



Te Ara Tupua Alliance

Shifting gear to connect past, present and future

Te Ara Tupua- No ordinary shared path:

An innovative approach to coastal resilience

11 March 2026



Presentation Focus:



Project Overview
Constraints
Innovation example





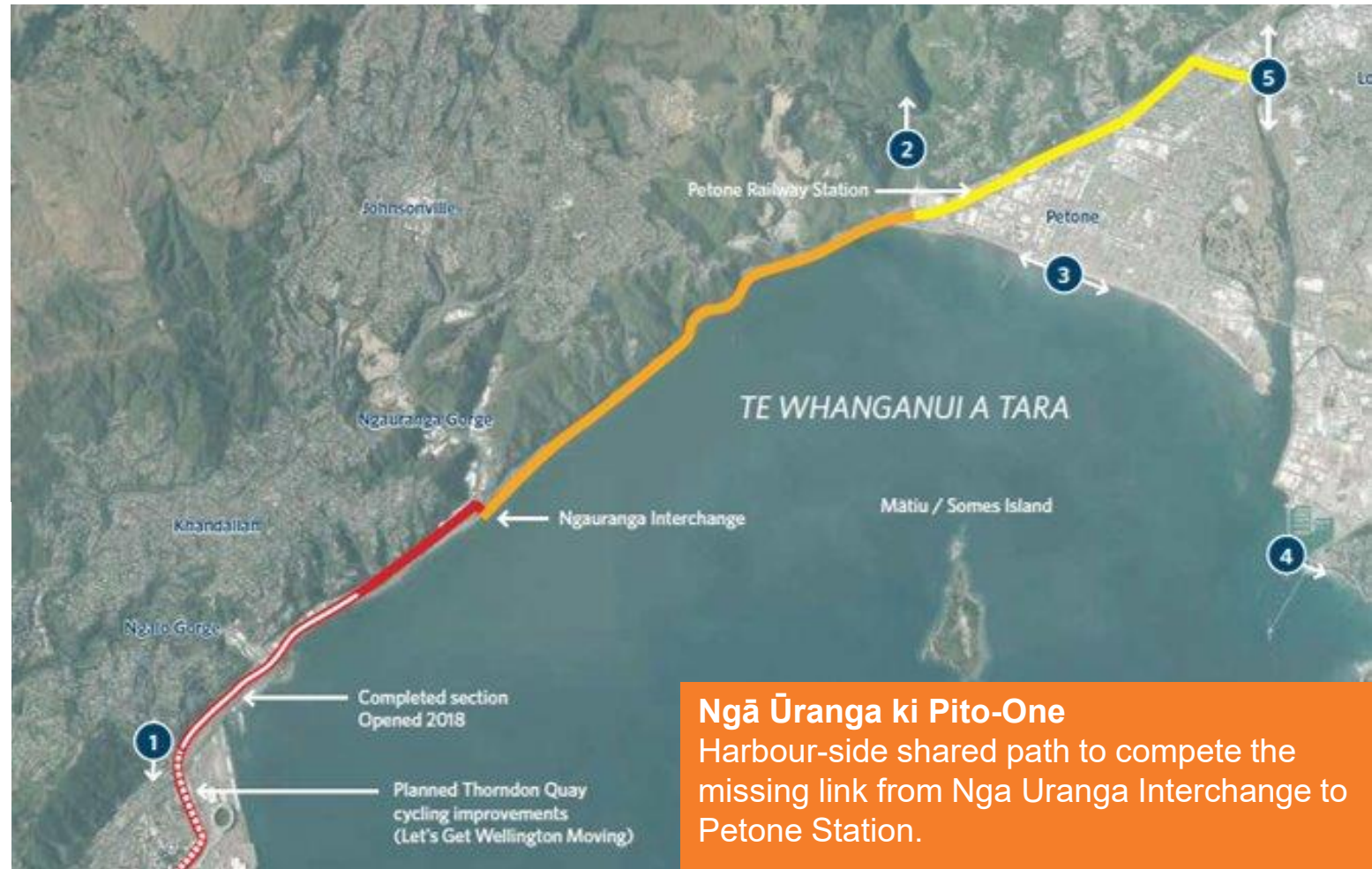
Te Ara Tupua Alliance
Shifting gear to connect past, present and future

Project Overview



Background

- Te Ara Tupua path includes the Ngā Ūranga ki Pito-One section
- **Fast-tracked consenting** – main consent approved in Feb 2021.
- **Te Ara Tupua Alliance** is established made up of Waka Kotahi, Downer NZ, HEB Construction, and Tonkin + Taylor to deliver the project.
- Other partners include Hutt City Council, Wellington City Council, Greater Wellington Regional Council and KiwiRail.



Ngā Ūranga ki Pito-One
Harbour-side shared path to complete the missing link from Nga Uranga Interchange to Petone Station.

ection that the cyclists of Wellington City and suburbs
urable could be put into a sound legal position by
ze for which they could contribute 5s. a year each to
s ago. make a cycle-track from Wellington to the
le and Hutt. That was unanimously agreed to by
notor- almost all the cyclists of Wellington. I may
We say that I was really agitating in that matter
re pre- not so much with a desire of helping cyclists
o take alone, but with the idea of giving some outlet
wever, from the City of Wellington to those who might
ist the wish to take a day's holiday. I do not know
ake to whether the member for Eden, Mr. Bollard,
eated. rides a cycle or not, but I should fancy he does

Mana Whenua Partnership



Mana Whenua Steering Group formed for the project (Taranaki Whānui and Ngati Toa alongside Waka Kotahi)

The new path:

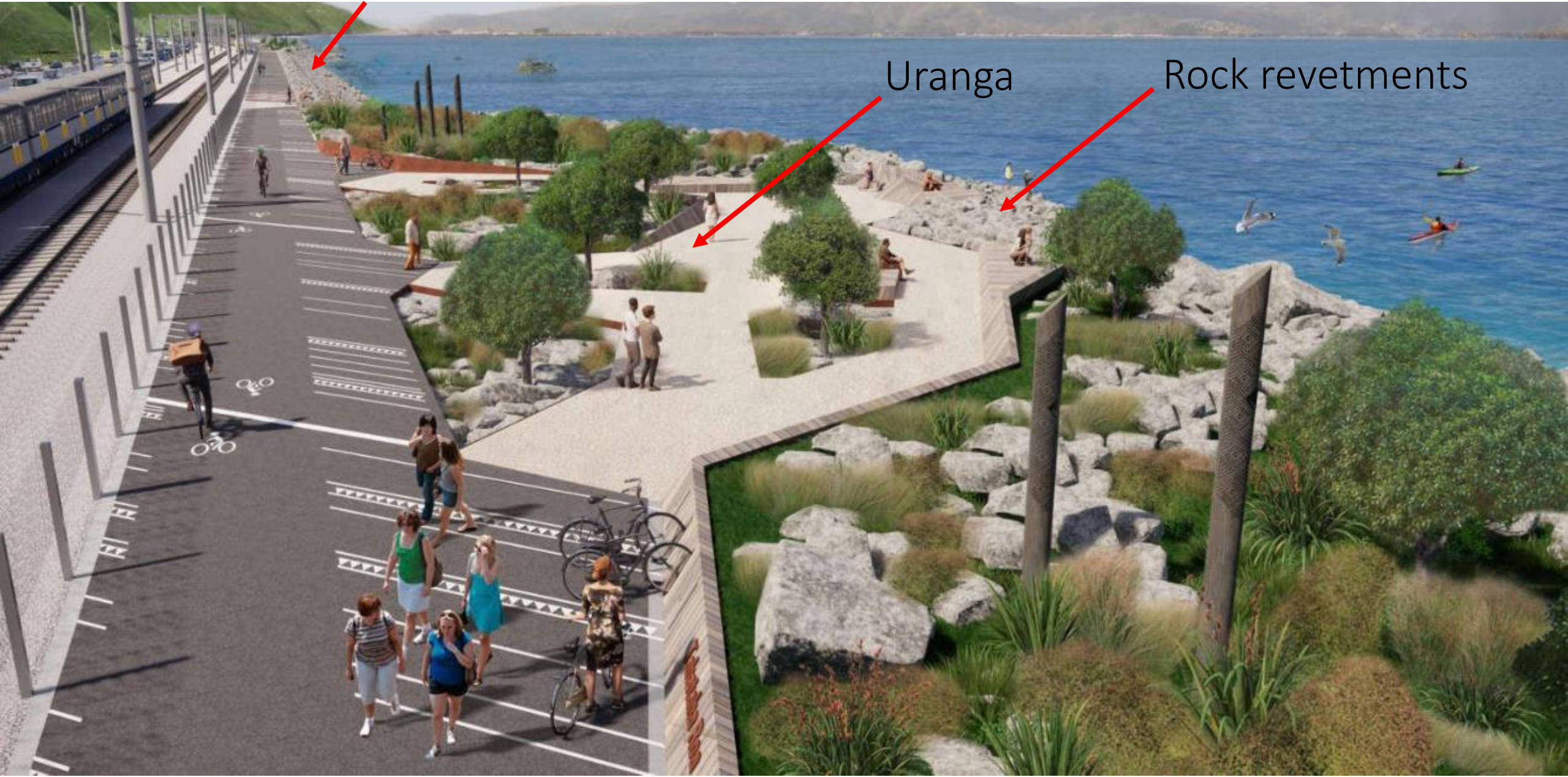
- connects our communities to the coastal edge of Te Whanganui a Tara
- shares the stories of the guardians and creators of Te Whanganui and chiefs Honiana Te Puni, and Te Wharepouri.



Concrete revetments & Seawalls

Uranga

Rock revetments



Project Objectives

- Resilience improvements to the transport network.



- New safer transport choices





Te Ara Tupua Alliance
Shifting gear to connect past, present and future

Key Constraints



Key Constraints



- Narrow coastal footprint
- Major fault line and high seismic hazard
- Extreme wave climate
- Difficult access adjacent live rail corridor



