

Reference:

T. Becker, *REACH & Space: Update on priority topics & joint contributions*, 7th ESA REACH Workshop, ESA ESTEC, Noordwijk, the Netherlands, 2nd June 2026

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REACH & Space

Update on priority topics & joint contributions

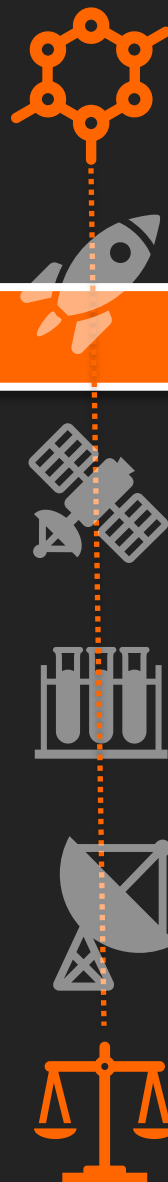
Tim Becker - Senior Legal Advisor

REACH & Space: Update Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Tracking of substance lists
3. High priority substances
4. Legislative updates
5. Key takeaways

Contents:

- ✓ About REACHLaw
- ✓ EU chemicals regulatory landscape
- ✓ Space sector perspective
- ✓ Activity review



- Global consultancy on chemical regulations
- Offices: EU, UK, India, South Korea, Türkiye, Ukraine
- 50+ experts (legal, technical, IT)
- Strong aerospace & defence expertise
- Supporting ESA since 2011



Regulatory
expertise



Continuous
Monitoring



Coordination



ESA REACH Tool



Best Practice
Guidance



Space Sector
Advocacy

Introduction

EU chemicals regulatory landscape

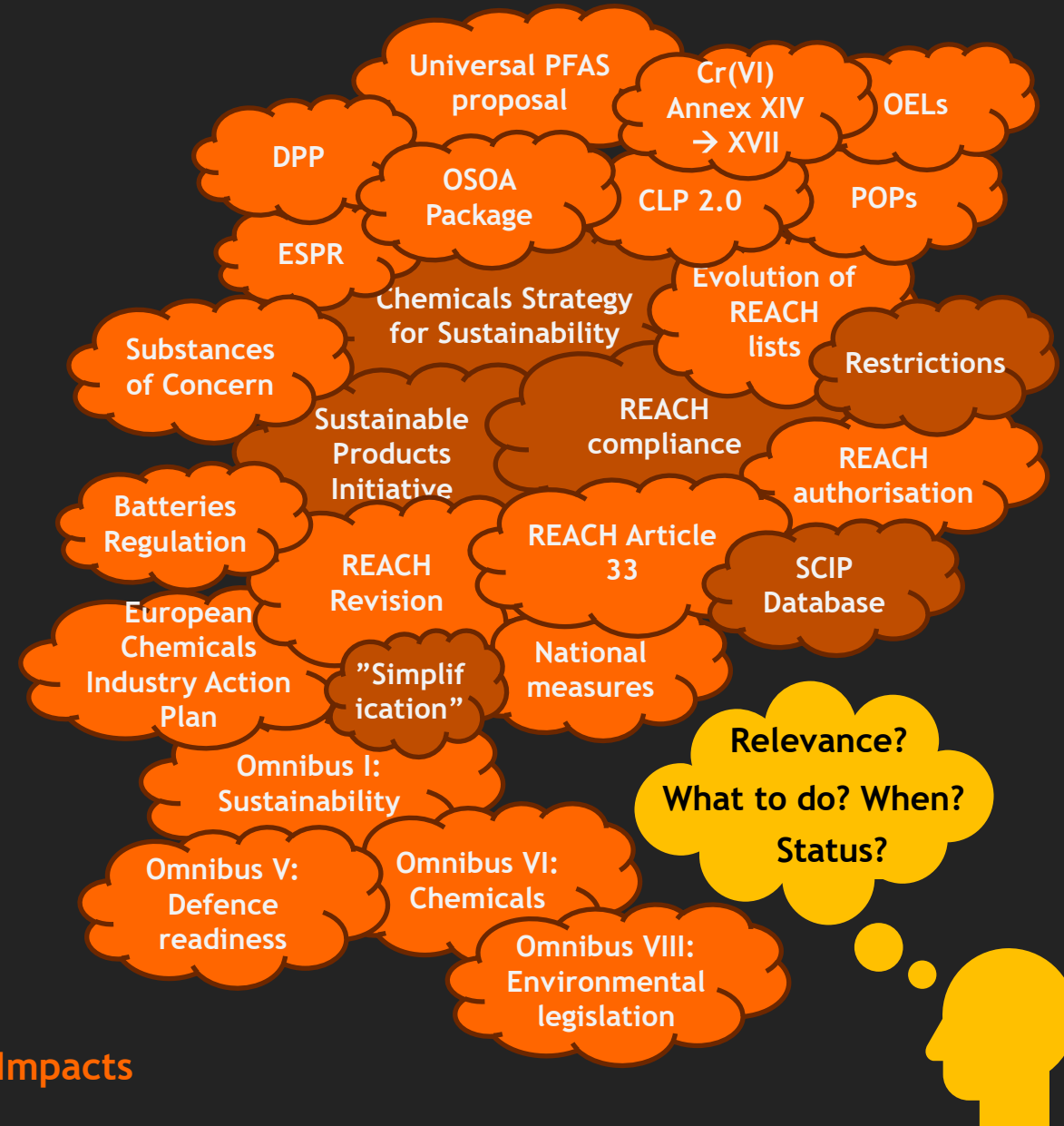
Trends

- **2019- "Green Wave"**: Major overhaul of existing framework and new legislation
- **2024- "Simplification Wave"** to promote EU competitiveness: "Omnibus" initiatives by EC
- **Grouping approach**: Restrictions, CLH

