

Resting-state Functional Connectivity Analysis in North Korean Defectors with PTSD and Complex PTSD

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BACKGROUND

- North Korean Defectors (NKDs) have been exposed to various traumatic events especially during their flights, increasing the risk of trauma-related disorders.
- Recently, ICD-11 suggested two distinguished traumatic stress disorders such as PTSD and complex PTSD (CPTSD).
- However, little has been studied regarding the changes in brain functional connectivity (FC) according to PTSD and CPTSD diagnostic criteria.

OBJECTIVE

 Characteristics of the brain FC network of the NKDs diagnosed with non-symptom, PTSD, and CPTSD were evaluated. **Figure 1.** Post-hoc Correlation analysis between CAPS and Rt. Putamen – Lt. Angular Gyrus



Figure 2. Post-hoc Correlation analysis between PTGI and Rt. PCC

METHODS

- A total of 73 NKDs (29 non-symptom, 21 PTSD, and 23 CPTSD) were surveyed using Coping and Adaptation Processing Scale (CAPS) and Posttraumatic Growth Inventory (PTGI), and the resting-state fMRI acquisition was obtained.
- Group difference analysis of ROI-to-ROI FC with the automated anatomical labeling atlas was performed with the CONN toolbox with FDR cluster-level correction.
- Post-hoc Tukey and correlation tests were performed between the significant FC strength and the scale scores.

RESULTS

Table 1. Functional Connectivity Analysis - ANOVA (Non-symptom^a / PTSD^b / CPTSD^c)

Functional Connectivity

– Rt.Thalamus



CONCLUSIONS

Post-hoc

tukey test

These findings provide initial evidence of altered FC

Lt. PCC – Lt. Middle Cingulate Cortex	9.45	< 0.001	
Rt. PCC – Lt. Middle Cingulate Cortex	7.96	0.001	c < b
Rt. PCC – Rt. Middle Cingulate Cortex	7.58	0.001	c < b
Rt. Putamen – Lt. Angular Gyrus	7.23	0.001	
Lt. PCC – Rt. Putamen	5.29	0.007	c < a
Lt. PCC – Rt. Middle Cingulate Cortex	4.91	0.010	
Rt. PCC – Rt. Thalamus	3.88	0.025	
Rt. PCC – Lt. Thalamus	4.33	0.017	
Lt. PCC – Rt. Pallidum	3.17	0.048	

grounded on the PCC, underlying the neuropathological mechanisms of CPTSD distinct from PTSD.

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