

Cultural Competency In HIV Work And Community Mobilisation

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Acknowledgement











Our work context



Ottawa charter for health promotion

Build Healthy Public Policy Create Supportive Environments Develop Personal Skills Reorient Health Services

RASA organisational values

Diversity Respect Belonging Learning

SA Health's Strategy

SA HIV, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C and STI Implementation Plan

- Key priority Areas 1- Prevention
- 2- Testing
- 3- Management, care and Support 4- Workforce

- 5- Enabling Environment 6- Surveillance, Research and Evaluation

Over the last 10 years, PEACE Multicultural Services has worked with CALD communities in South Australia to help them understand the context of HIV in Australia, its impact on their communities, and how to be involved in addressing the associated issues.







Why HIV infection thrives

CERTAIN CULTURAL PRACTICES

GENDER ISSUES

SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS

HEALTH LITERACY



STIGMA & DISCRIMINATION













Our Approach



Community development approach that promotes knowledge, skills and behaviours around BBV/STI prevention and treatment. Key focus area include:

- · Community Education
- · Building community capacity
- Peer support
- Client services
- · Workforce development
- · Networks and linkages

- Identifying and understanding community structure and dynamics.
- Identifying pathways to access the community engaging with key stakeholders to gain community's understanding of the issue,
- develop structures around community stakeholders to support and guide PEACE's program,
- support community stakeholders to start similar discussions in their communities and create opportunity for PEACE to access their communities









Outcome

The African community is South Australia shifted from the stage of complete denial of HIV in the community and reluctance to engage to now

openly having discussions about HIV and sexual health

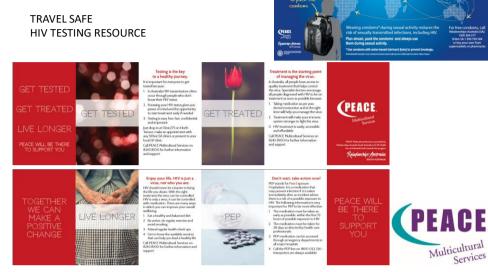
SAACHAC CALD WOMEN FAITH LEADERS MULTICULTURAL YOUTH DRIVE





Outcome

 Contribute to developing resources and campaign to promote safe and respectful relationships and encourage testing



Travelling overseas?

Outcome



Taking a stand against stigma and discrimination





BE A PART OF THE SOLUTION: SAACHAC VIDEO





Conclusion



- Changing people's culture, values, perception and attitudes is a process. It takes time and can be challenging, but is worth the effort.
- Cultural understanding and competency, and committing to the process of change are key elements for success in engaging and mobilising communities to action in addressing issues affecting them.
- Involving affected communities in addressing issues of concern to them is important in addressing taboo issue such as Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).
- Engaging and mobilising Culturally and Linguistically Diverse (CALD)
 communities to action requires an understanding of the sociocultural
 influences affecting the issue and how to navigate the cultural terrain
 in a safe and respectful way.









How can we engage in meaningful ways with the communities we work with?









Acknowledgement



- SA Health
- Relationships Australia SA
- Communities and stakeholders
- PEACE Team









References



WHO: Ottawa Charter for Health Promotion. First International Conference on Health Promotion, Ottawa, 21 November 1986. http://www.who.int/healthpromotion/conferences/previous/ottawa/en/index1.html.





