

Comorbidity is the rule, not the exception: Transdiagnostic approaches to increase the

effectiveness of intervention

John Kjøbli, PhD



Standard package approach

Behaviour Research and Therapy 51 (2013) 113-121 Adherence to brief parent training Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect as a Research Article Behaviour Research and Therapy IN Tea A Randomized Effectiveness Trial of Brief journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/brat Parent Training: Six-Month Follow-Up DOI: 10.1177/1049 John Kiøbl (\$)SAGE A randomized trial of group parent training: Reducing child conduct programs in real-world settings John Kjøbli and Gunnar Bjørnebekk John Kjøbli*, Silje Hukkelberg, Terje Ogden The Norwegian Center for Child Behavioral Development, University of Oslo, P.O. Box 7053, Majorstuen, 0306 Oslo, Norway Journal of Clinical Child & Adolescent Psychol Prev Sci Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription inform DOI 10.1007/s11121-012-0289-y http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/hcap20 Treatment Outcomes and Mediators of Parent Management Training: A One-Year Follow-Up of aimed A Randomized Effectiveness Trial of Brief Parent Training in Primary Care Settings John Kjøbli • Terje Ogden Implementing and Evaluating Evidence-Based **Treatments of Conduct Problems in Children** Kjøbli, J. & Sørlie, M.-A. (2008). School outcomes of a community-wide intervention model aime and Youth in Norway Scandinavian Journal of Psychology, 49, 365-375 The Evolution of Evidence-based Practices Multisystemic Treatment Behaviour Problems in Your of Effectiveness Two Year dolescence, Oregon Research Institute

Kristine Ammnd Hagen

Terje Ogden

e opment, University of Oslo

Norvegian Center of Child Behavioral

Introduction

- The problem: We're not helping as good as we should
- Why?
 - Treatment packages vs active ingredients (common elements)
 - -Single-problem interventions when comorbidity is the rule

wo solutions:

- Common elements
- Develop transdiagnostic interventions





Spoiler alert: My take-home message

Common elements

- + Transdiagnostic approaches
- + Alternative experimental designs
- = A really good idea!



Common elements



What is an element?

- Aspect/part of intervention that can be studied
- Can be on a detailed level:



- Or on a more overarching level:
 - Intervention + supervision

"Any aspect of an intervention that can be

The Programs The Detergents



RBUP

The idea isn't that new

CHILD DEVELOPMENT





Special Section | Open Access @ (*)

Are Relationship Enhancement and Behavior Management "The Golden Couple" for Disruptive Child Behavior? Two Metaanalyses

Patty Leijten 🔀, G.J. Melendez-Torres, Frances Gardner, Jolien van Aar, Susanne Schulz, Geertian Overbeek

THE LANCET **Psychiatry**

Volume 4, Issue 12, December 2017, Pages 953-962

Review

Common versus specific factors in psychotherapy: opening the black box

Prof Roger Mulder FRANZCP a A M, Prof Greg Murray PhD b, Prof Julia Rucklidge PhD c

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https://doi.org/10.1016/S2215-0366(17)30100-1

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JOURNAL OF CHILD & ADOLESCENT SUBSTANCE ABUSE 2017, VOL. 26, NO. 6, 437-453 https://doi.org/10.1080/1067828X.2017.1322020

J Abnorm Child Psychol (2008) 36:567-589 DOI 10.1007/s10802-007-9201-9

A Meta-analytic Review of Components Asso with Parent Training Program Effectiveness

Jennifer Wyatt Kaminski • Linda Anne Valle • Jill H. Filene · Cynthia L. Boyle

Prev Sci

DOI 10.1007/s11121-016-0703-y



Identifying Common Practice Elements to Improve Social, Emotional, and Behavioral Outcomes of Young Children in Early Childhood Classrooms

Bryce D. McLeod · Kevin S. Sutherland · Ruben G. Martinez · Maureen A. Conroy · Patricia A. Snyder² · Michael A. Southam-Gerow¹

