

Development and presentation of ambulance attendance data for timely national reporting on alcohol and other drugs, mental health, and suicidal thoughts and behaviours

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The AIHW acknowledges the Traditional Owners of Country throughout Australia and recognises their continuing connection to lands, waters, and communities.

We pay our respects to the people, the cultures, and Elders past and present.

Artwork: Data & Diversity by Jay Hobbs (proud Kuku Yalanji & Meriam-Mir man).

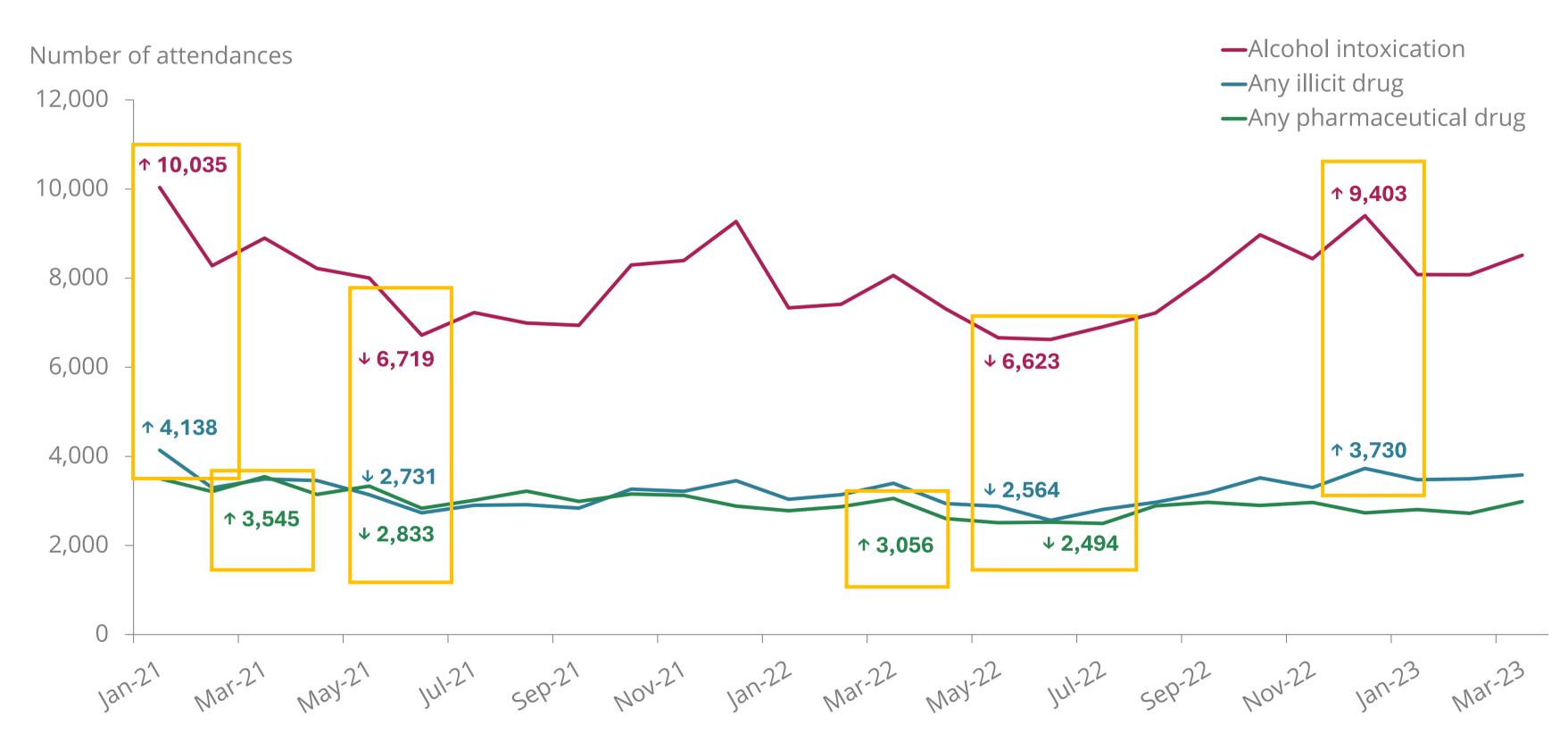
# National Ambulance Surveillance System

