Micro-elimination of Hepatitis C among people who use drugs in an Indigenous community in Saskatchewan, Canada

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Acknowledgement

Mohawk Territory

Elders, Leadership and Peers

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Ahtahkakoop Cree Nation

- First Nations Cree Community
- Located in central Saskatchewan
- 1700 residentsBand population: 3600
- □ High prevalence of HCV (~20%)



HCV Model of Care

- Know Your Status
- Nurse-led, community delivered, client centered

- Multidisciplinary team:
 - Nursing
 - ID specialist
 - Pharmacist
 - Outreach workers
 - Peers

Community Partners



External Partners

- External Partners

 - CIHR
 - Pharma
 - Research Team
 - Tertiary Care Center

HCV Elimination Plan









Additional support clients in care/treatment



Client follow-up



Monitoring, program evaluation and quality improvement



Increase Access to Screening

- Liver Health Events
 - Quarterly events
 - Multiple stations
 - POC testing
 - Fibroscan

Point Of Care Testing Viral load & genotype

Individual testingDaily

Liver Health Event – December 7, 2016





Link clients to care

- Nurse will:
 - Relay results to client
 - Treatment readiness assessment
 - Connecting to other therapies or services
 - Appointment in community with ID Specialist



Home visits

- Relationship building
- Harm reduction program
 - Access networks, assess needs of client
 meeting them where their at...

Additional support clients in care

- Relationships with peers
- Ongoing Home Visits
- Traditional Elders
- Mental Health/Addictions



Ongoing client follow up

- Encourage clients to return to liver health events for follow-up testing
- Individual testing- end of treatment, SVR 12 and 24
- Support individuals to be active peers



Program Outcomes

9 events, 488 people screened83 linked to care (16 new HCV diagnoses)



55 clients initiated treatment 89% had IDU history , 44 completed, 77% cured, 18 PWID at time of treatment



13 formal and informal peers

Program Impact

- Health care team developed capacity, knowledge and program implementation and delivery
- Other First Nations Communities in Saskatchewan have adopted the LHE
- Brought positive attention to the community
- Community showcased their result by participating in 7 National and International translation events

Lessons Learned

- Community based & led programs are successful
- Partnership/team approach is essential
- Nurse Lead with Nurse specialist

Challenges

- Lack of access to primary care
- Reoccurance post treatment
- Obtaining the blood work at the right time
- Not moving as quickly as wanted client driven!
- Sustainable funding
- Jurisdictional barriers

Conclusion

- Amongst HCV people, this program is tackling the hardest to reach with minimal resources
- Community involvement and Indigenous led program
- Services accessible to clients in community
- Primary Health Care minimal to none need innovation and refocus to target health needs

Questions???