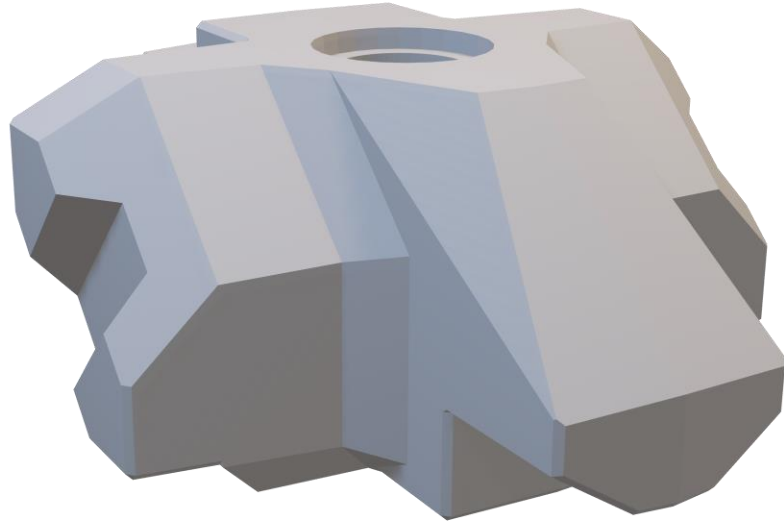


Te Ara Tupua Alliance
Shifting gear to connect past, present and future

Innovation: Designing with Nature

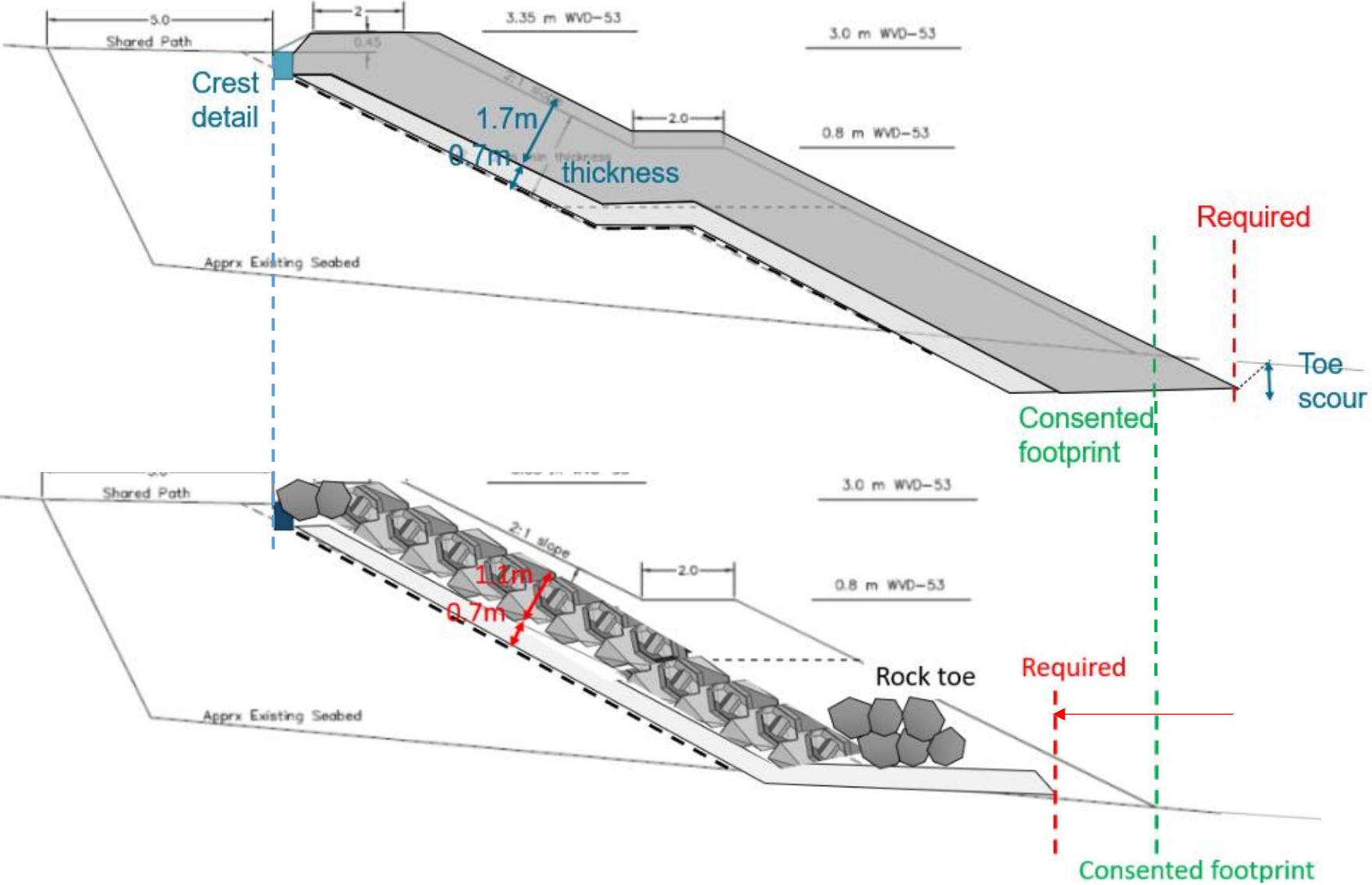


CONCRETE VS ROCK



- ✓ a **smaller footprint** than rock – saved ~4,000m² and got us within the consent footprint
- ✓ a **smaller volume** than rock – saved ~50,000 m³ rock
- ✓ **faster supply and placement** – saves programme (6 months programme)
- ✓ CO2 emissions slightly better than for the all rock option (due to reduced programme and rock transport)

REDUCED FOOTPRINT



MITIGATING VISUAL IMPACT

VARIATION IN COLOUR AND SHAPE



Te Ara Tupua Alliance
Shifting gear to connect past, present and future



v1—Standard xbloplus (Type 1)



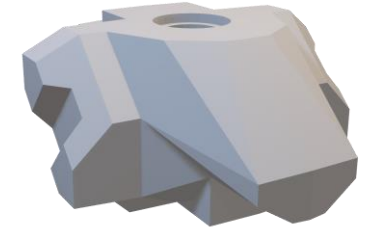
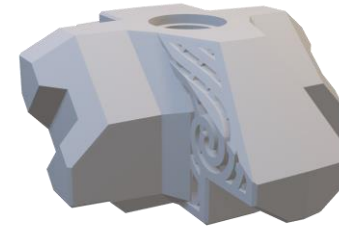
v2—Special xbloplus Type 2



