

Brendan McMullan Sydney Children's Hospital UNS W Sydney The University of Melbourne

Australasian HIV&AIDS Conference 2018





Disclosures

- PhD funding: University of Melbourne scholarship
- Other research funding:
 - Sydney Children's Hospital Foundation Research Starter Grant
 - ASID Clinical Research Network



Acknowledgement

I want to begin by acknowledging and thanking the young people living with HIV and their families who attend our clinics, share their stories with us and generously participate in research, education and peer support

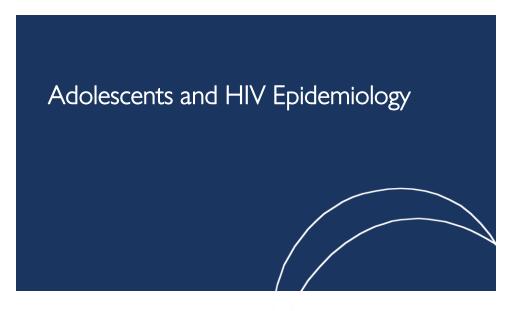


Outline

- Adolescents and HIV in Australia
- The paediatric HIV clinic
- Resources for young people in Australasia









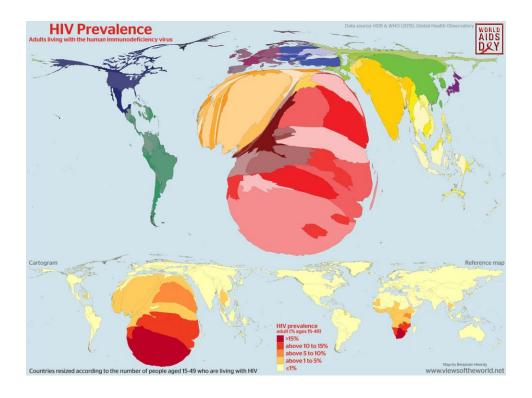
.

Epidemiology

- UNAIDS: Overall in 2016 an estimated 2.1 million of those living with HIV were children (<15 years old)
- 160,000 infants worldwide had acquired HIV infection from mother-to-child-transmission of the virus
- Greater than 90% of new paediatric HIV infections occur in Africa



UNAIDS Facts Sheet 2016. http://www.unaids.org/en/resources/fact-sheet



Mother-to-child Transmission (MTCT) of HIV

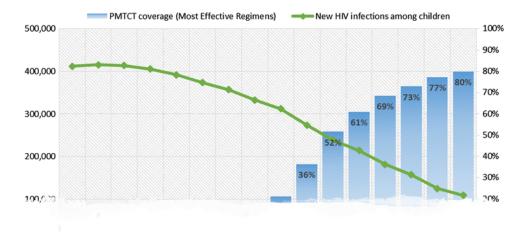
• This is the mechanism of infection for the vast majority of children with HIV

Without intervention the rate is between 25-40%

Rate of transmission is influenced by clinical status of the mother

• (importance of anti-retroviral medication during pregnancy)



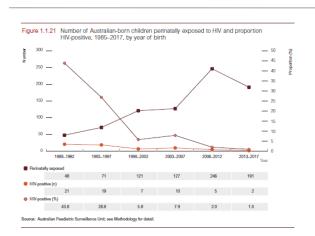


Trends in percentage of pregnant women living with HIV receiving effective antiretroviral medicines for PMTCT and new HIV infections among children 0-14, 21 sub-Saharan African Global Plan countries, 2000-2015

Idele P, AIDS Behav 21:S23-S33 2017 (UNICEF Data)

9

Australian Epidemiology



In Australia and other resource rich settings, parent to child HIV transmission has become an exceptional event



Kirby Institute. 2018

Adolescents and HIV

- Differing definitions
 - · Not children, nor adults
 - In 2016: an estimated 2.1 million ALHIV, 84% living in sub-Saharan Africa*
 - Many epidemiological surveys divide estimates into <15 and ≥15 this leaves 10-19year-olds stranded on the margins of both sides
- Risk factors for sexual/other transmission of HIV in adolescence
 - 2 main groups:
 - Perinatally-infected adolescents
 - Adolescents with new HIV infections



Slogrove A, Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS 2018

11

Adolescents with perinatal infection

- Diverse health and family experiences, in addition to service use, different from adolescents 15-24 with newly-acquired HIV
- Issues may include:
 - Potential multi-generational HIV
 - Immigration and/or adoption
 - Parental loss
 - · Stigma and secrecy
 - Adolescents have been attending paediatric clinic since infancy
 - Long-term medication use
 - Disclosure and support: young person, family, peers, others
 - Growth, sexuality, education and employment









Paediatric and Adolescent HIV Clinics

- Various models exist:
 - Paediatric and adolescent; standalone adolescent; family clinic model; multidisciplinary clinics; shared care (paediatrician or adult HIV service)
- Staffing:
 - Medical practitioner (Often paediatric HIV/ID specialist)
 - Nurse
 - Social worker
 - Dietician
 - (Pharmacist)



15

Care for Al HIV

- HIV care and medication:
 - Medication adherence
 - Viral load suppression and maintaining immunological fitness (blood tests)
 - Monitoring for side effects, other infections
- General health and development:
 - · Growth, activity, weight
 - Schooling, vocational aims
- Disclosure
- · Sexual health
- · Transition to independent care and adult health services



Transition to adult services – paediatric perspective (1)

"We monitor where our kids are at and where our families are at. So if they're not attending clinic or if they're non-compliant with their medication, we really try to build those relationships and re-engage them.

