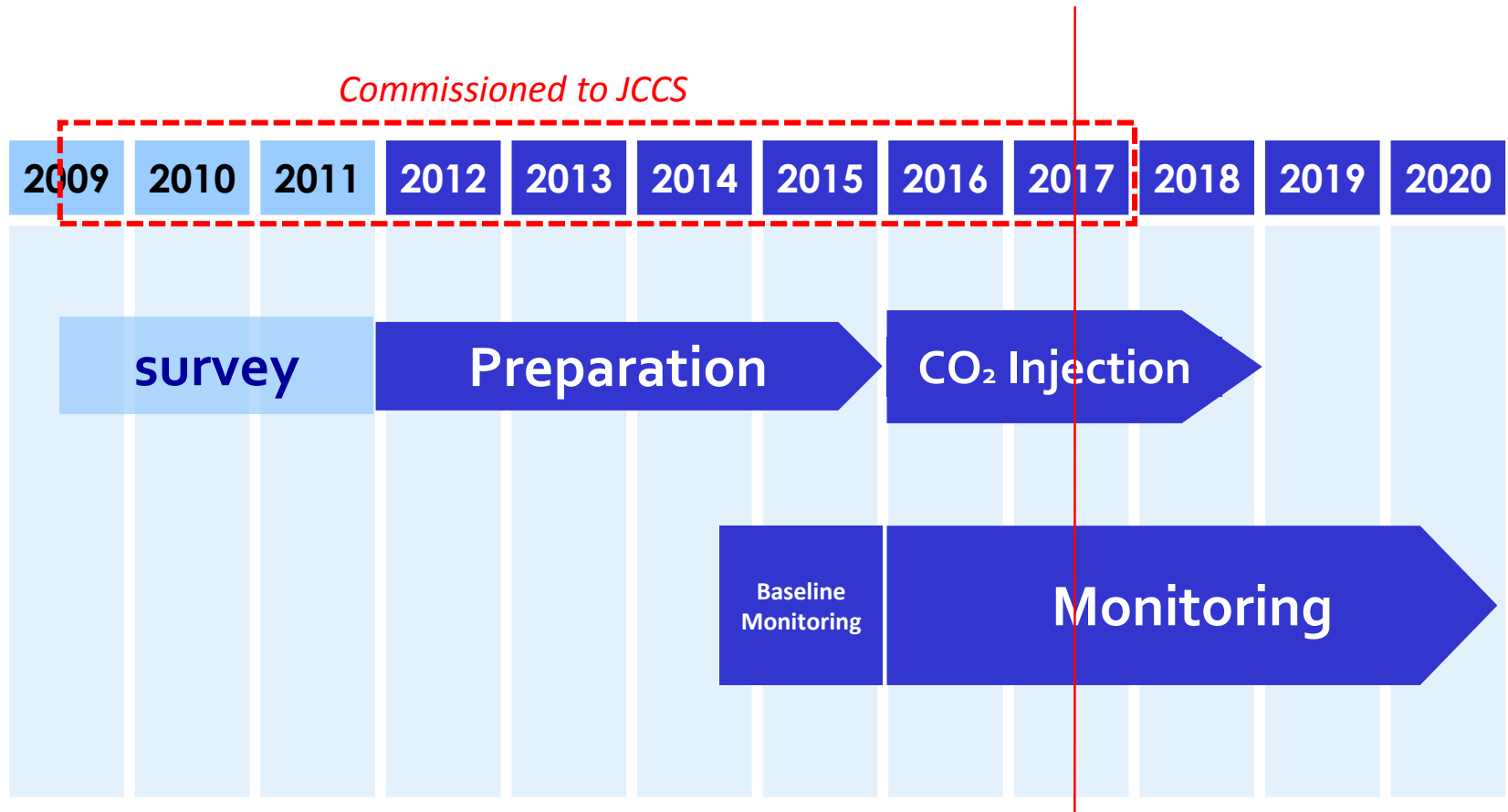
World CCS Trend

Tomakomai Demonstration Project falls into “high pressure CO₂-containing gas with high CO₂ partial pressure” category.

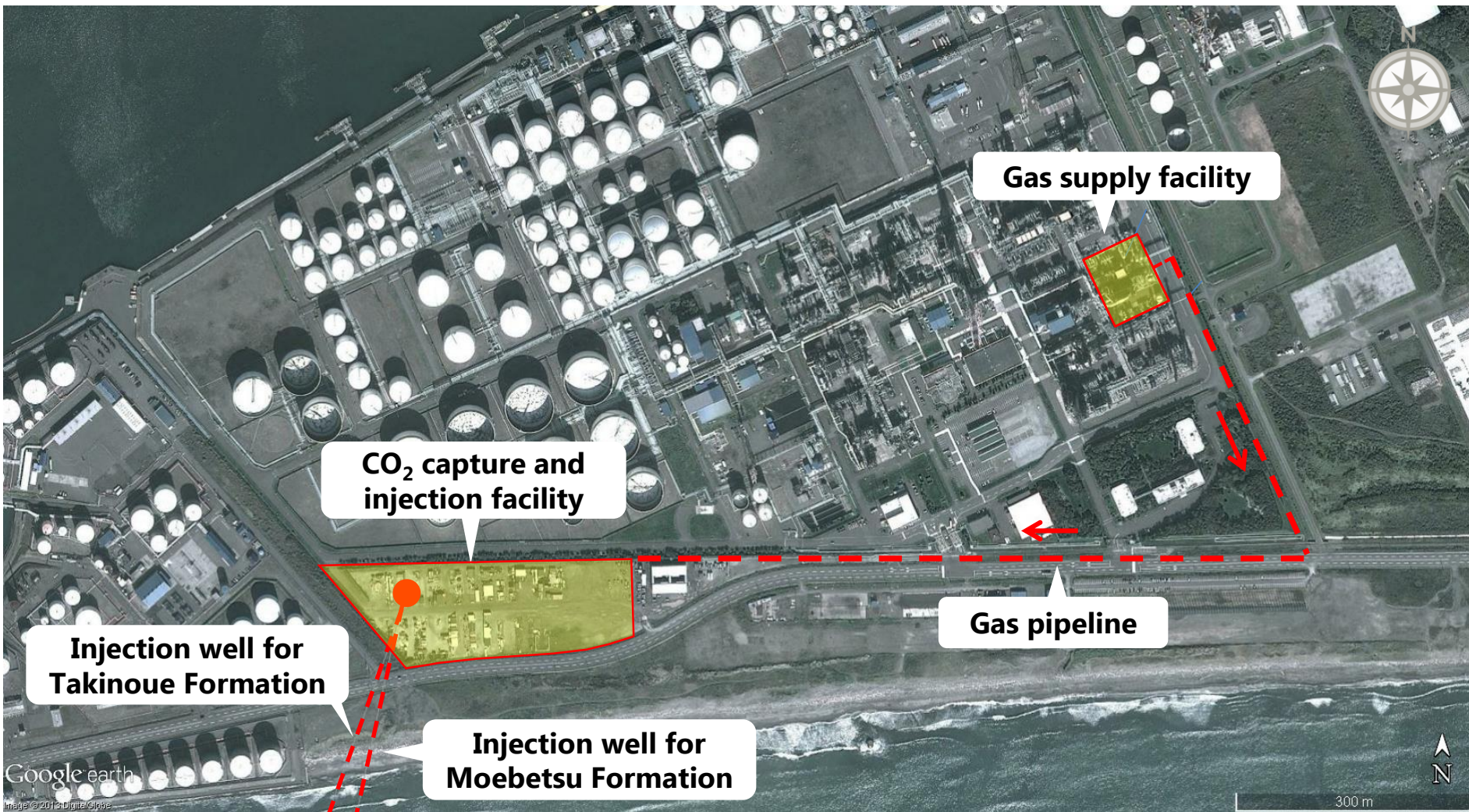


Δ Feasibility studies assessed the possibility of CO₂ capture and storage from ammonia production, from cement production and from waste-to-energy sources