v3—Special xbloplus Type 3



v4—Special xbloplus Type 4



v5—Special xbloplus Type 5



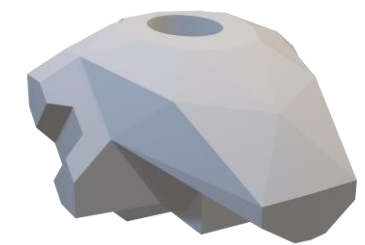
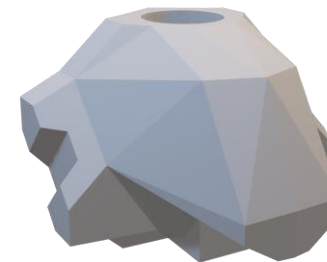
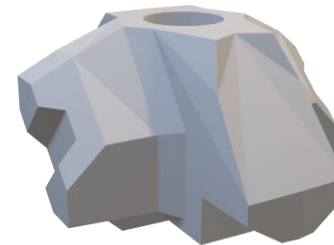
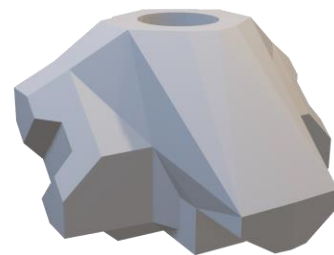
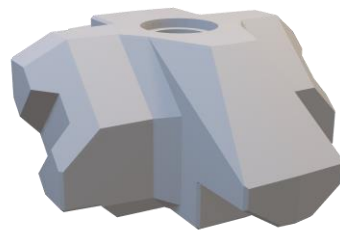
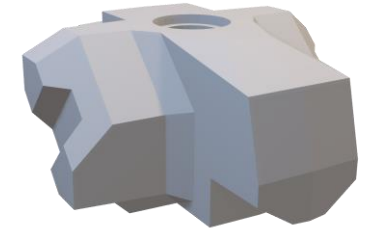
v6—Special xbloplus Type 6



