informing road safety investment

Paul Graham, New Zealand Transport Agency
TRAFINZ annual conference, Wellington, 13th November 2018



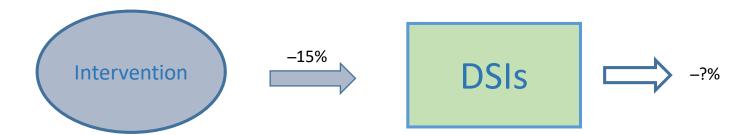
Background

"Develop an integrated intervention logic model to optimise safe system investment for the 2018-21 National Land Transport Programme"

- reduced deaths and serious injuries
- optimise safety investment for future National Land
 Transport Programmes including Road Policing
- inform the sector's safety priorities and development of the next road safety strategy



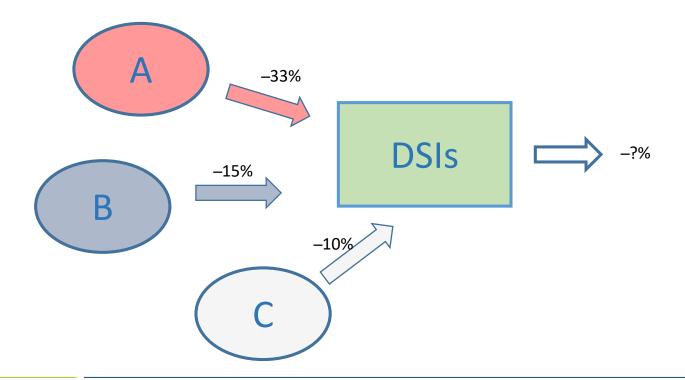
Interventions



- may only apply to some of the population
- may only be applied at half-strength
- some of the population may already be treated / compliant
- may not be instant



Several interventions





Costs of interventions

Interventions

A user

B road #1

C enforcement

DSI reduction = xx%Cost = \$n000

Interventions

VS

A user

D road #2

E signage

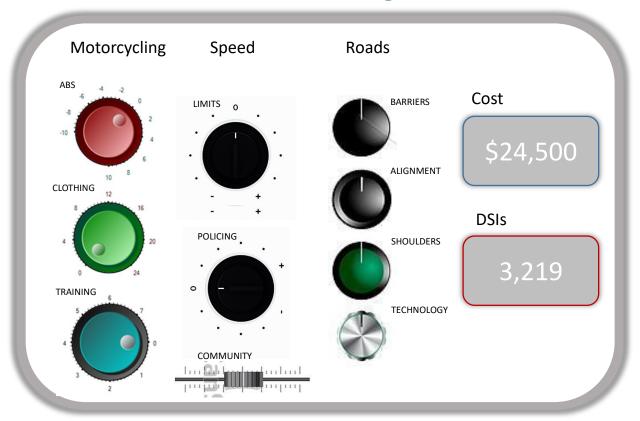
DSI reduction = yy% Cost = \$m000



Safer Journeys

Alcohol and drugslower limitinterlocksdrug testing	Speedcameraslimitspenalties	• edu	drivers nces ication ohol limit	Roads and roadsidesgive waybarriersintersections	Motorcyclingtrainingreturn ridersABS		
Fatigue & distractioneducationworkplace	High risk driverslicenceassistancestreet racing	Heavy vehicles • ESC • operator rating		Walking and cyclingschool speedinfrastructure	• ESC/SCA • promotion		
	der road users mobility devices			Restraints • child restraint best practice			





- commenced January 2018
- multi-agency and international workshop
- previous models

- NZ requirements
 - transparent
 - available

Australia: METS and eMETS

Europe: SafetyCUBE

Sweden: forecast-backcast

Switzerland: Siegrist, multiplicative

LTSA: traditional



Questions and challenges

• interventions, or dose-response relationships

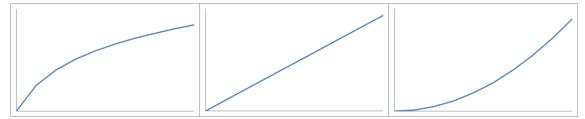
- between open road average speeds and fatalities / serious injuries [Nilsson]
- between urban speeds and fatalities [Kloeden,updated/verified]
- between enforcement levels and alcohol crashes [Cameron]
- between GDP and fatalities [Deloittes]
- between motorcycle training and crash reduction [ACC]