Scale

- ~ 360 000 chemicals on the market (C&L-notified)
- > 23 000 registered under REACH
- < 3 000 substances + PFAS further regulated
- > 100 EU laws dealing with chemicals

Result > High Complexity, Uncertainty, Possible Significant Impacts



Introduction

Space Sector perspective

- ✓ Niche, low volume sector
- ✓ Highly complex systems
- ✓ Strong dependency on other industries
- ✓ Strategic, frequently dual uses
- ✓ Closed systems / strict conditions
- ✓ Limited substitution options
- ✓ End use in Space - Little / no waste on Earth

Space Sector is highly vulnerable to chemicals restrictions, even more if group based



Introduction

Space Sector activities related to REACH over the last year

ASD-EUROSPACE
The Space group in ASD

[Home](#) [About us](#) [News and Events](#) [Activities and Services](#) [Positions, Reports & Videos](#) [Members' Library](#) [Contact](#)

"Universal PFAS": European Space Sector comments on socio-economic assessment sent to ECHA, urging EU policy makers to move away from universal ban model
27 May 2026
ASD-Eurospace is pleased to announce that we have submitted the...

European Space Restrictions Task Force discusses 2nd consultation response on Universal PFAS with ASD
27 April 2026
At its 10th meeting on 23 April 2026 – organised as a full-day...

Space Restrictions Task Force absorbs Lead metal and Chromates Task Forces on REACH
24 February 2026
Eurospace is pleased to announce that the merger of the Space...

European space sector feedback on Commission's call for evidence: Advanced Materials Act
14 January 2026

Eurospace calls on the European legislators to repeal the SCIP rules as a matter of urgency
21 May 2026
ASD-EUROSPACE strongly supports the European Commission's proposal...

Eurospace Policy Newsletter March 2026 #137

European Space Restrictions Task Force kicks off preparations for 2nd consultation response on Universal PFAS
9 February 2026
At its 9th meeting on 5 February 2026 (by WebEx) the European...

Eurospace Position Paper "From pad to orbit: the need to sustain independent European access to space"
4 May 2026
Autonomous access to space is a strategic prerequisite for Europe's...

Eurospace Position Paper "Support our ability to access and operate in space in a secure, safe and sustainable way"
25 February 2026
Industry and institutions have a shared interest: to operate...

Keynote Address of Marco Fuchs, President of ASD-Eurospace at the 18th European Space Conference 2026
30 January 2026
The Keynote Address of Marco Fuchs, President of ASD-Eurospace...

Save the date: Webinar "Newspace by the numbers"
18 December 2025
Curious what's putting "Newspace" in the spotlight? Come find...

Eurospace announces collaboration with The Space Republic
15 October 2025
Eurospace is thrilled to announce a new editorial collaboration...

The 29th edition of the annual facts & figures report is out
11 July 2025
Eurospace announces the release of the 29th edition of the annual...

"Universal" PFAS restriction process under EU REACH and European Space Sector response: Updated Summary in different languages to inform interested stakeholders
17 December 2025
Eurospace is pleased to provide an updated summary in different...

Eurospace Position Paper "ECSS: an added-value tool for the European space industry"
7 October 2025
— POSITION PAPER AVAILABLE HERE — ECSS has been undergoing...

Eurospace Position Paper "Space, the foundation for Europe to understand and act in the world – How the next EU Multiannual Financial Framework can make it happen"
12 June 2025
— POSITION PAPER AVAILABLE HERE — Press release available...

Continued use of chromium trioxide under EU REACH after granting of ADCR authorisations – updated guidelines of 28.7.2025 for users in the European Space Sector (Issue 8)
16 October 2025
ASD-Eurospace wishes to update companies in the European Space...

European Space Restrictions Task Force scrutinises latest ECHA files on Universal PFAS and Chrome VI
7 October 2025
At its 8th meeting on 9 September 2025 (by WebEx) the European...

European Space Restrictions Task Force discusses progress on EU REACH proposals for Universal PFAS and Chrome VI
5 June 2025
At its 7th meeting on 28 May 2025 (by WebEx) the European Space...