v7—Special xbloplus Type 7



v8—Special xbloplus Type 8

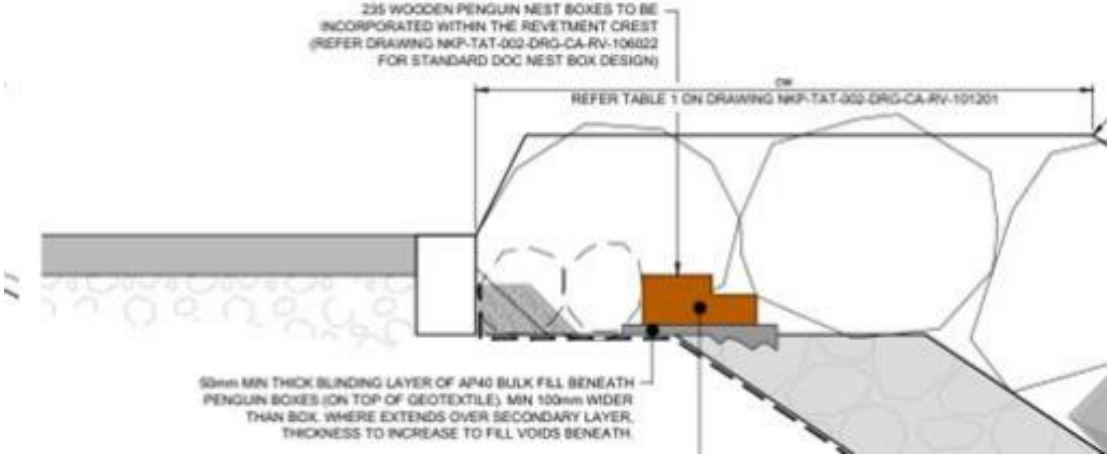


MITIGATING ECOLOGICAL IMPACT

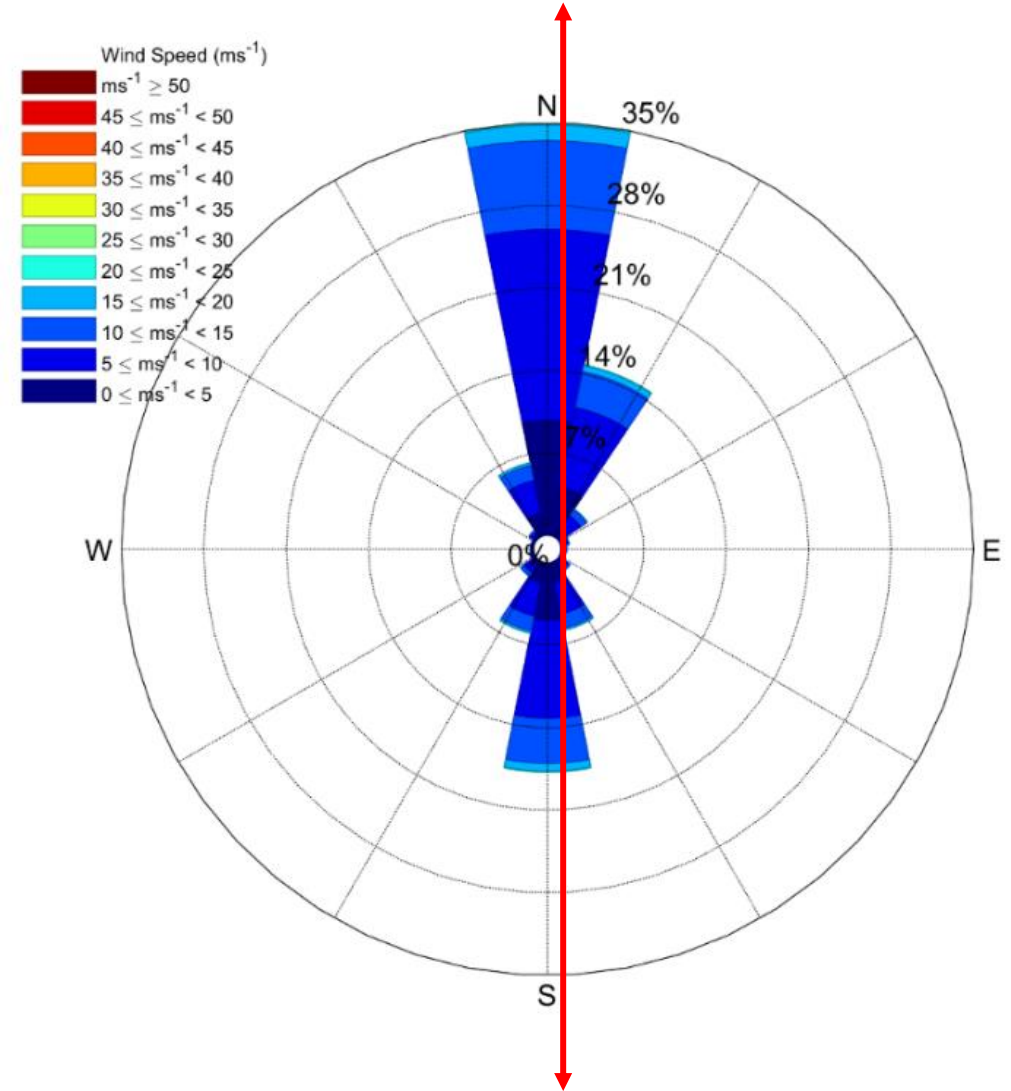
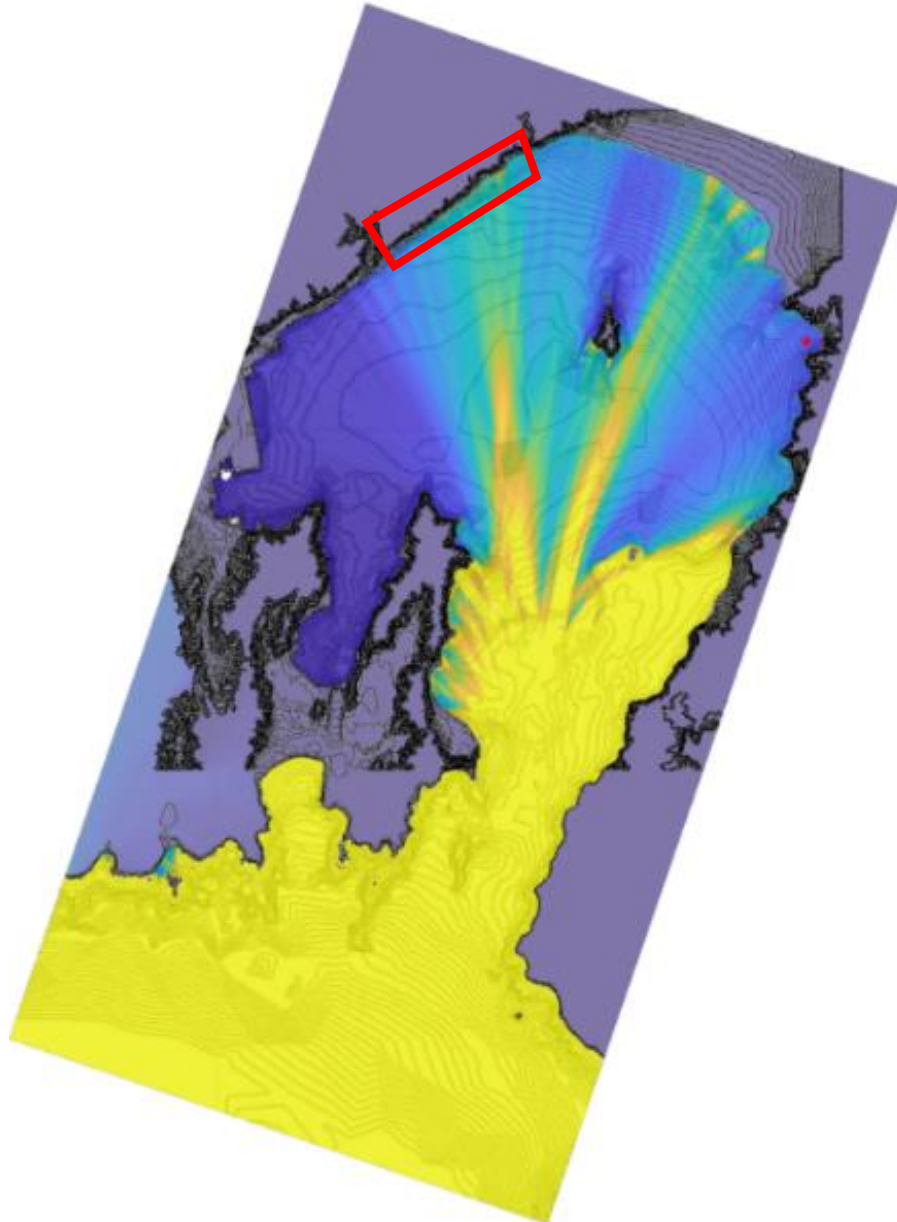
 **Te Ara Tupua Alliance**
Shifting gear to connect past, present and future



