

Genesis Science Workshop

12th – 13th March 2026

Brussels, Belgium



Genesis Mission Status & Key Topics

Gaia Fusco



FUTURE NAV esa.int/Applications/Navigation

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→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Overview of the Genesis Mission

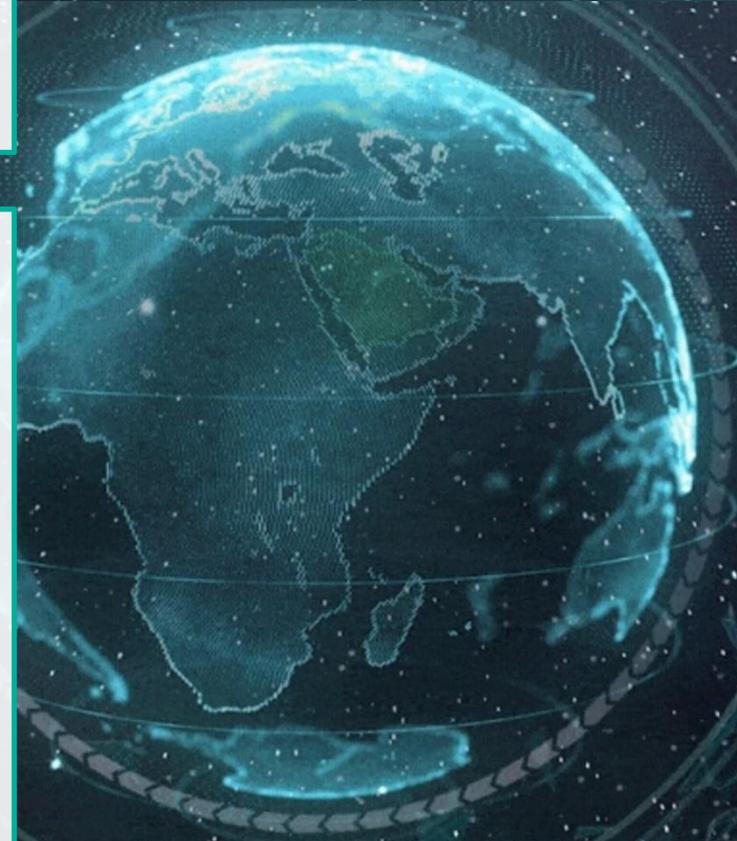


Overview

- **Genesis is a satellite mission managed by the ESA Navigation Directorate and part of its FutureNAV Programme**

Mission scope

- Design, development, qualification and calibration of the **satellite (incl. payloads) and ground segment**
- **Launch and early operations** including commissioning and calibration
- **Operations** (2 years, option for extension)
- **Data exploitation** (Including processing, archiving and data distribution from ESA facilities → input to the Scientific Community)
- Key involvement of the **Scientific Community and International Geodetic Services** → maximize benefits

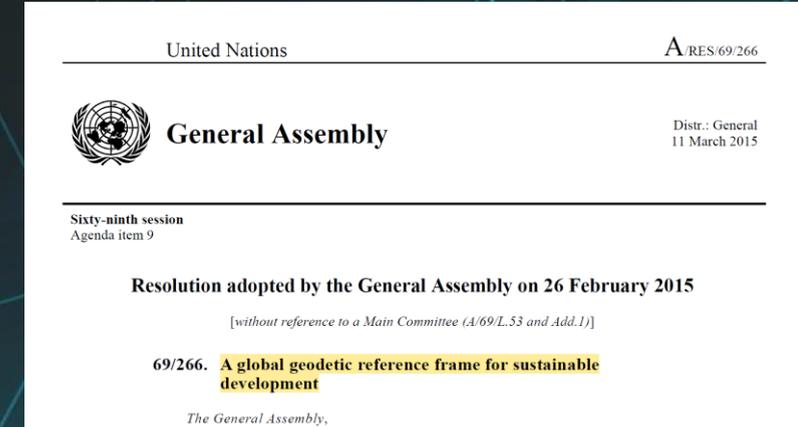


Genesis Primary Objectives



Contribute to improve ITRF accuracy and stability by providing in-orbit colocation and necessary combined processing for the four space-based geodetic techniques that contribute to its realization. The goal is to contribute to the achievement of the Geodetic Global Observing System (GGOS) objectives for the ITRF realisation, aiming for a parameter accuracy of 1 mm and a stability of 0.1 mm/year, in order to provide significant scientific benefits in Earth modelling, and to support a wide range of societal applications (as endorsed by the United Nation resolution A/RES/69/266).

Contribute to improve the link between the ITRF and the ICRF, thanks to the increased consistency of the Earth Orientation Parameters (EOP). In particular, this mission shall allow for the first time a link between the orbit reference frame, ITRF and ICRF.



Targets:
Accuracy: 1 mm
Stability: 0.1 mm per year



Genesis-enabled Science and Applications



Geodesy, Reference Frames

Improved ITRF, EOPs, Unified Reference Frames

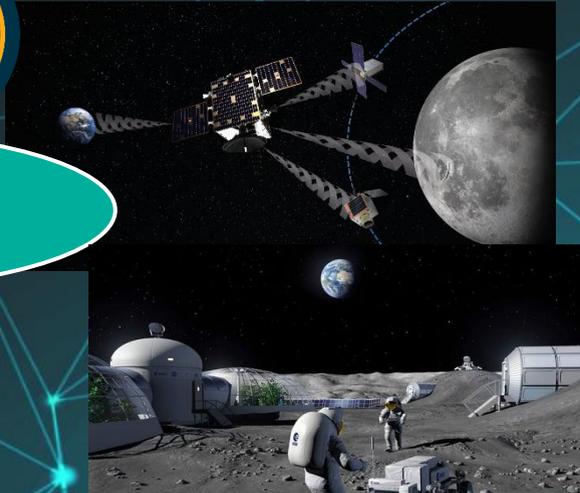
GNSS, Navigation



Improved GNSS POD (LEO, MEO, GEO), calibrations...



Navigation to the Moon, and beyond...



Earth Sciences

Geophysics: Deep Interior

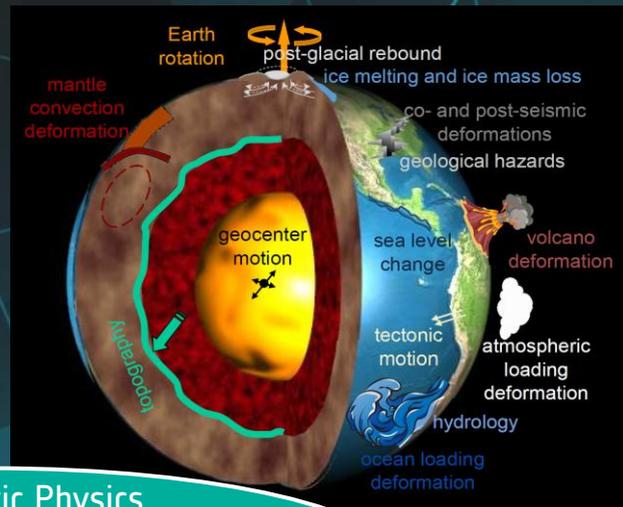
- Geo-centre motion
- Core flows
- Magnetic field...