Project Schedule

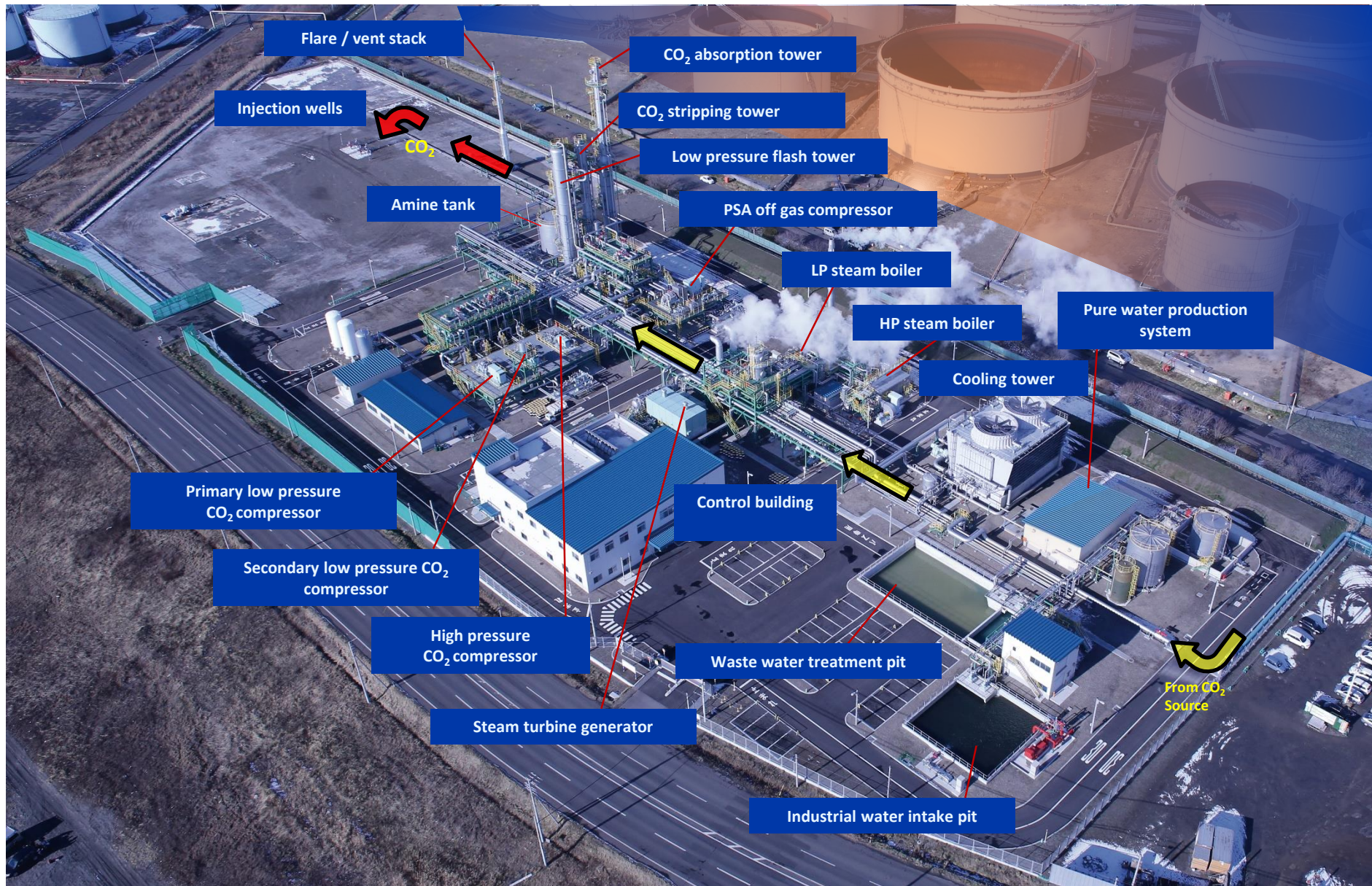


Positional Relation of Onshore Facilities



©Google © 2013 ZENRIN Image © 2013 DigitalGlobe

Aerial Photo of Capture and Injection Facilities



CO₂ Capture Facilities and Compressors



CO₂ Capture Facility

3 Staged CO₂ Compressors

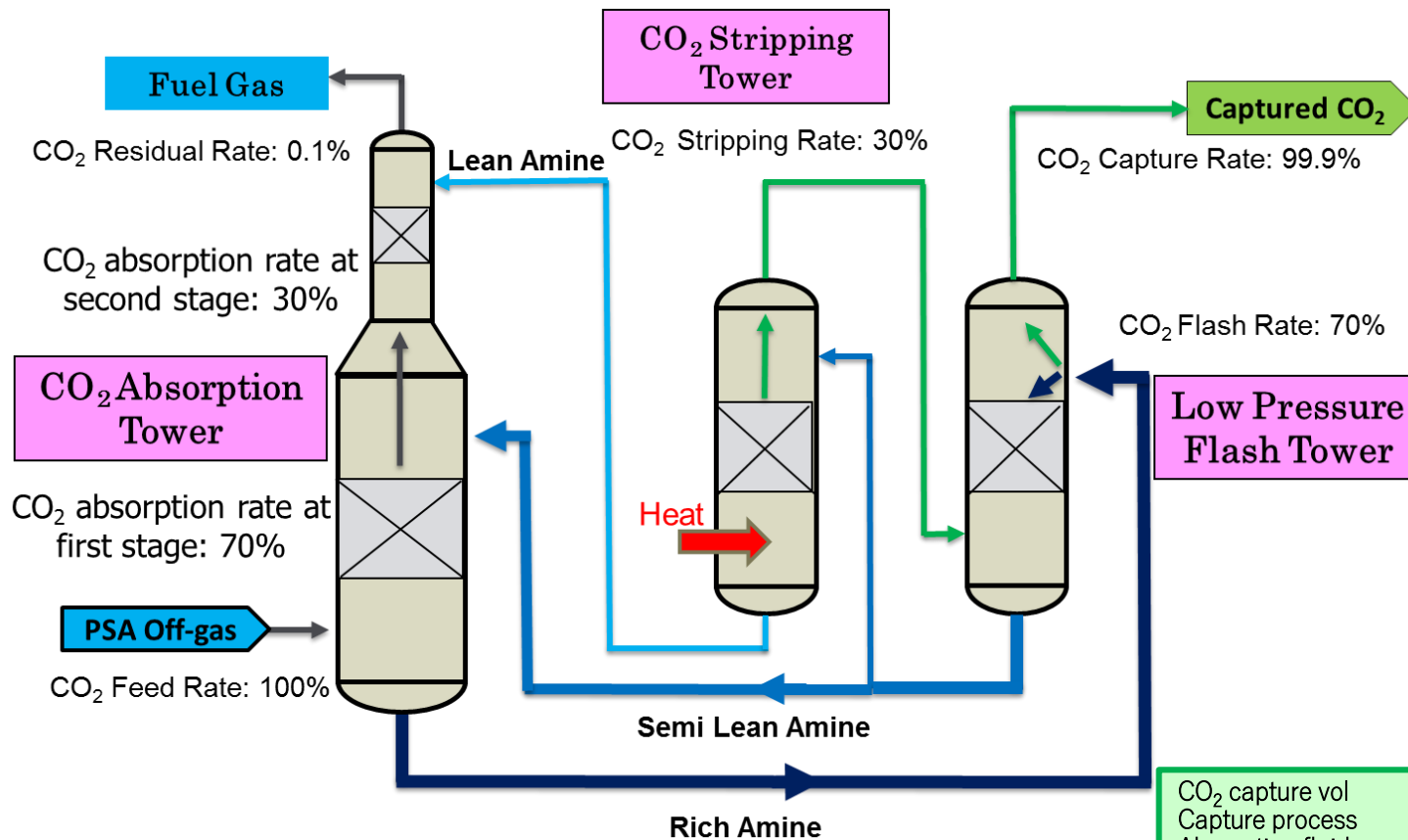
Control Room



DCS (Distributed Control Systems)

Tomakomai CO₂ Capture Process

- In LPFT, CO₂ is stripped by depressurization; thermal energy of water vapor of CO₂ Stripping Tower is also utilized to strip CO₂
- Greater part of semi-lean amine from LPFT is returned to CO₂ Absorption Tower for CO₂ absorption; as only the remaining smaller portion is sent to CO₂ Stripping Tower, reboiler heat required can be reduced



CO ₂ capture vol	: 25.3 tonnes/hour (0.2Mtpa)
Capture process	: 2-stage absorption + LPFT
Absorption fluid	: Activated amine (BASF)
CO ₂ purity	: > 99%
CO ₂ capture rate	: > 99.9%



CO₂ Capture Energy

CO₂ capture energy (GJ/t-CO₂)

=heat energy + electric energy

where: heat energy =reboiler heat(steam) consumption(GJ/t-CO₂) / steam boiler efficiency

electric energy=pump electricity consumption(kWh/t-CO₂)

x electricity-heat conversion factor/ power generation efficiency

where: steam boiler efficiency=0.9

electricity-heat conversion factor=0.0036(GJ/kWh)