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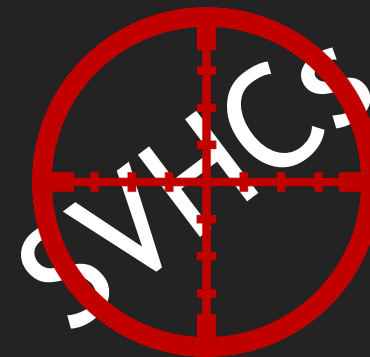


Contents:

- ✓ SVHC identification
- ✓ Restrictions (REACH & POPs)
- ✓ Pending restrictions
- ✓ “Substances of concern”

Tracking of substance lists (1/4)

SVHC Identification



- **EU REACH**: Current lack of SVHC intentions
 - No update of Candidate List expected in summer 2026
- Shift of focus to **CLP**: Harmonised classification and labelling process (CLH), incl. uptake of new hazard classes
 - Topical examples of interest / concern for the Space Sector (*screening on-going*):
 - **Dimethylsilanediol (DMSD) (CAS 1066-42-8)**: CLH proposal by Norway as Repr. 1B, PMT and vPvM ([link to ECHA CHEM](#))
 - **Perchlorates (CAS 14797-73-0 et al.)**: CLH proposals submitted by Germany (15.5.2026), incl. as ED ENV 1 ([link to ECHA CHEM](#))
- New **ECHA MSC ad hoc Working Group** on SVHC cases based on Equivalent level of Concern (ELoC)



SVHC Criteria REACH Art. 57

*CLH applicable

CMR 1A/B*

PBT*

vPvB*

EDs*

PMT*, vPvM*

Other ELoC

Tracking of substance lists (2/4)

Restrictions (REACH Annex XVII & POPs)

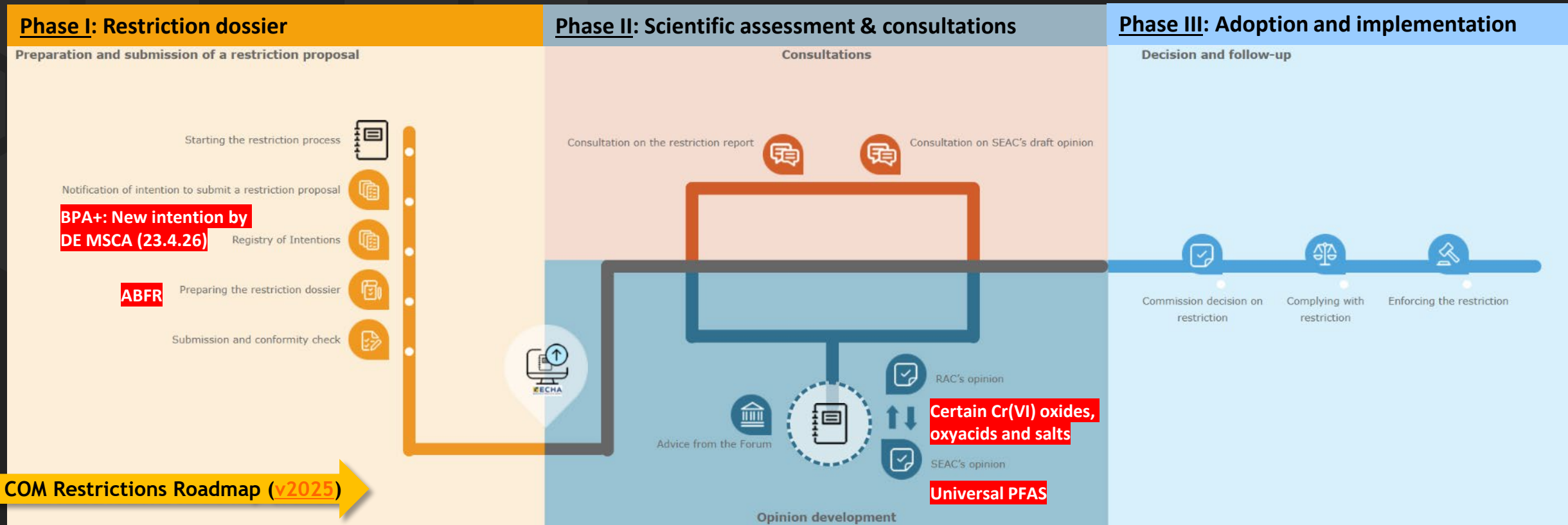


- **EU REACH** - Various application deadlines in 2026 for existing Annex XVII entries:
 - D4/D5/D6, Formaldehyde, Microplastics, PFHxA, DMAC, NEP, PFAS in firefighting foams
- **New REACH** restriction (entry 83) published 21.4.2026:
 - 2,4-dinitrotoluene (DNT) in articles (NB: Articles for industrial uses are out of scope)
- **Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)** - Stockholm Convention and Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 to be tracked as well:
 - Recent additions: Dechlorane Plus
 - Pending additions: LC-PFCAs, MCCPs
 - New proposals: DBDPE (Norway), TBPH (EU - to be decided)
 - Withdrawn: D4/D5/D6 (EU)

NB: Restrictions / prohibitions (POPs) may be subject to certain exemptions / derogations.