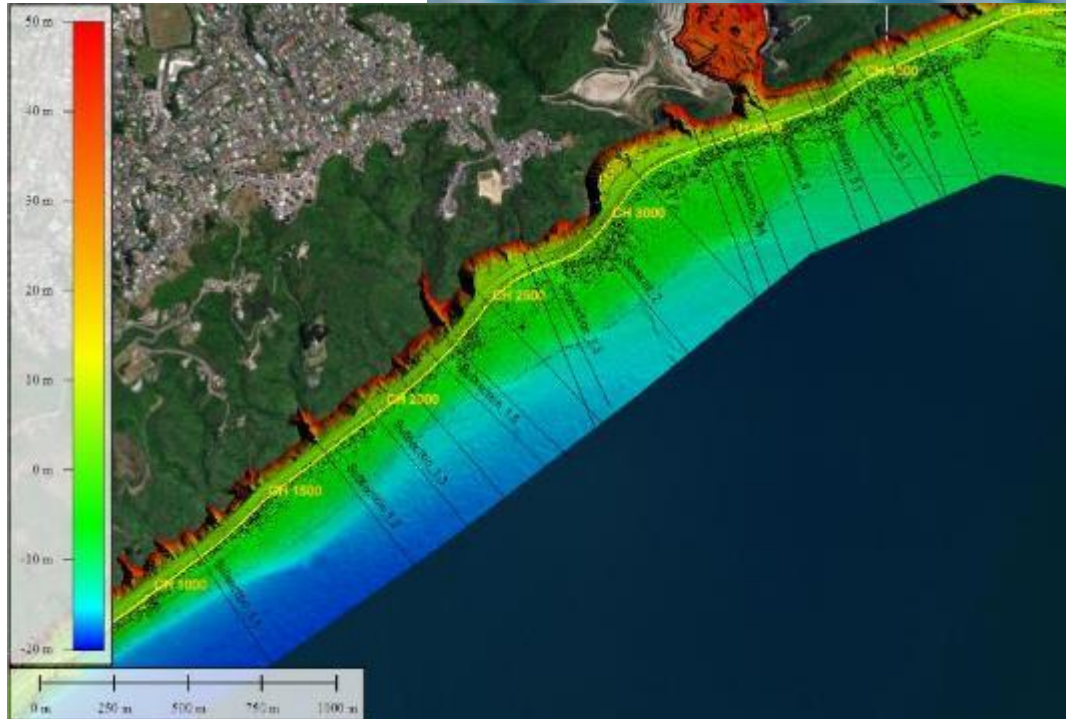
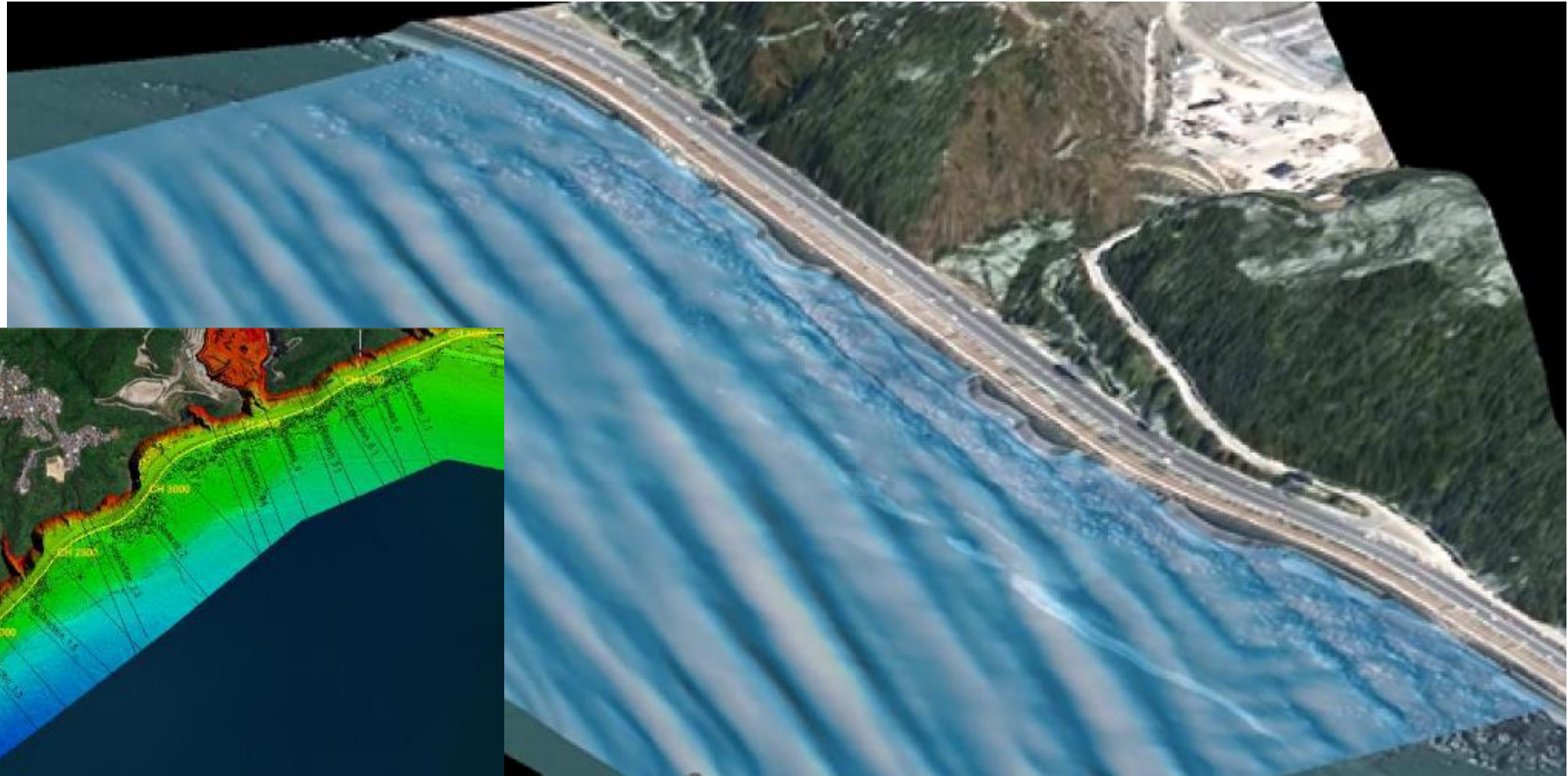
MITIGATING ECOLOGICAL IMPACT



