

PA/QA AT SCALE

MEETING THE CHALLENGES OF LISA – ONE OF ESA'S LARGEST SPACE MISSIONS

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01

AN OVERVIEW OF THE LISA PROJECT

AN OVERVIEW OF THE LISA PROJECT

First gravitational wave detector in space



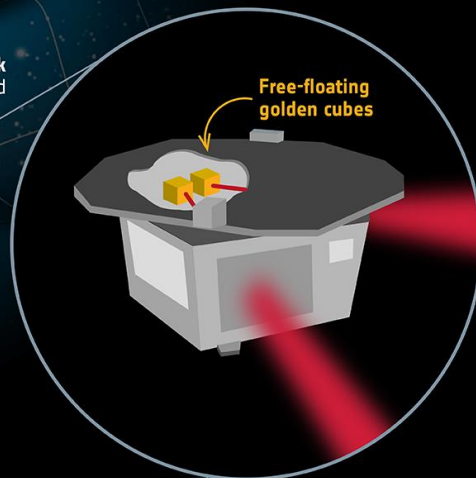
LISA - LASER INTERFEROMETER SPACE ANTENNA

Gravitational waves are ripples in spacetime that alter the distances between objects. LISA will detect them by measuring subtle changes in the distances between **free-floating cubes** nestled within its three spacecraft.

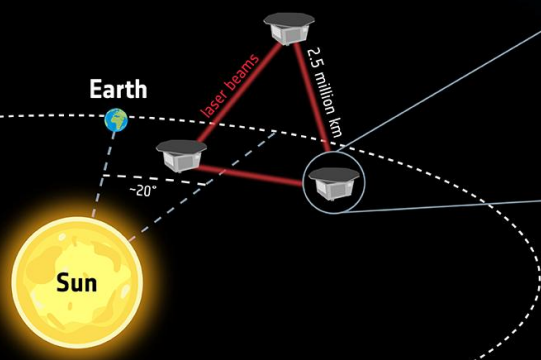
3 identical spacecraft exchange **laser beams**. Gravitational waves change the distance between the **free-floating cubes** in the different spacecraft. This tiny change will be measured by the laser beams.



Powerful events such as **colliding black holes** shake the fabric of spacetime and cause gravitational waves

