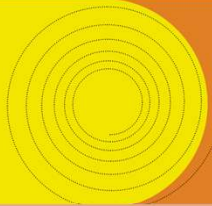




#CAIP2025

CLIMATE ADAPTATION INVESTMENT PLANNING FORUM 2025

Session 9: Roundtable: Enabling Adaptation Investments



**Session 9:
Roundtable – Enabling adaptation investments**

**Part 1: Country/partner huddle on
presenting key take aways**

Part 2: Roundtable Discussion



NAPs: Frequently Cited Finance Barriers

- Low awareness and complex procedures limit access to international funds.
- Difficulty turning priorities into bankable projects limits access to external funding.
- Limited availability of suitable financing terms hinders long-term investment in adaptation.
- High debt and limited fiscal space constrain domestic resource mobilization.
- Weak local financing mechanisms reduce community ownership and sustainability.



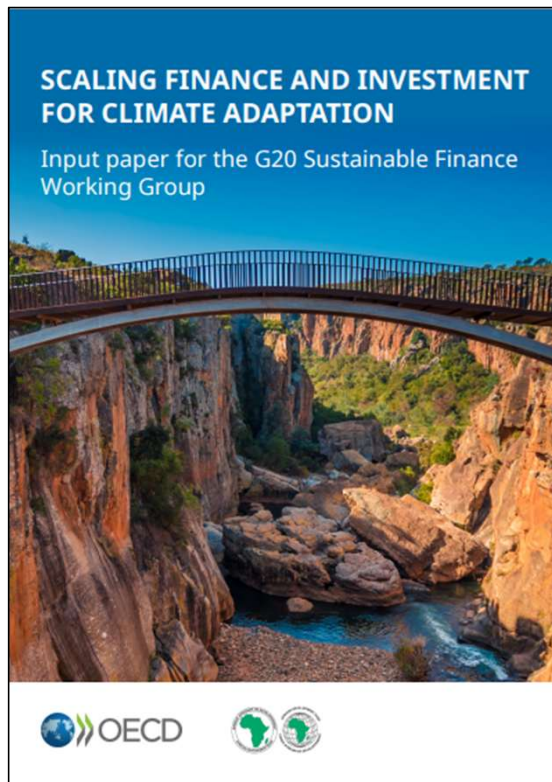


Key Recommendations

- Make NAPs more investment-oriented by:
 - Clearly defining and appraising priority adaptation investments
 - Strengthening cost estimates and funding needs
 - Mapping potential sources and instruments
 - Establish finance tracking and monitoring systems to improve transparency and accountability.
- Tailor adaptation finance strategies to national contexts (e.g. select appropriate instruments based on country circumstances and capacity).
- Promote climate-resilient fiscal planning in central finance agencies (e.g. Bangladesh developed a climate fiscal framework; Azerbaijan includes fiscal impact tools in its NAP.)
- Diversify funding sources beyond international public finance, encourage domestic resource mobilization and private sector engagement (e.g. through incentives like blended finance and guarantees).
- Reinforce governance and coordination for adaptation finance both horizontally (across sectors) and vertically (through governance levels)



Overview of action areas for scaling investment in adaptation



1

Capacity and Data

- Strengthening access to high quality data and tools
- Increasing transparency about climate resilience

2

Domestic policies

- Strengthen domestic policy environment
- Scale up domestic resource mobilization
- Enhance the contribution of insurance to supporting investment

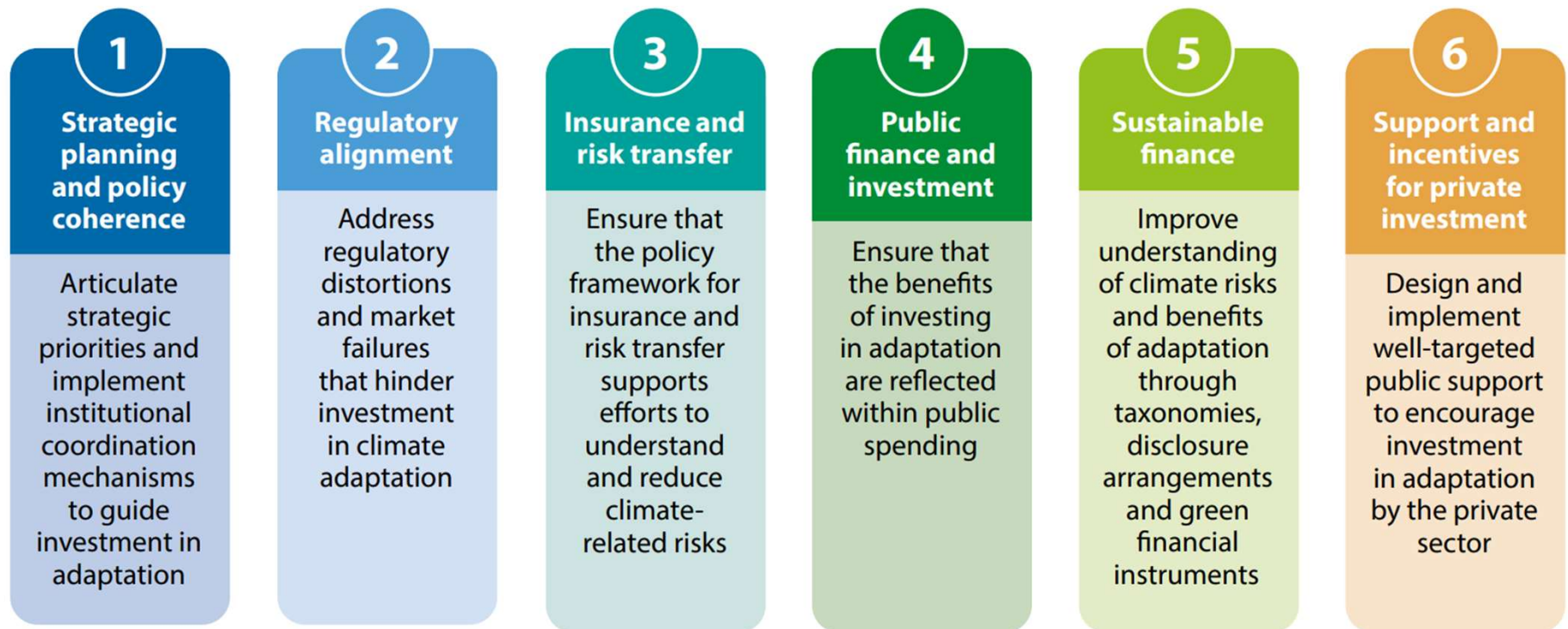
3

International support

- Improve quality and quantity of concessional finance
- Standardise and streamline processes for accessing finance
- Mobilise private investment through project preparation and blended finance
- Enable innovative financing instruments



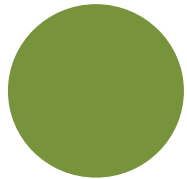
OECD CAIF: Key domestic policies for unlocking investment in adaptation





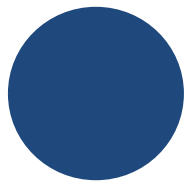
Guiding questions for discussion

For DMCs:



How do you plan to use the CAIP strategically to scale up adaptation? What are your priority actions when you return from this Forum?

For private sector and development partners:



What do you need to increase your investment in adaptation?
How could the CAIP help support that?