C Society for Prevention Research 2016

Distilling the Core Elements of Family Therapy for Adolescent Substance Use: **Conceptual and Empirical Solutions**

Aaron Hogue^a, Molly Bobek^a, Sarah Dauber^a, Craig E. Henderson^b, Bryce D. McLeod^c,



Our model

1. Identification of common elements

2. Development and testing

3. Dissemination and implementation

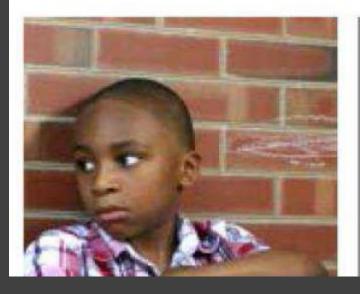


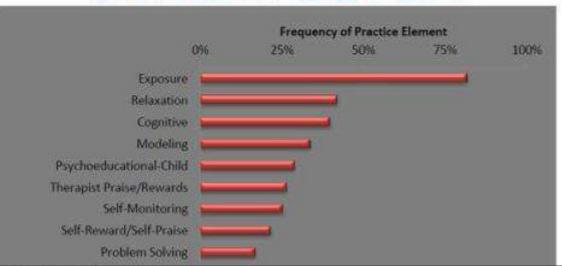
1. Identification

Again: the idea is not new

Anxiety EBP Components

(Chorpita & Daleiden, 2009)







HEALTH TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

The effectiveness, acceptability and cost-effectiveness of psychosocial interventions for maltreated children and adolescents: an evidence synthesis

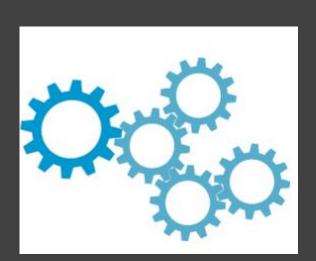
Geraldine Macdonald, Nuala Livingstone, Jennifer Harratty, Claire McCartan, Richard Cotmore, Maria Cary, Danya Glaser, Sarah Byford, Nicky J Welton, Tania Bosqui, Lucy Bowes, Suzanne Audrey, Gill Mæzey, Helen L Fisher, Wendy Riches and Rached Churchill Herry.

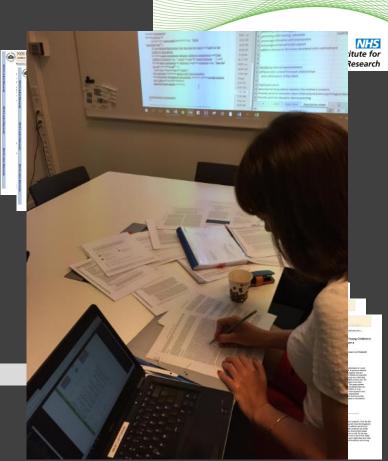
VOLUME 20 ISSUE 69 SEPTEMBER 20 ISSN 1366-52



1. Identification

- Systematic review
- Extraction of elements
- Assessing the evidence of the elements





2. Development and testing



The Methodology Center





MOST

- Optimization
- Conceptual model (theory of change)



ORIGINAL RESEARCH

Moving beyond the treatment package approach to developing behavioral interventions: addressing questions that arose during an application of the Multiphase Optimization Strategy (MOST)

David L Wyrick, PhD,¹ Kelly L Rulison, PhD,¹ Melodie Fearnow-Kenney, PhD,² Jeffrey J Milroy, DrPH,¹ Linda M Collins, PhD³

How to optimize: Factorial experiments

Table 1. Experimental conditions of Echo project

Table 1. Experimental conditions of Ecno project			
		Factor	
Experimental condition number	1. Ongoing measurement feedback	2. Evidence Based Intervention: EMOTION/SMART	3. Parents involved in treatment
1	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Yes	Yes	No
3	Yes	No	Yes
4	Yes	No	No
5	No	Yes	Yes
6	No	Yes	No
7	No	No	Yes
8	No	No	No