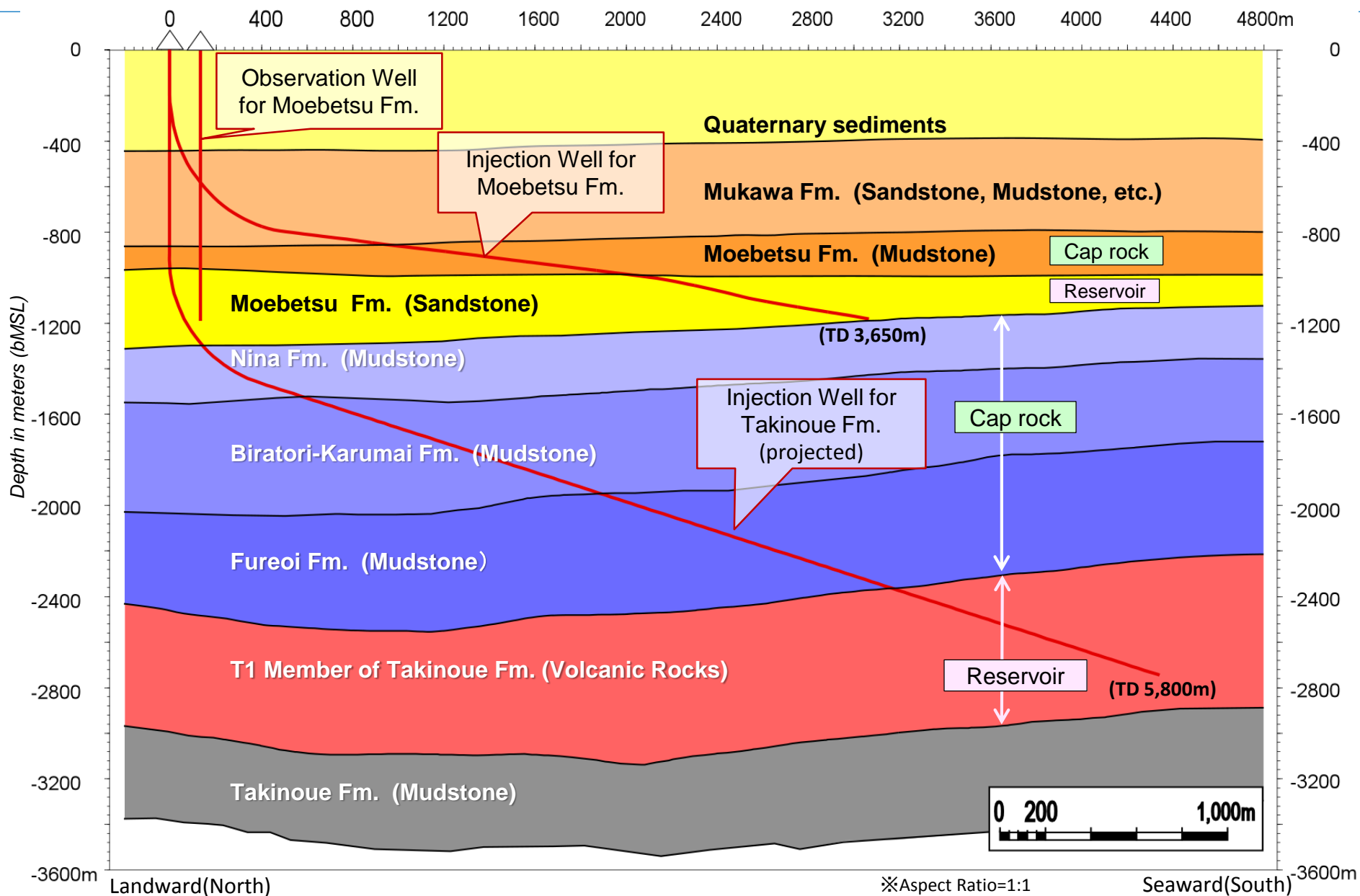
power generation efficiency=0.42(LHV)

Preliminary Figures

	Max Load
Loading Factor 100%=25.3 t-CO ₂ /h	100%
Heat energy (GJ/t-CO ₂)	1.03
Electric energy (GJ/t-CO ₂)	0.17
CO ₂ capture energy (GJ/t-CO ₂)	1.20

Injection, Monitoring and Public Outreach

Schematic Geological Section



Heads of Injection Wells

Moebetsu
Injection Well

Takinoue Injection
Well



Prior to
insulation



Sea Surface Locations above Two Injection Points

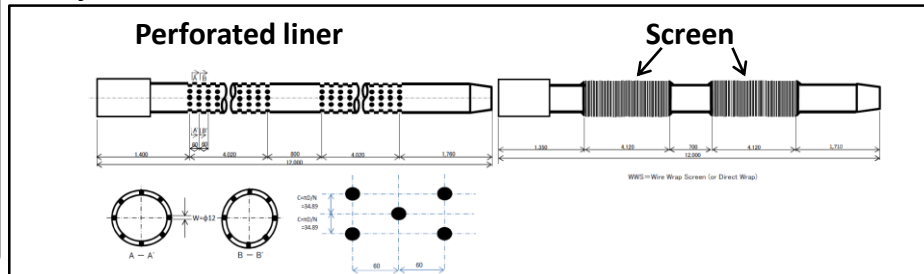
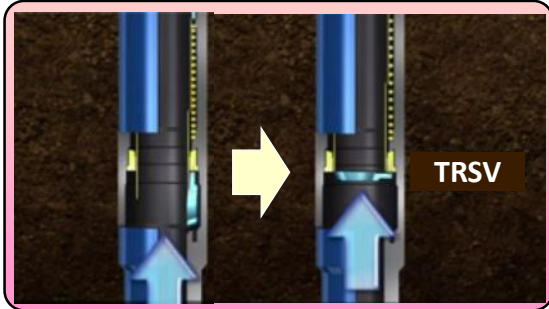
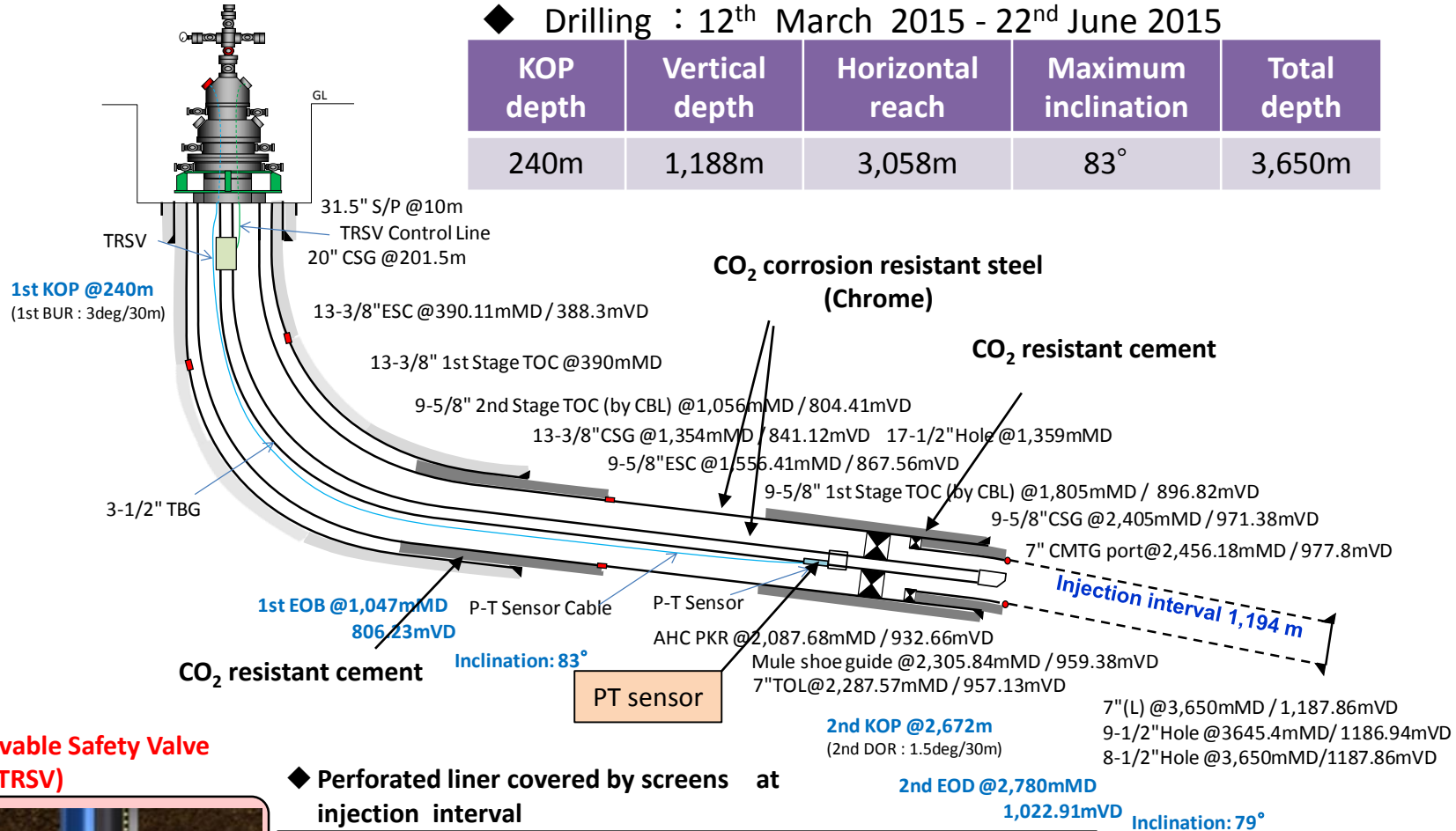
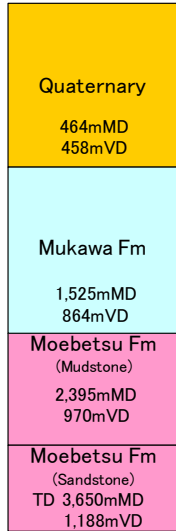


