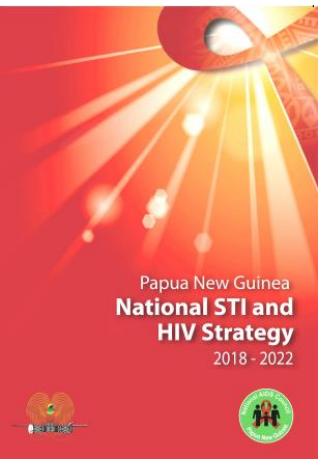
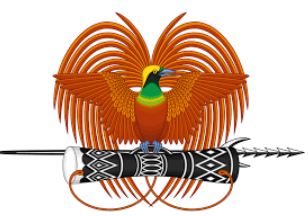


Challenges and Opportunities rolling out PNG's National STI and HIV Strategy

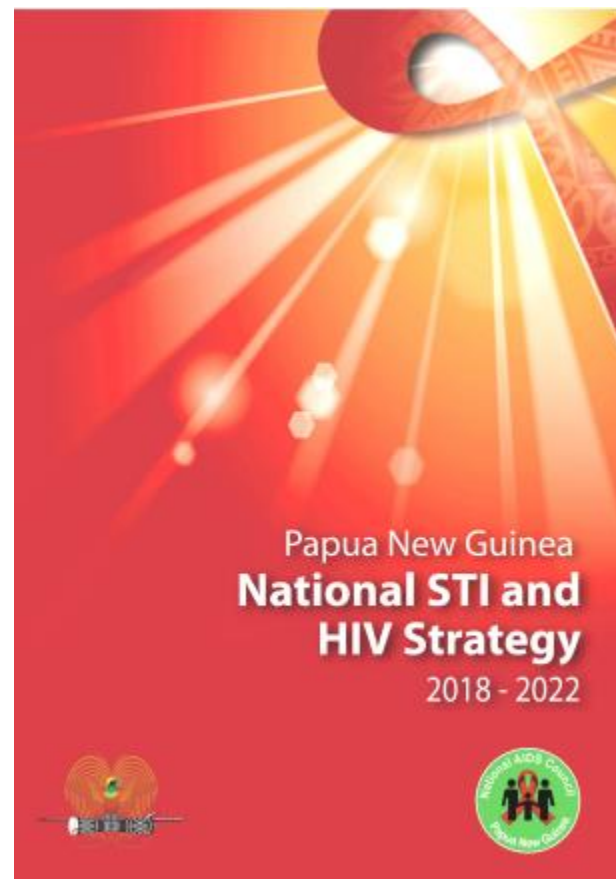
ASHM CONFERENCE
PERTH, AUSTRALIA
17TH - 19TH SEPTEMBER 2019

DR PENIEL BOAS (A/PROGRAM MANAGER - STI/HIV)



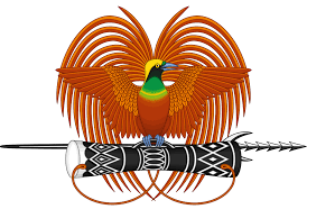


STI & HIV Strategy 2018-2022



Prime Minister Launches New HIV Strategy

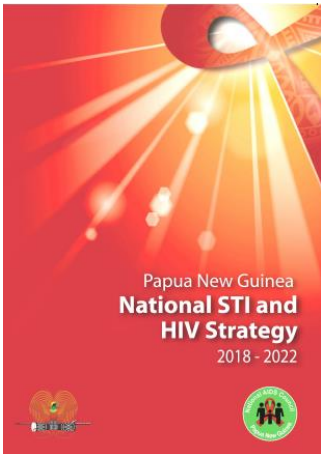


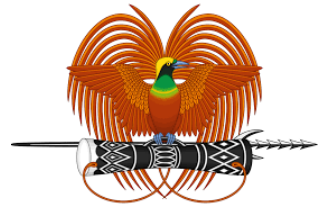


Vision of the National STI and HIV Strategic plan 2018 - 2022



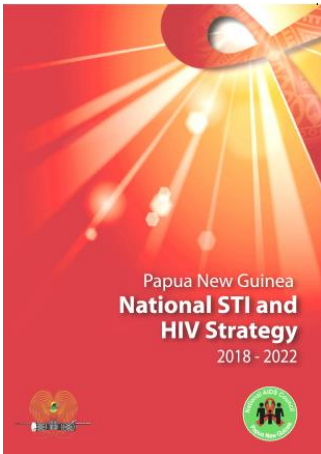
- All people in PNG are able to protect themselves from HIV/AIDS and STIs
- All people with HIV/AIDS and STIs are able to access the treatment and support they need to maximize their health and the health of their families