Geophysics: Mantle, Oceans

- Tectonic motions
- Post-glacial rebound
- Ice melting, Ice mass loss
- Sea level change...

Atmospheric Physics

- Iono, Plasmaspheric density
- Radiation budgets, Earth Energy imbalance...



| | | |
|--|---|--|
| ENABLED SCIENTIFIC APPLICATIONS | - Sea-level change - Water cycle - Geological hazards | - Weather/climate - Ecosystems - Geodynamics |
| GEOPHYSICAL OBSERVABLES | - Land and ice deformation and change - Sea-surface height - Atmospheric parameters - Land and vegetation topography | - Mass change - Surface and ground water and soil moisture |
| EARTH ORBITING MISSIONS | - Time-variable gravity - Altimetry - InSAR and SAR | - Radio occultation - GNSS reflections from space - Optical change detection |
| PRIMARY GEODETIC PRODUCTS | - Precise positions - Orbit determination - Earth rotation | - Gravity field - Reflection and signal-to-noise ratio - Total electron content and tropospheric delay |
| TERRESTRIAL REFERENCE FRAME | - Station coordinates as function of time - Origin (Earth system center of mass) | - Scale - Orientation |
| GEODETIC INFRASTRUCTURE | - Geodetic techniques (SLR, VLBI, GNSS, DORIS) - Software | - Experts - Archives |

"Evolving the Geodetic Infrastructure to Meet New Scientific Needs", National Academies of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine (2020)

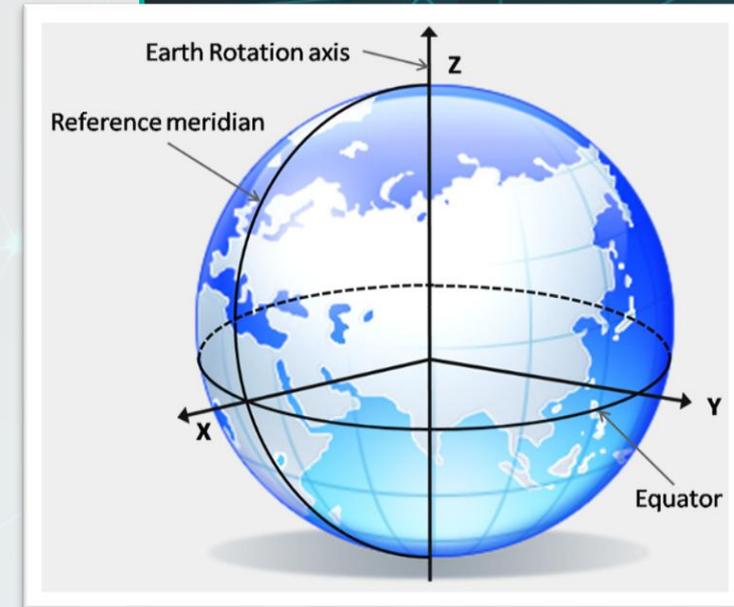


Genesis – Contributing to Resilient Navigation



Geodesy and Navigation

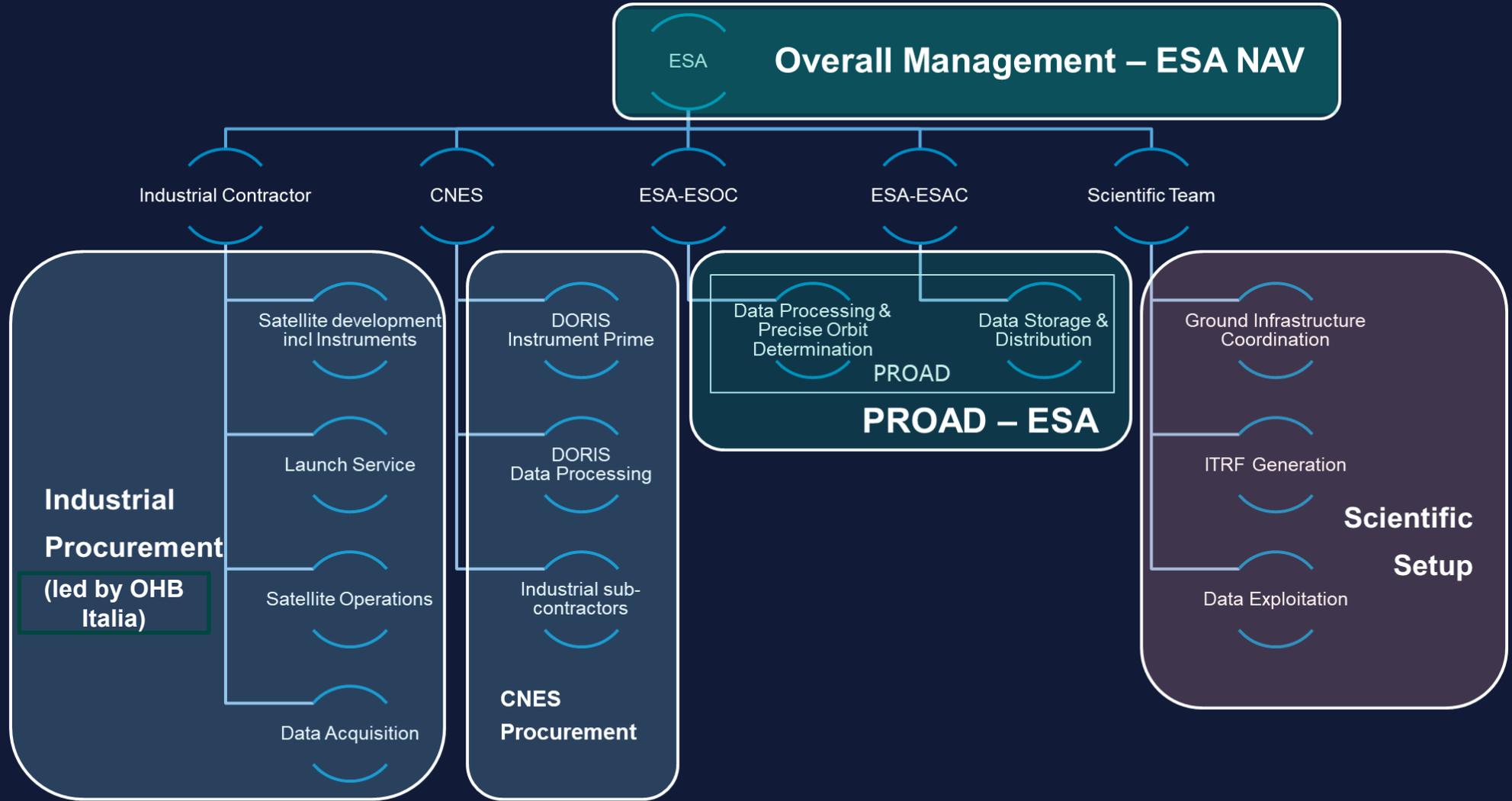
- GNSS have a **critical dependency on geodetic information** and ESA acknowledges the **importance of the Global Geodetic Supply chain**
- ESA acknowledges the **importance of a Global Geodetic Reference Frame** for Precise Navigation and Sustainable Development
- ESA significantly **contributes to the robustness of the Global Geodetic Supply chain** and to the **improvement of the Global Geodetic Reference Frame**