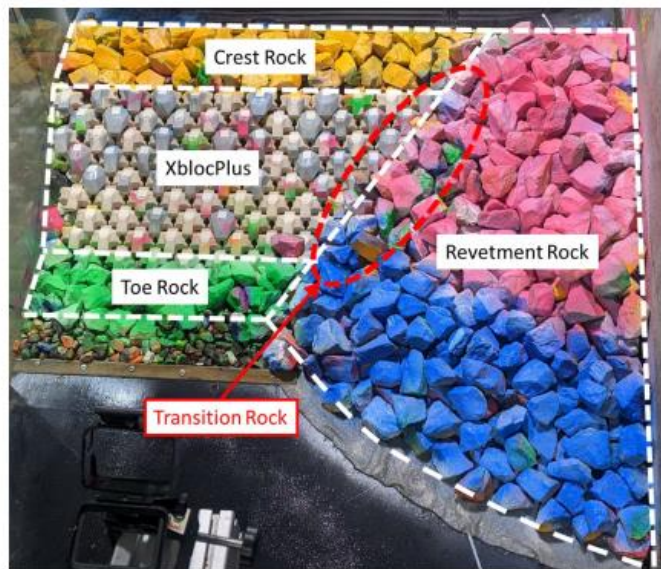
COASTAL RESILIENCE



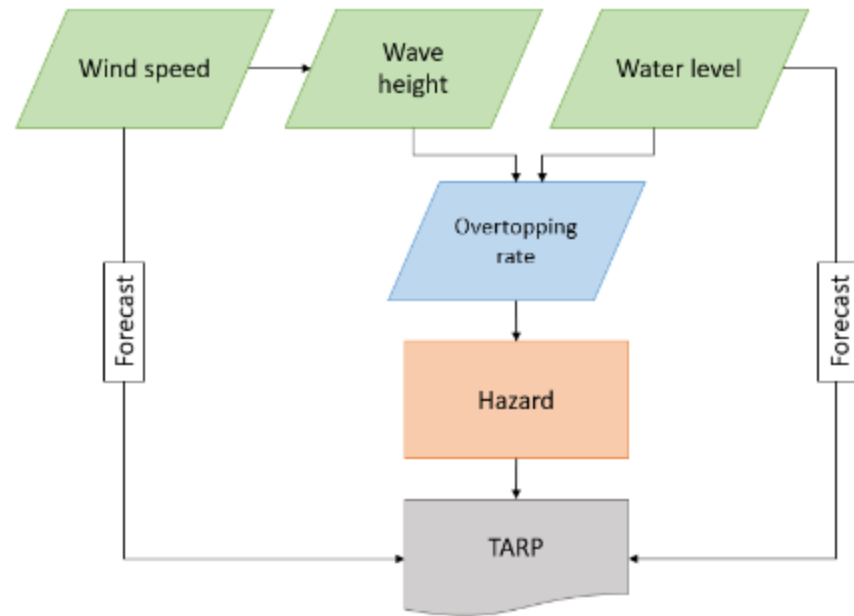
COASTAL RESILIENCE



COASTAL RESILIENCE

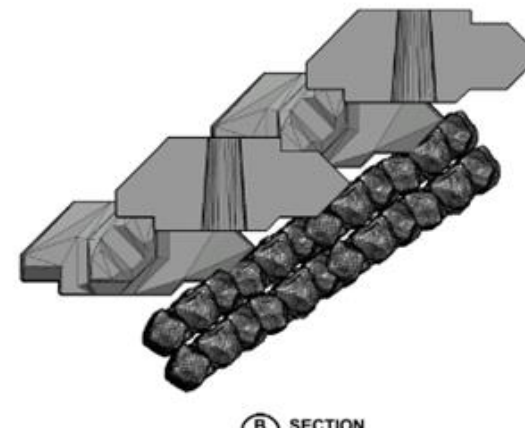
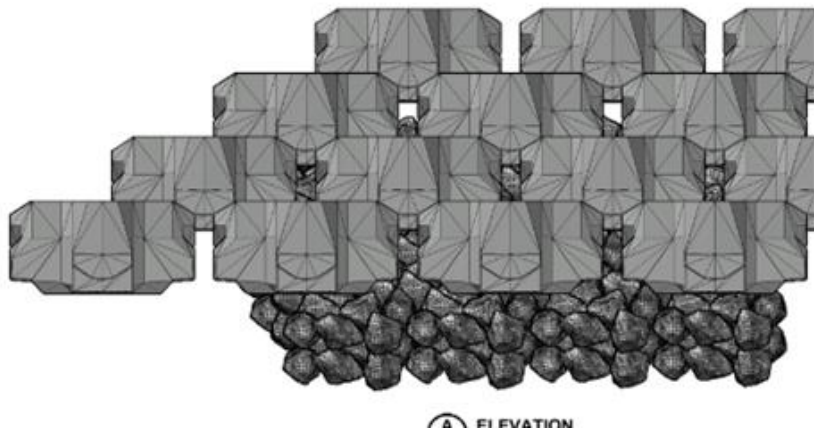
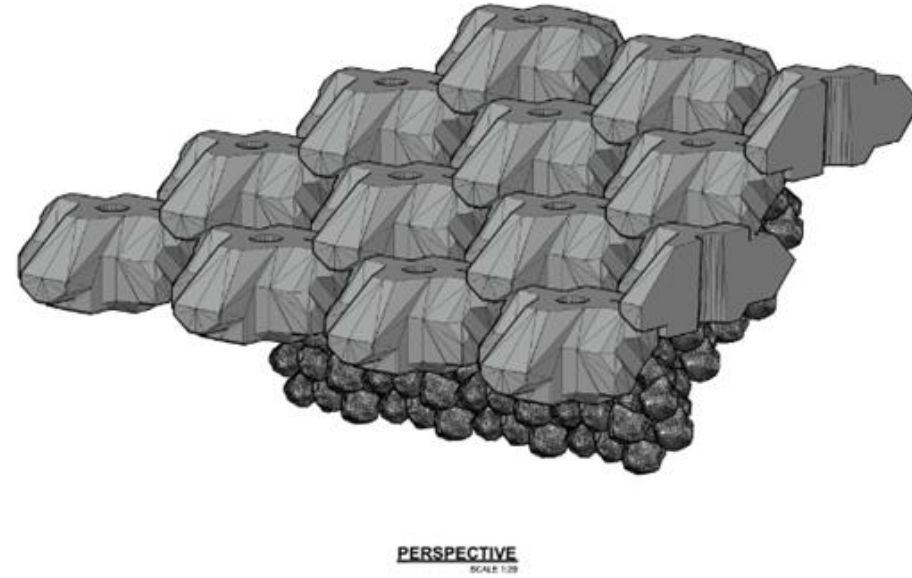
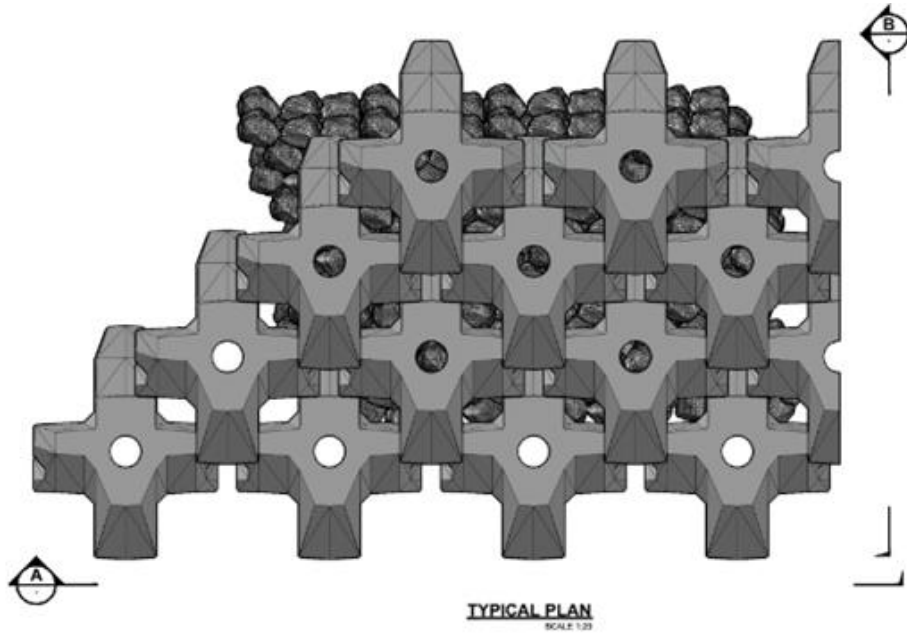


Operational Trigger Action Response Plan (TARP)



Warning level ⁶	Warning threshold/trigger ²⁴⁵	Expected overtopping and wave height	Impact
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1 <p><i>Adverse weather forecast.</i></p> <p>Occurrence: Average approximately once/2 months</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Forecasted adverse weather conditions (Level 3 or 4 thresholds) likely to affect path usability within 24 hours. 	Not applicable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aims to increase awareness of path users of hazardous weather condition approaching within 24 hours. Gives path users adequate warning to make alternative arrangements.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 2 <p><i>Warning, strong winds and spray.</i></p> <p>Occurrence: Average approximately once per month Strong wind, spray and debris or high wind with lower tide</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wind speed: 35 to 55 km/hr from the southeast to southwest. 3 hours either side of high tide 	Wave height: 0.6 – 1.1 m Low overtopping $Q_{\text{over}} = < 0.1 \text{ l/s/m}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strong winds from the south likely to create uncomfortable path user conditions. Spray onto the path on along standard revetment lengths. Overtopping occurring infrequently (2-5min between events).
