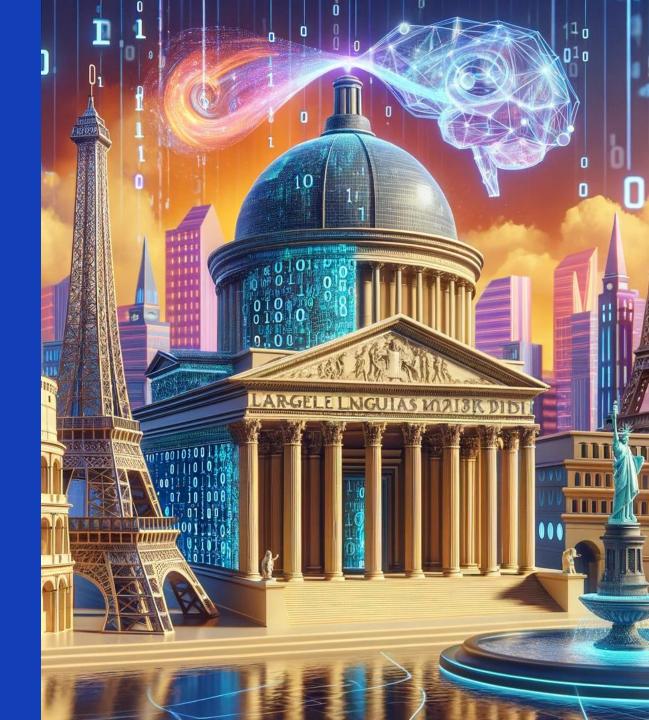
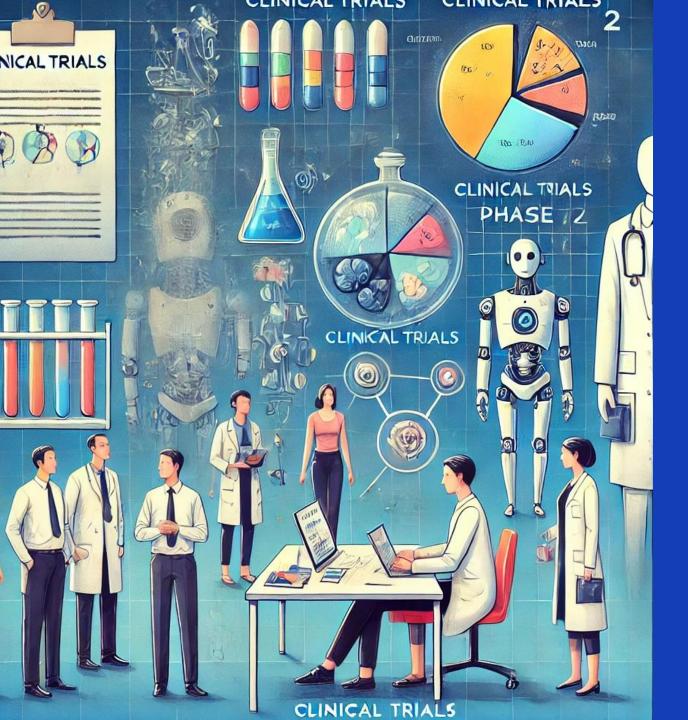
Generative Al

Opportunities and challenges

Dr. Saskia Lensink





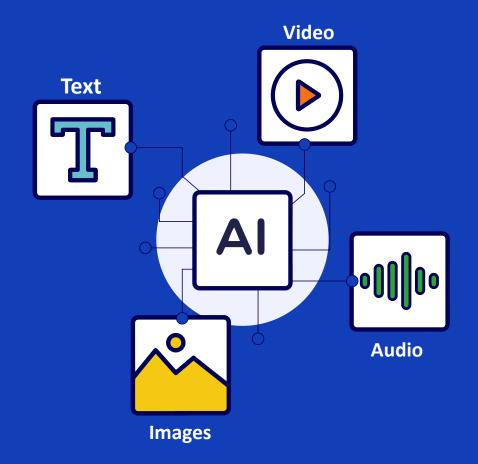
Why do clinical trials take so much time?