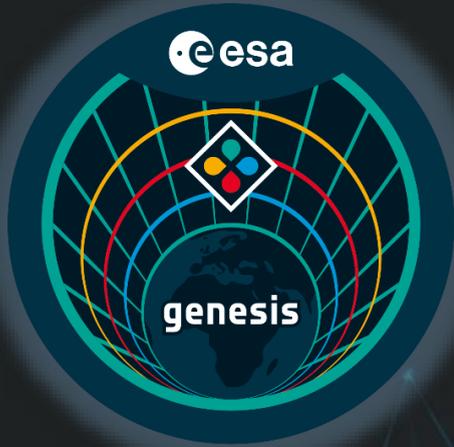
Genesis
A mission for the
world

A **UNIQUE** mission,
paving the way for
future **ITRF** related
missions

Overview of the Genesis Mission



Genesis Mission Status



Contract Signature and Kick Off of activities

March-April 2024



System Requirements Review (SRR)
Q4 2024



Preliminary Design Review (PDR)
2025



Critical Design Review (CDR)
Start 2026



Qualification and Acceptance Review (QAR)
2028 [TBC]

LAUNCH 2028
2 years of Operations with option for extension to 5 years
Scientific exploitation



Genesis System PDR Overview



• Satellite

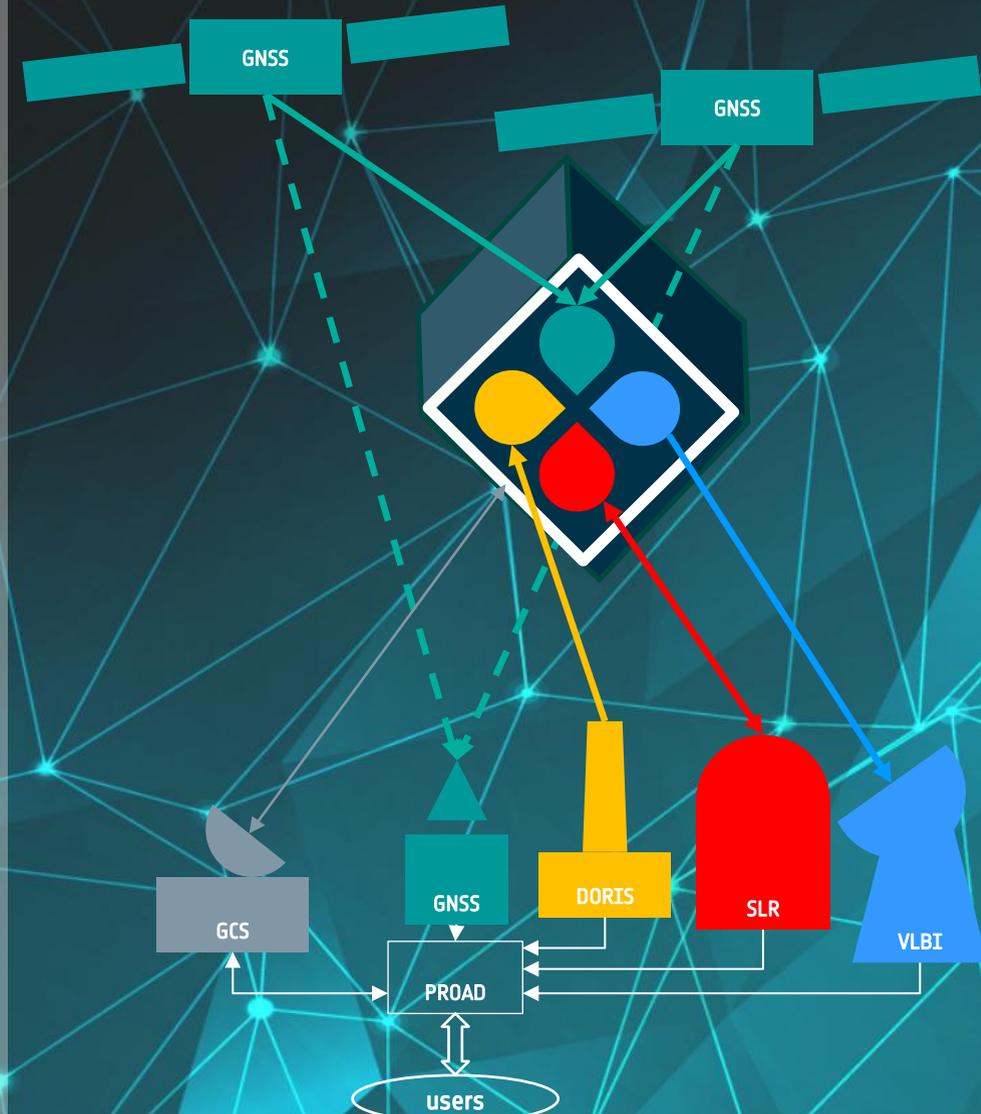
- Mass: 406 kg
- Power: 280 W (nominal)
- Envelope: 1.85m X 1.33m X 3.39m
- Attitude:
 - 3-axis stabilized, Nadir-pointing, yaw steering law
 - Pointing accuracy: < 1 degree (2 Sigma)

• Orbit:

- 6000km altitude (low MEO)
- 95.5° inclination

• Payload:

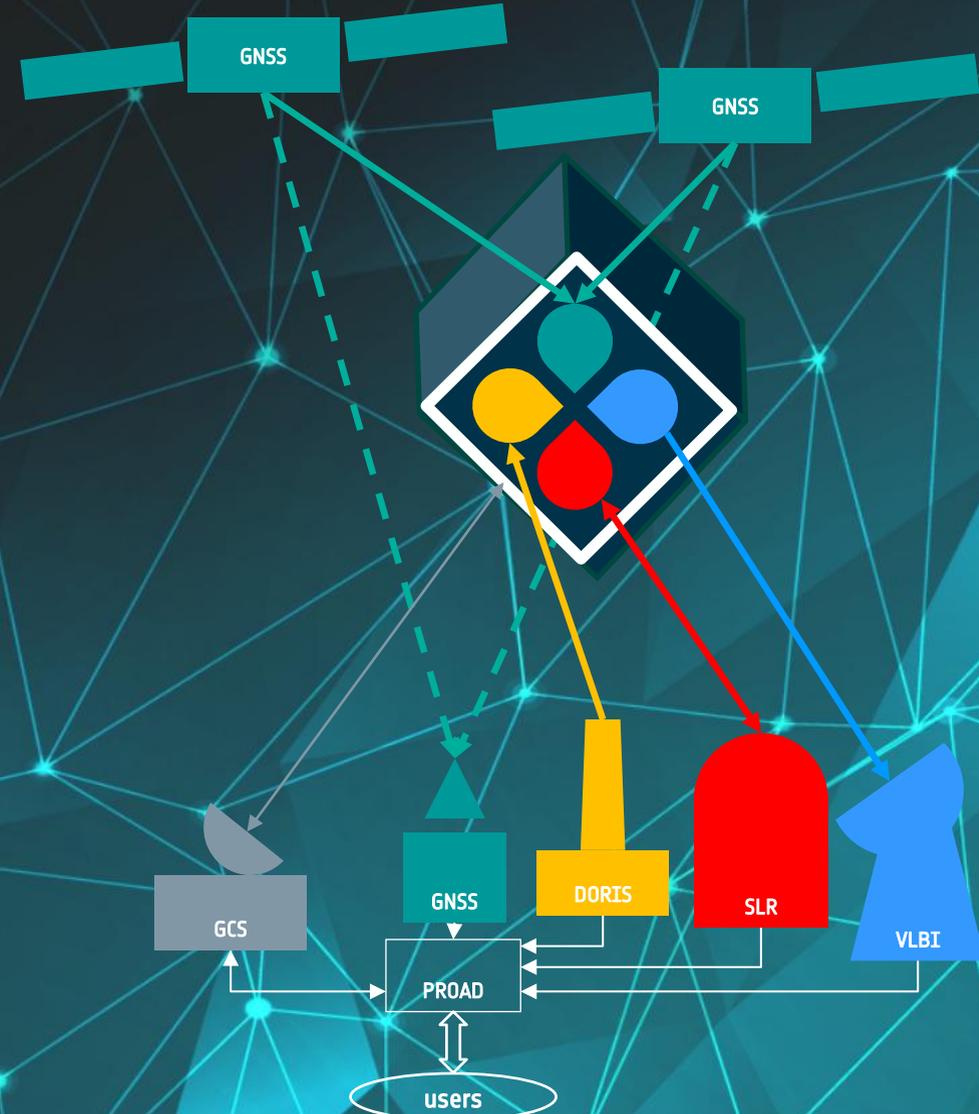
- 4 co-located geodetic instruments
 - GNSS, DORIS, SLR, VLBI
- Ultra-Stable Oscillator for synchronisation



Genesis System Design Drivers



- Key drivers confirmed at PDR:
- Radiation environment (total dose and single events effects)
 - Need for radiation shielding
 - Precise knowledge of the centre of mass position and variation during the lifetime
 - No propulsion, no mechanisms
 - Verification and calibration
 - Timing
 - Synchronisation of active instruments to USO
 - Radiofrequency and electromagnetic compatibility
 - Non-gravitational forces (accurate modelling, knowledge)
 - Geometry, materials...
 - On-board instruments systematic biases
 - Calibrations: phase centres + group delays