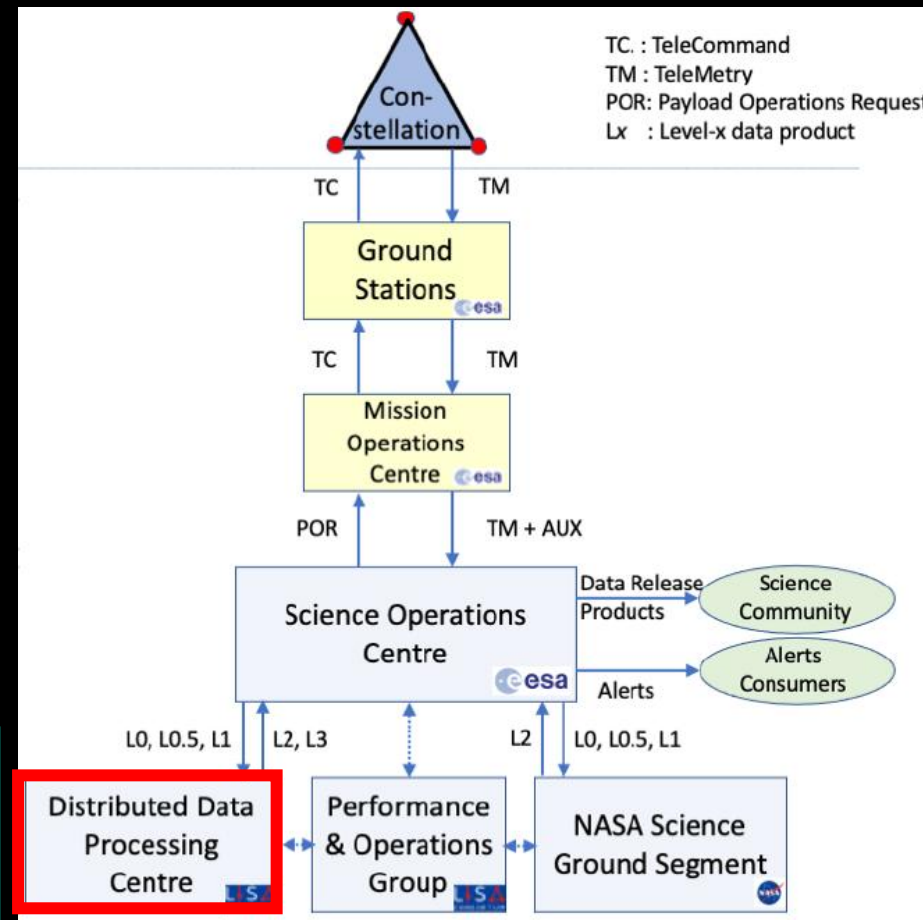


* Changes in distances travelled by the laser beams are not to scale and extremely exaggerated



