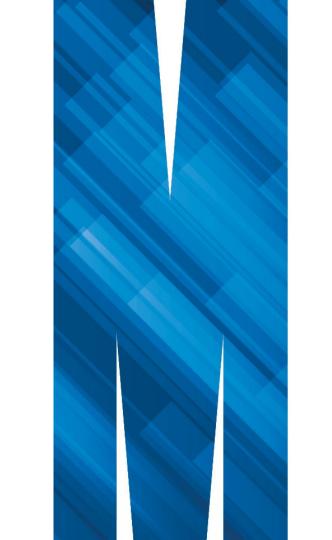


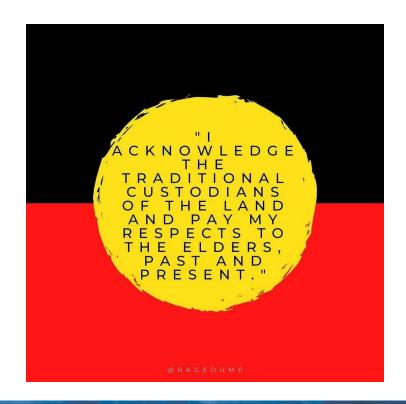
Australian community pharmacists' preparedness to offer and discuss Hepatitis C testing

Louisa Picco, Monash Addiction Research Centre (MARC) Monash University

APSAD, October 30, 2024



Acknowledgements





Hepatitis C- what do we know?



Globally 58 million living with chronic Hep C



In Australia 75,000 living with Hep C, 300 deaths/year



WHO Global Health Sector Strategy set targets to eliminate viral hepatitis by 2030

Explore a range of models of care to reach elimination goals









Aim

To explore community pharmacists' comfort and willingness to discuss and offer Hepatitis C testing and treatment within their pharmacy



Methods: recruitment processes



Online anonymous survey



Approached n=1955 pharmacists from 4 Australian states (NSW, QLD, VIC and WA)



Invited pharmacist in charge to participate Email survey link =1396



Data for current study n=530 Response rate 38%

Methods: Hepatitis C questions

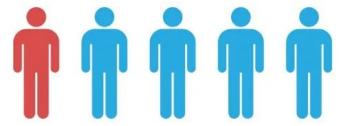
Do you stock Hepatitis C treatment/medications in your pharmacy?

| Yes |
|--|
| No |
| If an outreach Hepatitis C testing and treatment team (based at a local or state service) offered to provide free testing and treatment in your pharmacy, how willing would you be to accept that service? |
| Willing |
| Somewhat willing |
| Undecided |
| Not really willing |
| Not willing |

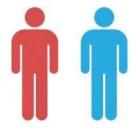
Factors associated with increased or decreased willingness and comfort to partake in these activities



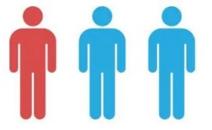
Hepatitis C finding



Stock Hep C medications



Willing to host outreach Hep C treatment team



Comfortable discussing Hep C testing/treatment



Hepatitis C finding- willingness to host outreach Hep C team



1.5x higher odds



1.7x higher odds



1.9x higher odds

>15 years pharmacy experience had 35% reduced odds



Hepatitis C finding- comfort discussing Hep C testing



3x higher odds



33% lower odds

Summary and implications

- Pharmacists generally willing to host Hep C outreach
- Less comfortable discussing Hep C testing and treatment
- Challenges/Barriers: Time, remuneration, impacts on workflow etc
- Advantages of pharmacy-based models
 - Accessible, extended hours, close proximately to people's residence
 - Access hard-to-reach populations e.g. older people and PWID





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Thank you