Tracking of substance lists (3/4)

REACH Restrictions (Annex XVII) - Pending proposals we follow



Tracking of substance lists (4/4)

"Substances of Concern" (SoCs)



SoC definition in Article 2(27) of Regulation (EU) 2024/1781 (ESPR)

Hazard-based SoCs	REACH-based SoCs	(a) substance of very high concern included in the REACH Candidate List
	CLP-based SoCs	(b) substance with one following classification in Part 3 of Annex VI to CLP:
		(i) carcinogenicity categories 1 and 2
		(ii) germ cell mutagenicity categories 1 and 2
		(iii) reproductive toxicity categories 1 and 2
		(iv) endocrine disruption for human health categories 1 and 2
		(v) endocrine disruption for the environment categories 1 and 2
		(vi) persistent, mobile and toxic or very persistent, very mobile properties
		(vii) persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic or very persistent, very bioaccumulative properties
		(viii) respiratory sensitisation category 1
		(ix) skin sensitisation category 1
		(x) hazardous to the aquatic environment – categories chronic 1 to 4
		(xi) hazardous to the ozone layer
		(xii) specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure categories 1 and 2
		(xiii) specific target organ toxicity – single exposure categories 1 and 2
Circularity-based SoCs	POP-based SoCs	(c) substance regulated under Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on POPs; or
		(d) substance that negatively affects the re-use and recycling of materials in the product in which it is present

- **Much broader than SVHC**
 - Main extension comes from CLH (~5,000 [EC])
 - Different definitions in EU law and some “gaps” despite wide definition (e.g. PFAS)
 - New source of possible M&P obsolescence
- **Latest developments followed:**
 - **ESPR:** Shortlisting and disclosures in upcoming Digital Product Passports
 - **Regulation (EU) 2023/1542:** ECHA report on SoCs in batteries due Q4 2026
 - **Disclosures under CSRD:** On-going revision of European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS), incl. for SVHCs/SoCs ([EC consultation](#) closing 3.6.)
 - **Environmental Omnibus:** Stakeholder calls to abandon SoC concept (e.g. [ZVEI, 10.9.2025](#))

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Contents:

- ✓ Universal PFAS
- ✓ Cr(VI)
- ✓ Bisphenols

Universal PFAS (1/5)

High priority substances

Scope of the restriction proposal and Space Sector impact

1. PFAS MANUFACTURE	2. TULAC (Textiles, upholstery, leather, apparel and carpets)	3. FOOD CONTACT MATERIALS (FCM) AND PACKAGING	4. METAL PLATING & MANUFACTURE OF METAL PRODUCTS	5. CONSUMER MIXTURES AND MISCELLANEOUS CONSUMER ARTICLES	6. COSMETICS
7. SKI WAX	8. APPLICATIONS OF FLUORINATED GASES	9. MEDICAL DEVICES	10. TRANSPORT ²	11. ELECTRONICS AND SEMICONDUCTORS ²	12. ENERGY ² e.g. batteries
13. CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS	14. LUBRICANTS	15. PETROLEUM AND MINING	16. PRINTING APPLICATIONS ¹	17. SEALING APPLICATIONS ^{1 2}	18. MACHINERY APPLICATIONS ^{1 2}
19. OTHER MEDICAL APPLICATIONS ¹	20. MILITARY APPLICATIONS ¹	21. EXPLOSIVES ¹	22. TECHNICAL TEXTILES ^{1 2}	23. BROADER INDUSTRIAL USES ¹	FIREFIGHTING FOAMS (New Entry 82 in REACH Annex XVII - COM Reg. (EU) 2025/1988)

Legend: Relevant for Space

SEPARATE
RESTRICTION

¹Additional sector identified in updated restriction proposal (June 2025) - no detailed sector specific assessment by RAC/SEAC

²Sectors with new RO3 (other than a ban) proposed in updated proposal

Short list of Space-relevant derogation proposals

Sector/topic with proposed derogations (based on Dossier Submitters' summary of their updated PFAS restriction proposal of 14 October 2025)						
Biocidal Products	Plant Protection Products	Human and Veterinary Medicinal Products	Second-hand Articles	Spare Parts	Upstream Supply Chain	PPORD
Recycling	Manufacture of PFAS	TULAC	Metal Plating and Manufacture of Metal Products	Applications of Fluorinated Gases	Medical Devices	Other Medical Applications
Electronics and Semiconductors	Energy	Construction	Lubricants	Petroleum and Mining	Printing Applications	Food Contact Materials and Packaging
Military Applications	Technical Textiles	Broader Industrial Uses	Transport	Sealing Applications	Machinery Applications	Explosives



Short list of Space-relevant derogation proposals (not exhaustive!)

Sector/topic	Derogation in Draft entry text - Background Document (2025)	Proposed transition period
Metal plating and manufacture of metal products	5.d - Hard chrome plating	6.5 years after EIF
Applications of fluorinated gases	5.i - Foam blowing agents in thermal insulation foam	13.5 years after EIF
Transport	5.p - Additives to hydraulic fluids in transport vehicles	13.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	5.s - Coatings and films on displays and lenses of electronic complex objects	6.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	5.t - Printed circuit boards and antennas	13.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	5.w - Semiconductor manufacturing	13.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	5.x - Coatings and films of electronic components (excluding displays and lenses)	13.5 years after EIF
Energy	5.y - Binders and electrolytes in batteries	13.5 years after EIF
Lubricants	5.aa - Industrial and professional uses of lubricants or lubricant additives	13.5 years after EIF
Military Applications	5.II - Military applications	13.5 years after EIF
Broader industrial uses	5.vv - Solvents used in industrial uses	13.5 years after EIF
Broader industrial uses	5.ww - Catalysts and processing aids in industrial uses	13.5 years after EIF
	Fluoropolymers and perfluoropolyethers for the use in:	
Transport	6f. i) vehicle systems, components or separate technical units [(excluding 'sealing applications', batteries and fuel cells, lubricants, electronic and electrical systems, HVACR, technical textiles*)] that are subject to EU vehicle type approval, where the type approval was obtained within 13.5 years after EIF OR ii) systems, components or separate technical units [(excluding 'sealing applications', batteries and fuel cells, lubricants, electronic and electrical systems, HVACR, technical textiles*)] in vehicles that are not within the scope of paragraph i, where the use of fluoropolymers or perfluoropolyethers are strictly necessary for safety or environmental performance of those vehicles	13.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	6.g - Heat transfer fluids for industrial and professional use of vapor phase soldering for electronics	13.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	6.h - Wires and cables (incl. connectors)	13.5 years after EIF
Electronics and Semiconductors	6.i - Insulation material of electronic components (excluding wires, cables and connectors)	13.5 years after EIF
Energy	6.l - Separator coatings for batteries	6.5 years after EIF
Sealing applications	6.p - Sealing applications in industrial uses	13.5 years after EIF
Machinery Applications	6.q - Machinery applications in industrial uses	13.5 years after EIF
Explosives	6.x - Explosives in military applications	13.5 years after EIF