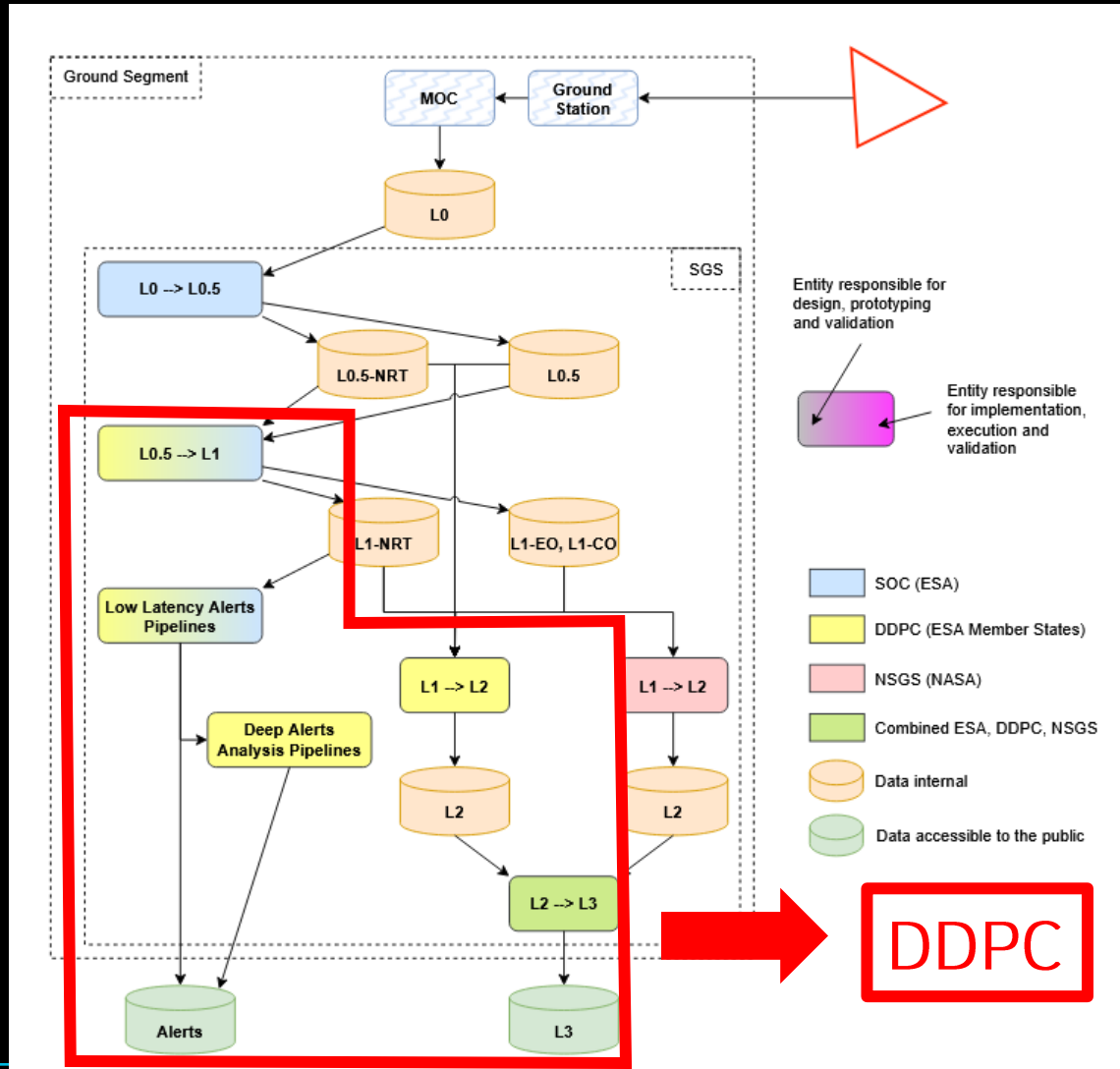
A project of epic proportions, with great scientific expectations:

- black holes
- the fundamental nature of gravity
- the expansion of the Universe
- much more



THE LISA PROJECT DATA PROCESSING

01 AN OVERVIEW OF THE LISA PROJECT

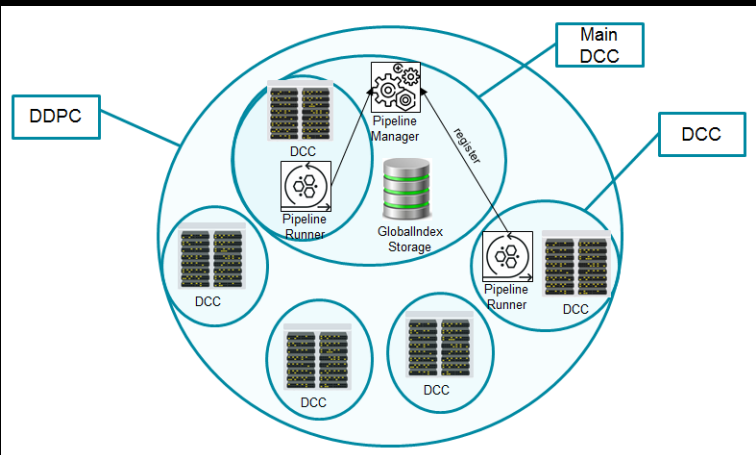


02

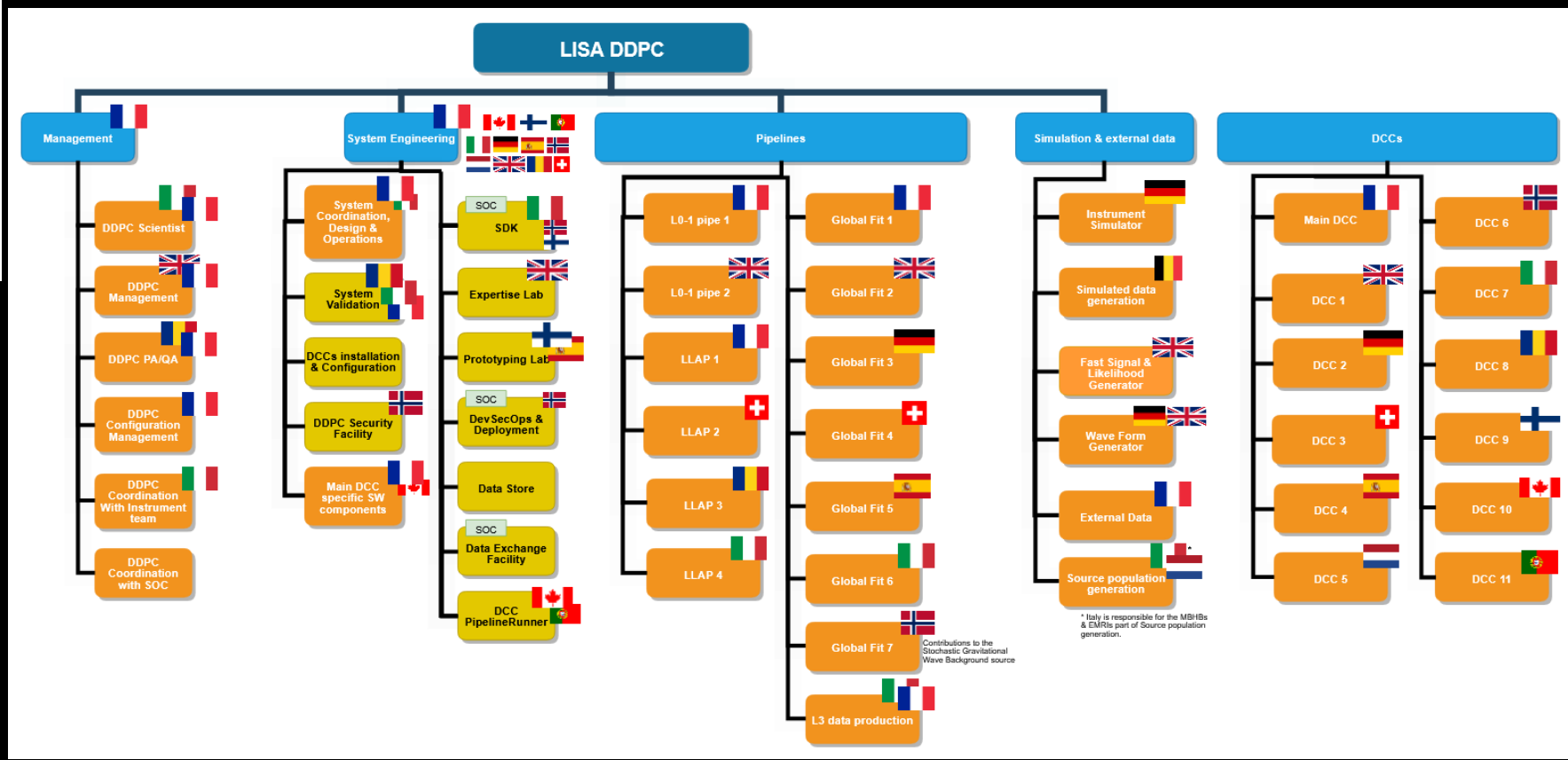
THE LISA DDPC AND ITS ORGANISATION

(Distributed Data Processing Center)