- A novel, world-first public health monitoring system for mental health, alcohol and drug harms, and self-harm (including suicidal behaviours)
- Established in 2020, with components funded by the AIHW, the Australian Government Department of Health and Aged Care, and the Victorian Department of Health.
- Partnership between Turning Point at Monash University and state and territory ambulance services in New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory.
- Turning Point receives and codes ambulance electronic patient care records (ePCR) for attendances relating to alcohol and other drugs (AOD), mental health, and suicide and self-harm for participating states and territories.
- AIHW receives, analyses and publishes the nationally consistent coded ambulance data
  - > AIHW Suicide and Self-harm Monitoring website and Analyst Portal
  - > Alcohol, tobacco & other drugs in Australia report





## Drug-related attendances (selected states/territories, 2021-23)

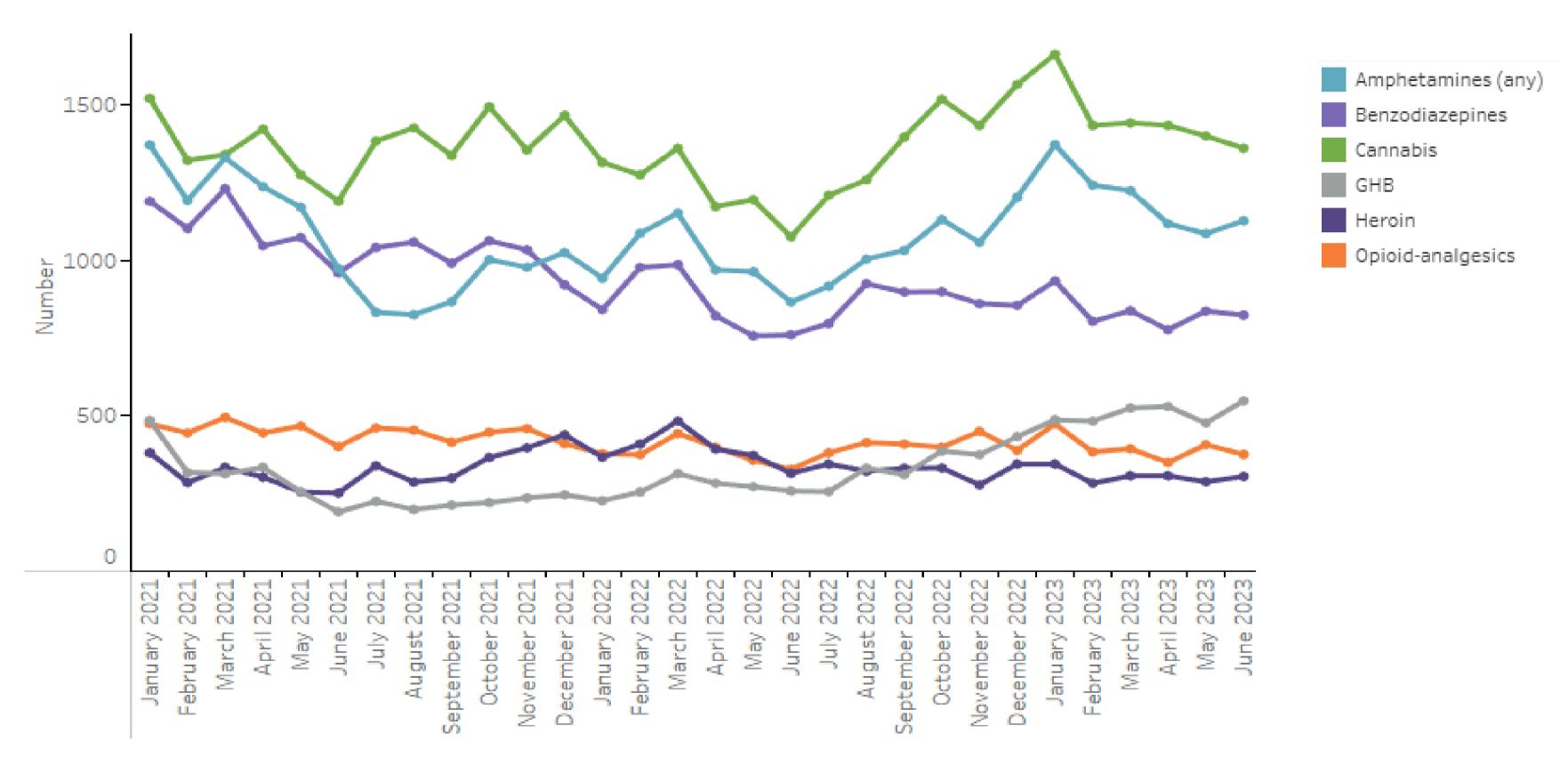




- 1. Includes data for 6 of the 8 Australian states & territories (Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, the ACT & the NT).
- 2. Excludes people aged 14 and under.