Injection Points :
3km and 4km from
sea coast

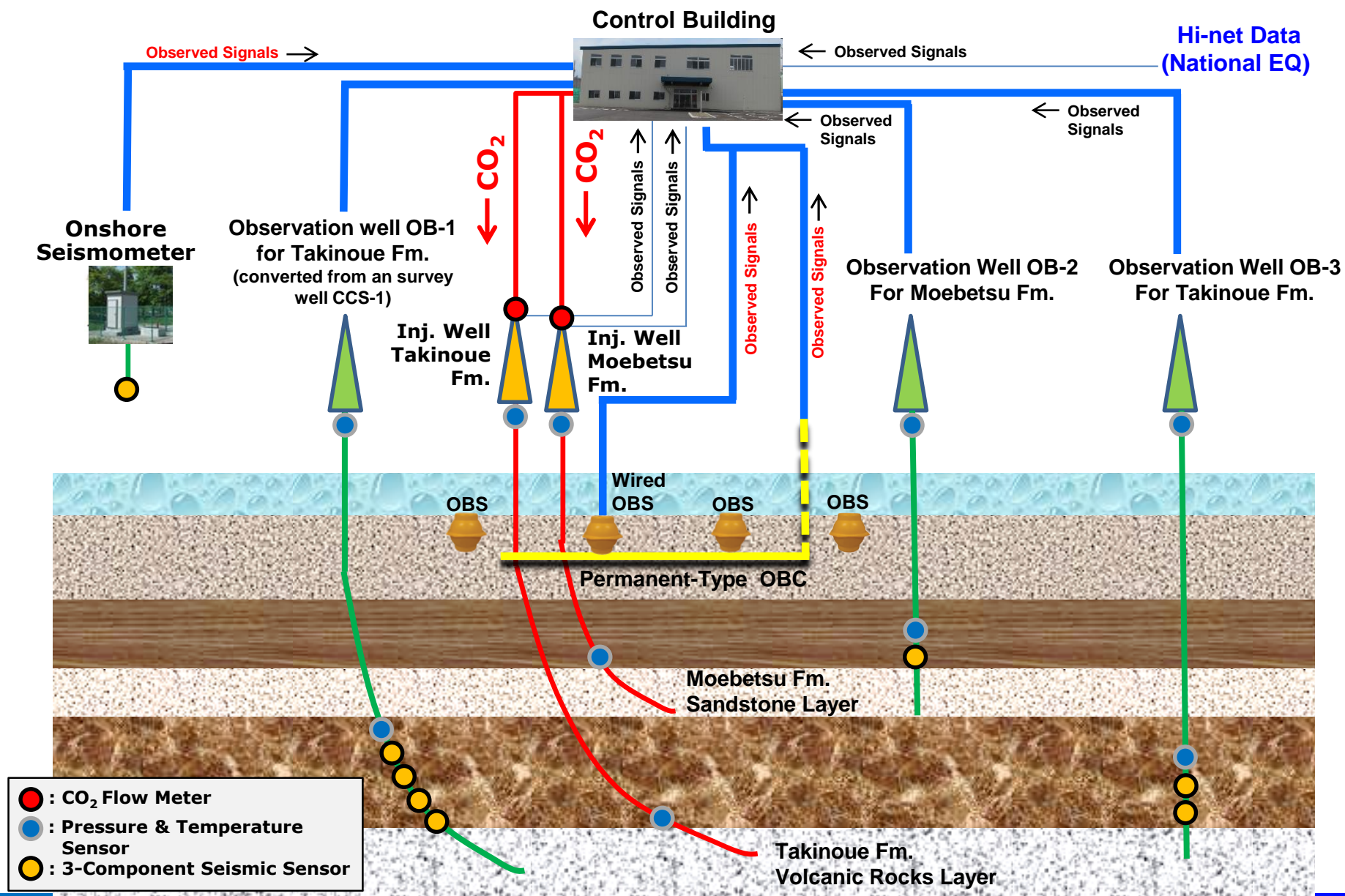
Injection well for Moebetsu Formation

◆ Drilling : 12th March 2015 - 22nd June 2015

KOP depth	Vertical depth	Horizontal reach	Maximum inclination	Total depth
240m	1,188m	3,058m	83°	3,650m



Conceptual Diagram of Monitoring System



Marine Environmental Survey

Marine environment shall be surveyed based on “**Act on Prevention of Marine Pollution and Maritime Disaster**” by which geological storage of CO₂ under the seabed is regulated.

1. Survey Area

- 12 survey points in Tomakomai Port Area

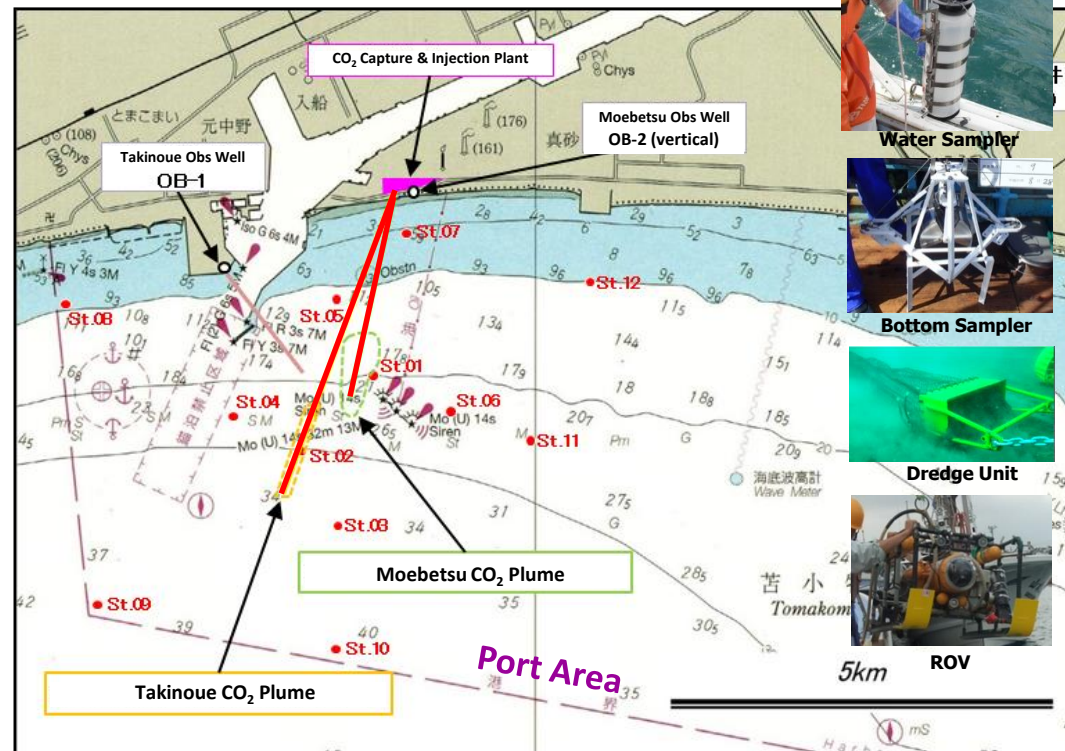
2. Methods of Survey

- **Seabed survey** by Side-Scan Sonar and Sub-bottom Profiler
- **Current direction and speed survey** by Current Meter
- **Sampling of seawater** by Water Sampler for concentration of salt etc. and **plankton observation**
- **Seabed mud survey** by Bottom Sampler
- **Collection of benthos** by Net or Dredge Unit
- **Observation of benthos** by divers or ROV

3. Surveys in Three Stages

- During EPC period
- During demonstration operation
 - During CO₂ injection
 - After CO₂ injection
- After demonstration operation

