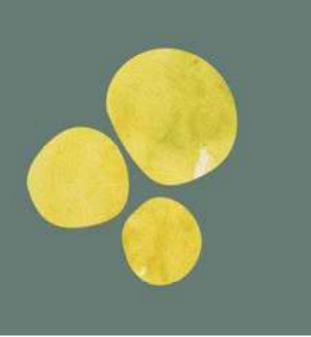




## OUTDOOR SPACES IN SPECIAL EDUCATION

PURPOSEFUL LANDSCAPE DESIGN FOR PLAY, LEARNING AND SENSORY HEALTH

Mary Jeavons
Founding Director,
Jeavons Landscape Architects



### INTRODUCTION

- Combining four ideas:
  - role of outdoors/nature in well-being, for everyone
  - importance of play for all children
  - making connections between play and sensory health
  - landscape architecture/ site planning
- About us
- Observations in special schools



#### TODAY

- 1. Play outdoors
- 2. Landscape Planning for school grounds
- 3. Sensory health
- 4. Purposeful Design- 8 play settings for diverse needs
- 5. Challenges



## 1. OUTDOORS



## About being outdoors...

- well-being
- sensory regulation
- health, fitness, movement and exercise - importance in brain development and learning
- inclusion: outdoors allows more children to show mastery
- understanding of natural systems /stewardship



## Outdoor play

- child directed
- child selected

play is learning with a capital 'L'



Sobering thought: today - schools are one of the few places where children actually do play outside

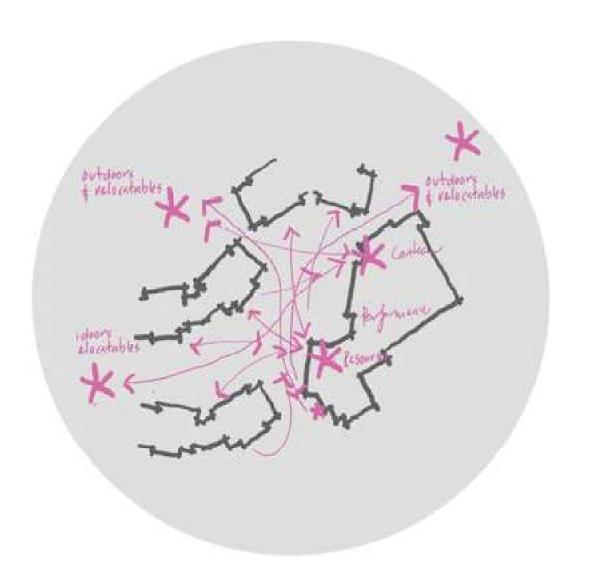
# 2. LANDSCAPE PLANNING FOR SCHOOL GROUNDS



## Landscape planning in schools – why it's a good idea

- Consult and Observe
- Consider all the opportunities and constraints of the whole grounds
- piece together optimal uses for outdoor spaces
- Design for a purpose what is the role of each space across the school
- Lots of stakeholder input
- Allows for budgeting and planning, grant applications etc
- Don't just order random equipment and expect the supplier to provide the best outcome
- Design process design first then seek quotes





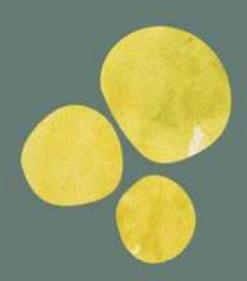
Avoid conflict between moving and sedentary / vulnerable activities



## 3. SENSORY HEALTH

Angela Tieman- Paediatric OT Sensory Health Matters <u>www.sensoryhealthmatters.au</u>

www.physio-pedia.com/Sensory\_Integration



About sensory health

Sensory integration and processing how the brain organises, processes and makes sense of input from these 8 senses

# Sensory integration - important in child development:

- social-emotional relationships,
- motor skills,
- cognitive skills,
- adaptive skills

#### OUR SENSES

#### **EXTERIOR** senses:

hearing vision smell taste touch

inside the body, perceived through organs, e.g. hunger

PROPRIOCEPTION
information about
location, movement,
and actions of our body
sense of effort,
sense of force

Movement Senses VESTIBULAR
information about
movement, changing
head position and
gravity
linked to vision and
balance

When children have difficulty processing and responding to sensory info, it affects their ability to participate in daily school activities

www.physiopedia.com/Sensory Integration

Children can be hypo- or hyper-sensitive to sensory inputs.