## Drug involvement (selected states/territories, 2021-23)



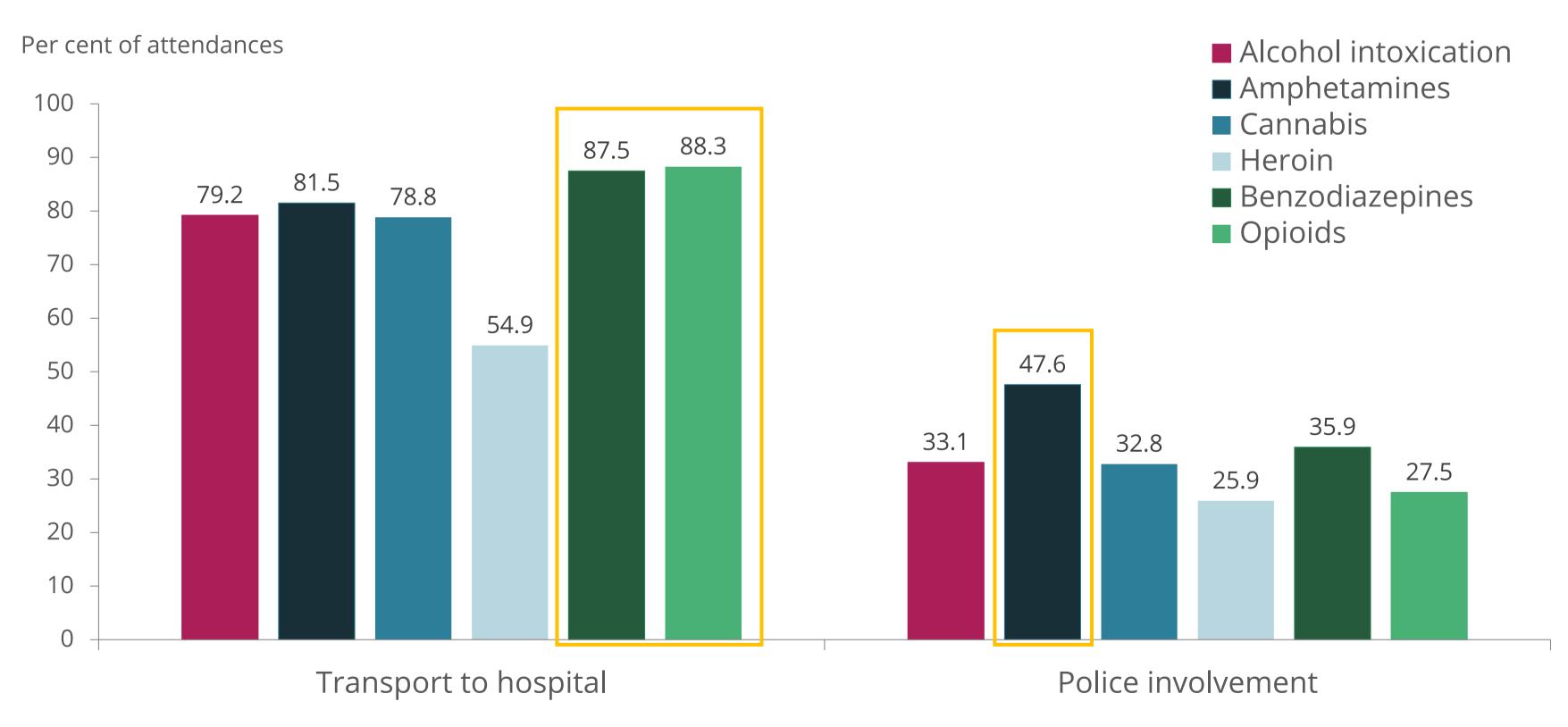


- 1. Includes data for 6 of the 8 Australian states & territories (Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, the ACT & the NT).
- 2. Excludes people aged 14 and under.