Very well regulated because of the potential of a (hugely) negative impact



What is generative AI?

Aa category of AI systems designed to generate new content, such as text, images, audio, and video, by learning patterns from existing data.





GenAl brings significant opportunities and value







Software Development



Data Analytics



Customer Service



Legal Contract Management



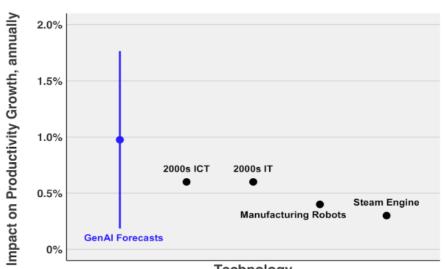
\$111 billion

Value the GenAl global market is expected to reach by 2030

80%

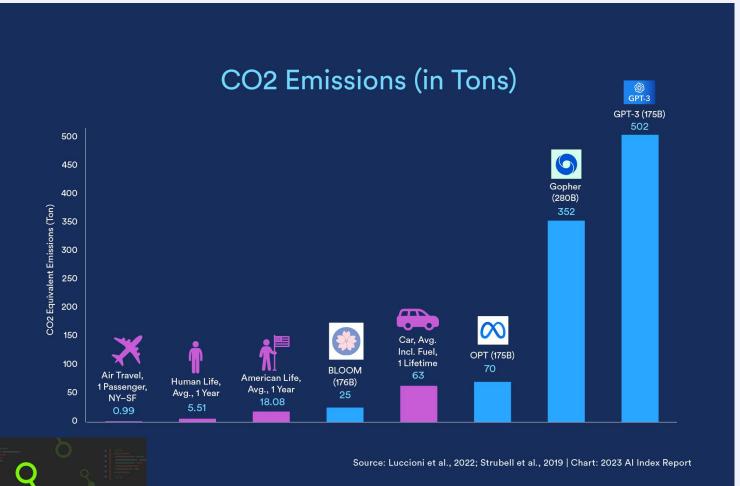
Of enterprises using GenAl powered applications in their workflows by 2026

Forecasts on the impact of Generative AI fall in the middle of historical technologies' impacts



Technology

Environmental impact genAl



it produces a lot of CO2 emissions.

Here's a breakdown of its carbon footprint:

1 Each query 4.32g of CO2

Using a CO2 calculator and some basic math, ChatGPT produces more CO2 per query than Google (apparently, each search query in Google results in 0.2q CO2 per query.)



16 queries is equivalent to boiling a kettle

2



Fancy a cup of tea? Boiling an electric kettle produces **70g of CO2**.

139 queries produce as much CO2 as doing laundry

That's assuming you started a load at 86 degrees Fahrenheit and used a clothesline to dry them.



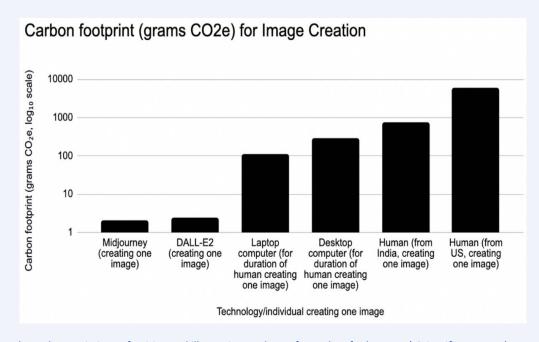
92,593 queries will get you from San Francisco to Seattle and back

4

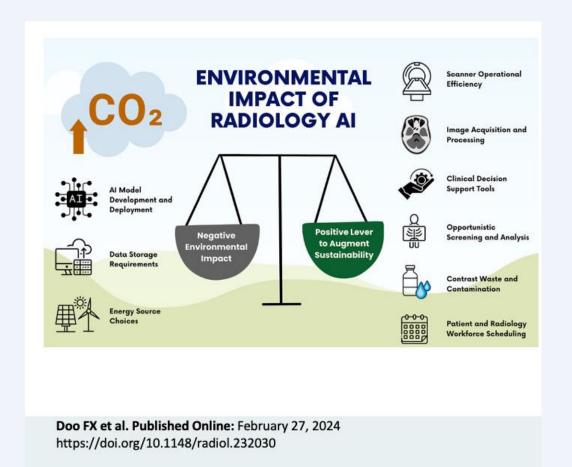


Not that we expect one person to do this on their own, but 92,000+ queries emit 400kg CO2 - as much as a round-trip flight from San Francisco to Seattle.