At least 12 out of the 23 sectors with derogation proposals are relevant for Space & min. 20 Space-relevant derogation proposals

Despite of growing number of use/sector-specific derogations, the space sector does not have its own, but it is proposed to be bundled with “transport”, where a specific derogation is linked to EU vehicle type approval: Not applicable for space vehicles! Need to apply a fall-back clause for other vehicles that is subject to confirmation that the use is “strictly necessary for safety or environmental performance” (par. 6f ii)).

Complex assessment and - given derogation patchwork - very high risk that some space applications will still be missing from derogation proposals at the end of the ECHA process!

Universal PFAS (3/5)

Space Sector activities during opinion-making phase

2023

2024-

22 May 2026



Eurospace (RTF) 1st response to ECHA: ECHA # 8544 (in [RCOM part 95](#)) = MPTB-ES-PO-0131

- ✓ SEAC participation as observer (ESA, Eurospace) since March 2025
- ✓ RTF progress meetings, exchanges with ASD and European Metals
- ✓ Summaries in different languages to inform stakeholders
- ✓ Update of 2023 space application mapping
- ✓ ESA efforts to quantify impacts

Eurospace (RTF) 2nd response to ECHA: will be available [HERE](#) = MPTB-ES-PO-0225



Universal PFAS (4/5)

High priority substances targeted

Key points in Eurospace (RTF) response of 22 May 2026*

*Ref: MPTB-ES-PO-0225. to be published on ECHA website [HERE](#) soon.



"Universal PFAS": European Space
Sector comments on socio-economic
assessment sent to ECHA, urging EU
policy makers to move away from
universal ban model

27 May 2026 - 10 h 27 min

<https://eurospace.org/universal-pfas-european-space-sector-comments-on-socio-economic-assessment-sent-to-echa-urging-eu-policy-makers-to-move-away-from-universal-ban-model/>

- ✓ New uses identified since 2023
- ✓ Inappropriate bundling with other sectors
- ✓ Need for a dedicated single derogation covering all space applications, which is time-unlimited
- ✓ Strategic implications, incl. for security and defence
- ✓ Non-use impact (*ESA impact assessment*)
- ✓ Practicality and enforceability of reporting obligations (*no reporting to ECHA!*)

Clearly disproportionate for the European Space Sector

Universal PFAS (5/5)

Legal brief opinion dd. 18.5.2026

High priority substances

REDEKER | SELLNER | DAHS

On the UPFAS-Restriction Proposal

– Brief opinion on procedural aspects –

[TRANSLATION – original opinion in German]

Commissioned by:

BDI – Bundesverband der Deutschen Industrie e.V.
and
BDLI Bundesverband der Deutschen Luft- und Raumfahrtindustrie e.V.
BDSV Bundesverband der Deutschen Sicherheits- und Verteidigungsindustrie e.V.
Textil + Mode Gesamtverband der deutschen Textil- und Modeindustrie e.V.
VCI Verband der Chemischen Industrie e.V.
VDA Verband der Automobilindustrie e.V.
VDMA VDMA e.V. (Verband des Maschinen- und Anlagenbaus)
VHI Verband der Holzwerkstoff- und Innentürenindustrie e.V.
WVMetalle Wirtschaftsvereinigung Metalle e.V.
ZVEI ZVEI e.V., Verband der Elektro- und Digitalindustrie

Issued on May 18, 2026

by:

Hartmut Scheidmann, Attorney at Law
Alexander Sustal, Attorney at Law
Dr. Matthias Kottmann, Attorney at Law, Maître en droit

Berlin Bonn Brussels Leipzig London Munich

The procedure regarding the PFAS restriction dossier submitted by DE, DK, NL, NO, and SE (dossier submitters) infringes the requirements of Title VIII of the REACH Regulation in several respects. The procedural errors—particularly when considered cumulatively—preclude the European Commission from adopting a restriction in accordance with the proposal. Should such a restriction nevertheless be adopted, it would be unlawful. It could be challenged by affected parties through an action under Article 263(4) TFEU and declared null and void by the European courts pursuant to Article 264 TFEU.

The general ban approach does not take into account the fact that the assumed general risk (“emission as a proxy for risk”) is not relevant for certain uses, such as when a substance has low emission and exposure potential, as in cases of low usage volume or use under strictly controlled conditions. In such cases, even a ban with a temporary exemption is unnecessary and therefore impermissible.

