Inpatient care of people who inject drugs admitted with invasive infections: A retrospective review to inform a model of care

Dr Yael Hammerschlag Infectious diseases & Addiction medicine trainee Naarm, Melbourne

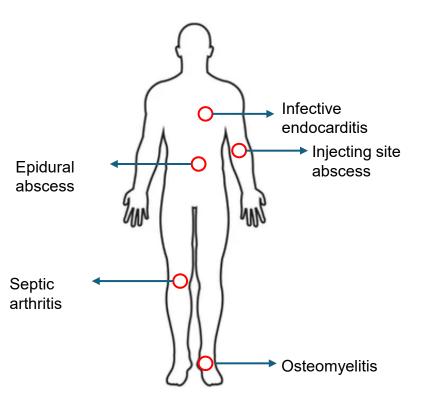


I, Yael Hammerschlag, have no conflicts of interest to disclose.

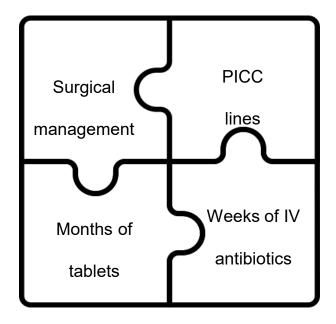


What is the problem?

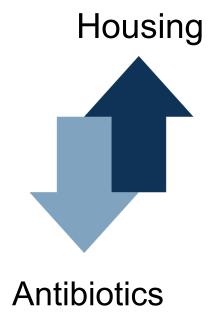
Rising rates of IRI



Complicated treatments

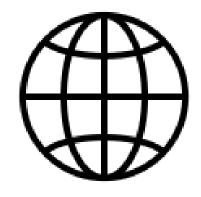


Differing priorities





Methods



Recommendations

Addiction medicine review
Pain review
OAT

Flexible antibiotic plans



Patient database 2019-2021

Large tertiary healthcare service Kept by Addiction Medicine Unit



Reviewed records

Do we provide best practice care?



Participants N=74





42 years (36-48)

11 (15%) Alcohol use



7 (9.5%) Chronic pain

38 (51%) Psych diagnosis

50 (68%) Opioids



44 (59%) Methamphetamine

17 (23%) Opioids & methamphetamine

59 (80%) nicotine

40 (54%) OAT

26 Methadone

9 Sublingual buprenorphine

5 LAIB

Outcomes

24 (32%)
Endocarditis

12 (16%)

Received education

0

Take home naloxone

17 (23%)

Early addiction review

18 (24%)

Pain review

26 (35%)

Patient-directed discharge

32 (43%)

Completed therapy

24 (32%)

Attended follow up

Recommendations

Flexible models of care

Early addiction medicine review

Community partnerships

Preventative healthcare



Acknowledgements

Supervisors
Dr Lucy Attwood
Professor Allen Cheng

