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Learning from Non-Routine Events and Teamwork in Intensive Care Units: Challenges and Opportunities

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# **Objectives**



Introduce Non-Routine Events (NREs) in the context of time-dependent tasks and teamwork



Describe the NRE concept, context, and consequence (3Cs), an upstream interventional area for patient safety research



Discuss opportunities and challenges of employing electronic health records and network analysis to learn from the 3Cs of NREs





## Introduction



#### **Concept** of Non-routine events (NREs)

- any aspect of care perceived by clinicians as deviations from optimal care
- latent and frequent safety threats, when left unchecked, can result in unintended consequences, including unsafe conditions or near misses.
- may allow clinicians to neutralize potential failures
- Upstream research in patient safety event (PSE) studies



#### NREs should be investigated and understood

- Contexts: interactions between humans, technologies, and care settings that are associated with the causes, processes, or consequences of NREs
- Consequences: unsafe conditions, near misses, incidents w/ or w/o harm to patients





# Introduction

High-performance teams are more resilient to NREs

Team structure and familiarity between teammates associated with NRE awareness

Root cause analysis for PSEs may not be effective and efficient for NREs

- Context of teamwork
- Time-dependent tasks

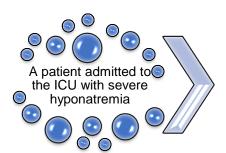
NREs offer substantial evidence

- for an upstream interventional area to analyze PSEs
- have not been well explored





# A case of NRE



a nephrology consultant reviewed the lab results and asked an intensivist to administer hypertonic saline (3% sodium) immediately



2 hours later, patient's confusion not improved. Sodium risen to 130mEq/dL, a rapid increase that put the patient at risk of severe neurologic complications.



Fortunately, the patient's sodium stabilized and his mental status gradually improved.

sodium 109mEq/L, normal range 135mEg/l

- to recheck the sodium level in one hour.
- did not specify how much hypertonic saline should be administered.

- a 500 mL hypertonic saline had nearly finished infusing.
- The infusion was stopped immediately, and the patient was administered medications to correct the rapid increase of the sodium level.





# NRE

Health IT is designed to enhance safety and quality and is indispensable for patient safety

- Miscommunication mediated by Health IT; Partial, incomplete, inaccurate information
- Introducing new human-human and human-technology interactions

Workaround/deviations under time pressure – signaling upstream, stoppable PSE

80% PSE in neonate's gastrostomy tube placement involved NRE

intensivist intended to order the administration of 50 ml of 3% saline.

- the default intravenous fluid order was for 500 ml in the CPOE
- A separate, customizable order was available but not easily accessible.



#### **WORKAROUND:**

 In a rush, the intensivist ordered the 500 ml infusion and added a free-text comment to "infuse 50 mL then recheck sodium", missed by the pharmacist and ICU nurse



#### CONSEQUENCE:

 patient receiving a much larger infusion at a faster rate





### **3C**

#### Concept:

Non-Routine Events NRE • deviation from the expected course of treatment that can result in unsafe conditions, near misses, or incidents.

#### Context:

The patient was administered hypertonic saline in an amount greater than what was prescribed due to a workaround in the EHRs order entry system.

- The order entry system had a workaround, a separate and customizable order entry was available but not used
- The ICU setting is a typical interplay of humans, technologies, and setting
- The care team's preparedness, composition, and dynamics regarding interactions between human-computer and human-human.
- complement a holistic view of the NRE.

#### Consequence:

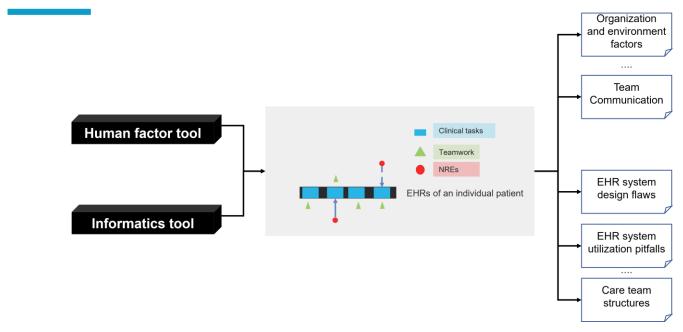
Patient affected, not harmful, or had minimal impact on the patient because of timely intervention.

- Learn from NREs to improve the safety and quality of care provided to patients and to identify and address any underlying system or process issues that may contribute to the occurrence of such events.
- Focusing on the upstream event progress of NREs could provide an excellent opportunity to mitigate potential risks.





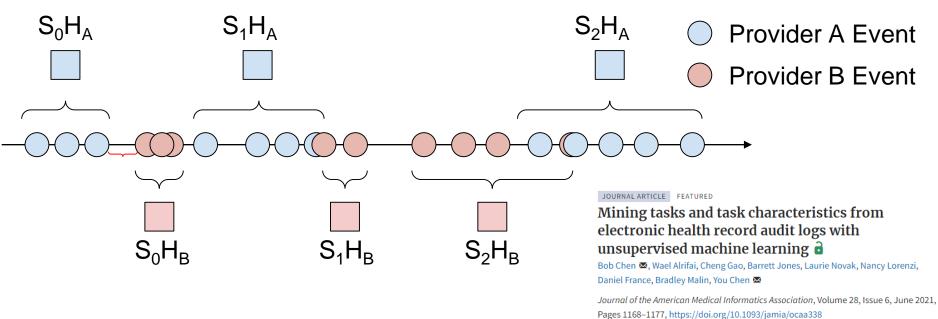
# Informatics and human factor tools







# **Context: learning tasks from EHRs**



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# **Context: learning team structures**

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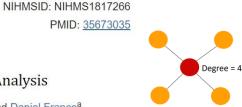
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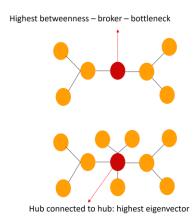
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Perioperative Care Structures and Non-Routine Events: Network Analysis

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## **Discussion & Future Directions**

- Studies on NRE present opportunities and challenges
- Typical ICU setting to identify NRE cases
  - Defined duration to understand the context
  - Human interactions at the individual and team level, and human-technology
- Limited generalizability due to
  - a variety of team structures and strategies
  - Patient's status and time-dependent tasks
  - NRE reflected in EHR could be fractional
- Potential data capture approach
  - Computer vision (silhouette)
  - Audiovisual data on human-human interaction
  - Log files on human-technology interaction





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