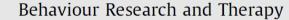


How to optimize: Time series designs

- Use conceptual model to define proximal outcomes (mediators)
- Use mediators as outcomes
- Test whether components have intended effect



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/brat



Acceptance and Commitment Therapy modules: Differential impact on treatment processes and outcomes



Jennifer L. Villatte ^{a, *}, Roger Vilardaga ^a, Matthieu Villatte ^b, Jennifer C. Plumb Vilardaga ^c, David C. Atkins ^a, Steven C. Hayes ^d

a Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, University of Washington, Seattle, USA

Evidence Based Practice Institute, Seattle, WA, USA

C Veterans Affairs Puget Sound Health Care System, Seattle Division, Seattle, WA, USA

^d Department of Psychology, University of Nevada, Reno, USA

Conceptual model

- Distal outcome = Reduced aggression
- Elements are:
 - Praise
 - -Time out
- The mediators are:
 - Positive interactions
 - Negative interactions
- The full model:
 - Praise → Positive interactions → Reduced aggression
 - -Time out \rightarrow Negative interactions \rightarrow Reduced aggression



Time series design

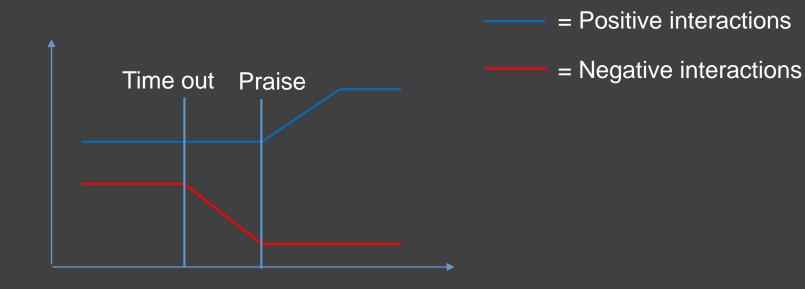


= Positive interactions

= Negative interactions



Time series design





Microtrials



Review

Bringing Parenting Interventions Back to the Future: How Randomized Microtrials May Benefit Parenting Intervention Efficacy

Patty Leijten 🔀, Thomas J. Dishion, Sander Thomaes, Maartje A. J. Raaijmakers, Bram Orobio de Castrc 🗄 Show more Walter Matthys

First published: 14 March 2015 | https://doi.org/10.1111/cpsp.12087 | Cited by: 18



Behaviour Research and Therapy

Volume 87, December 2016, Pages 134-141



What good is labeling what's good? A field experimental investigation of parental labeled praise and child compliance

Patty Leijten a, b & M, Sander Thomaes a, c, Bram Orobio de Castro a, Thomas J. Dishion d, Walter Matthys e

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.brat.2016.09.008

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J Child Fam Stud (2016) 25:2223-2235 DOI 10.1007/s10826-016-0382-0

ORIGINAL PAPER

Do Children Behave Better When Parents' Emotion Coaching Practices are Stimulated? A Micro-Trial Study

Laurie Loop¹ · Isabelle Roskam¹



Prevention Science

December 2010, Volume 11, <u>Issue 4</u>, pp 343–354 | <u>Cite as</u>

Microtrial Methods for Translating Gene-environme **Dynamics into Preventive Interventions**

Authors Authors and affiliations

George W. Howe , Steven R. H. Beach, Gene H. Brody

Article

First Online: 27 April 2010



Transdiagnostic approaches



Comorbidity

Key points

- There are only five previous studies of the prevalence of psychiatric disorders in preschoolers: all these were from the US, and none have studied a general population sample. These studies report an overall prevalence of disorder in the 16%–24% range.
- The present study reports from a large population based sample of Norwegian 4-year-olds. The prevalence of disorder was much lower (7%) than in the US studies. Comorbidity was the norm.
- Although parental divorce and low SES have been found to be associated with higher rates of disorders in school age children, this study demonstrates that these demographic differences are profound even at a younger age.
- Rates of disorders in preschoolers may wary considerably between countries, and this should be taken into
 account in the planning of services for young children. Clinicians should note that comorbidity is common and
 that single parenthood as well as low SES substantially increases the risk for disorders.