[Link to English version](#) - [Link to German version](#)

Authorisation compliance and regulatory review



MEASURE	CURRENT STATUS	SPACE SECTOR IMPACT AND RESPONSE
REACH Authorisation: In force (still)	Cr(VI) substances account for the majority (55%) of all uses applied for with ECHA (esp. chromium trioxide). In general, review periods prolonged until 1 July 2030. Many have longer periods until e.g. 2035.	➤ Reliance on Cr(VI) has diminished, but use is still remaining in the supply chain ➤ Space Sector compliance guidelines last updated in July 2025 (MPTB-RL-GD-0200): Main reliance on ADCR authorisations
REACH Restriction proposal	Will replace authorisation once in force (aim 1 July 2030) RAC Final opinion expected 6/2026 SEAC Draft opinion expected 6/2026 - followed by 60-day public consultation More harmonised and stricter than expected. <i>Contradiction: RAC harmonised limit value <u>0.1 µg Cr (VI)/m3</u> and SEAC insists on use categories</i>	➤ Space Sector contribution to 2025 ECHA Public Consultation (MPTB-ES-PO-0202 = ECHA ref. 9662, p. 176-179), supporting de-listing from Annex XIV ➤ The limit value proposed by RAC (0.1 µg Cr (VI)/m3) is very low for workers > Not feasible for all companies [NB: The restriction option with this low limit value was already deemed not proportionate by the dossier submitter (ECHA)!] ➤ ESA follows SEAC discussions as an observer
OEL (CMRD) and initiative to lower	Currently, the EU-wide OEL is set at 5 µg Cr(VI)/m3. For Cr(VI), four new OEL policy options are being assessed: <u>2.5, 1.0, 0.5 and 0.25 µg Cr (VI)/m3.</u>	➤ OEL review process is monitored by ESA MPTB (RTF) ➤ Question of coherence of the ongoing Restriction process: Possible overlap and different limit values

New restriction intention by Germany

Restriction
intention on
ECHA
website
([LINK](#))

The substances within the scope of the restriction are:

1. 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol ("BPA", EC 201-245-8, CAS 80-05-7)
2. 4,4'-(1-methylpropylidene)bisphenol ("BPB", EC 201-025-1, CAS 77-40-7)
3. 4,4'-sulphonyldiphenol ("BPS", EC 201-250-5, CAS 80-09-1)
4. 4,4'-methylenediphenol ("BPF", EC 210-658-2, CAS 620-92-8)
5. 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]diphenol ("BPAF", EC 216-036-7, CAS 1478-61-1) and its eight salts.

The dossier will also include a provision to enable the Commission to **expand**, if necessary, the restriction entry to additional **bisphenols identified as endocrine disruptors for the environment** at EU level.

The restriction targets uses associated with significant emission potential, namely:

- leather tanning and leather articles;
- textile finishing agents and textile articles;
- thermal paper; and
- articles and mixtures made from polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

The dossier will include different restriction options and limit values to address risks that are not adequately controlled due to environmental emissions from the above-mentioned uses.

The restriction dossier will also include additional conditions to minimise emissions during recycling processes and from the second-hand market.

Regulatory context

- Health and environmental hazards
- Regulated under REACH, CLP (Annex VI) and OSH (OEL)
- 2023 temporary withdrawal by DE of restriction proposal ([LINK](#))

Space relevance



See [2023 Eurospace \(RTF\) contribution](#) (+ [Eurospace news alert](#)) and MPTB memo for BPA, [MPTB-RL-MO-0164](#))