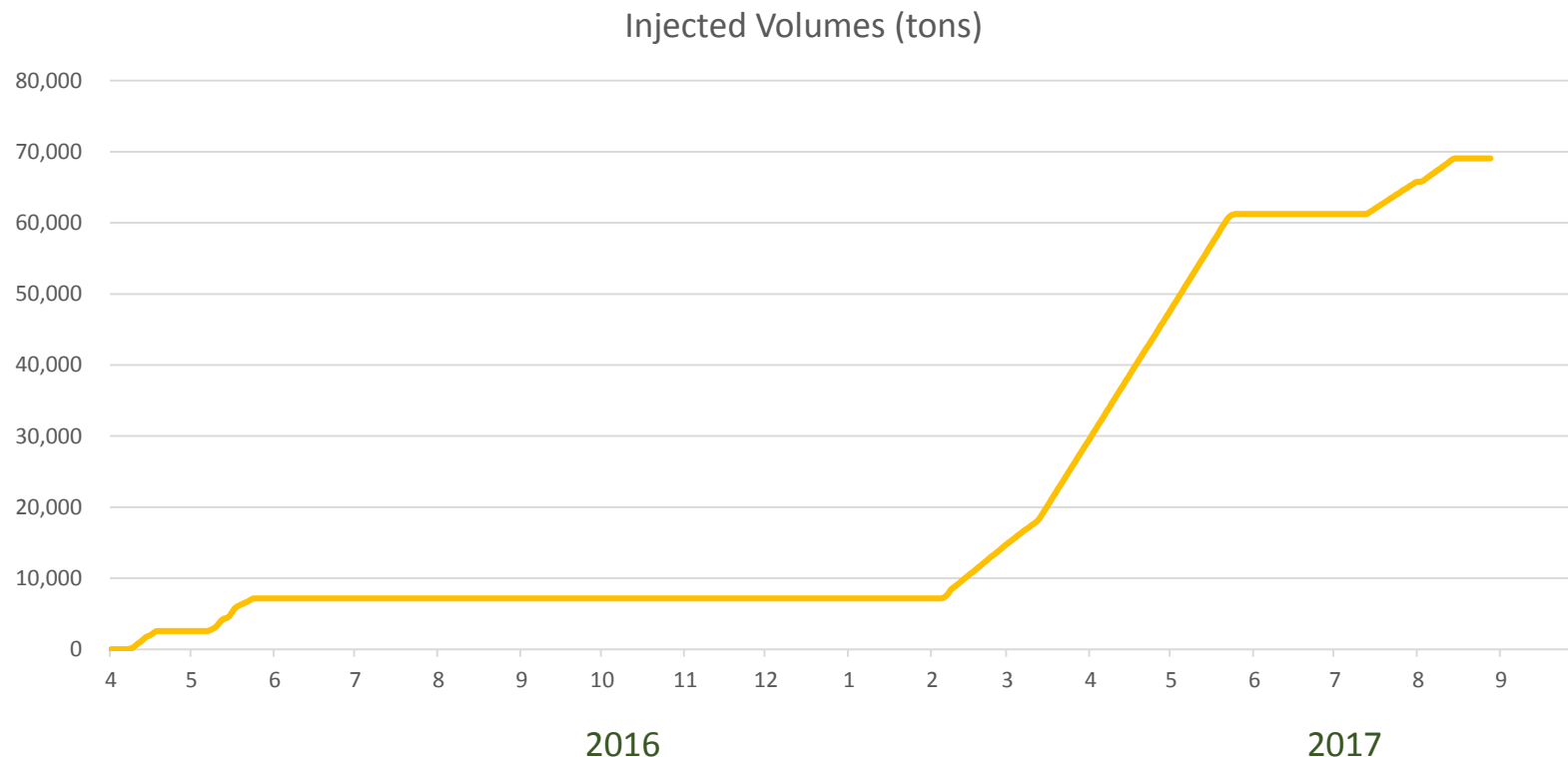
Environmental Survey Points



St : Survey Point

Plotted on Japan Coast Guard nautical chart

Injection Record



Note

1. Injection rate : 7.6~25.3 tons/hr (60,000~200,000 tons/year) , depends on the supply of CO₂ containing gas.
2. The bottom hole pressure was 9.2Mpa before injection and is 10Mpa during injection at the maximum injection rate.
3. The injection was stopped from June 2016 to July 2016 for the yearly maintenance of the oil refinery and CCS plant facilities.
4. The injection was stopped from August 2016 to February 2017 in order to conduct extra seawater surveys and to revise the marine environmental survey plan. After permission, the injection restarted on February 2017.

Public Outreach Activities

Public outreach is essential for CCS

Main results of a survey of Tomakomai citizens on CCS :

1.Information Disclosure

Thorough disclosure should be made.

Want to know more about CCS.

Need diligent and careful attention for local stakeholders.

2.Safety

Need more information on the risk of CO₂ leakage.

Adequate attention should be paid to safety.

3.Dissemination to Young Generation

Participation of young generation in CCS forums is inadequate.

Information exchange events to encourage participation by young generation should be organized.

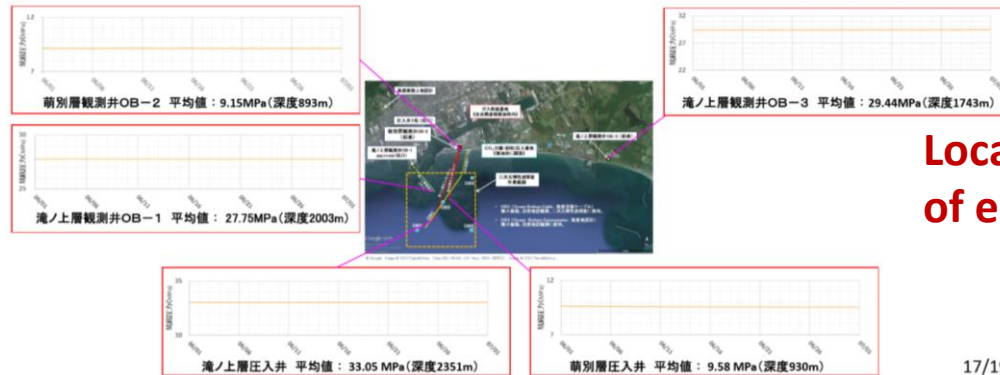


Our Public Outreach Activities

- 1.Released CCS DVD via website
- 2.Installed camera showing live construction site via website
- 3.Organizing panel exhibitions
- 4.Organizing annual CCS forums for citizens
- 5.Arranging site visits
- 6.Conducting lectures at universities
- 7.Arranging science classes for schoolchildren
- 8.Continuing information transmission through media
- 9.Disclosure of monitoring results of injection operations to citizens

Information Disclosure on Website

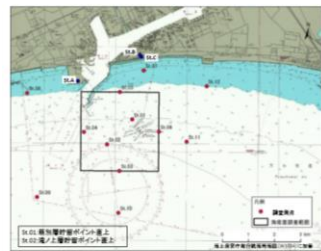
坑井内圧力観測(2017年6月)



Bottom hole pressure in June, 2017

CO₂ concentration of seawater in each season

圧入地点周辺の二酸化炭素(CO₂)濃度(季節観測)



地上の3地点(St.A~C)と海上の12地点(St.01~12)で二酸化炭素濃度の季節観測を実施しています。二酸化炭素濃度は、地上観測点では体積比(単位: ppm)、海上観測点では分圧(単位: μ atm)で表示しています。海上観測点の値は海底面の上方2mの位置での測定値に基づくものです。

	2013年				2014年				2015年				2016年				2017年			
	春	夏	秋	冬	春	夏	秋	冬	春	夏	秋	冬	春	夏	秋	冬	春	夏	秋	冬
St.01	323	425	388	424									372	401	339	228				
St.02	364	432	393	428									475	389	351	255				
St.03	343	410	377	420									477	386	347	254				
St.04	351	399	393	436									432	394	335	239				
St.05	326	352	387	430									370	416	309	247				
St.06	283	417	395	424									411	366	332	259				
St.07	314	353	368	424									358	517	316	273				
St.08	370	349	366	327									360	439	316	277				
St.09	358	395	379	417									437	391	335	276				
St.10	353	395	372	415									477	394	333	266				
St.11	350	415	394	418									443	391	338	264				
St.12	317	377	383	420									334	447	334	252				
St.A					396	379	412	400	397	394	399	424	417	404	407	432	414			
St.B					365	382	405	407	400	394	388	415	411	397	405	417	413			
St.C					403	395	403	403	392	406	396	409	423	410	412	403	413			

* 2016年秋分は海上観測を実施していません 19

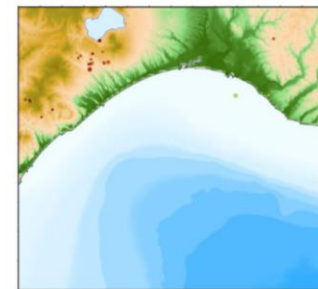
Location of the epicenter and magnitude of earthquakes near Tomakomai