# Police involvement & transport to hospital (Victoria, 2022)

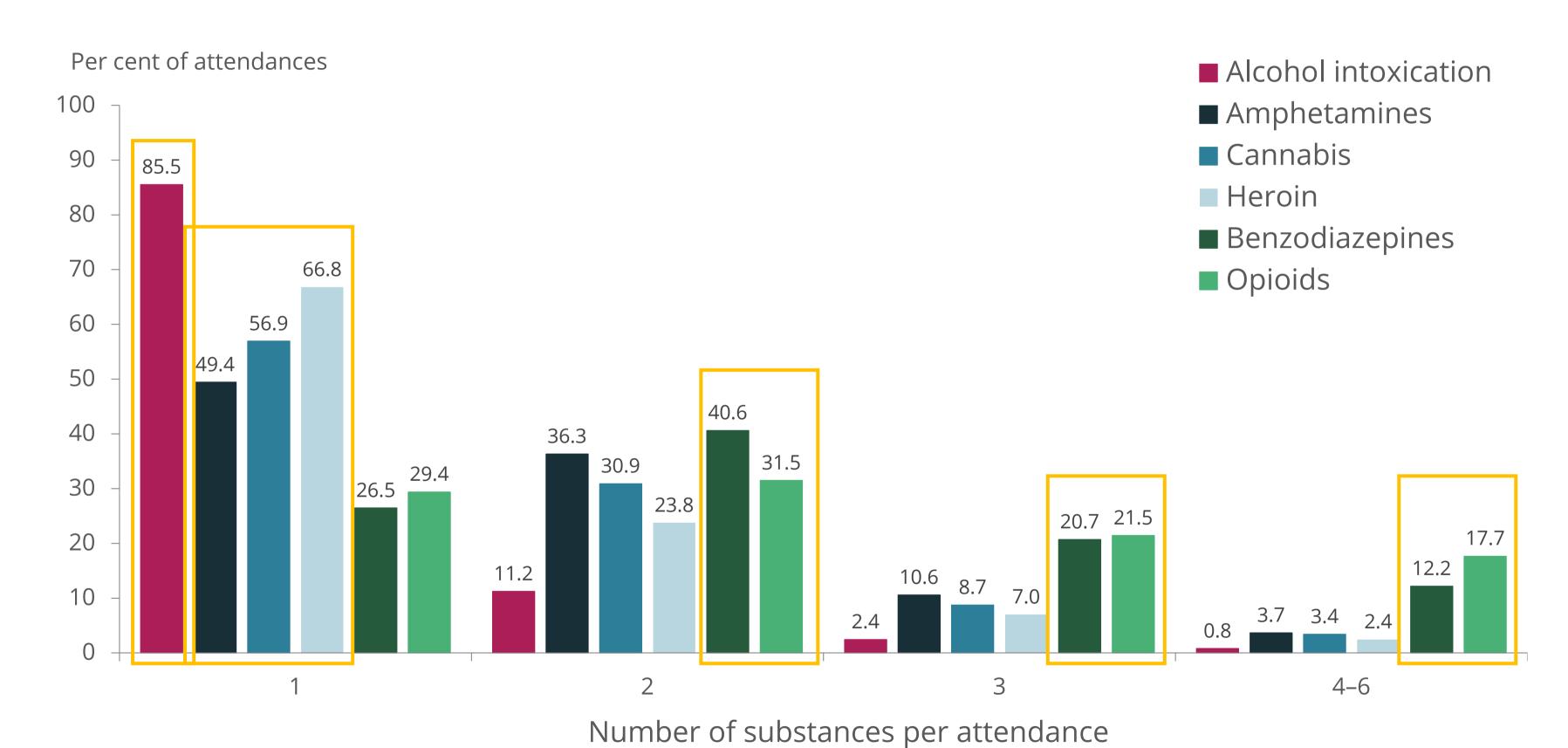




Note: Excludes people aged 14 and under.