22 REACH Tool hits for BPA, for use as hardener, epoxy adhesive, industrial laminate



Restriction milestones

Restriction intention by DE on ECHA website on **23.4.2026**

Possible call for evidence: ~ **2026**

Dossier submission by **12.3.2027**

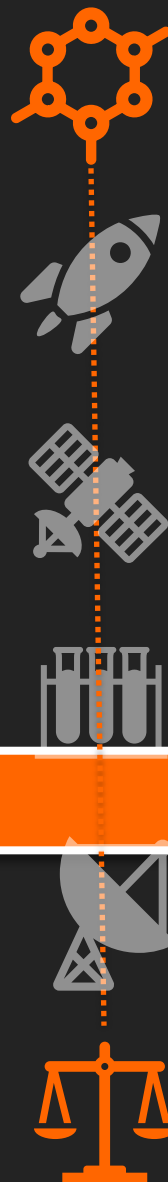
Possible restriction EiF: **2029 (?)**

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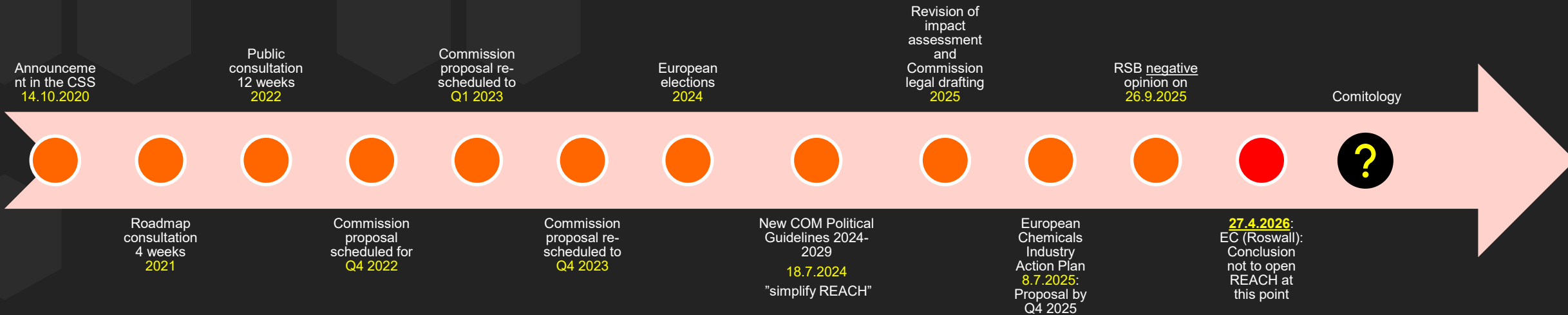
Contents:

- ✓ REACH revision
- ✓ SCIP database
- ✓ UK and Switzerland



EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Withdrawal of CSS REACH Revision



- ? What will the comitology process cover? When will it start? Timeline? Actors to be consulted?
- ? Possible further REACH Review? (cf. REACH Art. 117(4) "every 5 years")
- ! **Important note:** A targeted amendment of REACH legal text through the **Defence Readiness Omnibus (COM(2025) 822 final)**, esp. with regard to the possibility to grant defence exemptions (REACH Art. 2(3)) is expected soon (*currently in advanced stages with European Parliament and Council, see [2025/0176\(COD\)](#)*)

Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (1/3)

Legislative updates

System remains operational

*as amended by Directive (EU) 2018/851



= **S**ubstances of **C**oncern
In articles, as such or in
complex objects (**P**roducts))

WHY? Introduced in Article 9(1)(i) and (2) of the Waste Framework Directive (WFD) 2008/98/EC, as amended by Directive (EU) 2018/851, without prior impact assessment. Applies to duty holders through national transpositions, no exemption for products sent into space

WHAT? Reporting of articles containing SVHCs on the Candidate List at a concentration above 0.1% w/w placed on the EU market to ECHA SCIP Database established to this end, in addition to REACH Art. 33(1)

WHERE? Applies in EU-27, Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein - not in other (third) countries, e.g. not in Northern Ireland, GB, Switzerland

ECHA STATUS: Since 2026, continued delays in the SCIP dissemination process due to ongoing technical problems. ECHA scaling down related activities on SCIP from 2026 (see ECHA Single Programming Document 2026-2028, 11.12.2025, [LINK](#))

An agency of the European Union

Sign In English (en)

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ECHA > SCIP-Database

30/04/2026
Since the start of the year, we are experiencing continued delays in the SCIP Dissemination process due to ongoing technical problems. We recognise the impact this may have on users and we are actively working to resolve the issue as a priority. If you have made a successful submission, no further action is required from your side. SCIP notifications are processed slowly and all will be published as soon as possible.

Summary

The **SCIP Database** 'Articles notified' data presented below contains **17 733 943** factsheet(s).
These factsheets contain data from or relate to **41 088 160** notification(s), and present the latest submitted data.
The data below was last updated on **15-Apr-2026**.

DISSEMINATION PLATFORM

WFD - Waste Framework Directive
SCIP Database
Articles containing substances of very high concern (SVHCs) on the Candidate List according to Article 9(1)(i) of the Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC

ARTICLES NOTIFIED ABOUT

50 Items per Page Showing 1 - 50 of 17,424,756 results.

Article Name	Other article identifiers	Article category	Last update	Details
PR54AF201G0X	Item number: PR54AF201G0X	8481801100 - SECTION XVI (84 - 85) Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles > NUCLEAR REACTORS, BOILERS, MACHINERY AND MECHANICAL APPLIANCES; PARTS THEREOF > Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats or the like, including pressure-reducing valves and thermostatically controlled valves > Other appliances > Mixing valves	03-Oct-2022	
Rear axle	Other: RA/D1 RSH1370F A2/A2-012219	8708999790 - SECTION XVII (86 - 89) Vehicles, aircraft, vessels and associated transport equipment > VEHICLES OTHER THAN RAILWAY OR TRAMWAY ROLLING STOCK, AND PARTS AND ACCESSORIES THEREOF > Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings(8701)to 8705 > Other > Other > Other	12-Sep-2023	
glow plug	Part number: 0250203001	8511800000 - SECTION XVI (84 - 85) Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles > ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT AND PARTS THEREOF; SOUND RECORDERS AND REPRODUCERS	25-May-2023	