But the worry [is], will a young person get lost in an adult system where things, where clients are treated differently, where services put the onus back onto the client to take responsibility for their appointments and don't chase up patients?"

Paediatric care clinician (nursing and allied health)



Newman et al, AIDS PATIENT CARE and STDs Volume 28. Number 7, 2014

17

Transition – paediatric perspective (II)

"These children we know for many years and... so, over that time, you really build up a bond and you get to know the family very well, and the issues about medications and life, and things change during that period, and then they're growing up and moving on."

Paediatric care clinician (medicine)

"You know, being here thirty years, I've seen all of them grow up. So it'll be sad. I hope they'll be all right."

Paediatric care clinician (medicine)



Newman et al, AIDS PATIENT CARE and STDs Volume 28, Number 7, 2014

Transition – practical aspects

- Graduated process
 - Increasing involvement in young person in independence and healthcare selfmanagement
 - · Identify adult service and involve in transition process
 - Alternating supported visits prior to transition
 - (Ongoing contactability to assist adult service and young person post-transition)



19

Resources for young people in Australasia



Education and peer support

- 3 camps run by SCH HIV Service
 - Teen Camp*
 - Primary Camp
 - Family Camp
- * 28 participants aged 11 to 18 years old from Australia and New Zealand
- 11 SCHN Volunteers
- 2 Nurses
- 2 Social Workers
- During the camp: health education, peer support, activities+++
 - Funded by donations, highly valued by young people, families and services



21

2018 TEEN CAMP PROGRAM				
Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
	7.15 am Wake Up & Shower	7.15 am Wake Up & Shower	7.15 am Wake Up & Shower	7.15 am Wake Up & Shower
	8am Breakfast	8am Breakfast	8am Breakfast	8am Breakfast & Bags out of lodges
10am	8.30 am Support Group	8.30 am Support Group	8.30 am	9 am
Volunteers & Flights Arrive	Blue Group	Blue Group	Support Group	Support Group Farewell
	8.45 am Dual Flying Fox Green Group	8.45 am Archery Green Group	_	
	10.30 am Morning Tea	10.30 am Morning Tea	10.30am Morning Tea	10 am Bus departs
12 pm	11 am Support Group	11 am Support Group	11 am MEGA	11.30am
Bus departs	Green Group	Green Group	High All Board Challenge or Powerfan	Arrive at airport & check into flights
2.15 pm	11.15 am Dual Flying Fox	11.15 am Archery		CHECK IIILO HIGHES
Arrive onsite Briefing	Blue Group	Blue Group		
2.30 pm Lunch	1 pm Lunch	1 pm Lunch	1 pm Lunch	Packed Lunch
3.00 pm	1.45 pm	1.30 pm	1.30 pm	1pm -4pm
Camp Introductions	Vertical Play Pen	Mega Crate Stack	Support Group	Airport
Name Tags (SCH)	or Drumming			Flights Depart
	3.30pm Afternoon Tea	3.30pm Afternoon Tea	3.30pm Afternoon Tea	
4pm-5 pm	4 pm	4 pm	4 -5 pm	
Ice Breakers (site)	Free time & sports kits	Free time & sports kits	Team Turtle Games	
6 pm Dinner	6 pm Dinner	6 pm Dinner	6 pm Dinner	
7 pm	7 pm	7 pm	7 pm	
Evening Games (site)	Bush Cooking & Campfire	Disco	Trivia	
9.00 pm Supper	9.00 pm Supper	9.00 pm Supper	9.00 pm Supper	
& Group Meeting	& Group Meeting	& Group Meeting	& Group Meeting	
9.30 pm Quiet time &	9.30 pm Quiet time &	9.30 pm Quiet time &	9.30 pm Quiet time &	
Staff Meeting	Staff Meeting	Staff Meeting	Staff Meeting	
10.30 pm Lights Out	10.30 pm Lights Out	10.30 pm Lights Out	10.30 pm Lights Out	



Further information and useful resources

- SCH HIV Service:
 - http://www.schn.health.nsw.gov.au/find-a-service/health-medical-services/immune-deficiency-and-hiv/sch
- Printed materials and internet resources for ALHIV:
 - UK Children's HIV Association (CHIVA): https://www.chiva.org.uk/guidelines/tr/
- · General adolescent healthcare and transition resources:
 - Trapeze http://www.trapeze.org.au







References:

- Kirby Institute: HIV in Australia Annual surveillance short report 2018
- Idele P et al, Prevention of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV and Paediatric HIV Care and Treatment Monitoring: From Measuring Process to Impact and Elimination of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV AIDS Behav (2017) 21:S23–S33
- Newman et al, Bridging Worlds, Breaking Rules: Clinician Perspectives on Transitioning Young People with Perinatally Acquired HIV Into Adult Care in a Low Prevalence Setting AIDS PATIENT CARE and STDs Volume 28, Number 7, 2014
- Slogrove, Amy; Sohn, Annette The global epidemiology of adolescents living with HIV: time for more granular data
 to improve adolescent health outcomes; Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS: May 2018 Volume 13 Issue 3 p
 170_178
- UNAIDS Facts Sheet 2016. http://www.unaids.org/en/resources/fact-sheet