June, 2017

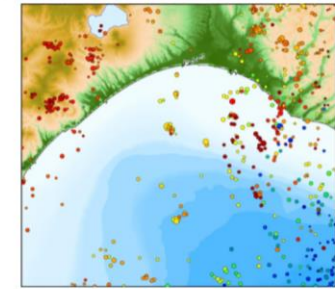
2001~2010

17/19

苫小牧市周辺の自然地震発生状況



2017年6月の自然地震震源分布



2001年~2010年に発生した自然地震震源分布

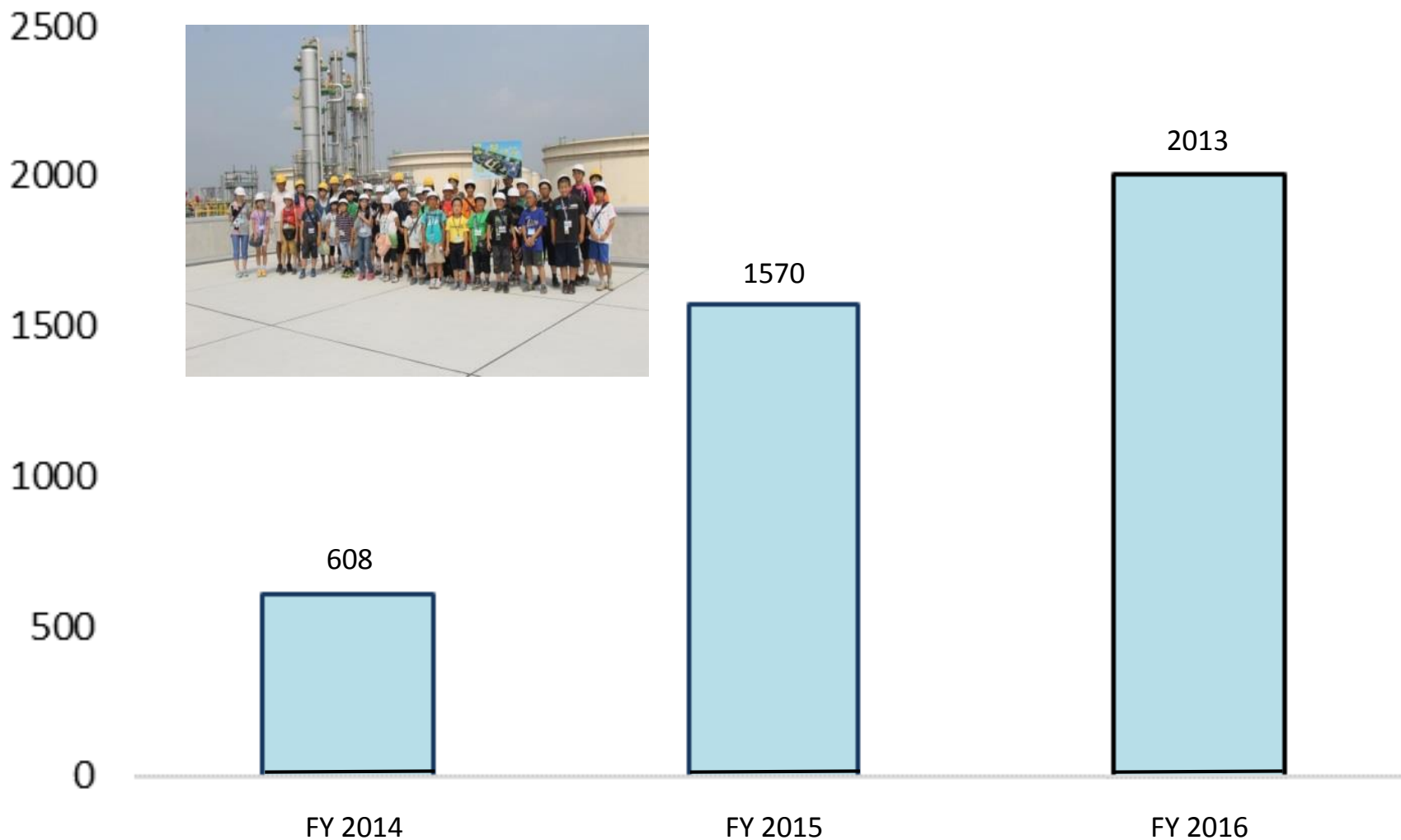
図中震源位置は気象庁一元化震源リストによる。震源深度50km以浅の地震を表示。

地形図は、国土地理院 数値地図250メッシュ(標高)および海上保安庁「日本海洋データセンター」500mメッシュ水深データより作成

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Numbers of Visitors to Tomakomai CCS Demonstration Center

(Visitors)



Public Outreach Activities in 2016

- ① **Panel Exhibitions:** 5 times in Sapporo, Tomakomai and neighboring towns
- ② **Site Visits:** total number of visitors: 2,013 (154 groups) from universities, research associations, local government, etc.
- ③ **Environmental Exhibitions:** “Eco-Pro* 2016”, “2016 Global Warming Prevention Exhibition” in Tokyo
- ④ **Kids Science Rooms:** games and experiments to learn about global warming, CO₂ and CCS (total of 2 times in Tomakomai)
- ⑤ **CCS Forum:** March 4, 2017 in Tomakomai (attendance: 312)

① Panel Exhibitions



② Site Visits



③ Env. Exhibitions



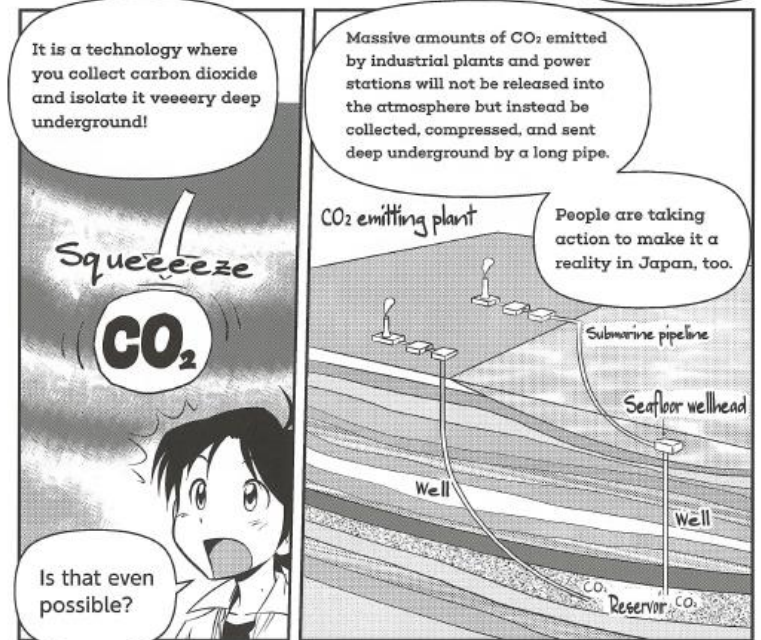
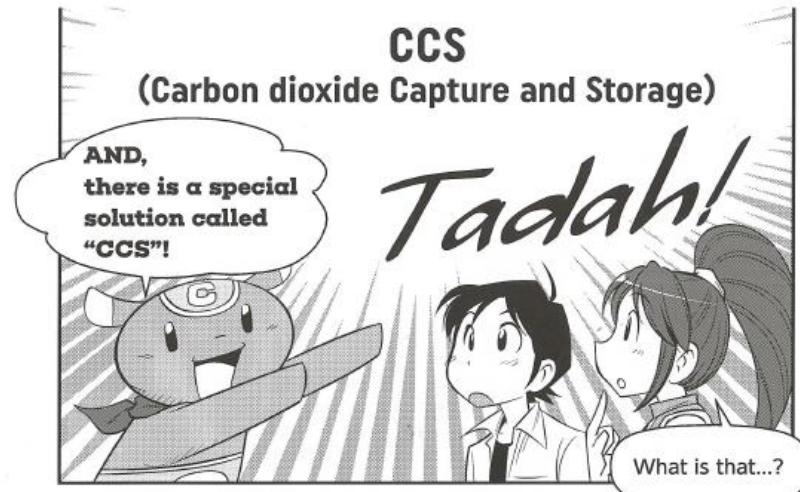
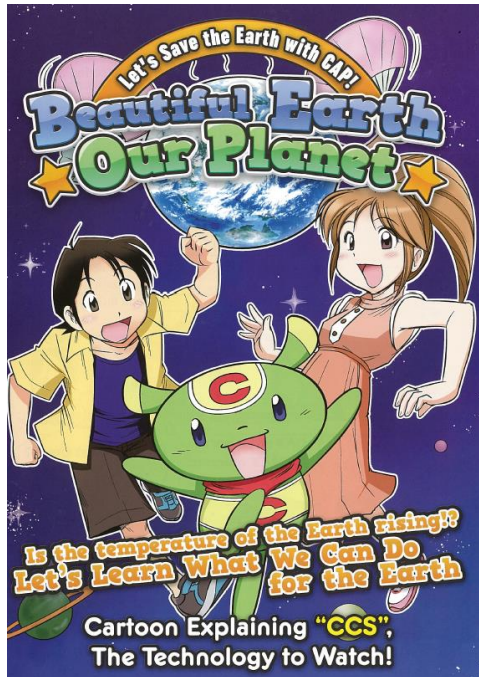
⑤ CCS Forum