They may respond to overor under-stimuli by state of stress, or shutting down

For learning and engagement in a task, the nervous system needs to be at an appropriate level of arousal i.e. a regulated state, so children can focus on

what matters.

Goal - to use sensory activities, through outdoor play, to help children learn how to self- regulate their emotional states and behaviour, in order to progress and learn.

proprioceptive activities are regulating, especially when bringing in rhythm and regularity.

- gross motor activities
- various movements
- weight-bearing activities- crawling and push-ups
- resistance activities pushing and pulling

## Vestibular Stimulation Calming:

- slow, rhythmic movement
- linear plane movements
- back and forth; side-to-side

#### Excitatory-increases alertness:

- quick, unpredictable movements
- spinning
- up-and-down bouncing

- spinning
- rocking
- climbing
- sliding
- balancing
- bouncing
- swinging
- throwing a ball
- walking, running
- riding toys

About sensory health, cont.

We all have sensory preferences – (how our bodies respond to the world around us)

Angela TiemanPaediatric OT
Sensory Health Matters
www.sensoryhealthmatters.au

Environments that suit children's personal preferences require less conscious effort for them to be open to learning, e.g.

- very loud, bright, noisy
- quiet, enclosed
- very soft, not scratchy

## 4. LANDSCAPE PLANNING WITH PURPOSE

8 OUTDOOR PLAY SETTINGS FOR DIVERSE PLAY AND SENSORY NEEDS



- diverse opportunities for children to engage their senses
- provide both stimulating or calming activities, physical activity and movement
- emotional safety
- develop new skills so that they are ready to learn



## 1. Running/walking/ball games / bikes / hard surfaces

- large scale, active spaces
- access paths and circulation routes
- ovals, hard courts/multi purpose games surfaces
- running tracks, bike-ed, other sports

can be drivers of conflict

## physical activity ball skills





## vital circulation, social interaction, and inclusion







# 2. Opportunities for varying levels of climbing and risk taking

- climbing is a fundamental means of exploring and testing skills
- offers children the chance to acquire the skills at their own pace
- choice of degrees of challenge





- progression, skill development
- 'enabling' design and mastery
- use of large muscles
- requires provision of different sizes and scales of equipment
- opt-in challenge
- access to slides as a particular focus









#### Match the degree of challenge to the intended age group





### Structures for young children

- The benefit of a stair as well as other climbing options
- Slide to get down





A choice of ways up:

- stair, rungs and net
- slide to get down

Adaptable

Cubby under

A fine line between skill development, mastery, challenge and failure:

- reduce injuries and enhance skill development and mastery by:
  - providing graded skill progression and challenges
  - enabling design
- and think about the diverse needs and interests of children, especially in a school



### 3. Key forms of movement

Types of movement on equipment

- Swinging
- Rocking (see saw, spring rocker)
- Spinning (carousel; spinning tunnel)
- Bouncing (play space trampolines)
- Gliding (flying fox/track ride)
- Sliding
- Agility
- Combinations

- great for sensory regulation (vestibular and proprioception)
- calming or stimulating
- choose accessible designs





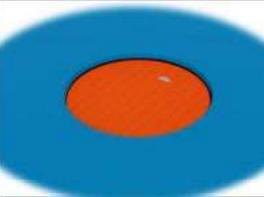
















































#### Selection tips for equipment

- provide diversity and choice- in height, challenge and type
- provide enough swings
- design for social/ inclusion
  - choice of seat types/sizes
  - group and single items
  - back support
  - · easy access; direct transfer
  - hand grips
  - choose items that offer other 'affordances'