THE DISTRIBUTED DATA PROCESSING CENTER



The DDPC Workpackages



12 DCCs
 250 members
 13 countries
 Part of a scientific consortium of over 1500 members

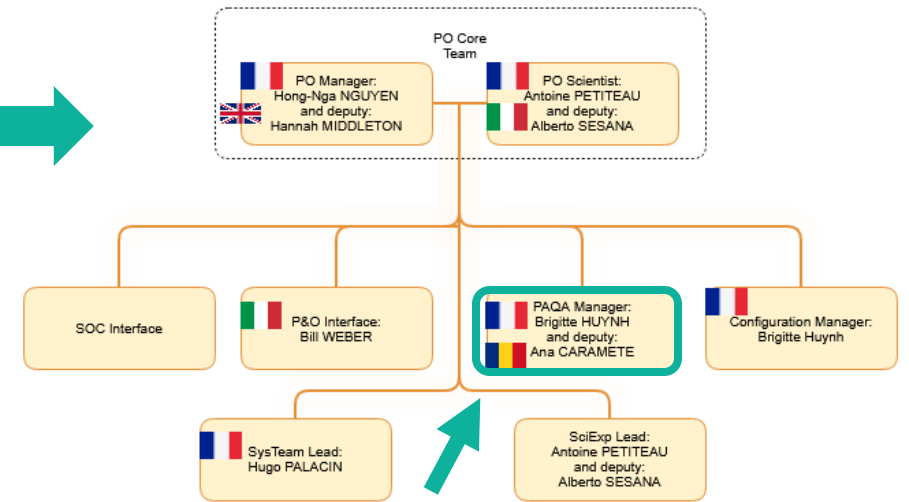
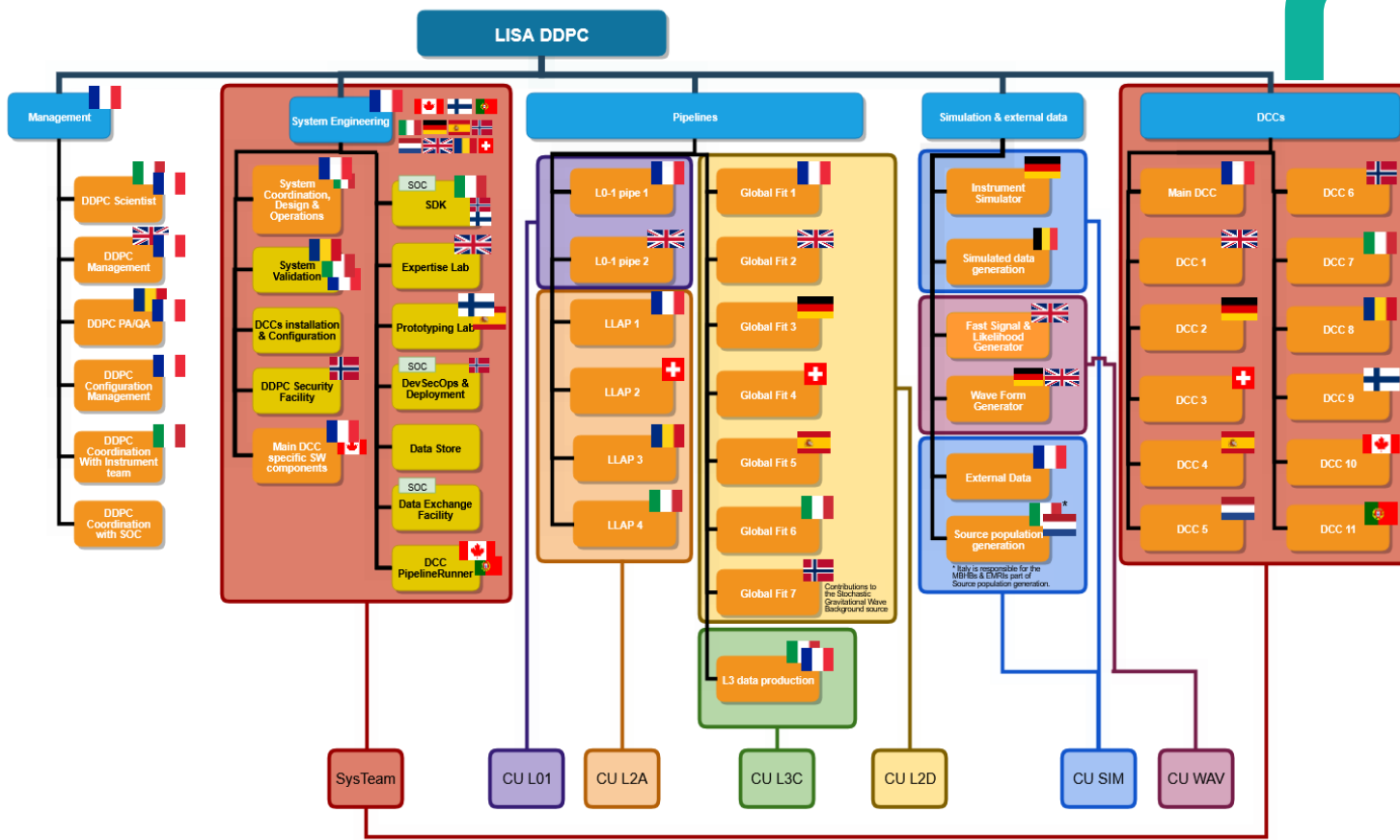
* Italy is responsible for the MBHBs & EMBs part of Source population generation.