④ Kids Science Rooms



Comics for Young Generation



Project Summary

- Full cycle CCS system from capture to storage is in operation; objective is to develop practical CCS technology by around 2020
 - Demonstrate safety and reliability of CCS system
 - Remove concerns about earthquakes
- Unique features of project
 - Energy efficient two-stage CO₂ capture system
 - Deviated injection wells from onshore site into offshore reservoirs with elongated injection interval
 - Extensive monitoring system
- Extensive stakeholder engagement
 - Maintaining close communications with Tomakomai fishery cooperative, local government
- JCCS conducts international activities for knowledge sharing of CCS worldwide

A photograph of an industrial facility, likely a power plant or refinery, at night. The scene is illuminated by artificial lights, highlighting several tall, cylindrical distillation columns and a complex network of pipes and structural steel. The sky is a deep blue, suggesting twilight. The overall atmosphere is industrial and technical.

Thank you for your attention.

JCCS Company Profile and CCS Project Framework

Company Profile

Date of Incorporation: May 26, 2008

Business Description:

Implementation of CCS demonstration project and investigation for potential storage sites in Japan

Capital: 243 MM JPY

Shareholders: 35 companies

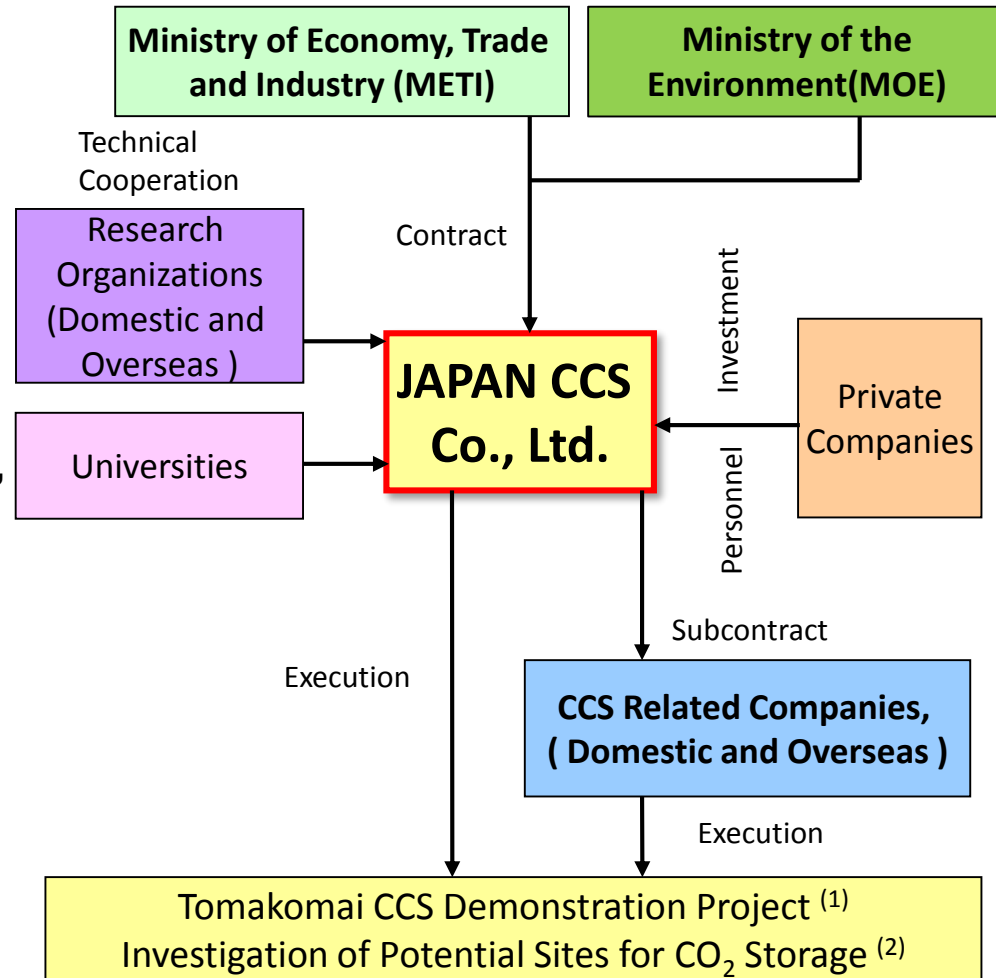
11 electric power, 5 engineering, 4 petroleum, 3 petroleum resource developing, 4 general trading, 2 iron and steel, 2 city gas, 1 chemical, 1 non-ferrous metal and cement, 1 steel pipe, 1 special trading

President: Shoichi Ishii, JAPEX

Directors: 8 representing the shareholders' industries

No. of Staff: approx. 100

Project Framework - Functions of JCCS

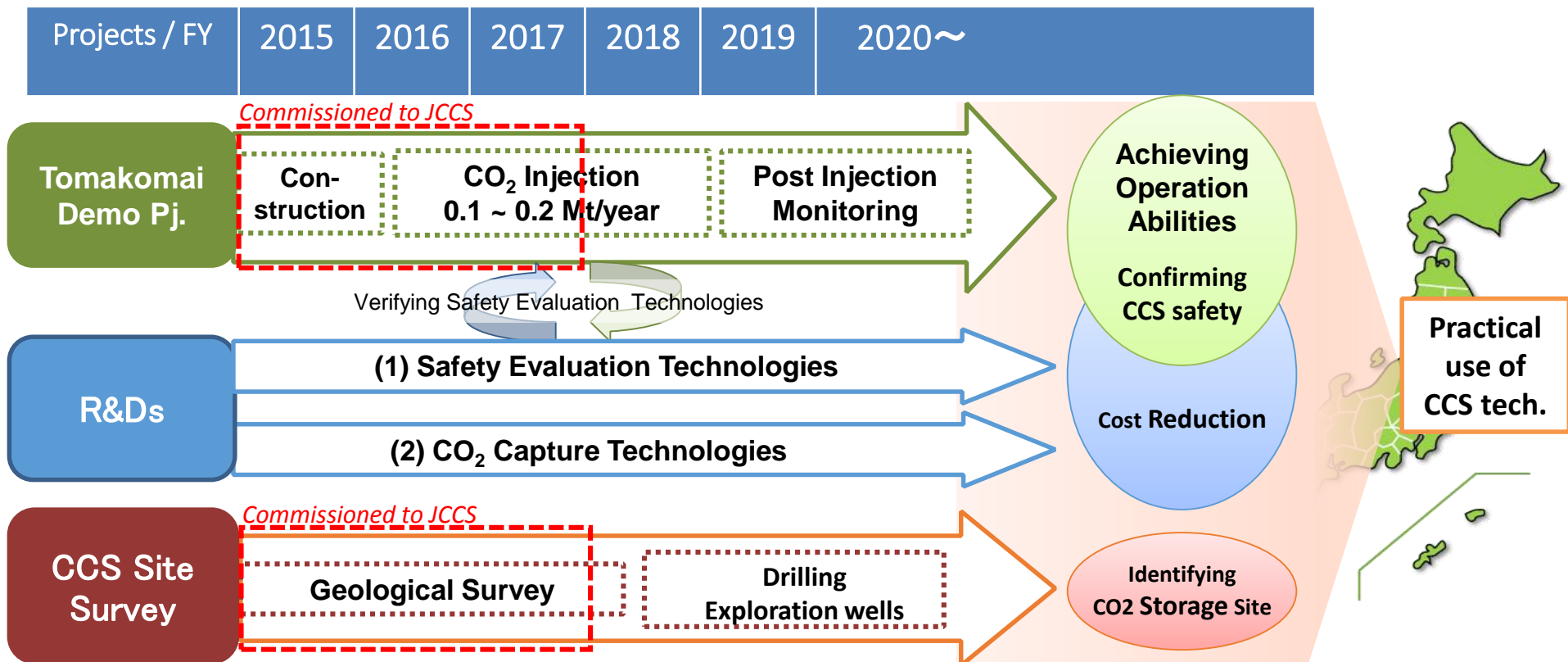


(1) Sponsored by METI

(2) Jointly sponsored by MOE and METI.

Overview of CCS Project in Japan

- Aiming at the practical use of CCS technology around 2020, METI conducts Tomakomai Demonstration Project, R&D projects of elemental technologies for CCS, and survey for potential CO₂ storage site.