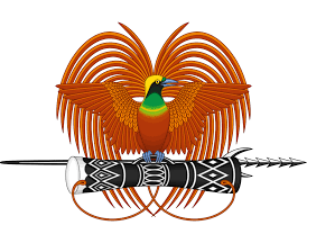




Strategic Directions, Goals, Strategies, Key Indicators, Strategic Results and Priority Actions

- Priority Actions for Strategic Results
- Indicators for Strategic Results
- Overall Implementation Budget for PNG NSHS 2018 – 2022
- Estimated budget of US\$250 million for entire 5 year activity implementation plan.
- Costing included both clinical and non clinical components
- Costings of Strategic Direction and Strategic Results for the 5 years.

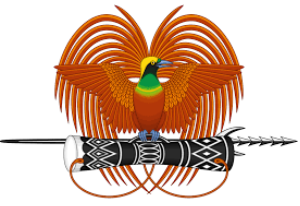




Four Strategic Directions

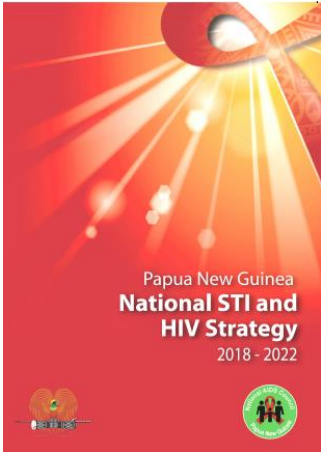
- 1. An efficiently managed, capable and well-resourced national, provincial and district response to STIs and HIV
- 2. A successful response to STIs and HIV that is driven by accurate and up-to-date strategic information and research
- 3. Decreased STI and HIV transmission and improved health and well-being of PLHIV
- 4. An environment that is safe and supportive of people's efforts to remain healthy

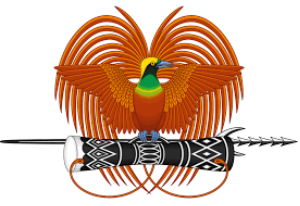




Four Strategic Directions

- Leadership, Coordination and sustainability
- Strategic Information
- Prevention, Continuum of Care
- Advocacy and Enabling Environment

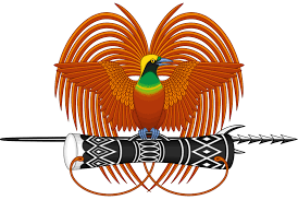




Challenges

- **Inconsistent Supply of HIV and STI Drugs, test kits, condoms and other commodities: Relates to Leadership, Coordination and sustainability (Strategic Direction 1).**
 - High rates of HIV Drug Resistance and emerging STI drug resistance. A major health security risk to Australia.
 - High MTC (PTC) vertical transmission (25%)
 - High lost to follow up (40%)
 - Low HIV screening of TB patients and low IPT uptake.

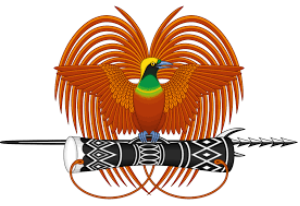




Challenges

- **High levels of Stigma & Discrimination: Relates to Prevention, Continuum of Care & Advocacy and Enabling Environment (Strategic Directions 3 & 4).**
 - Weak HIV prevention efforts especially among KPs and general population.
 - Prevention uptake of Condoms remains poor.
 - Gender based violence among the highest globally.

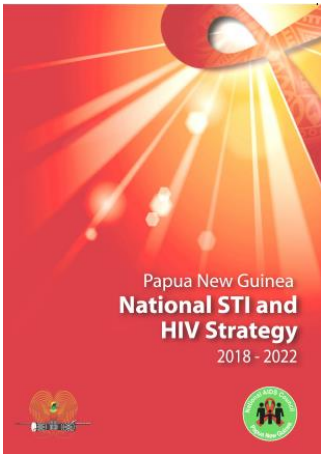




Opportunities



- New government committed to make PNG a better country
- Good partnerships with donors and development partners with active STI/HIV TWG
- Revamping of NACS
- Strong Strategic Information Team
- Revised HIV Care & Treatment Guidelines and Sexual Health & STI Standard Management.
- Roll out of the and HPDB and eNHIS
- Restructuring of provinces to PHAs





THANK YOU