Contributions to the Stochastic Gravitational Wave Background source

THE DDPC ORGANISATION

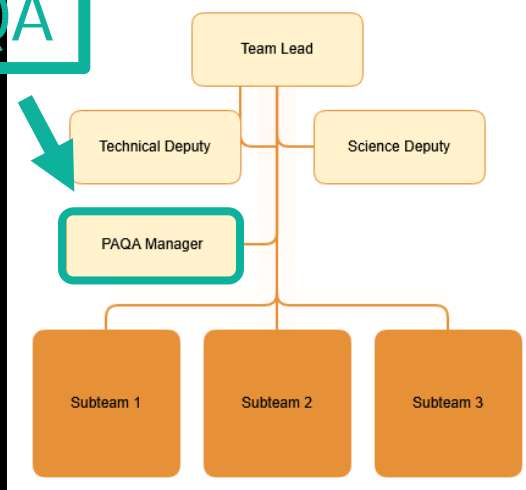
The DDPC is organised in Coordination Units (CUs)

Managed by a Project Office



PA/QA

Each CU has its management team



03

THE LISA DDPC SPECIFICITIES AND CHALLENGES

THE LISA DDPC PA/QA SPECIFICITIES AND CHALLENGES



THE LISA DDPC SPECIFICITIES AND CHALLENGES

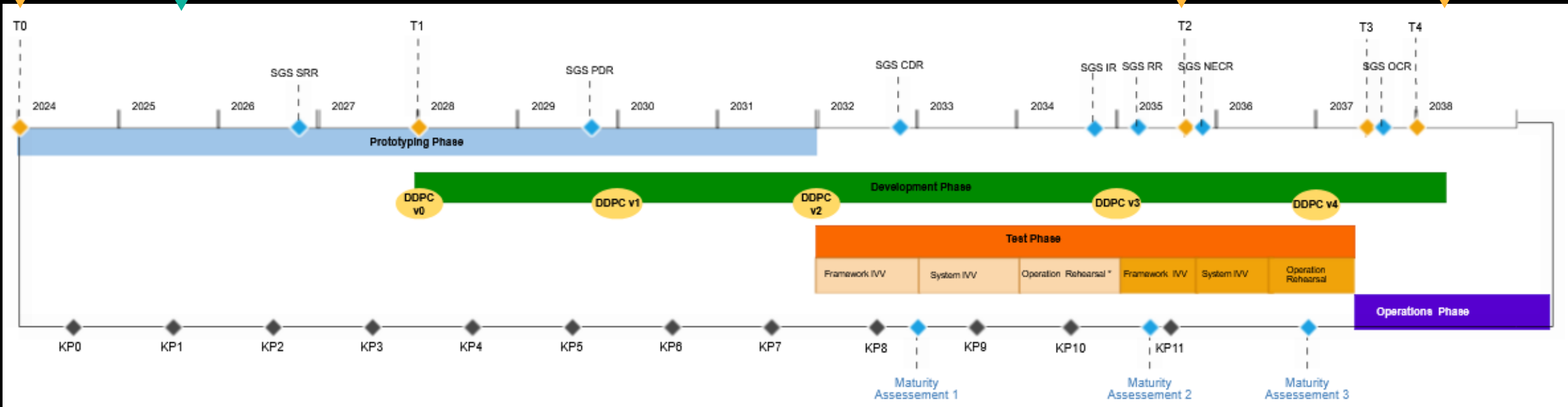
- Complexity and scale: organization, number of people, countries and duration

Mission adoption: 2024

We are here!

Spacecraft launch: 2035

End of development phase: 2038



THE LISA DDPC PA/QA SPECIFICITIES/CHALLENGES



THE LISA DDPC
SPECIFICITIES AND
CHALLENGES

- Partners -> collaborative way of working
- Most members are scientists, with other activities, not specialised in software development nor quality
- The PA/QA leads are also scientists
- The development started before PA/QA was set up
 - Scientific algorithms started to be worked on
 - Incremental development approach
 - Some code needed early on (simulation)
- Legacy code from other projects (Ligo, Virgo)
- Different time zones

04

HOW WE ARE DOING PA/QA IN THE LISA DDPC

THE LISA DDPC PA/QA APPROACH

04

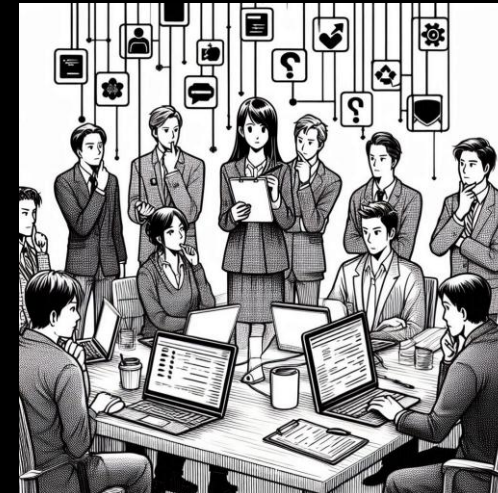
HOW WE ARE DOING PA/QA IN THE LISA DDPC



Try and do everything?



Do one thing at a time, thoroughly?



Decide everything in the PA/QA team and enforce the rules?