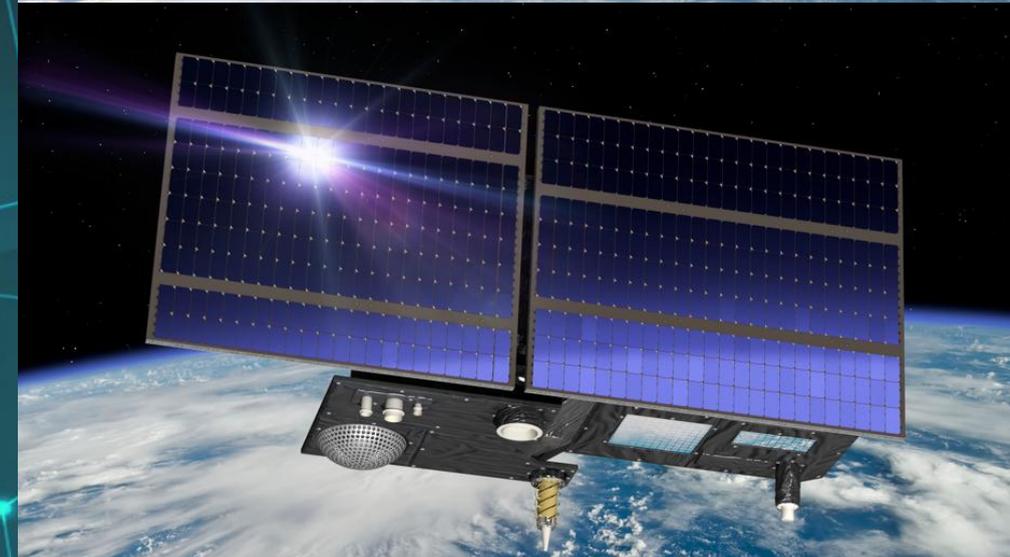


Genesis System PDR Overview

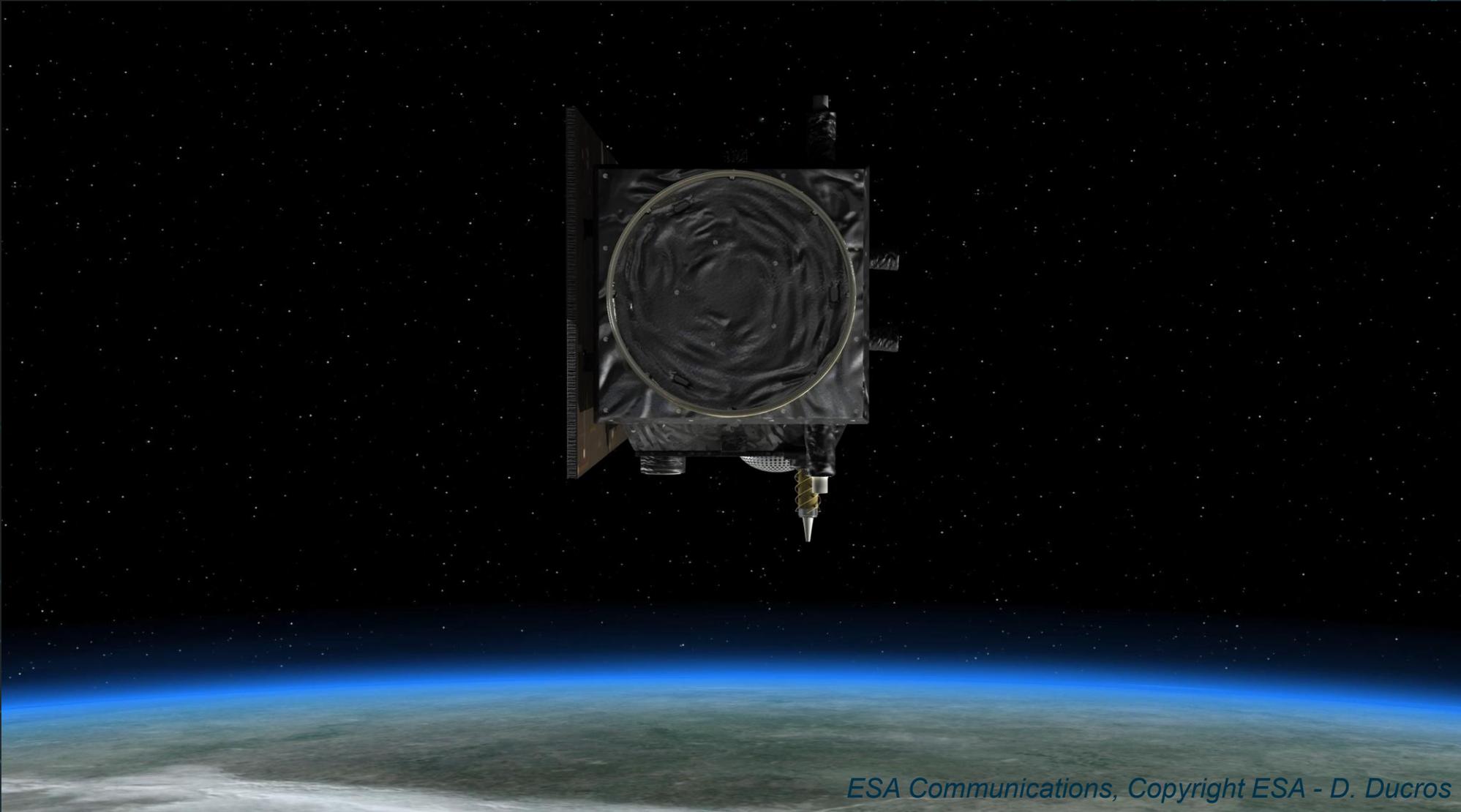


Satellite composed of two modules

- Platform module in Aluminium sandwich panels
 - It houses all platform units and payload electronic boxes
 - Box shape providing radiation shielding
 - S-band antennas elevated on brackets
 - Launcher Interface Ring (LIR) on the bottom
- Payload module in CFRP sandwich panels
 - It hosts the payload antennas, the SLR, and two star-trackers
 - Sandwich panels with skins in CFRP
 - Connected to the platform module through four Titanium bipods
- Solar panels
 - Two-body mounted, fixed Solar Panels
 - One integrated on the Platform module and one on the Payload module



PDR Satellite Configuration



ESA Communications, Copyright ESA - D. Ducros

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PDR Satellite Configuration (ESA render)



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Scientific Involvement in Genesis mission



Participation already from requirements consolidation in Phase A



Support ESA in the follow up of the industrial activities, with emphasis on instruments and calibration



Analysis of mission performance and the mission contribution towards target ITRF improvement



Preparation of the scientific data exploitation, covering any gaps in algorithms, tools or ground infrastructure required



Preparation and execution of required ground-based campaigns (in particular VLBI, SLR)

Genesis Science: GSET and IAG/IERS JWG 1.1.1



Genesis Science Exploitation Team (GSET) Composition

- Scientists & Experts organised in 5 Working Groups
- All Relevant International Geodetical Services:
 - IAG, IERS, IGS, IVS, ILRS, IDS

Genesis Science Exploitation Team (GSET) Management Board

- WG chairs, Lead & co-Lead Science Coordinators, ESA
- For coordination of GSET activities

IAG/IERS JWG 1.1.1 (Chair: J. Boehm)

- Complementary working group under IAG
- Focused on science preparation and execution



GSET Workshop
Matera 2025



GSET Workshop
ESA 2024

“Genesis – A Mission for the World”



Genesis Science Exploitation Team (GSET)



Coordinator **Özgur Karatekin**
Royal Observatory of Belgium – RoB

Co-Coordinator **Francesco Vespe**
ASI Space Geodesy Centre at Matera

WG1: ITRF & Combination of Techniques **Zuheir Altamimi**
Institut national de l'information géographique et forestière – IGN

Florian Seitz
Deutsches Geodätisches Forschungsinstitut-Technischen Universität München – DGF

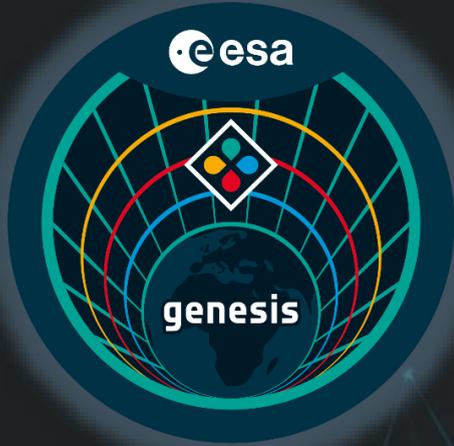
WG2: GNSS **Rolf Dach**
Universität Bern

Benjamin Männel
Deutsches GeoForschungsZentrum – GFZ

WG3: VLBI **Rüdiger Haas**
Chalmers Tekniska Högskola

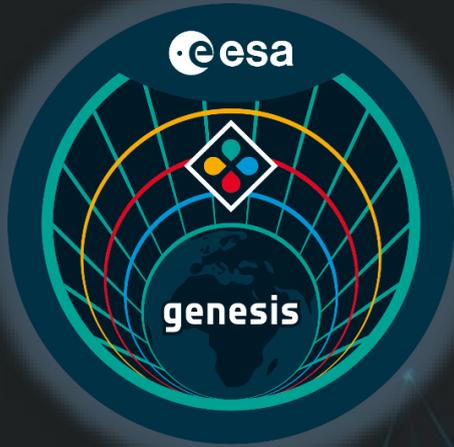
WG4: DORIS **Guilhem Moreaux**
CLS-Collecte Localisation Satellites

WG5: Laser Ranging **Clément Courde**
Centre national de la recherche scientifique-Géoazur



Phase C (up to the CDR - Critical Design Review):

- Consolidate the design for the Satellite and Ground Segment
- Complete the detailed design definition of the system at all levels
- Complete units and equipment procurements
- Detailed Analyses
- Consolidate System budgets and Interfaces (ICDs)
- Complete Tests on Development Models
- Start Manufacturing of Flight Hardware
- Consolidate and finalize Calibration approach
- Consolidate Mission and Instruments Operations Concepts
- Consolidate PFM and in-flight verification approach



Support of the Genesis Science Team during Phase C:

- Support detailed satellite & instrument design consolidation
- Support testing, verification and calibration strategy
- Support data type, volume and interface definition
- Contribute to end-to-end performance assessments
- Consolidate Genesis data processing concepts
- Contribute to system, instrument and technique operational concept
- Contribute to preliminary observation campaign definition and planning
- Consolidate service-specific interfaces for IGS, IDS, IVS, ILRS
- Prepare readiness of the services ground support infrastructure
- Manage and execute GSET activities

Genesis Payload Overview and Calibration Status

Pierre Waller



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Four Instruments, tightly tied:

GNSS

- Galileo E1/E5a, GPS L1/L2/L5
- Nadir + Zenith Antennae
- Tracking optimised for Genesis orbit
- High quality code and phase observables
- *SpacePNT (Rx) and Beyond Gravity (Ant)*

Laser Retro-Reflector

- Compatible with ILRS stations (532nm)
- Nadir panel
- CCR & geometry optimised for Genesis orbit
- Increased optical cross-section (6Mm2)
- *INFN*

Master USO
+ Distribution Amplifier
Safran Timing Technologies

VLBI

- Wideband signals in S, C and X-bands
- Compatible with VGOS stations
- **3** New **multiband** Tx antennas
- One-way ranging capability
- *AntwerpSpace (Tx) and UCLouvain (Ant)*

DORIS

- Legacy DGXX-S instrument, UHF/S-band
- Legacy LEO Antenna
- On-board processing tuned for Genesis orbit
- Use of external USO signal
- *CNES/Thales*

Genesis Payload - Pierre

Four Instruments, tightly tied:

GNSS



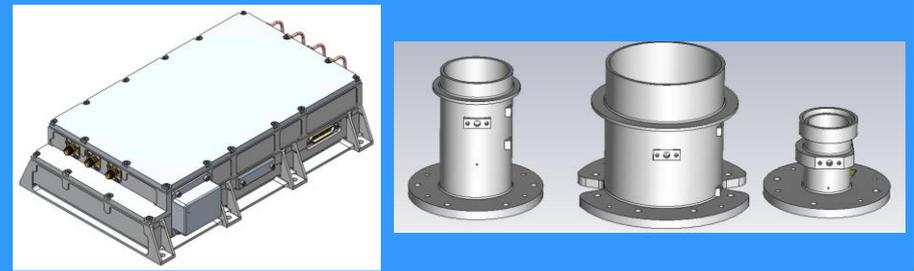
Laser Retro-Reflector



Master USO



VLBI



DORIS



Calibration



Calibration is a **key driver** to achieve **Genesis scientific objectives**

The specified Genesis **calibration requirements** are recognised to be **very challenging to verify** (no test facility have been able to confirm yet their ability to achieve this level)

In the frame of Genesis System PDR, the Genesis Satellite and Payload contractors (OHBI and AWS) have defined a **preliminary approach** for the verification of these requirements, together with a **preliminary uncertainty budget**

It is essential that the proposed calibration approach meets the **expectations of the scientific community** and is properly reflected in an **agreed Calibration Plan**



Calibration

Calibration activities are split in two parts

Satellite Calibration

- Cover the “geometrical” Reference points
 - CoM coordinates in Satellite Reference Frame
 - Instrument Reference Point coordinates in Satellite Reference Frame
 - and their variations over environment, lifetime...

Instrument Calibration

- Cover the “measurement” Reference points
 - Instrument Centre of Phase coordinates in Instrument Reference Frame
 - and their variations over frequency, azimuth/elevation, environment, lifetime...

Calibration Splinter Meeting

Held yesterday at the Royal Observatory of Belgium

Goals:

- 1) To share and exchange the proposed preliminary calibration plan with industry and scientific experts
- 2) To define the next steps for the consolidation of the calibration plan

~50 participants, ~10 presentations, many exchanges..

Next steps:

Calibration plan will be updated and further iterated with the support of the relevant experts



Calibration Plan Consolidation Plan



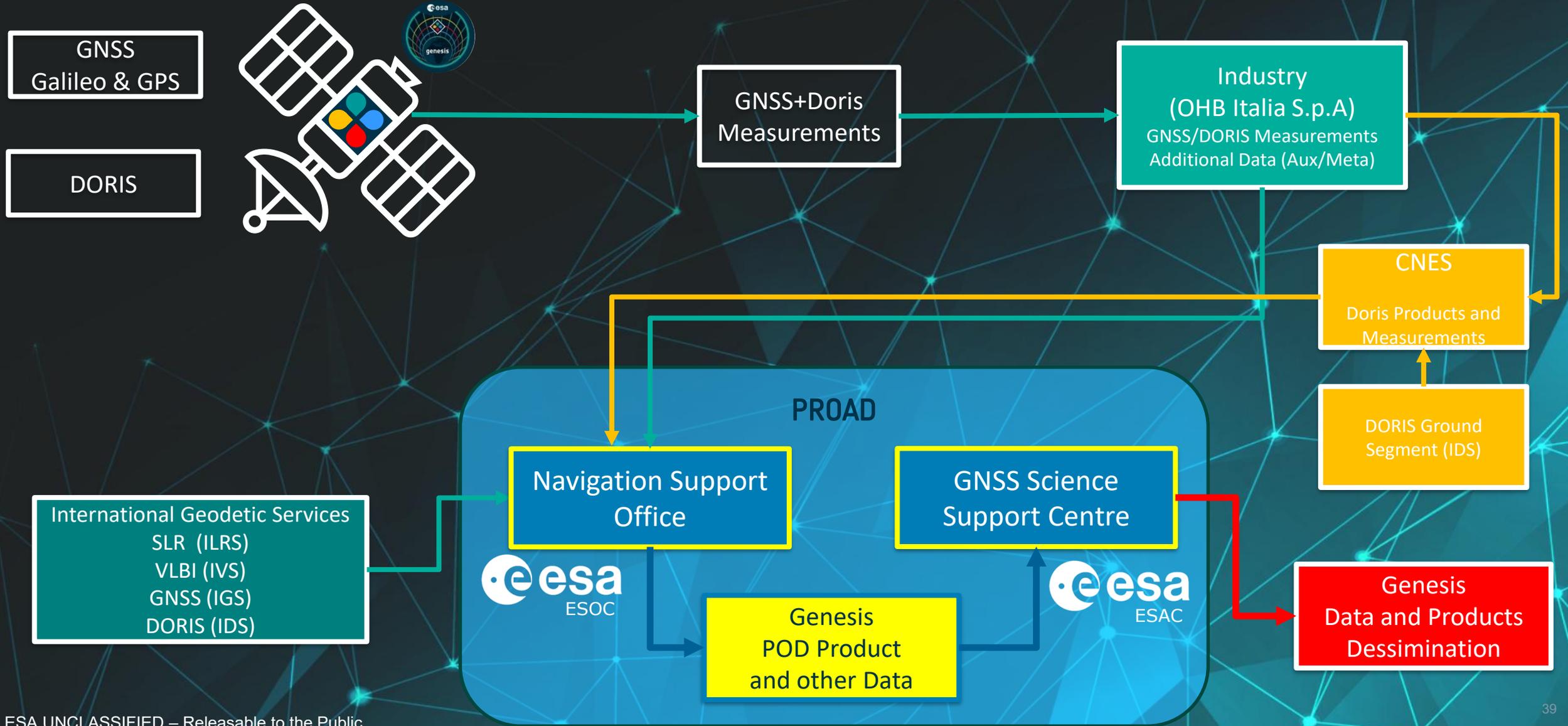
Genesis PROcessing Archiving and Distribution

