

Australasian Viral Hepatitis Elimination Conference 2019 5 - 6 August 2019 Novotel Sydney Brighton Beach, Brighton le Sands, Sydney, Australia www.avhec2019.com

Viral Hepatitis & Māori Health

Professor Chris Cunningham AVHEC 2019 Novotel Brighton-Le Sands, Sydney

Kia ora koutou katoa





Populations

	New Zealand	Australia
Total Population	5M	25M
Indigenous	734,000 Māori 8000 UK	798,400 ATSI 38,660 TSI only
		142,000 Māori
Life Expectancy	73/77 (8)	71/75 (9)(15)**

NZ Historical Perspective

Young Country

One of the last settled Straight to urbanisation

Four Waves of Immigration Polynesian (first settlers) about 1200AD European (Colonisation) about 1840AD Pacific Islands 1960s→ Asian 1990s→



Māori Settlement of Aotearoa 1000-1200

DNA and Language Evidence

- •NZ Māori •Hawai'i Maoli
- •Hawai i Maoii
- •Easter Island Moai
- •Māori = ordinary

Māori and Viral Hepatitis

- B and C both important
- Co-morbidities metabolic syndrome; diabetes; obesity
- Poorer surveillance rates, treatment rates, liver disease rates, hcc rates
- Māori liver donation almost non-existent







The current epidemic of HCC in New Zealand





B= Known HBV and receiving HCC surveillance (5 months) C= Known HBV and receiving suboptimal HCC surveillance (5 months) D= Known HBV and optimal HCC surveillance in HFNZ (18 months)

Take-home Messages

- Many Māori with HBV in Australia missing
- Effort to improve access to vaccination, surveillance and treatment;
- By Māori for Māori service delivery (nurses)
- The mainstream can do well
 - Workforce Development
 - Cultural competency
 - Equity is about fairness

World Indigenous Peoples' Conference on Viral Hepatitis

- 2014 Alice Springs, Australia
- 2017 Anchorage, Alaska
- 2020 Canada
- 2023 Taiwan?
- 2026 Greenland/Denmark?

www.wipcvh2017.org







Kia ora !