... at the risk of them not being well received nor applied



Horizontal incremental approach
Look into all topics and refine



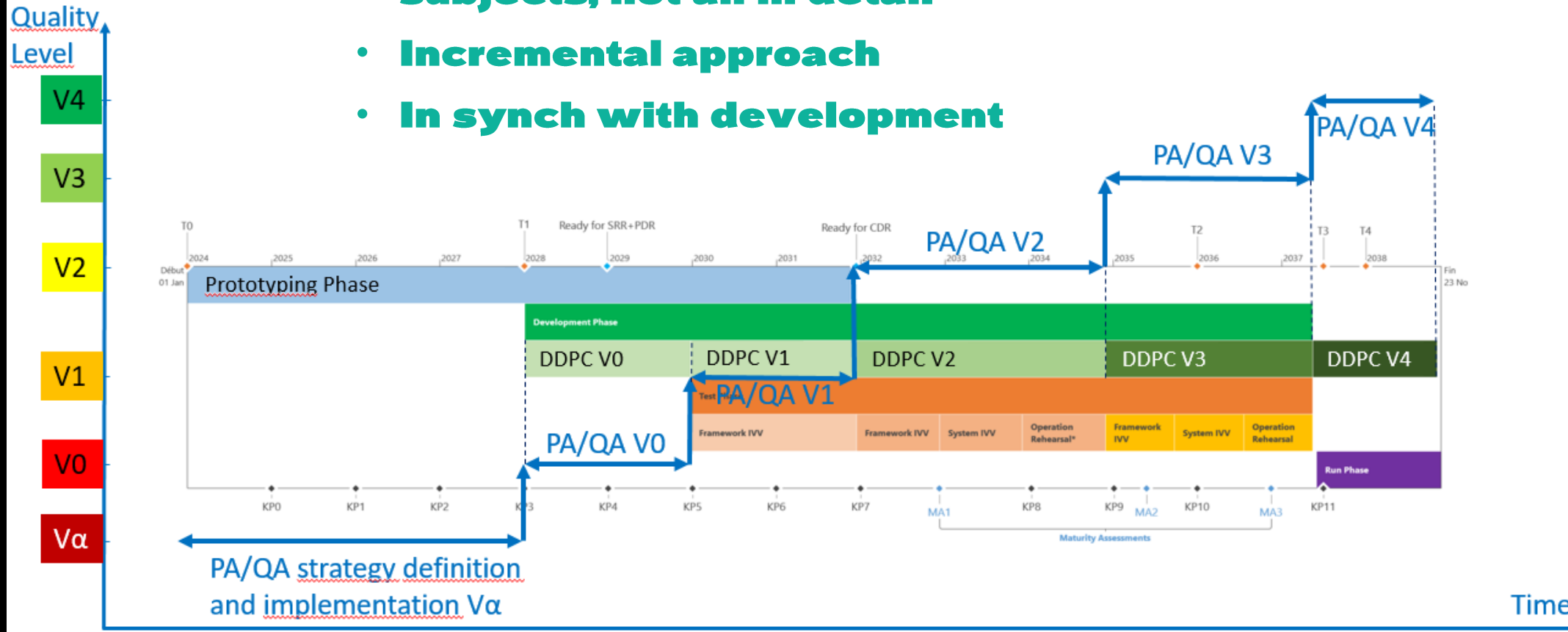
Participative approach
Work with the system team and the developers

THE LISA DDPC PA/QA APPROACH



HOW WE ARE DOING PA/QA IN THE LISA DDPC

- **Horizontal strategy: more subjects, not all in detail**
- **Incremental approach**
- **In synch with development**



THE LISA DDPC PA/QA APPROACH



HOW WE ARE
DOING PA/QA IN
THE LISA DDPC

- The importance of working together (System Team, developers, PO, ESA)

Top down and Bottom up

ECSS requirements



Developer's work habits

Work with the System Team
and developers



Workgroups

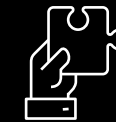


Workshops



Pilot CUs

Help to better understand,
be ready to listen



- Using collaborative tools to set up processes and ensure requirements are met



THE DDPC PA/QA APPROACH



HOW WE ARE
DOING PA/QA IN
THE DDPC

- Being “agile”:

Making sure that important issues are being addressed

- Risk management
- Well written requirements
- Processes



Following the CUs where their focus is

- GitLab setup
- Code quality questions

- Being pragmatic:

- Using sonar way rather than set in stone coding rules
- Using **a** linter rather than using **this** linter
- A list of unclassified risks will become a Risk Registry with all fields

WHAT HAS BEEN HELPFUL



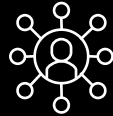
HOW WE ARE
DOING PA/QA IN
THE LISA DDPC



Synchronising with the Project Office and ESA



Shared incremental
mindset with PO



A well structured DDPC



Regular meetings



PO
CUs
PA/QA leads
ESA



Sharing our vision
and tools



Having goals and accepting not knowing exactly how we will get there



Structuring, moving forward and remaining patient: it's a long project!



Working with a lot of enthusiastic people, in a bubbling project

05

CONCLUSION

- LISA is a big scale, ambitious and very exciting project
- Setting up PA/QA in the LISA DDPC has lead us to build a strategy to address the challenges of such a project where key factors are
 - Working with all the actors,
 - Building up in increments,
 - Being pragmatic and flexible,
 - Using shared tools to structure the processes
- We are still at the beginning of the project, with a lot to think about and to do!

THANK YOU

QUESTIONS