CCS Site Survey Project

- It is necessary to identify CO₂ storage sites for CCS deployment in Japan.
- Target : Specifying at least 3 sites by 2021 through seismic & drilling exploration.

Commissioned to JCCS

Year

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

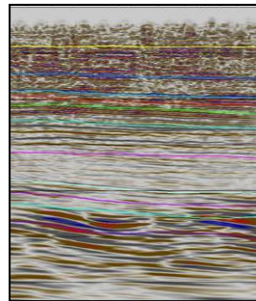
2019

2020 ~

Investigation on
Potential CO₂
Storage Site and
Capabilities

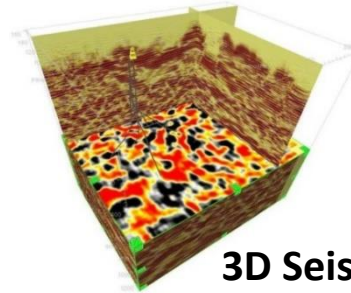
2D Seismic Survey
& Data Analysis

2D Seismic Data



3D Seismic Survey
& Data Analysis

3D Seismic Data



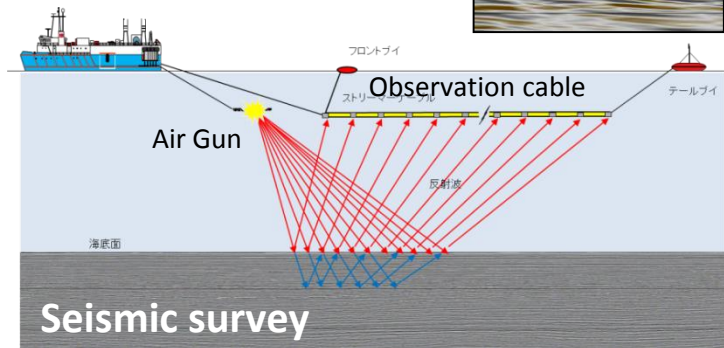
Drilling wells



Selection of
Storage Sites

Drilling Exploratory Wells,
& Evaluation

Bubble by the Air Gun



Positional Relation of Injection & Monitoring Systems

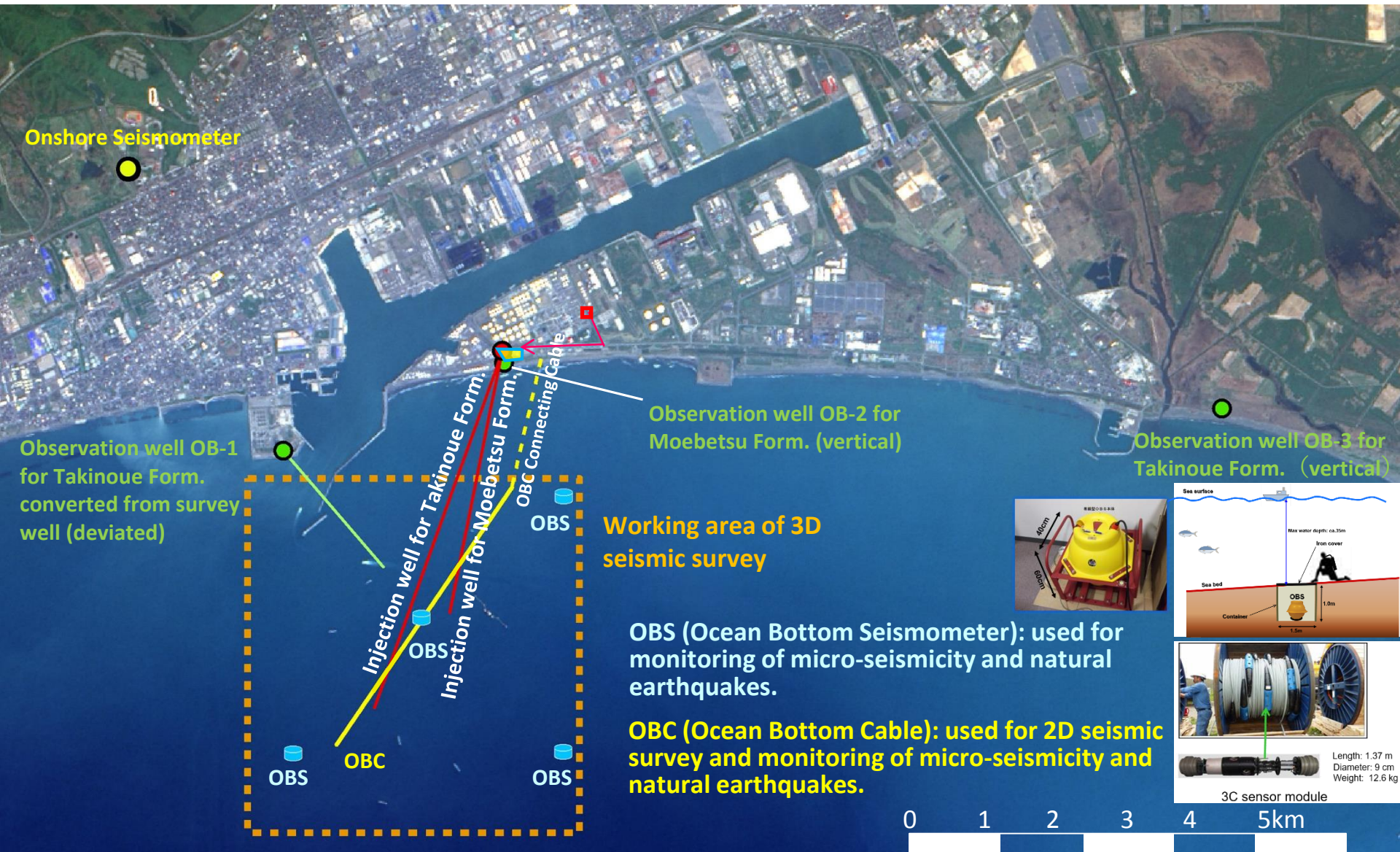
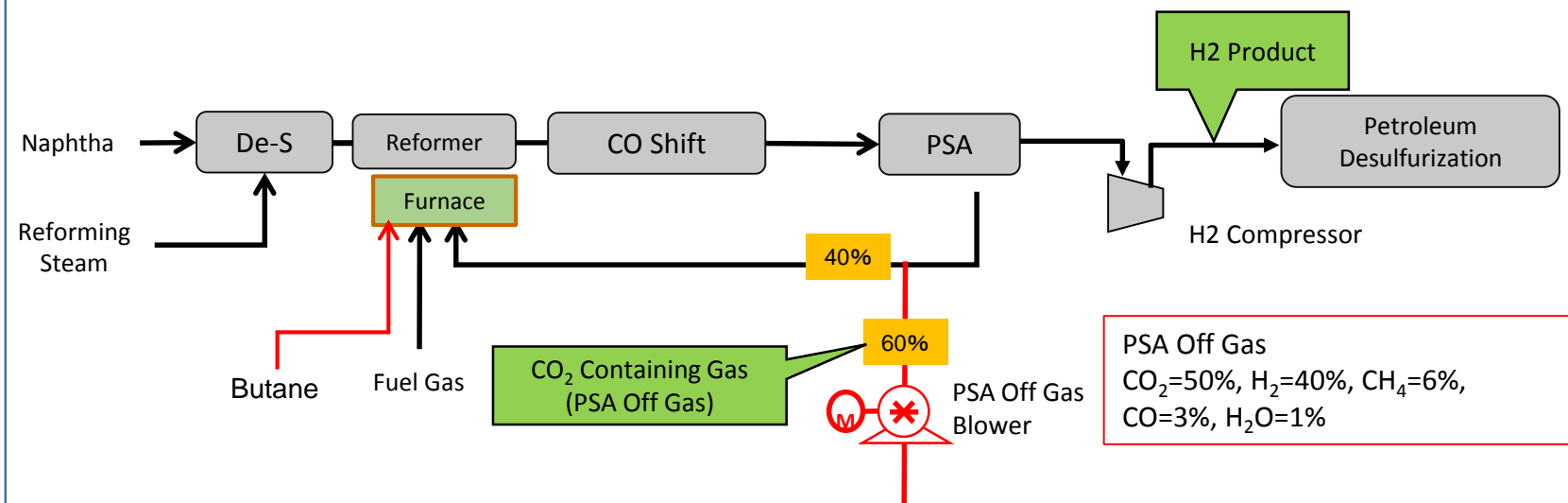


Image: LC81070302016141LGN00, courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey, text by JCCS

CO₂ Containing Gas from Gas Supply Facility

Gas Supply Facility: Existing H₂ Production Plant (Idemitsu Kosan Co.,Ltd.)



CO₂ Capture and Injection Facility