THE JOURNAL OF CHILD PSYCHOLOGY AND PSYCHIATRY



Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry 53:6 (2012), pp 695–705

doi:10.1111/j.1469-7610.2011.02514.5

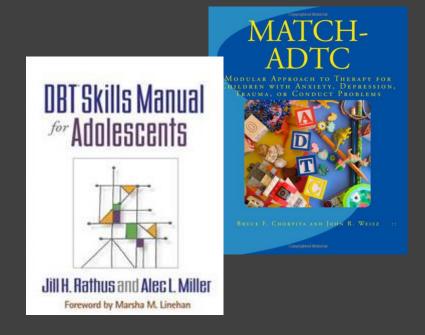
Prevalence of psychiatric disorders in preschoolers

Lars Wichstrøm, 1,2,5 Turid Suzanne Berg-Nielsen,2,3 Adrian Angold,4
Helen Link Egger,4 Elisabet Solheim,1,2 and Trude Hamre Sveen1,2

¹Department of Psychology, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Trondheim, Norway; ²NTNU Social Science, Trondheim, Norway; ³Department of Neuroscience, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Trondheim, Norway; ⁴Developmental Epidemiology Program, Duke University Medical Center, Durham, NC, USA; ⁵Department of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, St. Olavs Hospital HF, Trondheim, Norway

Two types of transdiagnostic approaches

- Empirically supported eclecticism
- Core dysfunction





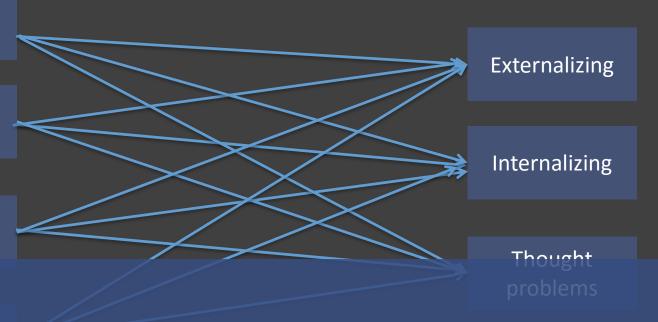
The p-factor

Family demographics

Family stressors

Parenting practices

Parent mental

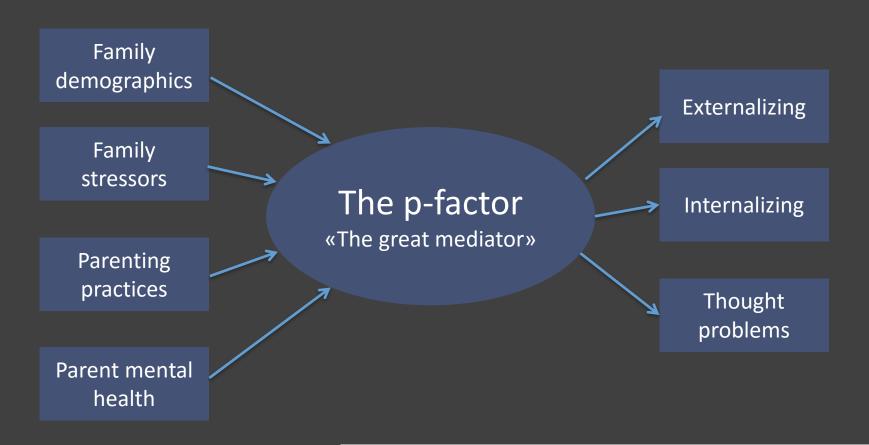


Everything sychopathology Factor in the

Structure of Psychiatric Disorders?