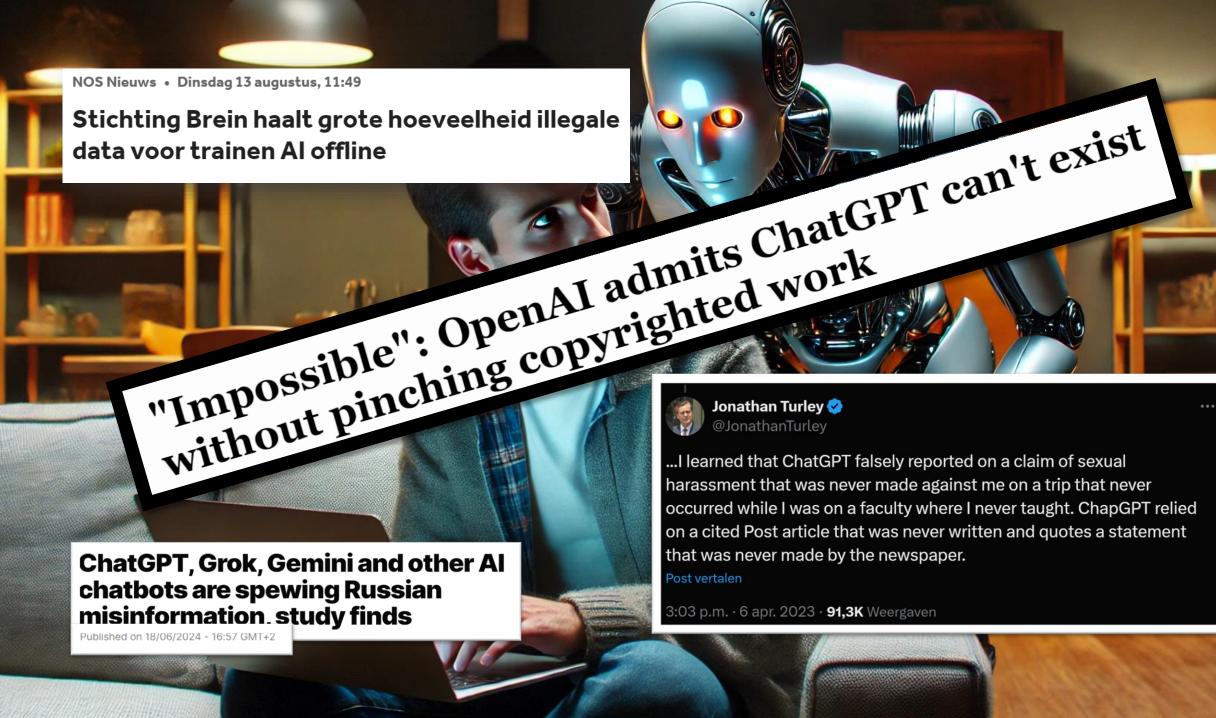
Environmental impact genAl



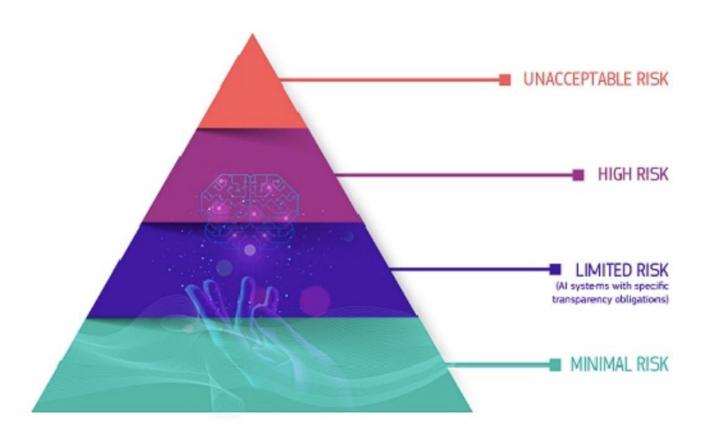
The carbon emissions of writing and illustrating are lower for AI than for humans | Scientific Reports (nature.com)







