NON-VOLITIONAL SEX IN A LARGE NATIONAL SURVEY OF NEW ZEALAND ADULTS

Authors:

<u>Murphy B</u>^{*1}, Dickson N,² Gribben B,³ Righarts A,² Saxton P, ⁴ Connor J² ¹ Ministry of Health, Wellington

² University of Otago, Dunedin

³ CBG Health Research, Auckland

⁴ School of Population Health, University of Auckland, Auckland

Introduction:

Knowing about non-volitional sex is key to developing policies to improve New Zealanders' sexual health.

Methods:

In 2014/15, 10,198 adults aged 16-74 years completed the Sexual and Reproductive Health module of the New Zealand Health Survey (NZHS). Questions included sex against their will.

Results:

One in nine women (11%), and one in thirty men (3%) has ever had sex against their will. Among women, the proportion experiencing this was highest among those aged 45-54 years, and there was a downward trend from this among older and younger age groups.

The median ages for most recent episode of non-volitional sex were 15 years for men and 18 years for women. This was not markedly higher in older age groups indicating this is more of a problem when individuals are young.

The likelihood of experiencing non-volitional sex in women varied by ethnicity: 15% Māori, 13% European/Other, 7% Pacific and 3% Asian. Among men, it was lowest among those of European/Other ethnicity.

The perpetrator was not known to the victim by 16% of women and 21% of men, and was twice as likely to be a current/former intimate partner for women as for men (35% women, 17% men). Among Maori and Pacific women the perpetrator was more likely to a family member or a friend (but not current/former partner) than non-Maori and non-Pacific women.

Conclusion:

This is the first national survey of sexual and reproductive health in New Zealand since the 1991 New Zealand Partner Relations Survey. The NZHS provides valuable insights into non-volitional sex that will inform interventions to prevent this.

Disclosure of Interest Statement: See example below:

The conference collaborators recognise the considerable contribution that industry partners make to professional and research activities. We also recognise the need for transparency of disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by acknowledging these relationships in publications and presentations.

Note: If accepted into the program you will be requested to include a disclosure of interest slide into your presentation or include such statements in your poster.