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**Reporting Characteristics of Chinese Guidelines on Public Health**

**Presenting Authors**

Yajing Chen1,2,3,4,5, Kehu Yang2,3,4,5, Xuemei Han1,2, Xiuxia Li1,2,3,4,5, Lijuan Si6, Lili Wei6, and Guanghua Liu7

**Affiliation**

1. School of Public Health, Lanzhou University
2. Evidence-Based Social Science Research Center, School of Public Health, Lanzhou University
3. Evidence-Based Medicine Center, School of Basic Medical Science, Lanzhou University
4. Key Laboratory of Evidence Based Medicine and Knowledge Translation of Gansu Province
5. Chinese GRADE Center, Lanzhou University
6. School of Economics, Lanzhou University
7. School of Law, Lanzhou University

**Country of residence**

China

**Objectives/aims**

This study aims to explore the characteristics of Chinese guidelines on public health.

**Methods**

Conducted were literature searches of five electronic databases for evaluation of articles quality. These include World Health Organization (WHO) website, National Health and Family Planning Commission of the People’s Republic of China website, Google Scholar search engines, CNKI and PubMed. We extracted study characteristics (e.g. institution, year and study fields of publication), search methods (e.g. search method, search words, search strategy). The EndNote X4 and Microsoft Excel 2010 were used for data description and analysis.

**Main findings**

500 guidelines were retrieved in total, the Chinese guidelines on public health were only 9,accounted for 1.8%, Which were all 3 in 2017 and all 6 in 2018; only 7 included guidelines were based on systematic review; Involved Hospital Management (33.33%), Drug Administration (22.22%), Hypertensive Management (22.23%), Influenza Prevention (11.11%) and Dietary Management (11.11%); 3 (33%) were released by the institution of Health and Family Planning Commission, 2 (23%) were released by Pharmaceutical Association, 2 (22%) were released by the Asian Panel of Cardiovascular Experts; 1(11%) were released by APSIC, 1(11%) were released by the institution of Nutrition and Food Safety Branch of the Chinese Society of Geriatrics. We found that the Chinese guidelines on public health are still very less, which mainly released by the institution of Health and Family Planning Commission and Pharmaceutical Association , and which mainly focus on the Hospital Management, Drug Administration and Hypertensive Management, but the other areas is very few.