Combative to Collaborative: International perspectives on preventing sexual violence at Australian universities

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Background:

Sexual violence at Australian universities is highly prevalent and institutions are failing to safeguard students from harm. Universities have a major influence on young people's attitudes, values and behaviours. This influence, coupled with the prevalence of violence and harm in university settings, means these institutions can play a key role in condemning and deterring perpetrator behaviours, and supporting victim-survivors.

Therefore, my research sought to find:

- new mechanisms of preventing sexual violence through collaboration between university institutions, community organisations and activists
- models where these collaborative relationships have been productive and influenced positive change on campus.

Methods:

For 11 weeks, I travelled to the USA, Canada, England and Scotland, and attended an international conference in Mexico. I conducted in-depth semi-structured interviews, observed and participated in workshops and events, shadowed leaders and attended conferences. I interviewed 96 people over 58 interviews, met with 24 people in informal meetings, attended two conferences and participated in two workshops. In total, I spoke to more than 120 people from university offices, student groups, researchers, gender-based violence practitioners, frontline service providers, grassroots activists, and victim-survivors.

Results:

I identified seven core principles for effective prevention of sexual violence at universities. The seven core principles for effective prevention are:

- 1. Comprehensive
- 2. Collaborative
- 3. Trauma-informed
- 4. Intersectional
- 5. Anti-oppressive
- 6. Feminist
- 7. Person-centred.

To support the implementation of these core principles in the Australian context, I provided 61 recommendations which provide a roadmap for change.

Conclusions:

My research confirmed that there are a wide range of impactful solutions to address campus sexual violence. The problem in Australia is the lack of prevention being delivered in ways that are comprehensive, collaborative, trauma-informed, intersectional, anti-oppressive, feminist and person-centred. My research and findings confirm that partnerships between national and state governments, university institutions, activists and advocates, and community action and support groups are necessary to ensure student safety.

Disclosure of Interest Statement:

N/A - However more than happy to provide one if relevant and I have misunderstood.