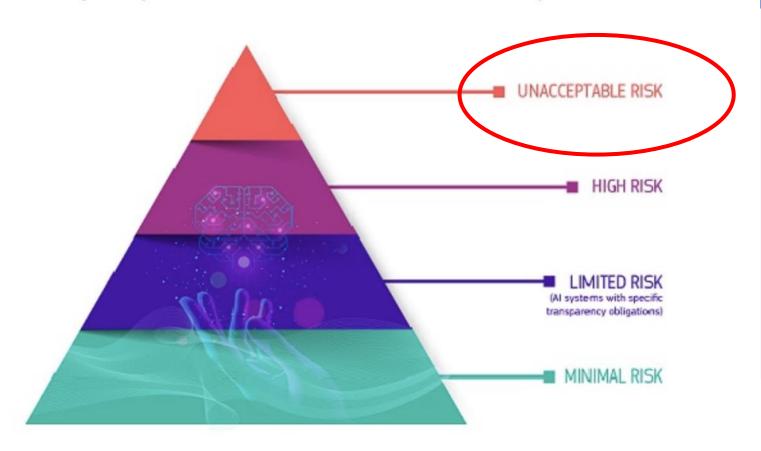
The Regulatory Framework defines 4 levels of risk for AI systems:



- Officially entered into force on August 1st, 2024
- Risk-based approach



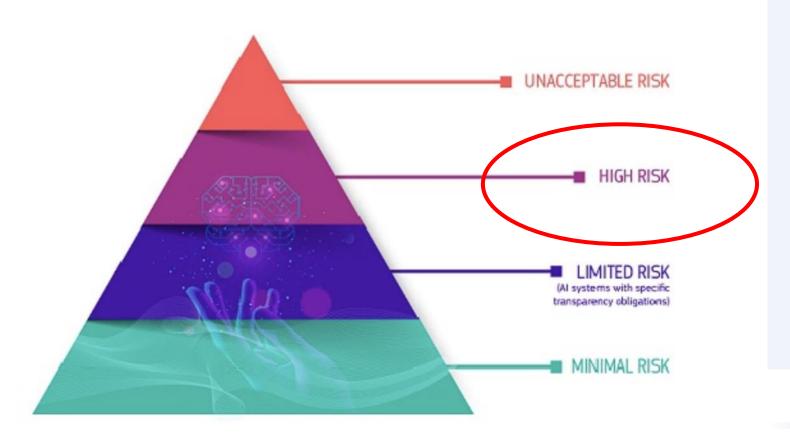
The Regulatory Framework defines 4 levels of risk for AI systems:



- Banned
- Examples: social scoring, emotion recognition in the workplace and schools, biometric categorisation systems



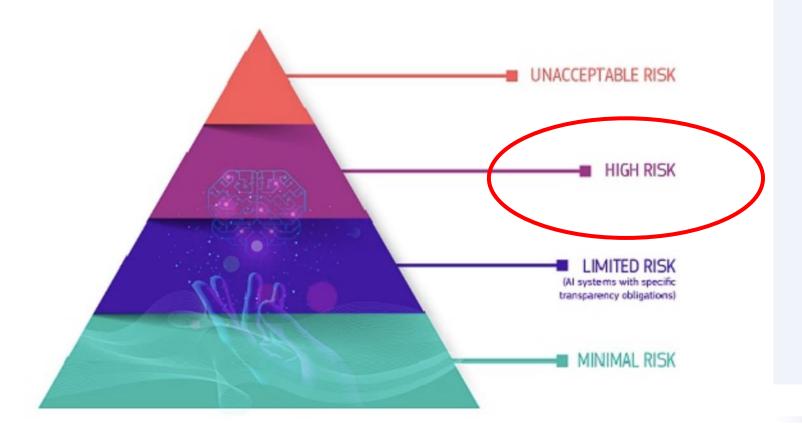
The Regulatory Framework defines 4 levels of risk for AI systems:



- Subject to strict obligations
- Examples: critical infrastructure, education, essential public services such as healthcare, law enforcement, border management, justice and democratic processes



The Regulatory Framework defines 4 levels of risk for AI systems:



Obligations:

- adequate risk assessment and mitigation systems
- high quality of the datasets feeding the system to minimise risks and discriminatory outcomes
- logging of activity to ensure traceability of results
- detailed documentation providing all information necessary on the system and its purpose for authorities to assess its compliance
- clear and adequate information to the deployer
- appropriate human oversight measures to minimise risk
- high level of robustness, security and accuracy





A **lawful** Dutch-English Large Language Model,
Trained on a dataset we are collecting from scratch,
Using data that we are allowed to use,
Striving to be as transparent and compliant as possible

FOUNDATION INSTRUCT MODEL MODEL

RAW TEXT DATA

INSTRUCTIONS

FEEDBACK

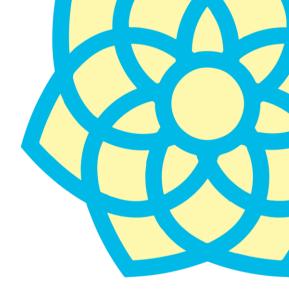






TrustLLM

- Democratize Trustworthy and Efficient Large Language Model Technology for Europe
- The main objective is the development of an open, trustworthy, and sustainable LLM initially targeting the Germanic languages.
- This will create the foundation for an open ecosystem for next generation modular and extensible European trustworthy and sustainable large language models.







More about the TrustLLM project

Discord channel (open to everyone) on the <u>AI Nordics server</u>: #trust-llm-public

Website: www.trustLLM.eu

Project manager: <u>Trine.Platou@liu.se</u>























Norwegian University of Science and Technology







ANU BRADFORD

The Brussels Effect

HOW THE EUROPEAN UNION RULES THE WORLD

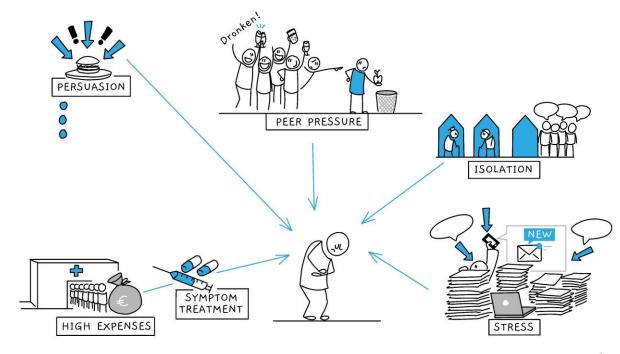




Thank you for your attention

LDDC 19 September 2024

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CURRENT CHALLENGES IN HEALTH



EU High-level expert group: ethical guidelines for Trustworthy AI

- **1. Human agency and oversight**: Including fundamental rights, human agency and human oversight
- Technical robustness and safety: Including resilience to attack and security, fall back plan and general safety, accuracy, reliability and reproducibility
- **3. Privacy and data governance**: Including respect for privacy, quality and integrity of data, and access to data
- Transparency: Including traceability, explainability and communication
- 5. Diversity, non-discrimination and fairness: Including the avoidance of unfair bias, accessibility and universal design, and stakeholder participation
- **6. Societal and environmental wellbeing**: Including sustainability and environmental friendliness, social impact, society and democracy
- Accountability: Including auditability, minimisation and reporting of negative impact, trade-offs and redress





Ethical guidelines trustworthy Al

Feature	TrustLLM	GPT-NL	NextGen genAl?
Human agency & oversight			••••
Technical robustness & safety		•••	
Privacy and data governance		••••	
Transparency			••••
Diversity, non-discrimination and fairness			••••
Accountability		••••	
Societal and environmental wellbeing			