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 3 <p><i>Warning, strong winds and overtopping.</i></p> <p>Occurrence: Average approximately once/2 months Strong wind, spray and debris or high wind with lower tide.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wind speed: 56 to 75 km/hr from the southeast to southwest. 3 hours either side of high tide 	Wave height: 1.2 to 1.5 m Moderate overtopping $Q_{\text{over}} = 0.1 \text{ to } 1 \text{ l/s/m}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whitewater onto path, potentially some green water events but volumes and flow depths. Overtopping occurring infrequently (2-5min between events). Uncomfortable but not dangerous for aware pedestrians/cyclists.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 4 <p><i>Path closure.</i></p> <p>Occurrence: Average ~once every 1 - 10 years (63% annual exceedance probability) Overtopping exceeds design criteria.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wind speed > 75 km/hr from the southeast to southwest. All tides 	Wave height: > 1.5 m High overtopping $Q_{\text{over}} = > 1 \text{ l/s/m}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant white water and green water across path. Occurs frequently (<2 min between overtopping events). Extremely dangerous to pedestrians/cyclists.

SEISMIC RESILIENCE



CONCLUSION



- Sea level rise presents an increased challenge for coastal infrastructure
- Concrete revetment units present footprint, cost and resilience benefits
- Bespoke modifications as illustrated can mitigate the local effects







Ja Alliance

st, present and future