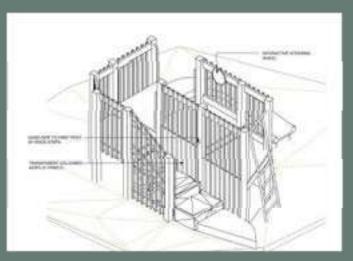
#### 4. Other external senses





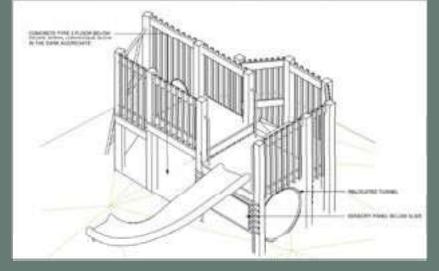
#### Visual:

- light
- colours
- smell/ taste
- sound

















#### **Tactile**

opportunities for progressive exposure to overcome aversions

### 5. Sand / digging

- exploration of the touch senses
- digging / use of large muscles
- imagination / creativity









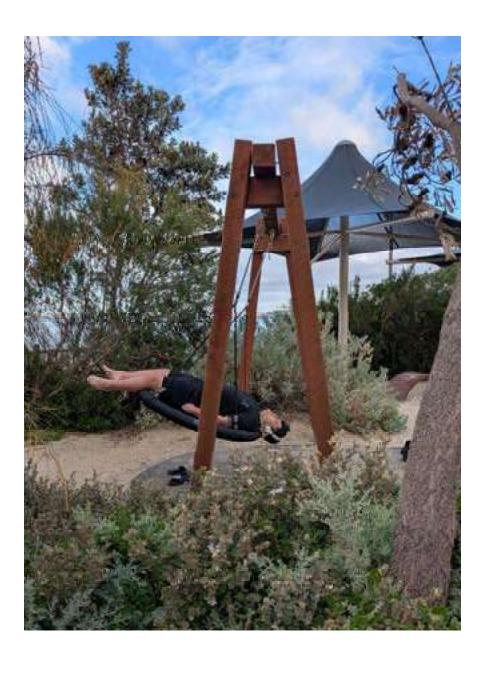
### 6. Calming spaces

- intimate scale
- full-body pressure
- tunnels









gentle rocking

# 7. Settings for creative, pretend play

- related to imagination, creativity, language development, empathy, social and cognitive skills
- Ideally combine with sand/ loose materials in a role play setting





















## 8. Natural elements and loose materials















# Touch, taste, smell

#### natural areas / living things

- productive gardens,
- trees, forests, habitat
- lawns, gardens,
- amenity











## 5. CHALLENGES





### Special challenges

- Children's safety
- Ingesting loose materials and plants
- Weapons/other children's behaviour
- Supervision

## Play in these types of spaces at school is vulnerable...

- to conflicts
- disturbance
- crowding
- lack of materials
- lack of time
- over- control
- ideas about mess
- risk aversion
- new buildings











### Strategies for plant survival

tough plants in the right place

large enough garden beds

 protect root zones-with barriers, raised beds, plant between rocks

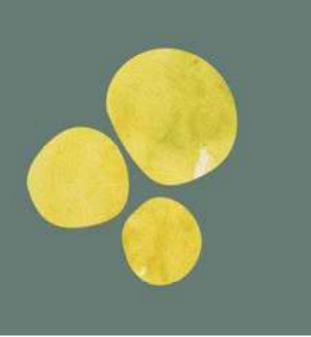
- maintenance and care
- education
- fallowing intensely loved play zones



### protected planting

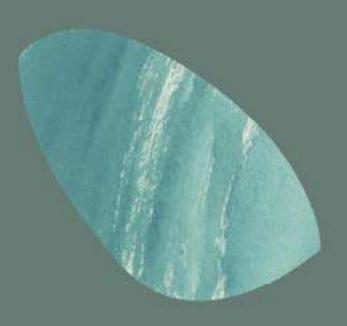






#### Your homework...

- take a closer look at what children are doing in your school
- or what they could be doing
- how are their sensory needs being met though outdoor play?
- how does the setting measure up?





## Thanks, and over to you

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