# Multiple drug involvement (Victoria, 2022)

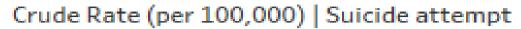


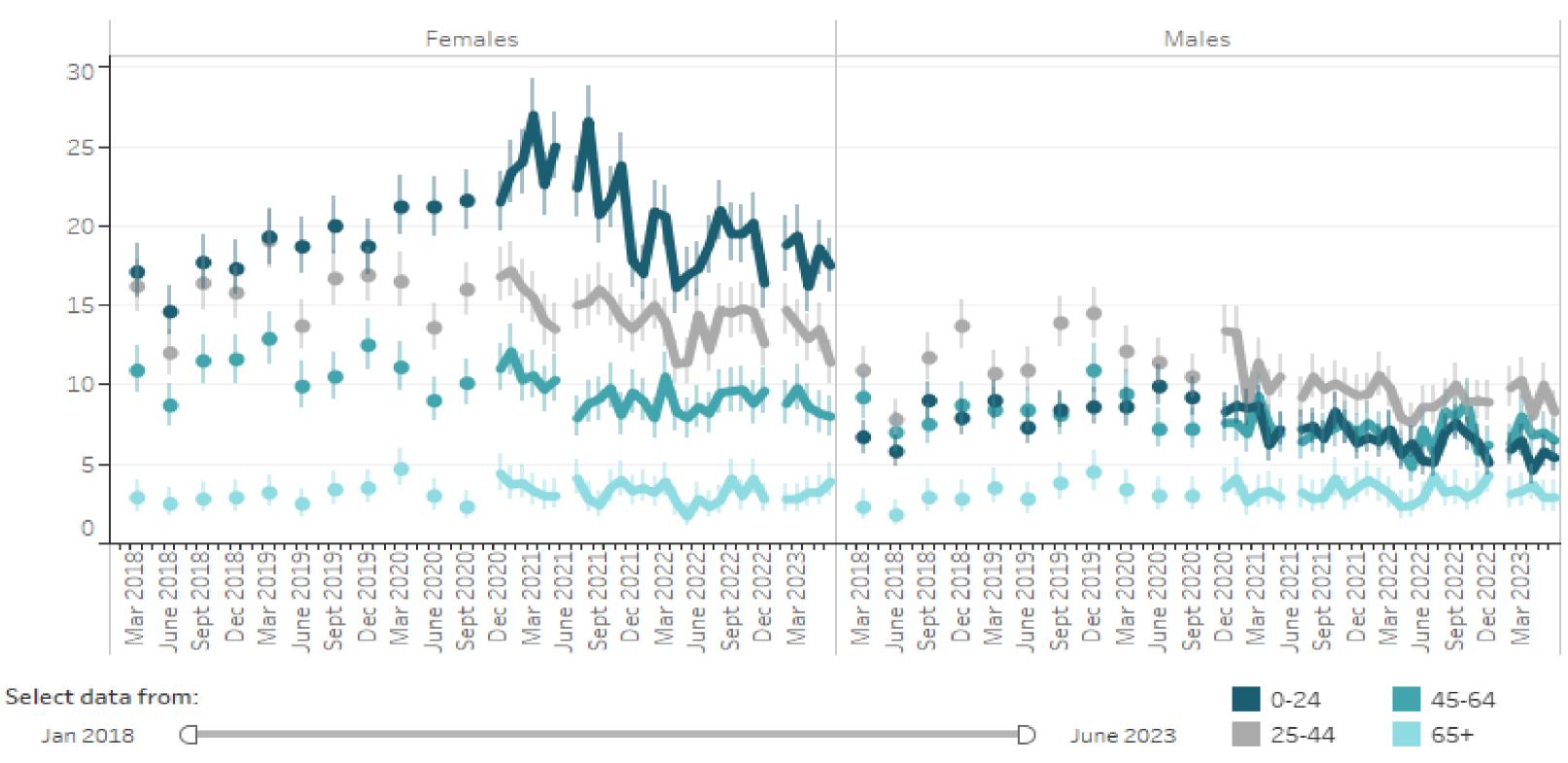
- 1. Excludes people aged 14 and under.
- 2. Excludes ambulance attendances for suicide and self-harm.
- 3. Excludes ambulance attendances involving 7 or more substances (n <5).





