

UPTAKE OF TREATMENT FOR HCV INFECTION IN PWID IN BELGIUM: THE LINK STUDY

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Disclosures

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Aim

To study the uptake for HCV treatment in PWID in Belgium

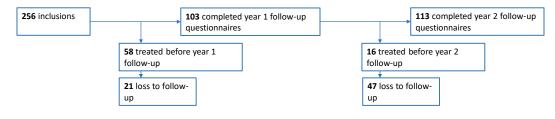
To study factors influencing treatment uptake



Methods

	ETHOS (2013 – Alavi et al.) LINK		
Participants (n)	387	256	
Methodology	Prospective observational	Prospective observational	
Follow-up	Each six months	yearly	
Network	9 clinics (NSW, Australia)	5 clinics (Belgium)	
Inclusion period	February 2009 – December 2012	June 2012 – November 2016	
Follow-up	2 years	2 years	
Inclusion criteria	≥ 18 years old Chronic HCV infection IDU history No HCV treatment	≥ 18 years old Chronic HCV infection IDU history No HCV treatment	

Results



Variable	P- value	OR	95% CI
OST center	.011	12.003	1.764 ; 81.680
Male gender	.019	4.739	1.294 ; 17.355
Netto income > €700/month	.017	5.470	1.363 ; 21.949
Treatment willingness	.027	13.769	1.341 ; 141.341
Treatment assessment			
Liver biopsy	<.001	11.211	4.555 ; 27.596
Fibroscan	.005	3.939	1.511 ; 10.267
Referral to specialist	.053	2.961	.988 ; 8.876

Conclusions/limitations

Major limitations

- 1. Long inclusion period during an era of HCV treatment revolution
- 2. Reimbursement restrictions Belgium

Conclusion

- 1. Additional data collection in DAA era
- 2. Survival analysis

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Projet Lama ASBL



