HOUSING FIRST PARTNERS CONFERENCE 2024

José Ornelas

Appsyci/ISPA-Instituto Universitário Lisboa, Portugal



Ecological Perspective in Individual Intervention: Towards a Purpositive Community Integration

HOUSING FIRST – CASAS PRIMEIRO PROGRAM

- Started in October 2009.
- Priority is given to persons who are long term homeless, sleeping rough, with multiple and complex needs (mental illness, substance abuse).
- No housing readiness and no treatment contingencies: people move directly to permanent housing.



HOUSING FIRST – CASAS PRIMEIRO PROGRAM

- Permanent Housing.
- Independent Housing (individualized or family).
- Scatter site apartments in mainstream neighborhoods. Rental private market.
- 160 apartments



HOUSING FIRST – CASAS PRIMEIRO PROGRAM

- Mobil team: provides services (7-24 on call)
- Ratio 1 staff to 10 participants
- Peers as service providers
- Focus on recovery and community integration
- Ecological and collaborative intervention



RECOVERY AND COMMUNITY INTEGRATION

Recovery: a process of regain a new sense of identity and purpose, control and mastery in various spheres of life, and social participation (Deegan, 1988; Chamberlin, 2006; Fisher, 2006).

Community Integration: participation in all areas of community life, in the same way as other citizens:

- access to community resources, and meaningful activities (housing, employment, education, sports, culture, leisure)
- social contacts and relationships

(Nelson, Kloos, & Ornelas, 2014; Salzer & Baron, 2014)

THE ECOLOGICAL PARADIGM OF RECOVERY AND COMMUNITY INTEGRATION

Recovery and Community Integration should be understood in an ecological framework:

- To avoid the limitations associated with being exclusively focused on individual adjustment. A person's capability set depends not only on individual abilities but also on external conditions:
 - opportunities of contexts (material resources, social roles and significant activities, social relationships, community participation)
 - quality of relationships between people and contexts (hope, empowerment, social support, appreciation of diversity)

(Nelson, Kloos, & Ornelas, 2014; Salzer & Baron, 2014)

HOUSING FIRST ECOLOGICAL LIVING ENVIRONMENT

- Housing in integrated neighborhoods, with access to diverse community resources, such as commerce and transports.
- Independent Housing: tenants choice about where they live and with whom they live.

 Independent housing and better quality of housing environment (apartment and neighborhood) are positively associated with housing stability, perceived choice, recovery and community integration.



(Greenwood et al., 2019; Martins, Ornelas, & Silva, 2016)

HOUSING FIRST ECOLOGICAL AND COLLABORATIVE INTERVENTION

Contextualist Intervention:

Team works in the natural contexts of the community to facilitate social integration processes.

- access to services and resources that are available to the general population
- increase the quality of tenants involvement in community life
- social contacts and natural supports (neighbors and other elements of the community)
- advocacy and cooperation with other community organizations and services
 - Increased knowledge and enhancement of community resources
 - Diverse, creative and context-adjusted solutions
 - Sustainability of the intervention

HOUSING FIRST ECOLOGICAL AND COLLABORATIVE INTERVENTION

Collaborative relationship between tenants and staff:

- Choice and control over services: objectives and interventions are related to the tenants unique interests and preferences;
- Use of the resources and services that tenants consider most appropriate.
- Staff encourage and support tenants to evaluate different options and possibilities.
- Support is flexible and tailored to each person's needs and goals.
- Reciprocal learning: sharing information and knowledge, valuing tenants' knowledge and experience.



- Tenants capacity, empowerment and autonomy
- Sustainability of the intervention

VIDEO

HOUSING FIRST: OUTCOMES