Questions and challenges

• interventions, or dose-response relationships

- mathematical engine
- baseline level of DSIs
- costs; non-linear relationships; sub-groups



• synergistic relationships; limits of estimation

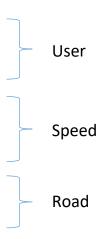




Stage I: Pilot model

Example of intervention list

- Motorcycles: Protective Clothing
- Motorcycles: Motorcyclist Training
- Speed Enforcement
- Community Speed Programme *
- Median Barriers
- Curve Realignment
- New Lane Departure Technology





User input

Need to know Effect, Target, Current level and Uptake

Intervention	DSI reduction	Target population	Currently treated	Extent
motorcycle clothing	21%	17%	33%	50%
speed limit reduction	31%	47%	77%	40%
curve realignment	27%	13%	56%	20%
new lane departure technology	50%	37%	1%	80%
future idea	?	?	?	?





How Many Interventions?	3			Integrated RRF	Projected DSI Savings
How Many DSIs (Including Fatalities)?	3203	DSI Year :	2017	4 E20/	145
How Many Fatalities ?	378	DSI Year:	2017	4.53%	145

Intervention Details

	Interventions	% Risk Reduction Factor (RRF)	% Treated Population	Proportion DSIs Impacted	Total DSI RRF %	N	% Uptake	% Uptake * Total DSI RRF %	DSI Reduction Single Intervention
1	Motorcycles: Motorcyclist Training	11%	3%	17%	1.9%	552	50%	0.9%	30
2	Urban Speed Reduction	51%	54%	15%	7.6%	479	100%	7.6%	112
3	Curve Realignment	27%	56%	13%	3.5%	415	10%	0.4%	5
	Enforcement Speed Reduction	^							
Mediar	Barriers								
	oulder Width								
	ealignment								
New La	ne Departure Technology								
		<u> </u>							

Intervention Options List
Motorcycles: Protective Clothing
Motorcycles: Motorcyclist Training
Motorcycles: Motorcycle ABS
Speed Limits (100kph to 90kph)
Speed Enforcement
Urban Speed Reduction
Median Barriers
Lane Shoulder Width
Curve Realignment
New Lane Departure Technology





How Many Interventions ?	3		3		tions? 3 Integr		Integrated RRF	Projected DSI Savings
How Many DSIs (Including Fatalities) ?	3203	DSI Year :	2017	3.7%	110			
How Many Fatalities ?	378	DSI Year:	2017	5.7%	119			

Intervention Details

	Interventions	% Risk Reduction Factor (RRF)	% Treated Population	Proportion DSIs Impacted	Total DSI RRF %	N	% Uptake	% Uptake * Total DSI RRF %	DSI Reduction Single Intervention
1	Motorcycles: Motorcyclist Training	11%	3%	17%	1.9%	552	100%	1.9%	59
2	Urban Speed Reduction	51%	54%	15%	7.6%	479	50%	3.8%	56
3	Curve Realignment	27%	56%	13%	3.5%	415	10%	0.4%	5

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How Many Interventions?	3 II			Integrated RRF	Projected DSI Savings
How Many DSIs (Including Fatalities)?	3203	DSI Year:	2017	6.0%	101
How Many Fatalities ?	378	DSI Year :	2017	6.0%	191

Intervention Details

	Interventions	% Risk Reduction Factor (RRF)	% Treated Population	Proportion DSIs Impacted	Total DSI RRF %	N	% Uptake	% Uptake * Total DSI RRF %	DSI Reduction Single Intervention
1	Motorcycles: Motorcycle ABS	40%	40%	17%	6.9%	552	100%	6.9%	132
2	Urban Speed Reduction	51%	54%	15%	7.6%	479	50%	3.8%	56
3	Curve Realignment	27%	56%	13%	3.5%	415	10%	0.4%	5

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Components of the model - next steps

costs of interventions

effects of interventions

interactions between interventions regional and user group sub-populations

uncertainties and estimates

multiple interventions working together

baseline deaths and serious injuries