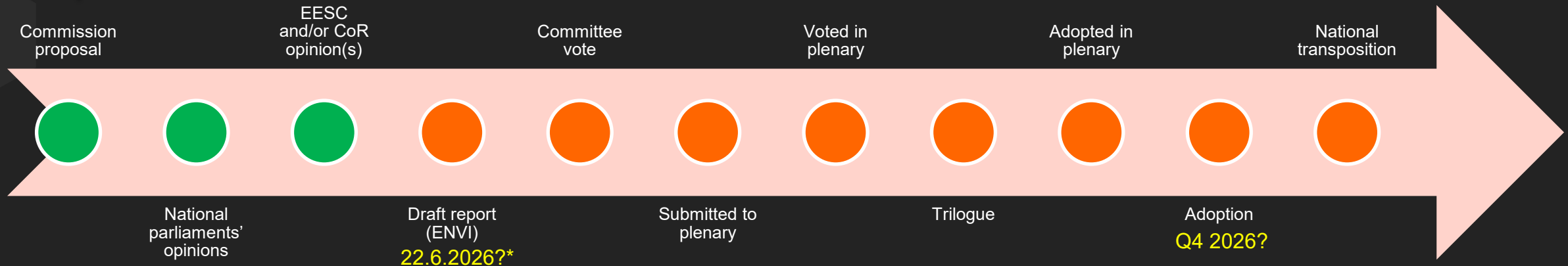
Publicly available at <https://echa.europa.eu/scip-database>

Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (2/3)

SCIP database - Repeal process: Status [Link to procedural file 2025/0394\(COD\)](#)

COM(2025) 986 (10.12.2025): “The *SCIP database in its current form is not fulfilling its intended objectives*. Hence, the obligation for suppliers to submit data to the database *should not be continued*. ... Overall, the avoided cost for business is estimated to be *EUR 225 million per annum but could be higher in future years*. ... The data is also seen as duplicating REACH Article 33(1) on obligations and so *creating disproportionate burdens without benefit especially for space products* and Business to Business transactions.”

European Committee of the Regions (CoR), CDR-0953-2026 (7.5.2026): “warns against the announcement to repeal or suspend the SCIP database [...] unless and until a fully functional and interoperable digital product passport (DPP) system providing at least the same level of traceability, accessibility and enforcement capacity is operational across the EU”



Germany: Decision of the Bundesrat 62-26 (13.4.2026): “The Bundesrat *shares the Commission’s view* that the database containing information on substances of very high concern in articles or complex objects (SCIP database) is redundant. It therefore welcomes the Commission’s intention to abolish the SCIP database.”

*See [ENVI - Work in progress - 18 May 2026](#)

Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (3/3)

SCIP database - Repeal process: Eurospace position

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Eurospace calls on the European legislators to repeal the SCIP rules as a matter of urgency

by Charles Galland Eurospace

ASD-EUROSPACE strongly supports the European Commission's proposal COM(2025) 986 of 10 December 2025 to repeal the obligation to report SCIP (substances of concern in products)-related data as well as ECHAs SCIP Database by amending the EU Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (WFD).

At the same time Eurospace asks the [European Parliament](#) and the [Council](#) as the co-legislators to adopt and bring into effect the required amendments of the WFD as early as possible. We further urge the [Member States](#) to prepare for timely and coherent transpositions of a forthcoming WFD amendment repealing SCIP reporting.

ASD-Eurospace has shared detailed feedback on this matter in a paper of 6 May 2026 (ref. MPTB-ES-PO-0229) on the European Commission's initiative to reduce the administrative burden on companies and public authorities in the EU from environmental legislation.

Tweets by ASDEurospace



Eurospace calls on the European legislators to repeal the SCIP rules as a matter of urgency
21 May 2026 - 12 h 07 min

Refer to latest Eurospace comments of 6 May 2026 (ref. [MPTB-ES-PO-0229](#)) to EC call for feedback 2026, available [HERE](#)

Other European jurisdictions

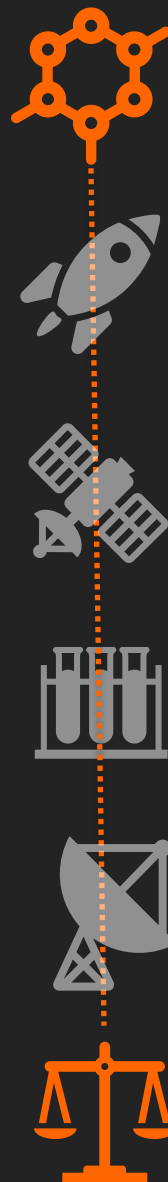
UK and Switzerland

- Space-relevant requirements are **monitored under the MPTB** and **addressed in best-practice guidance**, e.g. REACH Article 33 Template, REACH Memo for "Alodine"
- **Trends observed:**
 - **Common divergences from EU REACH:** No Universal PFAS restriction proposal, no SCIP
 - **UK REACH:** Increasing divergence on Candidate List, Authorisation and Restrictions, UK PFAS Plan
 - **Swiss chemical legislation:** Autonomous alignment with EU REACH and CLP, e.g.
 - Recognition of EU Registrations and EC Authorisation decisions
 - *Federal Office for the Environment welcomed the Commission's intention to transfer chromates from Authorisations to Restrictions under EU REACH - intention to request the Federal Council in due course to amend the Swiss chemical legislation accordingly (info received on 25.4.2025)*



REACH & Space: Update Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Tracking of substance lists
3. High priority substances
4. Legislative updates
5. Key takeaways



- ✓ High complexity of EU chemical legislation regarding compliance and evolutions
- ✓ Sound monitoring, understanding and impact assessment are key pillars of sectorial response
- ✓ Need for suitable exclusions / derogations for Space applications - preferably embedded in the wider aerospace and defence domain

Compliance is not enough. Proactive engagement is required.

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