## Attendances for suicide attempt (selected states and territories, 2018-23)



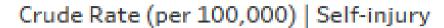


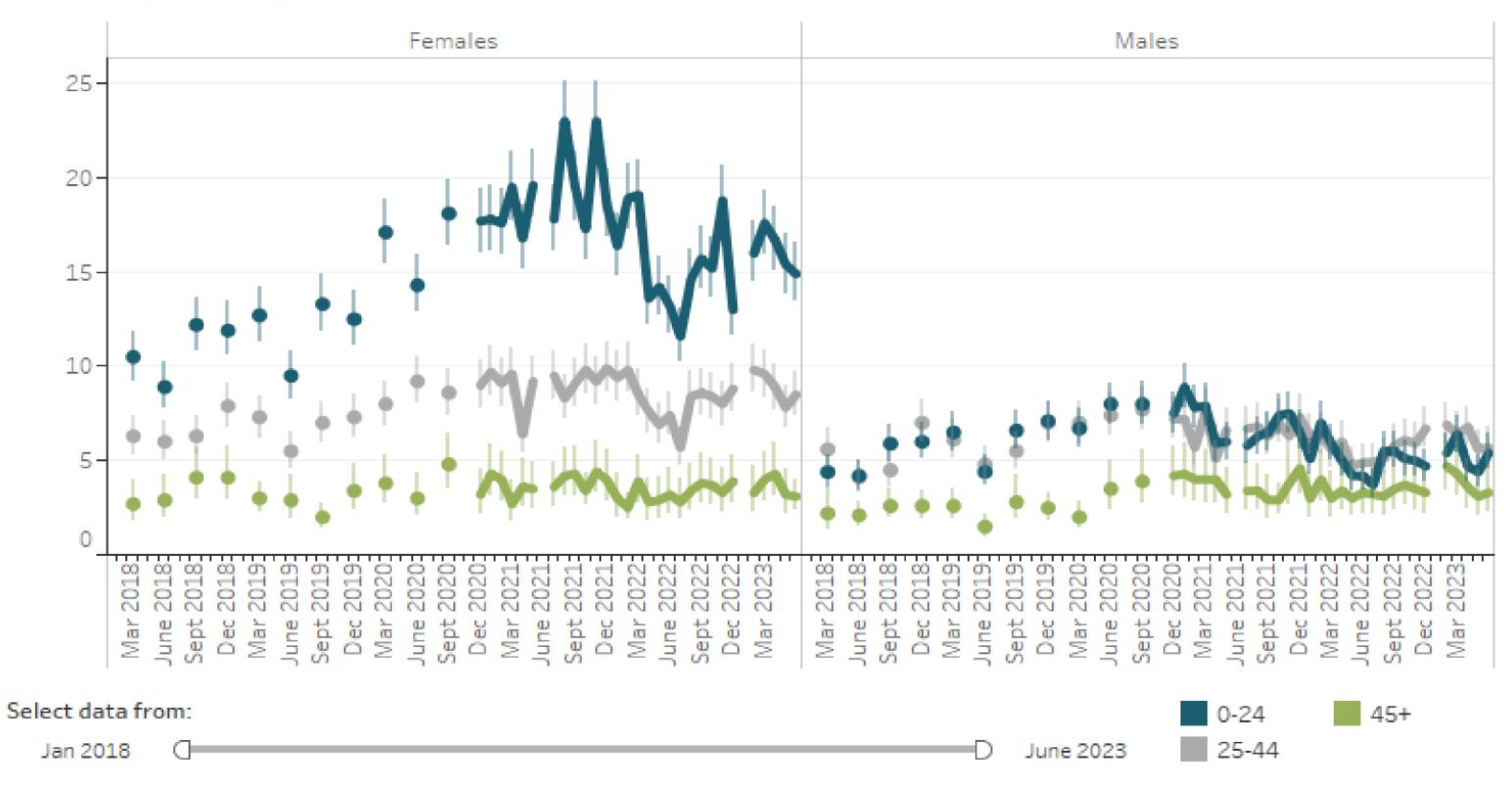
- 1. Data for Qld and the NT are excluded due to data gaps: Qld from March 2018 to December 2019, and NT from March 2019 to December 2020.
- 2. Dots represent March 2018 to December 2020 with data from snapshot months March, June, September, and December. Lines represent January 2021 to June 2023 with monthly data.





## Attendances for self-injury (selected states and territories, 2018-23)





- 1. Data for Qld and the NT are excluded due to data gaps: Qld from March 2018 to December 2019, and NT from March 2019 to December 2020.
- 2. Dots represent March 2018 to December 2020 with data from snapshot months March, June, September, and December. Lines represent January 2021 to June 2023 with monthly data.





Alcohol & other drug content



Suicide & self-harm monitoring site



Stronger evidence, better decisions, improved health and welfare

