

1st ASIA-PACIFIC HOUSING CONFERENCE 2022 **Making Housing Affordable, Inclusive, and Resilient** 8-9 November 2022 | 1400H Manila time (GMT+8) | Virtual

ADB

Technical Session 1: Overarching Trends, Challenges, and Opportunities in the housing sector in DMCs

Learnings from Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojna (PMAY) for providing affordable housing at scale

8th November 2022

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Evolution of the "Housing for all" agenda in India

As share of total housing (NSS)	1983	1993	2002	2008-09	2011 (census)
Permanent	57.6%	73.8%	87.7%	91.7%	84.3%
Semi-permanent (roof quality)	25.9%	17.9%	9.0&	6.2%	11.6%



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PMAY has redefined the policy paradigm for housing programmes



ongoing

https://pmay-urban.gov.in/uploads/progress-pdfs/6214b302759f8-City_wise_Physical%20&%20Financial%20Progress_22-02-22.pdf

• PMAY Data: Annexure I referred in reply to RSUQ No. 2631 due for 11-08-2021 ; Census 2011 and 11FYP working group Report on Urban Housing and Slums

PMAY has 5 models, but BLC is the winner, by a large margin!

Beneficiary- Led Individual house Construction (BLC)			ed Affordable Housing in Partnership (AHP)		"In situ" Slum Redevelopm ent (ISSR)	Affordable Rental Housing Complexes (ARHC)	
		BLC		AHP	ISSR	CLSS	
Sanctioned		61%		20%	4%	14%	
Completed		49%		11%	5%	35%	
Land & Tenure (Pre- Condition)		V					
Urban Basic services				٧	v	v	
Integrating real estate markets				٧	V		
Eligibility Requirement		EWS		> 250 houses with 35% for EWS	Slum Dwellers	EWS, LIG, MIG 1 and MIG 2	
Maj	or Constrai	Ints	res mol	front ource bilizati on		s with Land, rs and Tendering	Documented income proof among EWS



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Source: PMAY Guidelines

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https://pmay-urban.gov.in/uploads/progress-pdfs/6214b302759f8-City_wise_Physical%20&%20Financial%20Progress_22-02-22.pdf



PMAY's demand-based approach aligned to slums and income categories across cities





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Source slum data: Census 2011 (Select States) PMAY Data: Annexure I referred in reply to RSUQ No. 2631 due for 11-08-2021 City-wise PMAY Progress Report from <u>https://pmay-urban.gov.in/</u> (last accessed on March 2, 2022)

Lesson 1: Access to cascading subsidies and credit



1 lakh = 0.1 millions

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SCI-FI PLANNING

Lesson 2: Improving uptake of AHP, ISSR, CLSS, ARHC through Product Diversification



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Lessons 3: Community Infrastructure improvements esp. alongside BLC



Source: NSS, 2013, 2018



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Source: Census of India 2011-2001

Lesson 3: Creating Liveable Habitats through Slum Upgrading and Delisting in Odisha



Upgradation and de-listing of 600 slums across 28 Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) 09 ULBs reached slum free status





BEFORE AFTER

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THANK YOU

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The Scaling City Institutions for India (SCI-FI) programme aims to better understand 'governance scale' in Indian cities in tandem with 'sector specific socio-economic scales'. Through research, the programme aims to inform stakeholders, including the three tiers of the government, to develop better informed policies and programmes enabling improved governance and service delivery. It has two key thematic focus in areas of Land, Housing and Planning, and Water and Sanitation. The SCI-FI programme is nested at the Centre for Policy Research (CPR) since 2013.