House Jacobs 1, 24, Rena Houts¹, Daniel W. Belsky⁵, Sidra J. Goldman-Mellor⁶, House J. Goldman-Mellor⁶, Madeline H. Meier¹, Sandhya Ramrakha⁷, Idan Shalev¹, Richie Poulton⁷, and Terrie E. Moffitt^{1,2,3,4}

The p-factor



The p Factor: One General Psychopathology Factor in the Structure of Psychiatric Disorders?

Avshalom Caspi^{1,2,3,4}, Renate M. Houts¹, Daniel W. Belsky⁵, Sidra J. Goldman-Mellor⁶, HonaLee Harrington¹, Salomon Israel¹, Madeline H. Meier¹, Sandhya Ramrakha⁷, Idan Shalev¹, Richie Poulton⁷, and Terrie E. Moffitt^{1,2,3,4}

The p-factor

- What is is?
 - Experiential avoidance
 - Emotion dysregulation
 - Impulsive reactivity to emotion (the associative system)

Theoretical/Methodological/Review Article



Clinical Psychological Science 2017, Vol. 5(5) 880–889 © The Author(s) 2017 Reprints and permissions: sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.nav DOI: 10.1177/2167702617710037 www.psychologicalscience.org/CPS



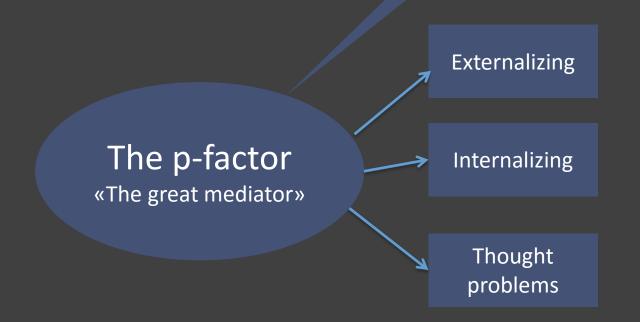
Toward a Functional View of the p Factor in Psychopathology

Charles S. Carver¹, Sheri L. Johnson², and Kiara R. Timpano¹

¹University of Miami and ²University of California, Berkeley

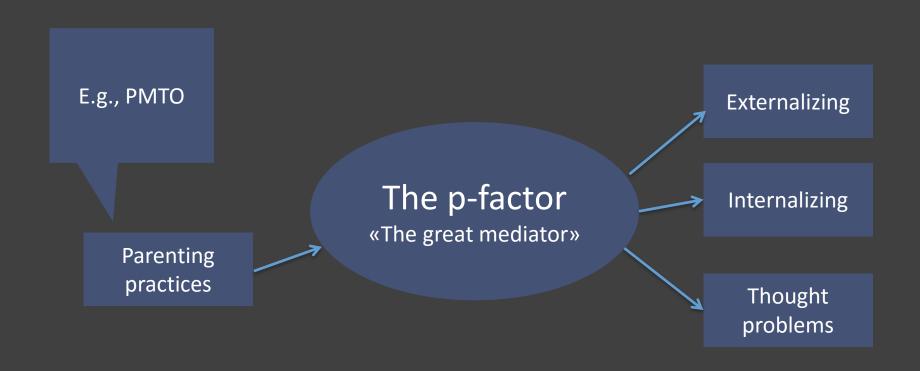
Multifinality

Transdiagnostic interventions





Transdiagnostic interventions





Conclusion

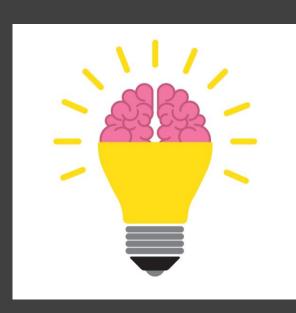
- Identification and testing of common elements
 - An empirically driven strategy
 - —Optimization
- Identification of transdiagnostic components
 - —Simpler and more robust interventions
 - —That fit the rule, not the exception
- The best of two worlds



In other words

Common elements

- + Transdiagnostic approaches
- + Alternative experimental designs
- = A really good idea!



Thank you for your attention!

John Kjøbli john.kjobli@r-bup.no