Erik Schoenemann
(Jean-Christophe Berton)

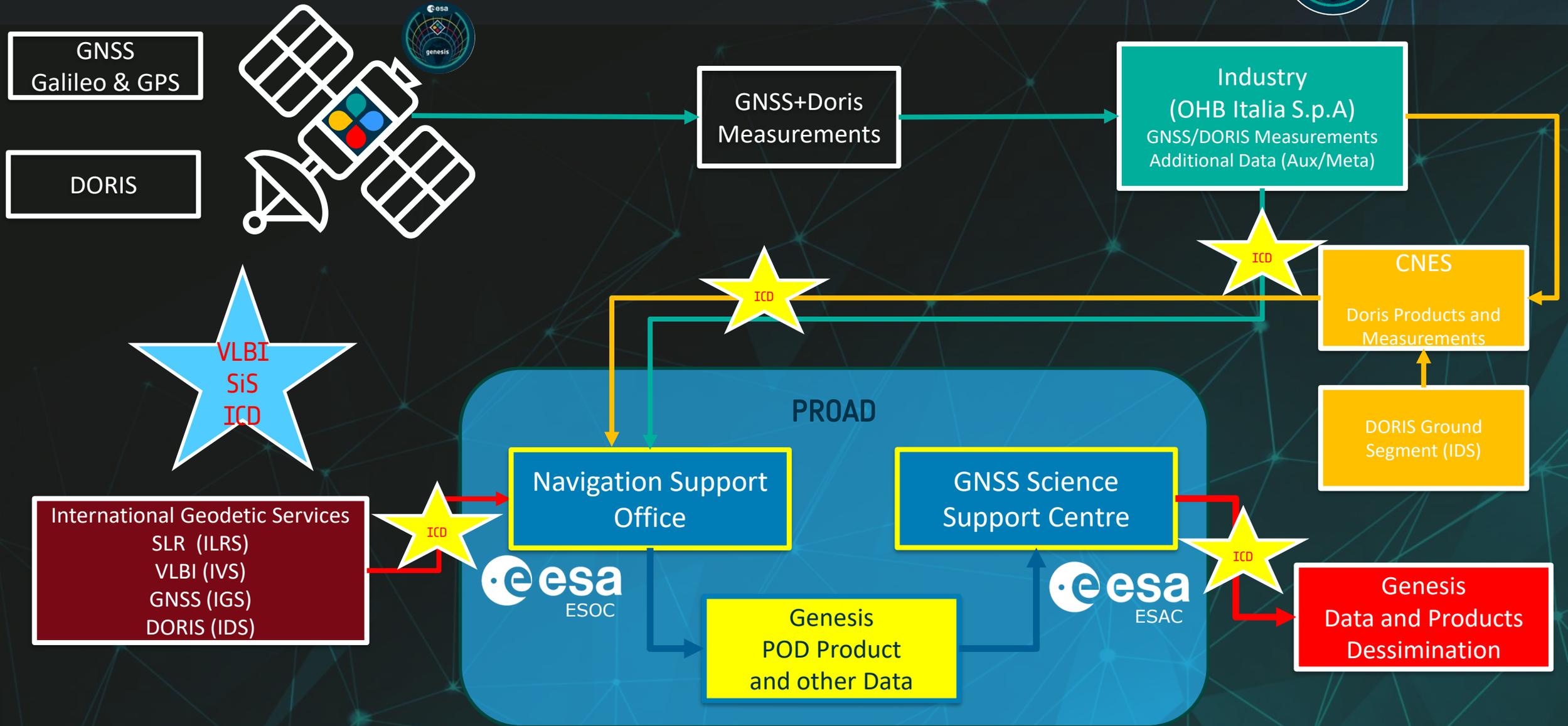


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Genesis – Overall Data Flow



Genesis – ICD Overview



Genesis Data ICD Status – Industry to ESA



- **Ground Control Segment to PROAD Interface**

- Preliminary IRD delivered at S-PDR
- On going actions:
 - Mapping of SRD requirements into IRD
 - Elaboration of the IRD/ICD details ongoing
- Further iterations until S-CDR
- Subsequent evolution along the mission lifecycle

- **VLBI Signal in Space**

- Under consolidation
- Will be published by ESA



- 4.6.4 L0/L1 PROCESSORS TO PROAD INTERFACE DESCRIPTION
- 4.6.5 EXTERNAL ENTITIES TO MOC INTERFACE DESCRIPTION
- 5. TIME SCHEDULES
- 6. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES
- 7. PRODUCTS SUMMARY
- 7.1 RAW TM FORMAT
- 7.2 GNSS OBSERVATIONS
- 7.3
- 7.4
- 7.5
- 8. HOUSEKEEPING PRODUCTS PRESENTATION
- 8.1 PLATFORM HK FORMAT
- 8.1.1 ANCILLARY
- 8.1.2 AUXILIARY
- 8.2 PAYLOAD DATA FORMAT POST OBSW PROCESSING
- 8.3 CALIBRATIONS
- 8.3.1 ON-GROUND CALIBRATION
- 8.3.2 IN FLIGHT CALIBRATION
- 8.4 METADATA
- 8.4.1 HK
- 8.4.2 INSTRUMENTS
- 9. PAYLOAD PRODUCT PRESENTATION
- 10. FILES FORMAT
- 11. OPERATIONAL INTERFACES
- 11.1 DAILY OPERATIONS
- 11.2 ANOMALY REPORTING AND HANDLING
- 11.3 INTERFACE MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES
- 11.4 SCHEDULED OUTAGES AND NOTIFICATIONS
- 11.5 CHANGE MANAGEMENT PROCESS
- 12. SECURITY
- 13. PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
- 14. INTERFACE VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION



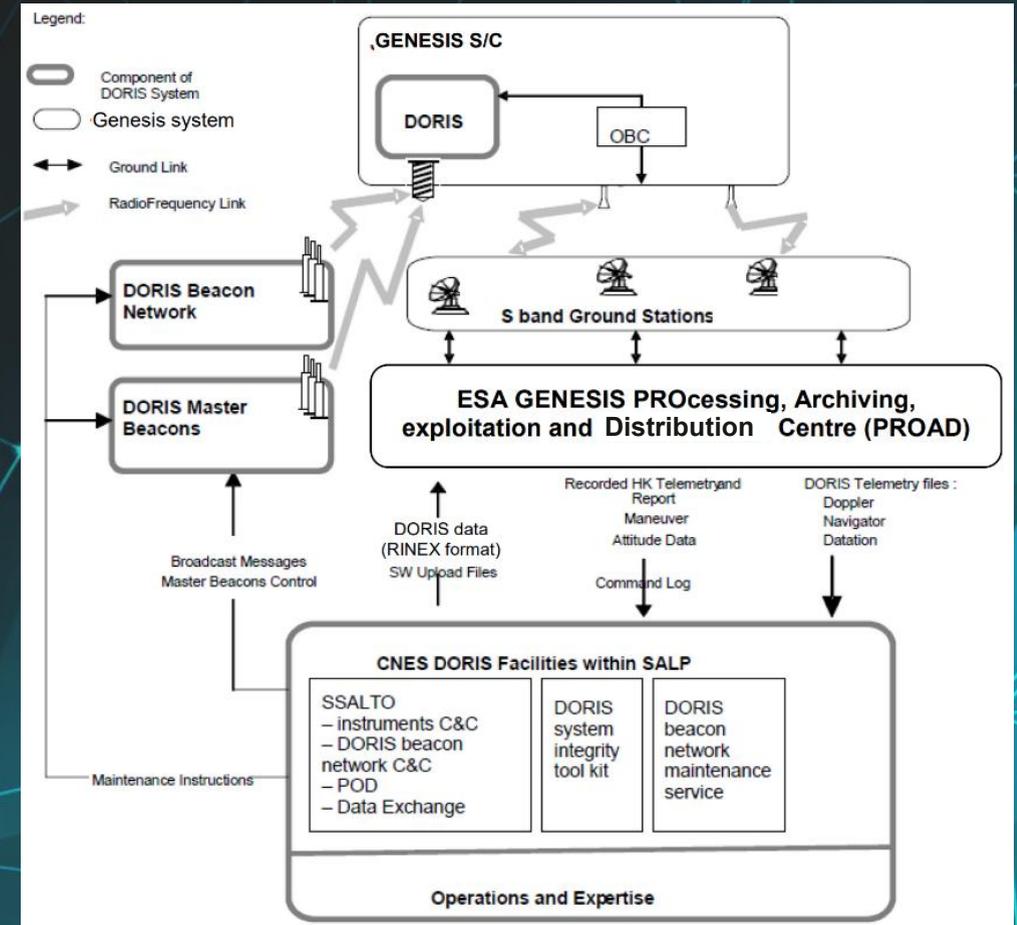
Genesis Data ICD Status – CNES to ESA (DORIS)



- L0 DORIS data content being defined
- TC description
- L1 products (RINEX) to delivered to IDS/PROAD
- Assessment of test, validation and calibration



- Further iterations until S-CDR
- Subsequent evolution along the mission lifecycle



Principle: all like Sentinel 3/6A, but for Genesis

ICD with Scientific Community

- ICD to scientists under elaboration
 - Current baseline identical to Sentinel 3 and 6A:
 - > GNSS: RINEX 3.04 at least
 - > Quaternions: ASCII
 - > PVT: SP3 ECEF ITRF2020
 - > DORIS: RINEX 3.0
 - > PCO/PCV: ANTEX 1.4
 - > ARP, CoM: CSV file, one epoch per line (UTC)
 - Metadata under definition
- Draft ICD will be shared on Teams for comment before summer

ICD with IAG Services

- ICD PROAD to IAG Services under elaboration, e.g.
 - VLBI (tracking details, sessions scheduling, format...)
 - SLR (tracking details, sessions scheduling, format...)
 - IGS and IDS as needed
- Draft ICDs will be shared on Teams for comment before summer

Genesis Data PROcessing



The ESA Navigation Support Office will:

- 1. Check data completeness (gap analysis), correctness (file format) and validity
- 2. Generate solutions for all four geodetic techniques, based on its AC tools/experience
- 3. Generate POD for Genesis, Galileo and GPS
- 4. Generate ESA Earth Orientation Parameter (EOP) data
- 5. Validate the pre-launch calibrated space ties between the different payloads
- 6. Apply its COmbination at Observation Level (COOL) to detect/treat technique-specific systematics
- 7. Package and validate the processed data before provisioning to GSSC

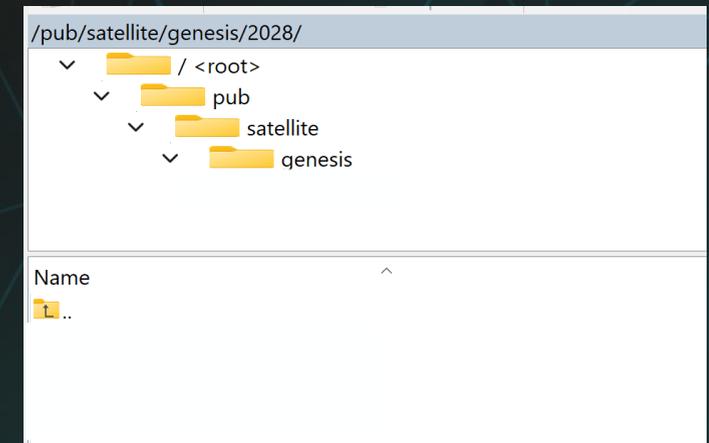
Scientists are strongly invited to provide feedback on their needs to Navigation-Office@esa.int



Genesis Data Archiving and Distribution



- The Genesis data will be archived and made accessible worldwide in <https://gssc.esa.int/webftp/main.html>
- The Genesis related PROAD files will be released
 - on gssc.esa.int (S)FTP server
 - in **/satellite/genesis/**
 - Reference orbit files will be shared on GSSC (**shortly**)
 - GSSC ICD available to GSET in Teams PROAD ICD to IAG



- GSSC will issue regular project related Newsletters
- GSSC will release/host worldwide authorised documents
 - Reference documents
 - Future scientific publications - **please use this as a reference point !!!**
- Documents limited to GSET are made available on Teams (**PDR Overview comes shortly**)



How far are you GSSC aware?



The GNSS Science Support Centre ([GSSC](#)):

- is a global IGS Data Centre
- offers [registered](#) users specific features
- is [accessible](#) via FTP/SFTP/[HTTPS](#)/Caster/API
- issues Newsletters and News to keep users updated
- mirrors IGS, ILRS, IVS and IDS Data Centres
- largely complies with the IGS DC Charter
- keeps evolving/consolidating its infrastructure
- needs you to prepare your data push/pull pipelines
- needs you to register, try it and pass on the message



To Recall: Genesis is an End-To-End Procurement



GENESIS Mission – End-To-End Procurement Approach

Impact of the End-To-End Procurement Approach

- ESA provides high-level requirements for
 - Performance
 - Functionality
 - Interfaces

No **detailed** requirements from ESA for systems, subsystems , payloads, testing, operations etc.

- **Industry is responsible** for break down of high-level requirements into detailed requirements



S-PDR completed!

- **ESA needs support from Genesis WGs** throughout the different phases of the project to analyze specific aspects so ESA can provide feedback to Industry and mitigate any potential impacts on the Genesis mission.

Valuable feedback already received

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Scientists are strongly invited to continue providing feedback on their needs to GSET!

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Scientific and Fundamental Aspects of GNSS

10th International Colloquium
7 - 9 October 2026

École de technologie supérieure
(ETS) of Quebec, Montreal,
Canada

Chaired by:

European Space Agency (ESA)

École de technologie supérieure (ETS)