

"Quick, simple, and friendly": Understanding the acceptability and accessibility of a nurse and peer-led, mobile model of hepatitis C care adjacent to community corrections in Melbourne, Australia

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BACKGROUND

People on community corrections orders are at high-risk for hepatitis C but may fall in the gap between prison and community healthcare.

C No More is a pilot study of point-of-care hepatitis C testing and rapid treatment adjacent to community corrections offices in Melbourne.

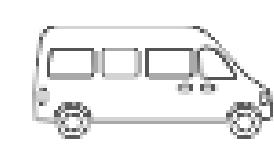
The service is a nurse and peer-led, mobile van offering supportive, person-centred care.

We aimed to understand participant perspectives on the accessibility of this mobile, nurse and peer-led model of care.

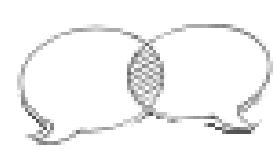
RESEARCH METHODS



500 participants completed surveys on health and behaviours, and experiences with the mobile service



20 in-depth interviews were conducted to explore view and experiences of the mobile service

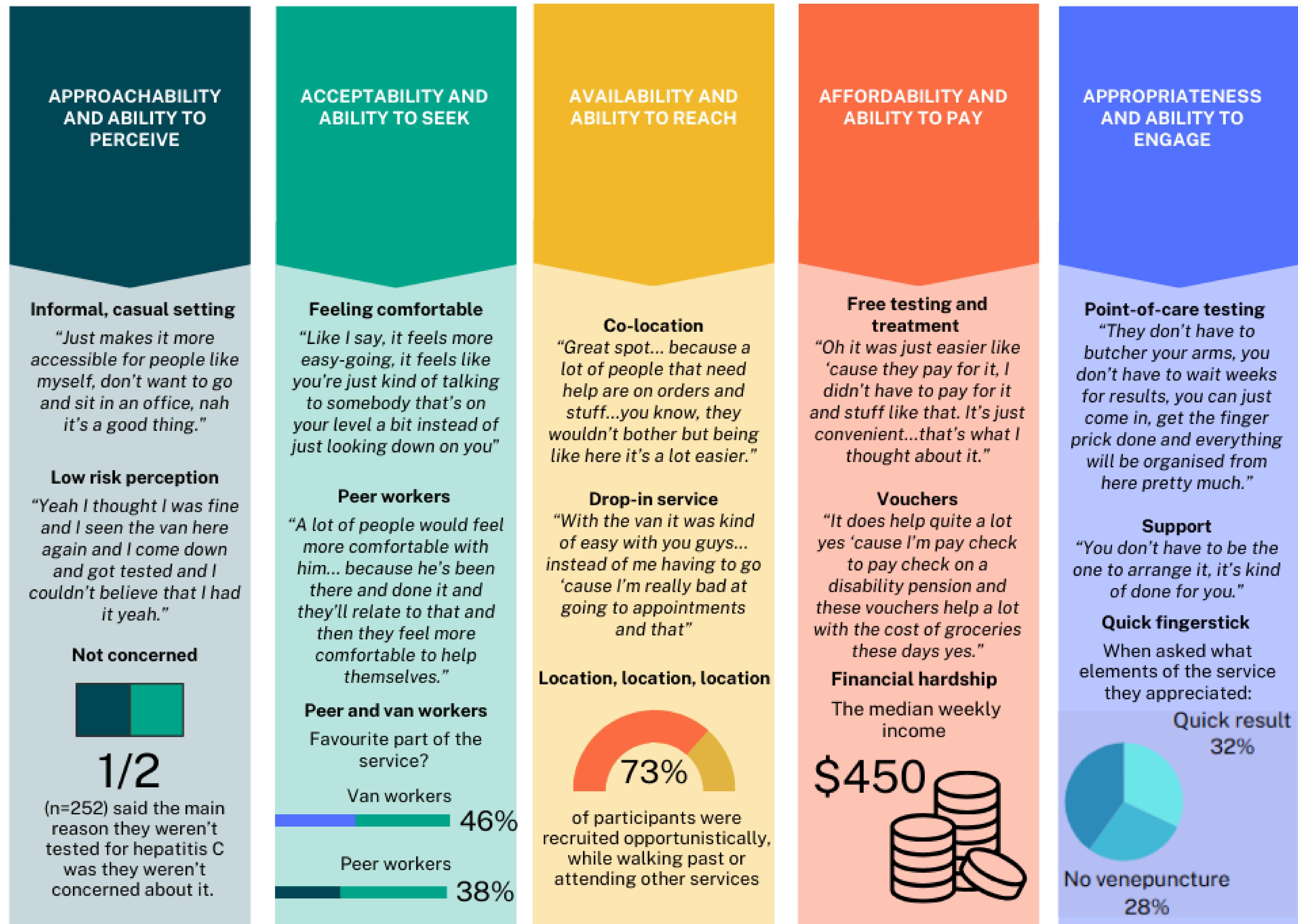


Levesque's Conceptual Framework for Access to Health was used to frame and interpret findings



For full Methods and Findings, scan here!

FINDINGS



CONCLUSION

A mobile, low-threshold, nurse and peer-led model of hepatitis C care is accessible for people with criminal justice system involvement.

This model of care is accessible across five components: approachability, acceptability, availability, affordability and appropriateness.

This study supports the implementation of other co-located, person-centred, nurse and peer-led models of hepatitis C care.

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